



BIODIVERSITY
BUILDING
BLOCKS FOR
POLICY

How to Package Your Functions: From Standalone to R Packages

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NATURE AND FOREST

4th B-Cubed Workshop/2024-11-07

Workshop material



Workshop material

Code and slides



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Code and slides

 [Slides](#)

 All material is on GitHub:

github.com/b-cubed-eu/b-cubed-workshops/tree/main/workshops/04

 In particular: [slides](#) (pdf)



Introduction







Introduction

Why packaging functions in R?



Why packaging your functions?

-  Code organization
-  Documentation
-  Easy to share
-  Quality control (testing)






Introduction

What is an R Package?



The cooking metaphor

-  R is our kitchen
-  R console is our food processor
-  Functions are recipes. They tell you how to:
 - Take inputs (ingredients)
 - Process them
 - Return an output (food)



The cooking metaphor

 Define the function `make_bread()`

 Define the recipe to make bread in the food processor settings

```
make_bread <- function(grains, yeast, water, salt) {  
  # Code to generate `bread`.  
  # The code here can be easy (easy bread recipes do exist)  
  # or quite complex (complex bread recipes do exist too)  
  bread <- grains + yeast + water + salt  
  return(bread)  
}
```

The cooking metaphor

 Add ingredients to the food processor, select your own recipe, press “Play

 Pass inputs to the function, call it, press Enter

```
# Prepare ingredients
```

```
g <- 20 # Prepare amount of grains)
```

```
y <- 1 # Prepare amount of yeast)
```

```
w <- 2 # Prepare amount of water)
```

```
s <- 3 # Prepare amount of salt)
```

```
# Add ingredients in food processor = Pass values to arguments of the function
```





```
bread <- make_bread(grains = g, yeast = y, water = w, salt = s)
```

```
# Press `Enter`
```

```
bread
```



The cooking metaphor

-  R is our kitchen
-  R console is our food processor
-  Functions are recipes. They tell you how to:
 - Take inputs (ingredients)
 - Process them
 - Return an output (food)
-  R package is well-organised bundle of recipes, a cookbook. It:
 - Bundles functions (recipes)
 - Comes with metadata (book details, title, authors, licence, ...)






The cooking metaphor

 From our notes about culinary art of grandma to a cookbook



What is an R package?

-  Fundamental unit of code in R
-  Standardized way for organizing, documenting, testing, distributing functions
-  Enhance reproducibility and reusability









Introduction

Overview of necessary software tools



Software

-  Programming language: [R](#)
-  IDE: [RStudio](#)
-  Software development package: [devtools](#) and [usethis](#)
-  Testing: [testthat](#)
-  Documentation: [Roxygen2](#) and [pkgdown](#)
-  Version control: [git](#), [GitHub](#)



R Package Essentials

The background of the slide is a photograph of a large number of bees, likely honeybees, on a green, grassy field. The bees are in various positions, some flying and others on the ground. The image is slightly blurred, giving it a sense of motion. The overall color palette is dominated by green and yellow, with the bees' bodies providing a mix of black, yellow, and brown tones.





R Package Essentials

Structure of an R package







Structure of an R package

Essential components

-  **DESCRIPTION** : file (metadata)
-  **R/** : directory (source code)
-  **man/** : directory (documentation)
-  **NAMESPACE**: file (export/import declarations)

Structure of an R package

Optional components

-  **tests/**: directory (code for testing)
-  **vignettes/**: directory (long-form documentation)
-  **data/**: directory (datasets)
-  **inst/**: directory (additional resources)



R Package Essentials

Key components













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R Package essentials

DESCRIPTION file

-  **Package:** package name
-  **Title:** Very Short Description in Title Case
-  **Version:** Use x.y.z or x.y.z.9000. See [Lifecycle](#) from R Packages (2e)
-  **Authors@R:** maintainer (author and creator) and any other author/contributor
-  **Description:** Long description. One or more paragraphs.
-  **License:** MIT + file LICENSE
-  **Encoding:** UTF-8
-  **Roxygen:** instructions for Roxygen about documentation
-  **RoxygenNote:** Roxygen version, e.g. 7.3.2
-  **Imports:** dependencies (packages it depends on)

Create Your First Package




The background of the slide is a close-up photograph of a large number of bees. A dense cluster of bees is in the lower center, with many more bees scattered across the upper and right portions of the frame. The bees are on a green, textured surface, possibly a leaf or a piece of fabric. The entire image is overlaid with a semi-transparent green filter, which makes the text stand out clearly.

