# **COBEA Manual**

Release 0.23

**Bernard Riemann** 

# CONTENTS

1	Quick start tutorial					
	1.1	Reading in data	3			
	1.2	Running the algorithm	4			
	1.3	Obtaining and plotting results	4			
2	API		7			
	2.1	cobea (main namespace)	7			
	2.2	cobea.model: COBEA classes and objects	8			
	2.3	cobea.mcs: Monitor-Corrector Subspace algorithm	11			
	2.4	cobea.pproc: Standalone postprocessing functions	12			
	2.5	cobea.plotting: Routines for plotting results	14			
Рy	thon I	Module Index	17			
In	dex		19			

The *cobea* module [1] is a Python implementation of Closed-Orbit Bilinear-Exponential Analysis [2], an algorithm for studying closed-orbit response matrices of storage rings (particle accelerators).

If you publish material using this software, please cite one or more of the references [1-2].

For more information, visit https://bitbucket.org/b-riemann/cobea.

(References)

- [1] B. Riemann et al., "COBEA Optical Parameters From Response Matrices Without Knowledge of Magnet Strengths", in Proc. IPAC17, paper MOPIK066, 2017.
- [2] B. Riemann, ''[The Bilinear-Exponential Closed-Orbit Model and its Application to Storage Ring Beam Diagnostics](http://dx.doi.org/10.17877/DE290R-17221)', Ph.D. Dissertation, TU Dortmund University, 2016. DOI [10.17877/DE290R-17221](http://dx.doi.org/10.17877/DE290R-17221).

CONTENTS 1

2 CONTENTS

# **QUICK START TUTORIAL**

This is a brief introduction on how to use the cobea module.

# 1.1 Reading in data

COBEAs input consists of

- A set of corrector names corresponding to rows of your matrix
- A set of monitor names corresponding to columns of your matrix
- The response matrix itself
- The ordering information, given as a list of monitor and corrector names, ordered along the beampath (downstream)

You need to convert your response data into a standardized input for COBEA. This is handled by the *Response* class:

Representation of COBEA input, used as such for the function cobea.cobea()

During creation of the this object, py:data:matrix rows and columns, as well as the corresponding py:data:corr\_names and py:data:mon\_names, are resorted to their respective order in py:data:line.

#### **Parameters**

- **matrix** (array) input response matrix of shape (correctors, monitors, directions). If only one direction is considered, the last dimension can be omitted.
- **corr\_names** (list) a list of corrector labels corresponding to each row of the matrix. See also corr\_filters.
- mon\_names (list) a list of monitor labels corresponding to each column of the matrix
- line (list) a list of element names in ascending s order
- **include\_dispersion** (bool) whether to use a model with or without dispersion for fitting, default: True
- unit (str) (optional, default: '') unit for the input values of the matrix, containing a '/' character to separate monitor unit (e.g. mm) and corrector unit (e.g. A or mrad)
- **drift\_space** (*iterable*) (optional, default: None) a tuple or list with 3 elements (monitor name 1, monitor name 2, drift space length / m)
- **corr\_filters** (list) (optional) a list of filter strings with special character. Example: To create one corrector set for all correctors with names starting with Cx, and another ending with dy, enter ('Cx','\*dy')

- name(str) (optional, default: ") a short description of the measured response
- **assume\_sorted** (str) cobea (especially cobea.mcs) requires rows and columns of the response to be sorted along the beam path. Only change this if you know what you are doing!

### topology

*object* – A Topology object holding the re-ordered py:data:'corr\_names', py:data:'mon\_names', and py:data:'line' as attributes.

### input\_matrix

array – re-ordered input response matrix.

