WEB AND SECURITY

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

## References

SYSTEM DESIGN

Apr 6 · 4 min read

**Computer Science Fundamentals** 

- A dummy's guide to distributed queues
- Introduction to message queuing and rabbitmq

## 1. Concepts

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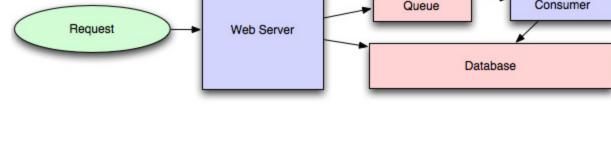
## Message queuing makes it possible for applications to communicate

1. Concepts

- asynchronously, by sending messages to each other via a queue. A message queue provides temporary storage between the sender and the receiver so that the sender can keep operating without interruption when the destination program is busy or not connected. Asynchronous processing allows a task to call a service, and move on to the next task while the service processes the request at its own pace. • A queue is a line of things waiting to be handled — in sequential order
- messages sent between applications. It includes a sequence of work objects that are waiting to be processed. • A message is the data transported between the sender and the receiver application; it's essentially a byte array with some headers on top. An
- application to start processing a specific task via the queue. • The basic architecture of a **message queue** is simple: there are client applications called producers that create messages and deliver them to the message queue. Another application, called a consumer, connects to

example of a message could be an event. One application tells another

- the queue are stored until the consumer retrieves them. • The queue can provide protection from service outages and failures. • Examples of queues: Kafka, Heron, real-time streaming, Amazon SQS,



### work done by the web application depends entirely on the interface you are exposing to your users. Generally, you'll either:

2. Design user interface when MQ is involved

Dividing work between off-line work handled by a consumer and in-line

1. perform almost no work in the consumer (merely scheduling a task) and inform your user that the task will occur offline, usually with a polling

- mechanism to update the interface once the task is complete (for example, provisioning a new VM on Slicehost follows this pattern), or 2. perform enough work in-line to make it appear to the user that the task has completed, and tie up hanging ends afterward (posting a message
- on Twitter or Facebook likely follow this pattern by updating the tweet/message in your timeline but updating your followers' timelines out of the band; it's simple isn't feasible to update all the followers for a Scobleizer in real-time). 3. The role of message queuing in a microservice

### In a microservice architecture, there are different functionalities divided across different services, that offer various functionalities. These services are coupled together to form a complete software application.

architecture

- Typically, in a microservice architecture, there are cross-dependencies, which entail that no single service can perform its functionalities without getting help from other services. This is where it's crucial for
- your system to have a mechanism in place which allows services to keep in touch with each other without getting blocked by responses. Message queuing fulfills this purpose by providing a means for services to push messages to a queue asynchronously and ensure that they get delivered to the correct destination. To implement a message queue between services, you need a message broker, think of it as a
- destination. 4. Message Broker — RabbitMQ

mailman, who takes mail from a sender and delivers it to the correct





• The system functions in the following way: 1. producer creates a message and sends it to an exchange 2. exchange receives a message and routes it to queues subscribed to it 3. consumer receives messages from those queues he/she is subscribed

3. exchange — enables to route messages and send them to queues

on the type of exchange. <u>Use RabbitMQ via CloudAMQP</u> 5. Apache Kafka

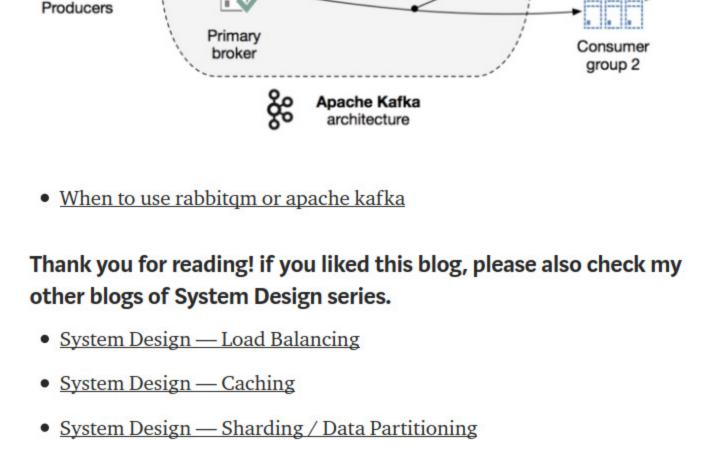
> Consumer group 1

Replicas (brokers)

One should note that messages are filtered and routed depending

ZooKeeper instance

3. queue — stores messages



- System Design Message Queues System Design — Redundancy and Replication
- System Design Consistent Hashing System Design — Client-Server Communication

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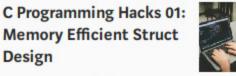
Message Queue





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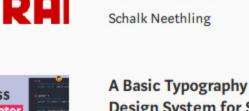


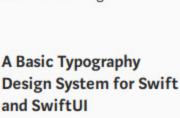




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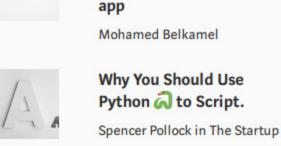


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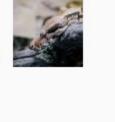


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serving a front end react

in  $f \square$ 



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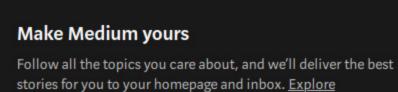
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• https://lethain.com/introduction-to-architecting-systems-for-scale/

starting at the beginning of the line. A message queue is a queue of

# the queue and gets the messages to be processed. Messages placed onto

- and RabbitMQ.
- Message Queue
  - Consumer