Create Your First Package

Naming your package



Naming your package

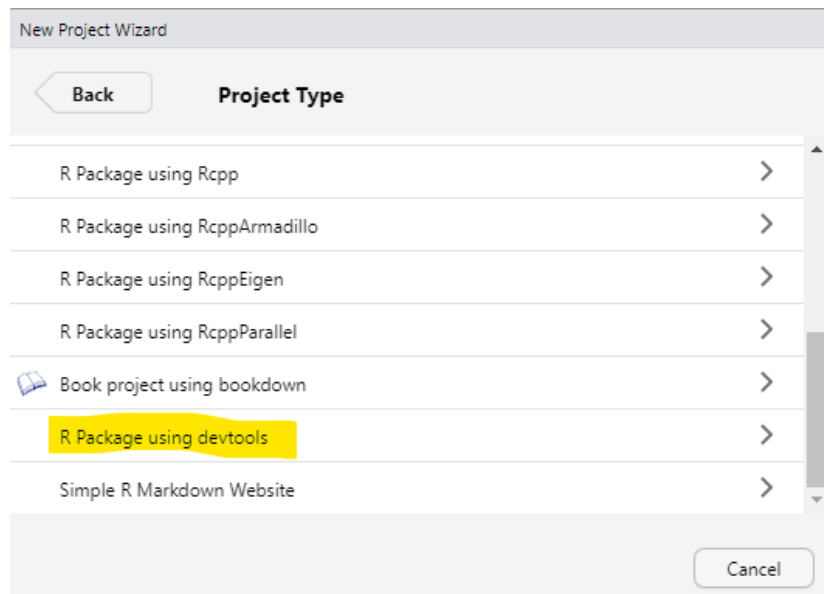
-  Check [“Naming your package”](#) from the B-Cubed software dev guide
-  Is your package name available, informative and not offensive?
`pak::pkg_name_check("mycoolpkgname")`
-  Most generic tool: `available::available("mycoolpkgname")`

Create Your First Package

Setting up a new package project in RStudio



Setting up a new package project in RStudio



Setting up a new package project in Rstudio

 Setup everything we need in a single line, isn't [usethis](#) amazing?

```
usethis::create_package("path/to/packageName")
```

 Example:

```
usethis::create_package("./workshops/04/bRead")
```

 Redirected to new Rstudio session linked to bRead.Rproj

Create Your First Package

Update the DESCRIPTION file






Update the DESCRIPTION file

```
Package: bRead
Title: What the Package Does (One Line, Title Case)
Version: 0.0.0.9000
Authors@R:
  person("First", "Last", , "first.last@example.com", role = c("aut", "cre"),
    comment = c(ORCID = "YOUR-ORCID-ID"))
Description: what the package does (one paragraph).
License: `use_mit_license()`, `use_gpl3_license()` or friends to pick a
  license
Encoding: UTF-8
Roxygen: list(markdown = TRUE)
RoxygenNote: 7.3.2
```



Setting up a new package project in Rstudio

-  Update **License**: set MIT licence `usethis::use_mit_license()`
-  [choosealicense](#): overview software dedicated licences
-  Update **Title**, **Authors@R** and **Description** manually

Update the DESCRIPTION file

```
Package: bRead
Title: Make Tasty Doughs with R
Version: 0.0.0.9000
Authors@R:
  c(
    person("Damiano", "Oldoni", , "damiano.oldoni@inbo.be", role = c("aut", "cre"),
      comment = c(ORCID = "0000-0003-3445-7562")),
    person("Emma", "Cartuyvels", , "emma.cartuyvels@inbo.be", role = "ctb",
      comment = c(ORCID = "0000-0001-7856-6360")))
Description: A elegant way to create doughs using R.
  Typically doughs you can create are bread and focaccia. But who knows,
  maybe in the future we will add more doughs.
License: MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding: UTF-8
Roxygen: list(markdown = TRUE)
RoxygenNote: 7.3.2
```










Create Your First Package

Moving functions into the package structure



Moving functions into the package structure






-  We have a package, nice! But empty
-  Add two functions: `make_bread()` and `make_focaccia()`
-  Take code from [20241107_basic_functions.R](#)
-  MUST: R files in **R/** folder
-  Best practice: one file = one function
-  Best practice: file name = function name
-  Two files: **make_bread.R** and **make_focaccia.R**

Create Your First Package

Writing documentation with roxygen2










Writing documentation with roxygen2

-  Function documentation = **.Rd** files in the **man/** folder
-  Very, very old school: write .Rd files yourself. Please, don't 🙏
-  Nowadays, documentation is written in the form of [Roxygen2](#) documentation
-  Put the mouse in the function you want to document
-  In Rstudio, click on **Code** → **Insert Roxygen skeleton** (Alt + Ctrl + Shift + R)