#### mon\_unit

*str* – unit for BPM readings (extracted from unit argument)

### corr\_unit

str – unit for corrector strengths (extracted from unit argument)

### known\_element

object - Known-element object used for normalization. At the moment, only DriftSpace can be used

# 1.2 Running the algorithm

The COBEA algorithm is then applied using the function cobea.cobea() (click link, return back to 1.3 afterwards)

# 1.3 Obtaining and plotting results

The cobea function returns a Result object. This object contains all computed information.

```
class cobea.model.Result (response, additional={}, **kwargs)
```

A container for all COBEA results that also computes secondary outputs on demand.

#### input\_matrix

array - Original input response matrix

#### error

object - computed BE model errors, represented as ErrorModel object

#### known\_element

object - Known-element object used for normalization. At the moment, only DriftSpace can be used.

#### additional

dict - may contain the following keywords

**coretime** [float] time used for computation in the start and optimization layer.

err [dict] dictionary with additional model parameter error estimates.

conv [dict] dictionary with L-BFGS convergence information (if convergence\_info was True)

**invariants** [array] computed during normalization of monitor vectors if drift\_space is given. These are just returned for completeness and do not contain information about beam physics.

pca\_singvals [array] custom info from MCS algorithm

pca\_orbits [array] custom info from MCS algorithm

version [str] version of the object

### cbeta\_jmw

Ripken-Mais beta parameters \* constant. If self.R\_jmw is normalized, constant = 1.

#### cbeta km

const\*beta at correctors assuming decoupled optics and thin correctors

# delphi\_jmw

Ripken-Mais phase advances per element

#### delphi km

Betatron phase advances per corrector assuming decoupled optics and thin correctors

#### flip mu (m

switch the sign of mu\_m for given m, simultaneously changing the conjugation of R\_jmw and A\_km so that the response matrix remains unchanged

# phase\_integral (m)

integrated phase from first to last BPM (not one turn!), used for tune () computation

# phi\_jmw

Compute Ripken-Mais betatron phases in units of degrees

# response\_matrix()

generate a 'simulated' response matrix from the present model parameters

**Returns** rsim\_kjw – response array of shape (K, J, M)

Return type array

# save (filename)

save the Result object as a pickle file with the given filename. The object can be reloaded using cobea.load result() (which simply uses pickle)

#### tune (m)

compute tune including integer part for a given mode m

#### update\_errors()

compute errors in attribute error for given BE-Model parameters and input response, including errors for Ripken-Mais parameters

The module <code>cobea.plotting</code> includes many helper functions to view these results. A summary of results is created by the <code>cobea.plotting.plot\_result()</code> function.

**API** 

This page contains automatic documentation of the complete cobea module.

# 2.1 cobea (main namespace)

Closed-Orbit Bilinear-Exponential Analysis (COBEA)

This is a Python implementation of the COBEA algorithm [1] to be used for studying betatron oscillations in particle accelerators by closed-orbit information.

[1] B. Riemann. 'The Bilinear-Exponential Model and its Application to Storage Ring Beam Diagnostics', PhD Dissertation (TU Dortmund University, 2016), DOI Link: (https://dx.doi.org/10.17877/DE290R-17221)

Bernard Riemann (bernard.riemann@tu-dortmund.de)

cobea.cobea (response, convergence\_info=False)

Main COBEA function with pre- and postprocessing.

#### **Parameters**

- response (object) A valid cobea. model. Response object representing the input.
- **convergence\_info** (bool) if True, convergence information from L-BFGS is added to the result dictionary (before saving).

Returns result - A cobea.model.Result object.

Return type object

cobea.load\_result (filename)

Load (un-pickle) a Result object (or any other object)

```
cobea.optimization_layer(result, iprint=-1)
```

Implementation of the Optimization layer. It uses L-BFGS [1] as special case of L-BFGS-B [2] in scipy.optimize. The result object is modified to yield the optimal BEModel. A sub-dictionary with additional information is added under the key result.additional['Opt'].

