

Node.js

Day 1

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Today

Node.js

- The event loop

- CLI and debugging

- HTTP server

- release schedule

npm

- package.json

Express.js

nodemon

Let's code!

Node.js

What is Node.js?

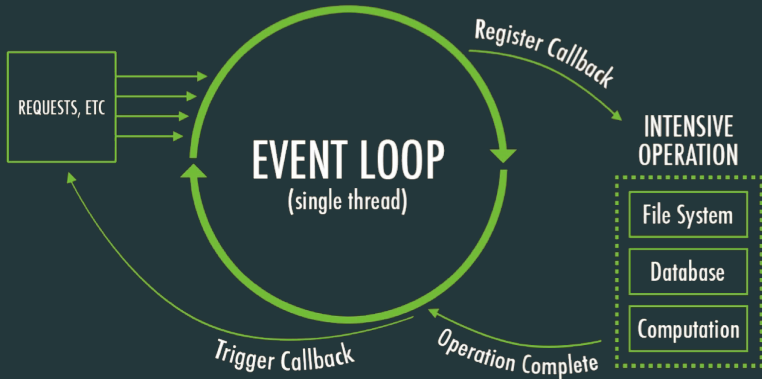
A server-side Javascript run-time environment.



What is Node.js?



- is based on Google's V8 Javascript Engine
- has an event-driven architecture
- handle I/O asynchronously



The event loop

You already know how the event loop work from the browser:

```
1 // executed immediately by the main thread.
2 console.log("zero seconds");
3
4 // register a callback that will be executed once the operation is completed.
5 // In this case the "operation" is waiting two seconds.
6 setTimeout(() => console.log("two seconds."), 2000);
7
8 // the same as previously, although this operation will be completed faster.
9 // Thus, this callback will be executed before the previous one by the main
10 // thread.
11 setTimeout(() => console.log("one second."), 1000);
12
13 // As the first console.log(), this will be executed immediately by the main
14 // thread.
15 console.log("some seconds");
```


The event loop

Node.js script example

```
1 // always start with this for clarity and speed.
2 "use strict";
3
4 // this is how modules are "imported"
5 const fs = require("fs");
6
7 // console.log() works in Node.js too
8 console.log("sync ready");
9 // NOTE: readFileSync() I/O is executed in the main thread,
10 // could throw an Error.
11 let buf = fs.readFileSync("/etc/hosts");
12 console.log("done reading.");
13 console.log(buf.toString());
14
15 console.log("async ready");
16 // NOTE: readFile() I/O is executed in a worker thread,
17 // could callback an Error.
18 fs.readFile("/etc/hosts", function callback(err, buf) {
19     console.log(buf.toString());
20 });
21 console.log("done reading?");
```

command line interface (CLI)

REPL

```
% node
> console.log("hello form the REPL :)")
hello form the REPL :)
undefined
> x = 1.9
1.9
> x
1.9
> _
1.9
> x === 1.8 + 0.1
false
```

command line interface (CLI)

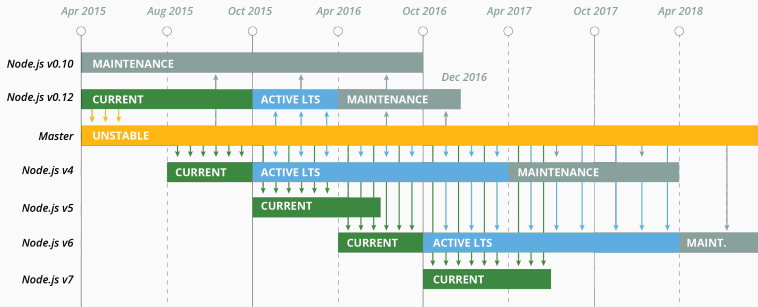
debugging

```
% node debug ./event-loop.js
< Debugger listening on [::]:5858
connecting to 127.0.0.1:5858 ... ok
break in event-loop.js:2
  1 // always start with this for clarity and speed.
> 2 "use strict";
  3
  4 // this is how modules are "imported"
debug> help
Commands: run (r), cont (c), next (n), step (s), out (o), backtrace (bt),
         setBreakpoint (sb), clearBreakpoint (cb),
         watch, unwatch, watchers, repl, exec, restart, kill, list, scripts, breakOnException,
         breakpoints, version
```