Writing documentation with roxygen2

```
#' Title
#'  
#' @param grains  
#' @param yeast  
#' @param water  
#' @param salt  
#'  
#' @return  
#' @export  
#'  
#' @examples  
make_bread <- function(grains, yeast, water, salt) {  
  # Code to generate `bread`.  
  # The code here can be easy (easy bread recipes do exist)  
  # or quite complex (complex bread recipes do exist too)  
  bread <- grains + yeast + water + salt  
  return(bread)  
}
```

Writing documentation with roxygen2

-  MUST: set title (active form)
-  SHOULD: add description (**@description** or add text under title, separated by one empty line)
-  MUST: document arguments (**@param**)
-  MUST: document output (**@return**)
-  SHOULD: add at least an example (**@example**)
-  Allow users of the package to use the function (**@export**)
-  Documented functions: [20241107_documented_functions.R](#)

Writing documentation with roxygen2

```
#' Make bread
#'
#' @param grains Amount of grains (numeric).
#' @param yeast Amount of yeast (numeric).
#' @param water Amount of water (numeric).
#' @param salt Amount of salt (numeric).
#'
#' @return Amount of bread.
#' @export
#'
#' @examples
#' make_bread(
#'   grains = 1,
#'   yeast = 2,
#'   water = 3,
#'   salt = 4
#' )
make_bread <- function(grains, yeast, water, salt) {
```



Create Your First Package

README







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README

-  The **README** is the welcome sign for users
-  Use `usethis::use_readme_md()` to create a **README.md** file
-  Check "[The README file](#)" from the B-Cubed software dev guide
-  Use [20241107_readme_content.md](#)