- [1] D.C. Liu and J. Nocedal, "On the Limited Memory Method for Large Scale Optimization", Math. Prog. B 45 (3), pp.~503–528, 1989. DOI 10.1007/BF01589116
- [2] C. Zhu, R.H. Byrd and J. Nocedal, "Algorithm 778: L-BFGS-B: Fortran subroutines for large-scale bound-constrained optimization", ACM Trans. Math. Software 23 (4), pp.~550–560, 1997. DOI 10.1145/279232.279236

**Parameters result** (object) – A valid cobea.model.Result object. The object is modified during processing; the model variables are set to their optimal values.

**Returns** result – Identical to input object.

Return type object

```
cobea.read_elemnames(finame)
```

A helper function to read element names from text files into a list of strings. Standard input is a text file with linebreaks between elements.

# 2.2 cobea.model: COBEA classes and objects

This COBEA submodule defines all classes used by *cobea*. Besides input (*Response*) and output (*Result*) containers, this also includes gradient-based optimization procedures in BE\_Model.

Bernard Riemann (bernard.riemann@tu-dortmund.de)

```
 \begin{array}{lll} \textbf{class} & \texttt{cobea.model.BEModel} \ (\textit{K, J, M, topology, include\_dispersion, init\_fun=<} \textit{built-in function} \\ & empty>) \\ & \texttt{Bases: cobea.model.BasicModel} \end{array}
```

Bilinear-Exponential model with topology information and optimization routines. Besides the attributes and methods contained in Bare Model, the following information is included.

#### **Parameters**

- **K**, **J**, **M** (*int*) dimensions of the model, with K being the number of correctors, J being the number of monitors, and M the number of modes respectively directions.
- init\_fun (function) a (possibly self-defined) initialization function like zeros() or empty() from numpy.

# topology

object - input topology, represented as Topology object

#### cbeta imw

Ripken-Mais beta parameters \* constant. If self.R\_jmw is normalized, constant = 1.

### cbeta\_km

const\*beta at correctors assuming decoupled optics and thin correctors

# delphi\_jmw

Ripken-Mais phase advances per element

#### delphi km

Betatron phase advances per corrector assuming decoupled optics and thin correctors

#### $flip_mu(m)$

switch the sign of mu\_m for given m, simultaneously changing the conjugation of R\_jmw and A\_km so that the response matrix remains unchanged

### $phase\_integral(m)$

integrated phase from first to last BPM (not one turn!), used for tune () computation

#### phi jmw

Compute Ripken-Mais betatron phases in units of degrees

# response\_matrix()

generate a 'simulated' response matrix from the present model parameters

**Returns** rsim\_kjw – response array of shape (K, J, M)

**Return type** array

### tune(m)

compute tune including integer part for a given mode m

**class** cobea.model.BasicModel  $(K, J, M, include\_dispersion, init\_fun=<built-in function empty>)$  simple representation of the Bilinear-Exponential model (without topology or optimization attributes).

#### Parameters

- **K**, **J**, **M** (*int*) dimensions of the model, with K being the number of correctors, J being the number of monitors, and M the number of modes respectively directions.
- init\_fun (function) a (possibly self-defined) initialization function like zeros() or empty() from numpy.

K

int – total number of correctors. defines limit of corrector index k.

ıТ

int – total number of monitors. defines limit of monitor index j.

M

int – number of directions respectively modes, defines limits of mode index m and direction index w.

R\_jmw

array – monitor vectors in format [monitor, mode, direction]

A km

array – corrector parameters, format [corrector, mode]

d\_jw

array – unnormalized dispersion function at monitors, format [monitor, direction]

b\_k

array – unnormalized dispersion coefficients at correctors, format [corrector]

mu m

array – fractional phase advances per turn (in rad)

A reduced model class without topology or gradient computation

class cobea.model.DriftSpace (mon\_names, length)

Representation of drift space information

#### **Parameters**

- mon\_names (list) list of monitor labels for the drift space
- length (float) length of drift space

r\_prime\_upstream(rj\_drift, rj\_drift\_err=None)

Spatial derivative of spatial vector at the beginning of the drift space given spatial vectors at its ends.

