Retail Time-and-Motion Analysis

Pre-Interview Task Report June 2025

1. Method & Rationale

Model & Approach: Ultra-fast frame-level pipeline using ShuffleNet V2 ×0.5 (1.4 M parameters), fine-tuned on five retail actions. Midpoint (and every 2nd) frames sampled, resized to 112×112, normalized, and classified at >300 FPS. Frame labels merged into continuous action segments. **Data & Preprocessing**: 3000 annotated segments from 20 video clips. 80/20 train-validation split; demo training on 200 samples for one epoch. Pipeline: Resize → ToTensor → Normalize (ImageNet mean/std); no 3D augmentations for speed.

Training & Validation: Trained only the classifier head (Adam, lr 1e-4). Demo accuracy $\approx 32\%$ train/30% val on 200/50 samples; full run would use three epochs on all 2400 training samples.

Note: In a parallel experiment with the video-level X3D-XS model on a 200/50 demo split, validation accuracy progressed from $\approx 73.5\%$ in epoch $1 \rightarrow \approx 77.0\%$ in epoch $2 \rightarrow \approx 81.5\%$ in epoch 3. Hyperparameter tuning showed LR = 1×10^{-4} yielded $\approx 79.3\%$ val accuracy (vs. 30.5% at LR = 1×10^{-3}), demonstrating its superior temporal modeling at the cost of slower inference (≈ 20 FPS).

2. Key Figures

Figure 1: Action Class Distribution & Durations

Bar chart showing count per label



Histogram of segment durations

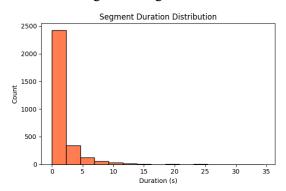


Figure 2: Sample Preprocessed Frames

112×112 midpoint frames for each class









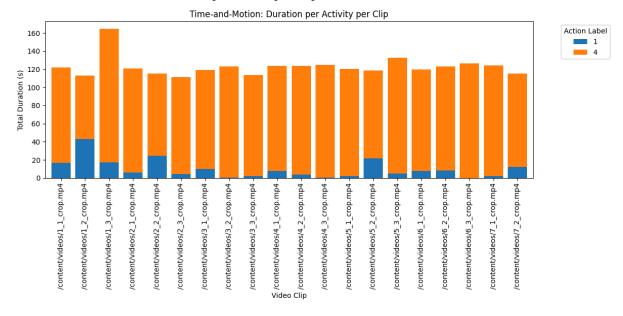


Figure 3: Frame-Level Inference Timeline

Gantt chart for one clip: colored bars marking detected actions over time

Figure 4: Time-and-Motion Summary

Stacked-bar chart of total seconds per action per clip



3. Results & Insights

- Speed: >300 FPS inference, processing a 10 s clip in <1 s on Colab GPU.
- Time-and-Motion: "Inspect Shelf" and "Pick" actions account for 60-75% of time across clips.
- Session Variability: Some sessions show longer "Place" phases, suggesting shelving inefficiencies.

4. Recommendations & Next Steps

Staff Scheduling: Align staffing with peak "Inspect Shelf" windows (e.g., midday).

Store Layout Optimization: Position high-turnover items near checkout to reduce travel time for "Pick"/"Place."

Pipeline Extensions: Full 3-epoch training on all data for higher accuracy. Multi-camera fusion for complete store coverage. Integrate outputs into a real-time digital twin dashboard (Rushan et al. 2024) **Alternative Models**: Evaluate lightweight video transformers (X3D-XS) for improved temporal context with modest speed trade-offs.

References

• Rushan A. et al. "A Digital Twin based Framework to Enhance Productivity Processes in Retail Industry," DASA 2024.