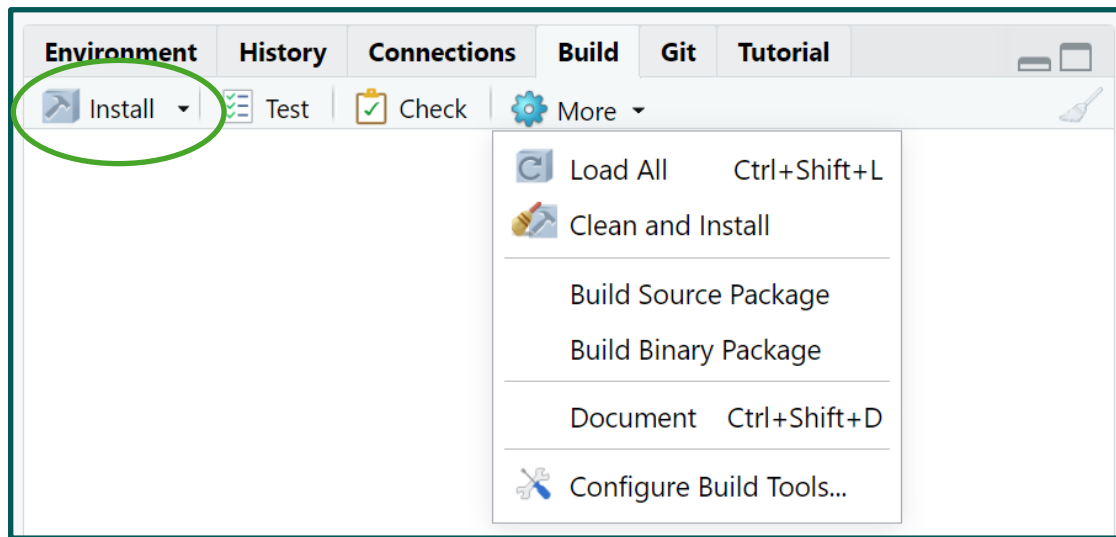
Create Your First Package

Using devtools functions



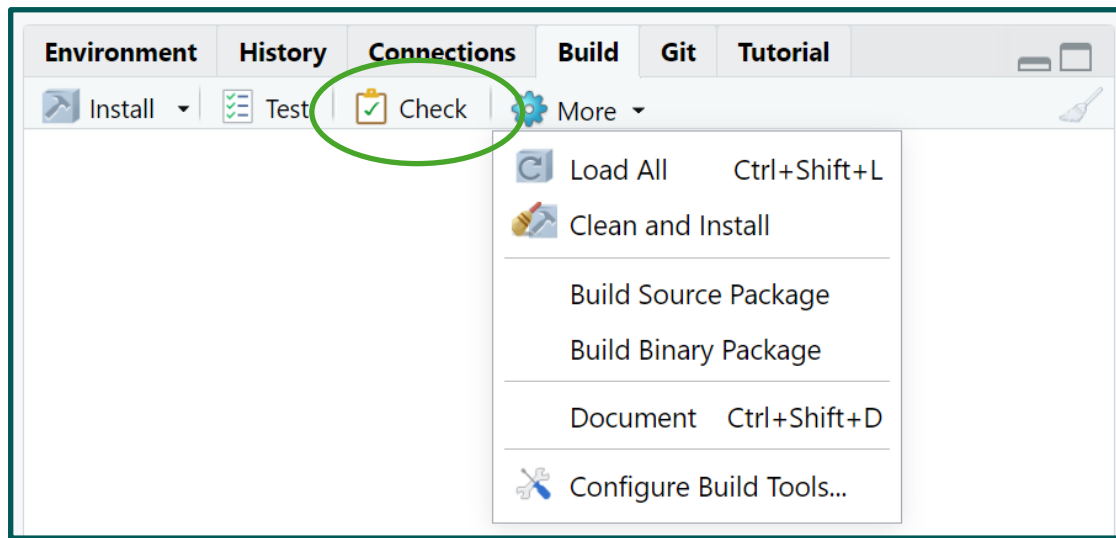
Using devtools functions

-  **Install** icon: install + restart R session + load package (**library(bRead)**)
-  Equivalent of **devtools::install()**





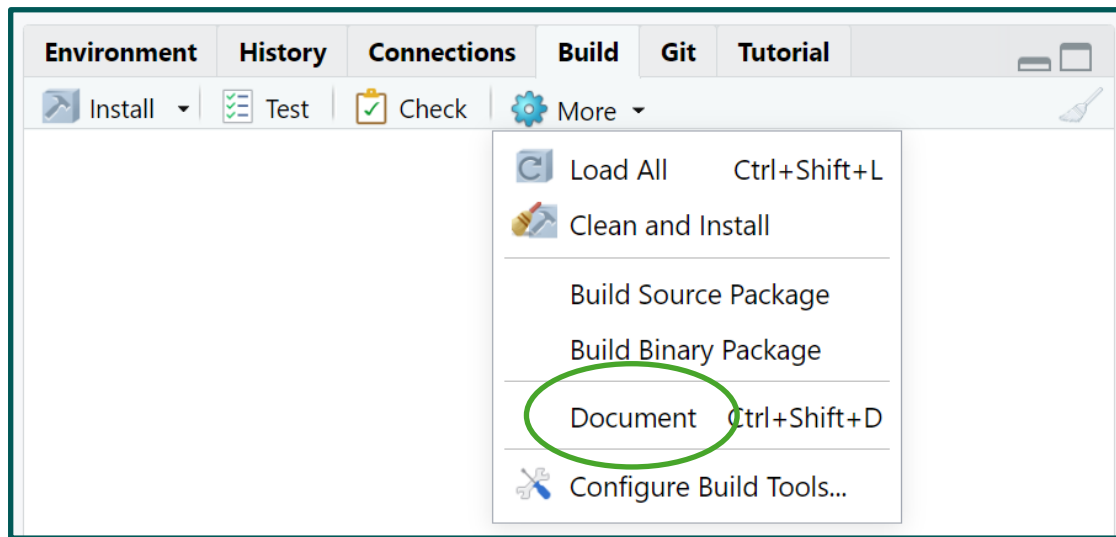
Using devtools functions

-  **Check** icon: check package (are metadata correct? Can be installed? Tests ok?)
-  Equivalent of `devtools::check()`



