## Assignment 3

#### Part 1:

```
from constraint import *
      def main():
          problem = Problem()
          problem.addVariable("F", range(0, 9))
problem.addVariable("T", range(0, 9))
problem.addVariable("U", range(0, 9))
          problem.addVariable("W", range(0, 9))
          problem.addVariable("R", range(0, 9))
          problem.addVariable("0", range(0, 9))
          problem.addConstraint(AllDifferentConstraint())
          problem.addConstraint(lambda 0, R: ((0 + 0) % 10 == R, ["OR"])
          16
          problem.addConstraint(lambda T, W, 0: ()
• 18
               ((2 * T) + ((W + W) / 10)) % 10 == 0), ["TW0"])
• 20
          problem.addConstraint(lambda T, F: ((T + T) / 10 = F), ["TF"])
• 22
          problem.getSolution()
24
      if __name_
                 _ == '__main__':
          main()
26
```

Part 2:

```
(import numpy as np)
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, KFold)
      from sklearn import datasets |
from sklearn import svm
      import os
      def main():
          pos_path = "/Users/andrewyang/Desktop/Summer 2018/CSC 421/txt_sentoken/pos"
          X = []
          for file in os.listdir(pos_path):
               if ".txt" in file:
                  X.append(file)
          neg_path = "/Users/andrewyang/Desktop/Summer 2018/CSC 421/txt_sentoken/neg"
          y = []
          for file in os.listdir(neg_path):
              if ".txt" in file:
                  y.append(file)
          kf = KFold(n_splits=10)
          for train_index, test_index, in kf.split(X):
              print("Train:", train_index, "Test:", test_index)
              X_train, X_test = X[train_index], X[test_index]
              y_train, y_test = y[train_index], y[test_index]
          clf = svm.SVC(kernel='linear', C=1).fit(X_train, y_train)
          clf.score(X_test, y_test)
                 _ == '__main__':
         __name_
          main()
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```

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```

#### Part 3:

#### Code:

```
from pgmpy.models import BayesianModel
from pgmpy.factors.discrete import TabularCPD
from pgmpy.inference import VariableElimination
def main():
   # Bayesian Network Structure
   # Rating depends on Difficulty and Musicianship,
   # Exam depends on Musicianship
   # Letter depends on Rating
   # CPD's for each node
   candidate_model.add_cpds(difficulty_cpd, musicianship_cpd, exam_cpd,
                        rating_cpd, letter_cpd)
   # Check if valid model
   candidate_model.check_model()
   # Print all the CPD's
   print(candidate_model.nodes())
   print(candidate_model.get_cpds('D'))
   print(candidate_model.get_cpds('M'))
   print(candidate_model.get_cpds('R'))
   print(candidate_model.get_cpds('E'))
   print(candidate_model.get_cpds('L'))
```

```
• 44
          ## First Query ##)
          print('First Question')
          infer = VariableElimination(candidate_model)
          print('P(M = strong)')
          posterior_m = infer.query(['M'])
          print(posterior_m['M'])
          print('P(D = low)')
          posterior_d = infer.query(['D'])
          print(posterior_d['D'])
          print('P(R|M = strong, D = low)')
          posterior_r = infer.query(['R'], evidence={'M': 1, 'D': 0})
          print(posterior_r['R'])
          print('P(E|M = strong)')
          posterior_e = infer.query(['E'], evidence={'M': 1})
          print(posterior_e['E'])
          print('P(L| R = **)')
          posterior_l = infer.query(['L'], evidence={'R': 1})
          print(posterior_l['L'])
          ## Second Query ## )
67
          print('Second Question')
          print('P(L = strong)')
          posterior_let_gen = infer.query(['L'])
          print(posterior_let_gen['L'])
          print('P(L|M = weak')
          posterior_let = infer.query(['L'], evidence={'M': 0})
          print(posterior_let['L'])
      <u>if __name__</u> == '__main__':
• 79
          main()
```

Output:

['D', 'R', 'M', 'E', 'L']

D_0	0.6
D_1	0.4

м_0	0.7
M_1	0.3

D	D_0	D_0	D_1	D_1
М	м_0	M_1	M_0	M_1
R_0	0.3	0.05	0.9	0.5
R_1	0.4	0.25	0.08	0.3
R_2	0.3	0.7	0.02	0.2

М	м_0	M_1
E_0	0.95	0.2
E_1	0.05	0.8

R	R_0	R_1	R_2
L_0	0.1	0.4	0.99
L_1	0.9	0.6	0.01

<sup>\*\*</sup> The answers to 1, 2 and 3 will be posted below.

### Question 1:

Using pgmpy we can map the Bayesian Network as detailed in the assignment. First the Bayesian Model is created in line 10. This line establishes the dependencies of each node. Then, the conditional probability tables are input from line 14 to 28. The results of the input are displayed above. Then the CPD's are added to our Bayesian Model.

Now with the model complete, the query can be computer by passing evidence to a Variable Elimination query. This occurs starting at line 44, where we see "First Query." Each query provides a new probability table based on the evidence provided. Solving the query is simply just finding each value and multiplying them together. The output of the queries is displayed below.

First Question P(M = strong)

М	phi(M)
M_0	0.7000
M_1	0.3000

P(D = low)

D	phi(D)
D_0	0.6000
D_1	0.4000

P(R|M = strong, D = low)

R	phi(R)
R_0	0.0500
R_1	0.2500
R_2	0.7000

P(E|M = strong)

E	phi(E)
E_0	0.2000
E_1	0.8000

P(L| R = \*\*)

L	phi(L)
L_0	0.4000
L_1	0.6000

### Question 2:

For this question, we can see that in general, George's chances of getting a strong recommendation letter is about 50.2%. This can be inferred by adding up all the probabilities of strong in our letter CPD and dividing by three. Using pgmpy, the queries are established starting line 67 and the section that begins with "Second Query."

These are the results from the queries.

# Second Question P(L)

L	phi(L)
L_0	0.4320
L_1	0.5680

P(L|M = weak)

L	phi(L)	
L_0	0.3489	
L_1	0.6511	

As you can see, they aren't exact to the numbers that are listed in the assignment. The first query is close, however, the second one is off by almost double. I'm not exactly sure why this is.

# Question 3:

These are solved using Variable Elimination and the results are displayed above in each question, along with the code snippets above at the beginning of this section.