# Returns

- **r\_prime** (*array\_like*) spatial derivative
- r\_prime\_err (array\_like) error of spatial derivative for given rj\_drift\_err, else None

class cobea.model.ErrorModel(K, J, M, include\_dispersion, chi\_squared, input\_rms, unit)

Bases: cobea.model.BasicModel

A class computing and storing all BE model errors, including additional attributes for Ripken-Mais errors.

Representation of COBEA input, used as such for the function cobea.cobea()

During creation of the this object, py:data:*matrix* rows and columns, as well as the corresponding py:data:*corr\_names* and py:data:*mon\_names*, are resorted to their respective order in py:data:*line*.

#### **Parameters**

- **matrix** (*array*) input response matrix of shape (correctors, monitors, directions). If only one direction is considered, the last dimension can be omitted.
- **corr\_names** (list) a list of corrector labels corresponding to each row of the matrix. See also corr\_filters.

- mon\_names (list) a list of monitor labels corresponding to each column of the matrix
- line (list) a list of element names in ascending s order
- **include\_dispersion** (bool) whether to use a model with or without dispersion for fitting, default: True
- unit (str) (optional, default: '') unit for the input values of the matrix, containing a '/' character to separate monitor unit (e.g. mm) and corrector unit (e.g. A or mrad)
- **drift\_space** (*iterable*) (optional, default: None) a tuple or list with 3 elements (monitor name 1, monitor name 2, drift space length / m)
- **corr\_filters** (list) (optional) a list of filter strings with special character. Example: To create one corrector set for all correctors with names starting with Cx, and another ending with dy, enter ('Cx','\*dy')
- name (str) (optional, default: ") a short description of the measured response
- **assume\_sorted** (str) cobea (especially cobea.mcs) requires rows and columns of the response to be sorted along the beam path. Only change this if you know what you are doing!

#### topology

*object* – A *Topology* object holding the re-ordered py:data:'corr\_names', py:data:'mon\_names', and py:data:'line' as attributes.

#### input\_matrix

array – re-ordered input response matrix.

#### mon unit

str – unit for BPM readings (extracted from unit argument)

#### corr\_unit

str – unit for corrector strengths (extracted from unit argument)

### known element

*object* – Known-element object used for normalization. At the moment, only <code>DriftSpace</code> can be used.

#### save (filename)

save the Response object as a pickle file with the given filename. The object can be reloaded using cobea.load\_result() (which simply uses pickle)

### class cobea.model.Result (response, additional={}, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: cobea.model.BEModel

A container for all COBEA results that also computes secondary outputs on demand.

# input matrix

array - Original input response matrix

#### error

object – computed BE model errors, represented as ErrorModel object

# known\_element

*object* – Known-element object used for normalization. At the moment, only *DriftSpace* can be used.

### additional

dict - may contain the following keywords

**coretime** [float] time used for computation in the start and optimization layer.

err [dict] dictionary with additional model parameter error estimates.

conv [dict] dictionary with L-BFGS convergence information (if convergence\_info was True)

**invariants** [array] computed during normalization of monitor vectors if drift\_space is given. These are just returned for completeness and do not contain information about beam physics.

pca\_singvals [array] custom info from MCS algorithm

pca\_orbits [array] custom info from MCS algorithm

version [str] version of the object

#### save (filename)

save the Result object as a pickle file with the given filename. The object can be reloaded using cobea.load\_result() (which simply uses pickle)

#### update errors()

compute errors in attribute error for given BE-Model parameters and input response, including errors for Ripken-Mais parameters

Representation of corrector/monitor labels and the order between them along the ring. During creation, all columns and rows of the input matrix, together with their labels in corr\_names, mon\_names, are re-ordered in ascending s-position according to the line list.