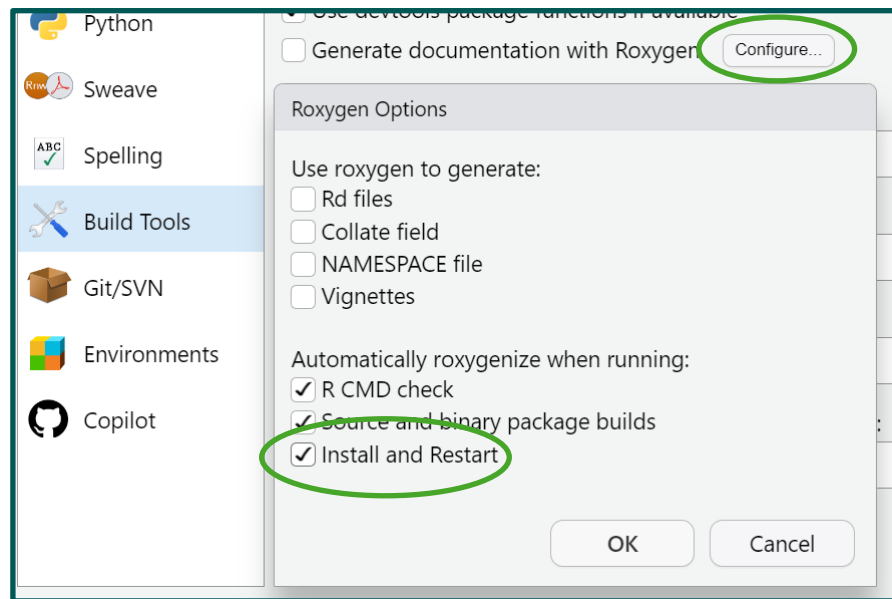
Using devtools functions

-  **Document** (Ctrl + Shift + D): create documentation = **.Rd** files in **man/** folder
-  Equivalent of `devtools::document()`



Using devtools functions

- More → Configure Build Tools... → Configure (next “Generate documentation with Roxygen”)
- Check **Install and Restart** option ☒ under “Automatically roxygenize when running:”





Create Your First Package

Dependencies



Dependencies

-  Often our packages depend on other packages
-  Somewhere in our functions we use functions of other packages



Dependencies



Example: [20241107_functions_with_assertions.R](#)



Add some assertions in `make_bread()` and `make_focaccia()`

```
make_bread <- function(grains, yeast, water, salt) {  
  # Check that inputs are numeric scalars  
  assertthat::assert_that(assertthat::is.number(grains))  
  assertthat::assert_that(assertthat::is.number(yeast))  
  assertthat::assert_that(assertthat::is.number(water))  
  assertthat::assert_that(assertthat::is.number(salt))  
  # Make bread  
  bread <- grains + yeast + water + salt  
  return(bread)  
}
```



Dependencies



Add Imports: field in DESCRIPTION

```
Package: bRead
Title: Make Tasty Doughs With R
Version: 0.0.0.9000
Authors@R:
  c(
    person("Damiano", "oldoni", , "damiano.oldoni@inbo.be", role = c("aut", "cre"),
      comment = c(ORCID = "0000-0003-3445-7562")),
    person("Emma", "Cartuyvels", , "emma.cartuyvels@inbo.be", role = "ctb",
      comment = c(ORCID = "0000-0001-7856-6360")))
Description: A elegant way to create doughs using R.
  Typically doughs you can create are bread and focaccia. But who knows,
  maybe in the future we will add more doughs.
License: MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding: UTF-8
Roxygen: list(markdown = TRUE)
RoxygenNote: 7.3.2
Imports:
  assertthat
```










Create Your First Package

Addressing common errors and warnings



Addressing common errors and warnings

What happens if:

-  Syntax **DESCRIPTION** not correct
-  Forgotten to add **dependency** in **DESCRIPTION**
-  Function without documentation
-  **README** missing
-  Forgotten to document an argument in **@param**
-  **@export** not present
-  Function deprecated



Testing

A close-up photograph of a large colony of bees. In the foreground, a dense cluster of bees is gathered on a light-colored wooden surface, possibly a hive entrance. Numerous other bees are in flight throughout the frame, creating a sense of intense activity. The background is a soft, out-of-focus green, suggesting a natural outdoor environment. The word "Testing" is superimposed in a large, white, sans-serif font on the left side of the image.





Testing

Why writing tests?



Why writing tests?

Tests are important to check if your functions work as expected. Why testing?

-  **Fewer bugs:** you can catch bugs before they become a bug 🐛
-  **Better code structure:** you need to think about how to test your code, which often leads to better code structure
-  **Call to action:** you can write tests for your functions before you write the functions themselves. This is called [test-driven development](#) (TDD)
-  **Robust code:** if you change something in your code, you can run the tests to see if everything still works as expected.

Source: chapter "[Why is formal testing worth the trouble?](#)", from [R Packages \(2e\)](#), Hadley Wickham and Jennifer Bryan.