The classic Hello World

```
1  "use strict"; // always
2
3  // "http" and "util", like "fs", are standard Node.js module.
4  // see https://nodejs.org/dist/latest-v6.x/docs/api/
5  const http = require("http");
6  const util = require("util");
7
8  // the port on which our server will listen on.
9  const port = 8080;
10
11 // create a http server to handle requests.
12 const server = http.createServer((req, res) => {
13   // util.inspect() is helpful for debugging. See also console.dir().
14   console.log(util.inspect(req.socket.address(), {colors:true}));
15   res.end(`Welcome to ${req.url}\n`); // ES6 Template literals
16 });
17
18 // listen() will register into the event loop.
19 server.listen(port, () => console.log("listening on port " + port));
20
21 // just like "done reading?" in our previous example, this will be printed
22 // *before* the server is listening.
23 console.log("EOF");
```

LTS release schedule



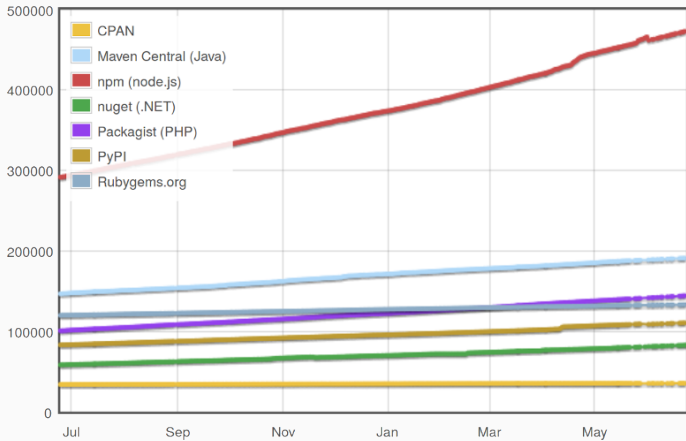
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npm

What is npm?

npm is the Node.js package manager. It is a command line tool that is primarily used to interact with the *npm registry* (for example to install modules).

the npm registry



modulecounts.com

module installation

```
% npm install express
```

will install the "express" module from the registry into the node_modules/ directory. Once installed, you may *require* it:

```
const express = require("express");
```

package.json

`package.json` contains the dependencies of your project (and some other metadata). The usual way to create it is by calling:

```
% npm init
```

Consider setting `private` to avoid accidentally publishing your module to the public registry.

Once your project has a `package.json`, you can tell npm to install a module and save it as a dependency:

```
% npm install --save express
```

More later and at <https://docs.npmjs.com>

Express.js

Express.js is a very popular minimalist web server framework for Node.js inspired by Sinatra.

Hello Express:

```
1  /* see http://expressjs.com/en/starter/hello-world.html */
2  const express = require('express')
3  const app = express()
4
5  app.get('/', function (req, res) {
6    res.send('Hello World!')
7  })
8
9  app.listen(3000, function () {
10    console.log('Example app listening on port 3000!')
11  })
```

HTTP methods examples:

```
app.get("/login",      (req, res) => ...); // HTTP GET
app.post("/login",     (req, res) => ...); // HTTP POST
app.put("/users/:id",  (req, res) => ...); // HTTP PUT
app.patch("/users/:id", (req, res) => ...); // HTTP PATCH
app.delete("/users/:id", (req, res) => ...); // HTTP DELETE
```

Full documentation and examples at expressjs.com

nodemon

nodemon is a tool to automatically restart your application when it crash or you make changes.

Local installation:

```
% npm install --save-dev nodemon
```

Usage:

```
% ./node_modules/.bin/nodemon --verbose
```

More about nodemon at <https://nodemon.io>

Let's code!

Yet Another Blog Engine

Write a simple blogging server with express. For now we'll use a static hardcoded array of posts items:

```
1 app.locals.posts = [  
2   {_id: 1, title: "Bacon Avocado Salad", body: "Place bacon in a large..."},  
3   {_id: 2, title: "Crispy Orange Beef", body: "Lay beef strips out in..."},  
4   {_id: 3, title: "Simple BBQ Ribs", body: "Place ribs in a large..."},  
5 ];  
6 // create  
7 app.post("/api/posts", (req, res) => ...);  
8 // read  
9 app.get("/api/posts", (req, res) => ...);  
10 app.get("/api/posts/:id", (req, res) => ...);  
11 // update  
12 app.put("/api/posts/:id", (req, res) => ...);  
13 // destroy  
14 app.delete("/api/posts/:id", (req, res) => ...);
```

Questions?

Farewell Node.js by TJ Holowaychuk.