Testing


Testing tools



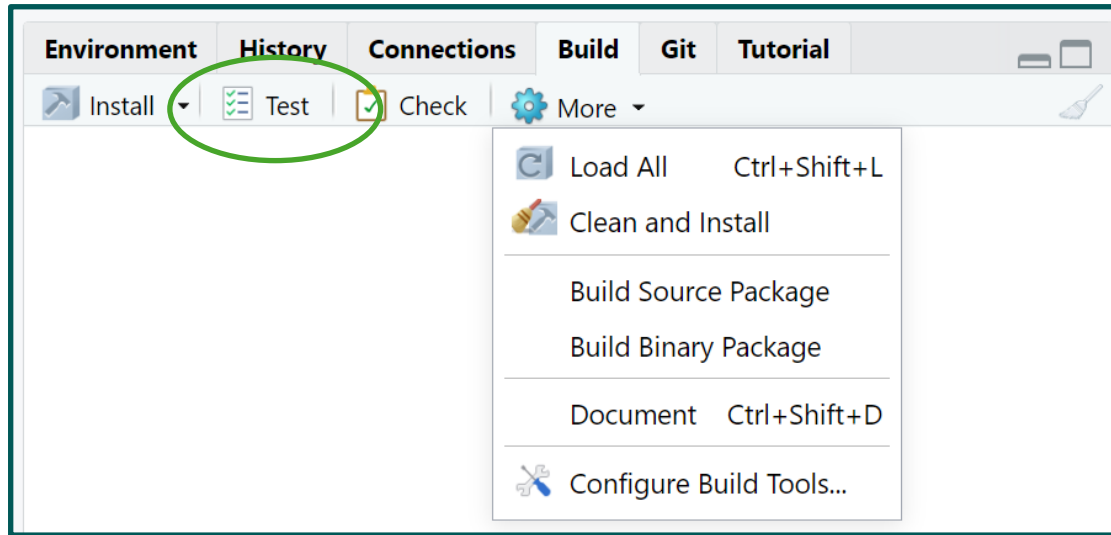
Testing tools

-  Use [testthat](#) R package
-  Run `usethis::use_testthat()`: set up the test infrastructure for our package
-  Check "[Using testthat in practise](#)" from the B-Cubed software dev guide
-  Add R file with tests using `usethis::use_test()`
-  Tests for **R/xyz.R** live in **tests/testthat/test-xyz.R**
-  Example tests: [20241107_tests_for_our_functions.R](#)
-  Run tests with `devtools::test()`

Testing tools

 **Test** (Ctrl + Shift + T): run tests for package

 Equivalent of `devtools::test()`



Version control








A large number of bees are shown in various states of flight and clustering. In the foreground, a dense, chaotic pile of bees is gathered on a light-colored, textured surface. Above this pile, numerous bees are in flight, scattered across the frame. The background is a soft, out-of-focus green, suggesting a natural environment like a field or garden. The overall image has a slightly grainy, high-magnification quality, focusing on the intricate details of the bees' bodies and wings.

Version control


Create new GitHub repository



Create new GitHub repository

-  Check ["Create a repository"](#) from the B-Cubed software dev guide
-  The **repository name** SHOULD be **lowercase**, dash-separated and short.
-  The **description** SHOULD be a **one-sentence title** (no period at the end)
-  The **visibility** MUST be set to **public**.
-  Check "Add a README file".
-  You MUST select **.gitignore** template for **R**
-  You MUST select a **licence** and you MUST set it to **MIT License**.


Create new GitHub repository


Owner *  damianooldoni

Repository name * bread is available.

Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about [cuddly-waddle](#) ?

Description (optional)

☒  **Public**
Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

☐  **Private**
You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

Initialize this repository with:

☒ **Add a README file**
This is where you can write a long description for your project. [Learn more about READMEs.](#)

Add .gitignore


Choose which files not to track from a list of templates. [Learn more about ignoring files.](#)

Choose a license

A license tells others what they can and can't do with your code. [Learn more about licenses.](#)




Create new GitHub repository

 **bread** Public




Pin Unwatch 1 Fork 0 Star 0

main 1 Branch Tags

t Add file <> Code

 **damianooldoni** Initial commit

08ea6c4 · now 1 Commit

 .gitignore	Initial commit	now
 LICENSE	Initial commit	now
 README.md	Initial commit	now

README MIT license

bread

R package to learn how to work with packages during B-Cubed workshop of Nov 7, 2024

About

R package to learn how to work with packages during B-Cubed workshop of Nov 7, 2024

- Readme
- Activity
- 0 stars
- 1 watching
- 0 forks

Releases

No releases published

[Create a new release](#)


Packages



Add a CITATION.cff file

-  Allow users to know users know how to cite the software
-  See steps in [“Add a CITATION.cff file”](#) from the B-Cubed software dev guide

Adding a CITATION.cff file helps users to easily cite your software from the repository overview. [Learn more about CITATION files.](#) Insert example

 bread

CITATION.cff

in main

Cancel changes

Commit changes...

Edit

Preview

Spaces ▾




2 ▾

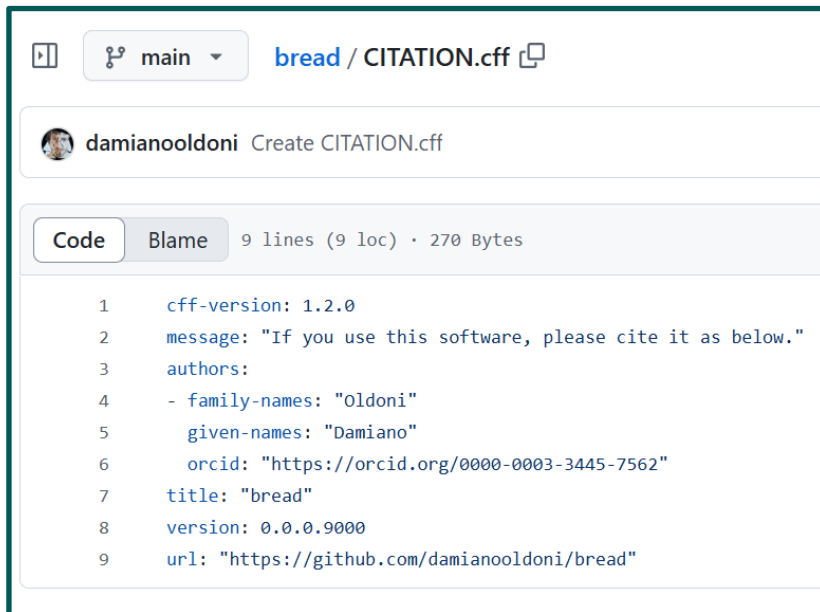
No wrap ▾

1

Enter file contents here

Add a CITATION.cff file

-  Include the name and [ORCID](#) of the maintainers
-  Remove the lines **doi** and **date-release**
-  Commit



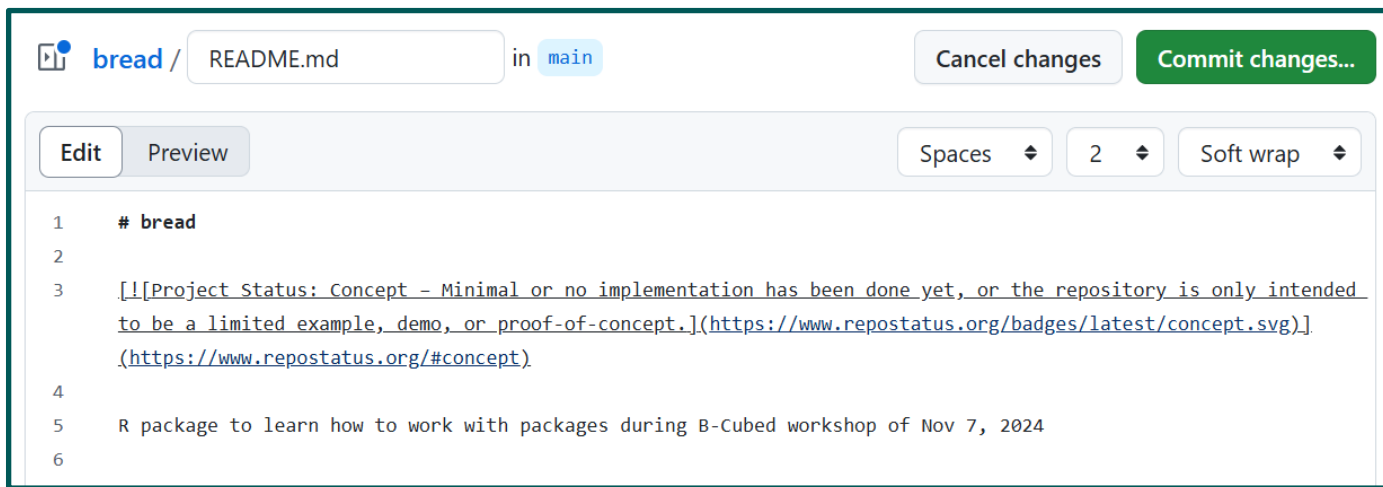
The screenshot shows a GitHub commit interface for the file `bread / CITATION.cff` on the `main` branch. The commit was made by `damianooldoni` with the message "Create CITATION.cff". The file is 9 lines long and 270 bytes. The code content is as follows:

```
1  cff-version: 1.2.0
2  message: "If you use this software, please cite it as below."
3  authors:
4    - family-names: "Oldoni"
5      given-names: "Damiano"
6      orcid: "https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3445-7562"
7  title: "bread"
8  version: 0.0.0.9000
9  url: "https://github.com/damianooldoni/bread"
```



Add a repository status badge

- See [“Badges”](#) from the B-Cubed software dev guide.
- Possible statuses: [repostatus.org](https://www.repostatus.org)
- Example: [bread](#) repo is a demo = concept status

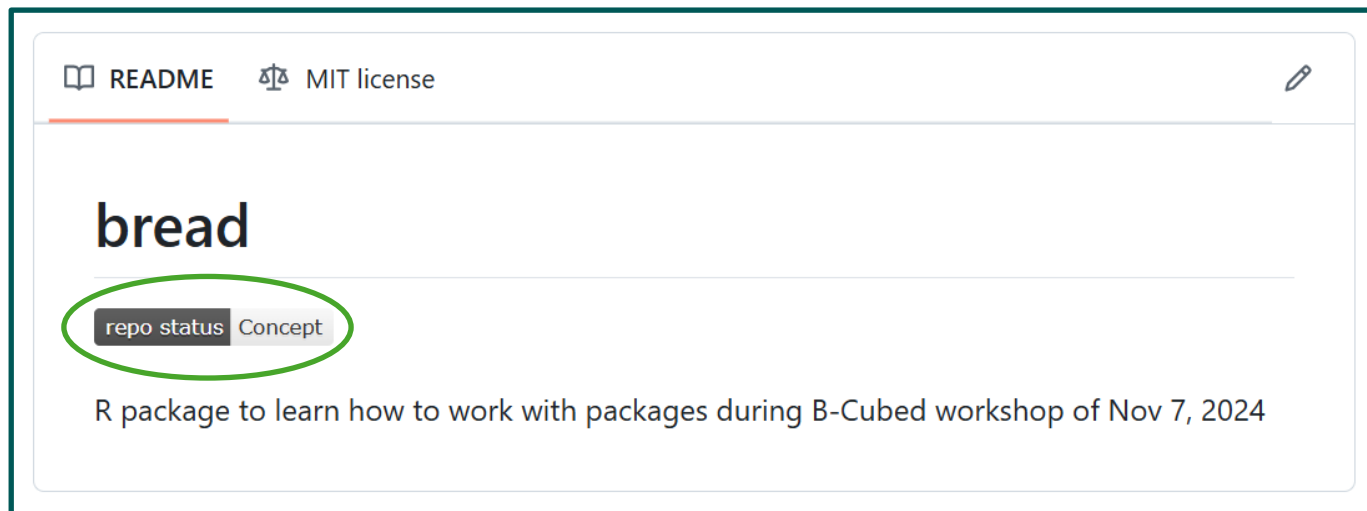


```
1  # bread
2
3  [!Project Status: Concept – Minimal or no implementation has been done yet, or the repository is only intended to be a limited example, demo, or proof-of-concept.](https://www.repostatus.org/badges/latest/concept.svg)]
4  (https://www.repostatus.org/#concept)
5
6  R package to learn how to work with packages during B-Cubed workshop of Nov 7, 2024
```






Add a repository status badge

- See [“Badges”](#) from the B-Cubed software dev guide.
- Possible statuses: repostatus.org
- Example: [bread](#) repo is a demo = concept status



Report issues

-  See [“Report issues”](#) from the B-Cubed software dev guide.
-  Issues can be used to report and discuss a bug, idea or task.
-  Add issue template: `usethis::use_tidy_issue_template()`



Resources, Best Practices, Q&A









The background of the slide features a close-up photograph of a large cluster of bees on a light-colored, textured surface, possibly a piece of fabric or paper. The bees are densely packed in the center, with many others scattered around them, some in flight. The entire image is overlaid with a semi-transparent teal or green tint, which makes the white text stand out clearly.

Resources, Best Practices, Q&A

Useful links



Useful links

-  The [B-Cubed software development guide](#)
-  The main resource for package development: the [R packages book, 2nd edition](#)
-  The [rOpenSci Packages: Development, Maintenance, and Peer Review](#) guide
-  The [tidyverse style guide](#): B-Cubed's official style guide
-  Packages: [Roxygen2](#) and [pkgdown](#) (documentation), [devtools](#) and [usethis](#) (software development), [testthat](#) (tests)
-  The [checklist](#) package: the "usethis" on steroids 💪
-  [Naming Things](#): Blogpost about naming R packages
-  [choosealicense](#): overview software dedicated licences

Dedicated support channels – updates



[rOpenSci Slack](#)



For B-Cubed people: Slack Channel **#wp3-software-helpdesk**



Subscribe to the monthly [rOpenSci Newsletter](#)



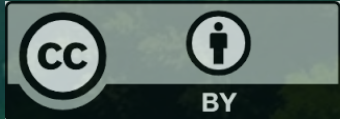
Thank you!

Damiano Oldoni

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Open science lab for biodiversity ([oscibio](#))

Research Institute Nature and Forest ([INBO](#))



b-cubed.eu



[@BCubedProject](#)



[B-Cubed Project](#)

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<https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=4956453>



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