#### **Parameters**

- **corr\_names** (*list*) corrector labels (strings), e.g. ['HK01', 'VCM1', 'special\_Hcorr', ...]. The list index should correspond to the monitor\_index, e.g. matrix[1,:,:] holds all information for the corrector named 'VCM1' in the above example.
- mon\_names (list) monitor labels (strings), e.g. ['BPM1','BPM2a','buggy\_BPM',...,'important-bpm42']. the list index should correspond to the monitor\_index, e.g. matrix[:,0,:] holds all information for the monitor named 'BPM1' in the above example.
- line (list) corrector and monitor labels in ascending s position, downstream of the storage ring.
- **corr\_filters** (list) (optional) a list of filter strings with special character. Example: To create one corrector set for all correctors with names starting with Cx, and another ending with dy, enter ('Cx','\*dy')
- **assume\_sorted** (str) cobea (especially cobea.mcs) requires rows and columns of the response to be sorted along the beam path. Only change this if you know what you are doing!

```
corrector_index (corrector_label)
```

find the index/indices of corrector label(s) in self.monitor\_names

```
monitor_index (monitor_label)
```

find the index/indices of monitor label(s) in self.monitor\_names

# 2.3 cobea.mcs: Monitor-Corrector Subspace algorithm

Monitor-Corrector Subset (MCS) algorithm submodule

MCS can be used as start-value layer of COBEA.

```
cobea.mcs.complexsolv(realvec, mat)
```

solve the half-complex equation system realvec = real(compmat\*conj(compsol)) for compsol. :returns: compsol, res (from lstsq),

realvec\_rc: reconstructed realvec from compsol, s: singular values of compmat (from lstsq)

```
cobea.mcs.composite_vectors(pcaDev)
```

make two-orbit vectors (similar to phase space vectors) at beginning and end of partial orbits

```
cobea.mcs.corrector_matrix_k(R, cE)
```

output the complex corrector equation system matrix corrmat for a given corrector. corrmat.shape = [in-put\_bpm\*Directions+direction,mode] R: full input monitor array, R.shape = [input\_bpm,mode,direction] cE: conj(E[:,k,:]) of Ejkm

cobea.mcs.corrector\_systems (*Dev*, *monvec*, *bpm\_s*, *corr\_s*, *mus*, *printmsg=True*, *E=None*) set up and solve the corrector equation systems. Dev[k,f,d]: Deviations at all correctors for fast BPMs. monvec: all input monitor vectors. returns: D[k,m]: corrector parameters complexsolv parameters as arrays

```
cobea.mcs.dice_splitpoints(n, mon_idx, split_idx)
```

Map the linear index n to bpm quadruplet index split\_idx. As numpy arrays are passed by reference, split\_idx is overwritten by this function.

```
cobea.mcs.flatten Dev(Dev)
```

Index transform of Deviation matrix (k,j,w) to PCA processing matrix (k,j\*w)

```
cobea.mcs.layer(response, trials=-1)
```

implementation of the Monitor-Corrector Subspace algorithm

#### **Parameters**

- result (object) A valid cobea.model.Response object.
- **trials** (*int*) Number of different monitor subsets tried for MCS. If set to -1, value is set automatically.

```
cobea.mcs.mcs_core (result, mon_idx, cor_idx, split_idx)
```

MCS routine for a given monitor quadruplet.

#### **Parameters**

- result (object) A valid cobea.model.Result object.
- mon\_idx (array) 1d array of integer positions of all considered monitors in result.line
- cor\_idx (array) 1d array ... considered correctors in result.line
- **split\_idx** (array\_like) a 2x2 array of monitor indices for the monitor quadruplet.

Returns output – ToDo for documentation

**Return type** list

```
\verb"cobea.mcs.monitor_matrix_j" (Y,E)
```

output the complex monitor equation system matrix monmat for a given monitor AND direction. monmat.shape = [corrector,mode] Y: corrector parameters, Y.shape = [corrector,mode] E: E[j,:,:] of Ejkm

```
cobea.mcs.monitor_systems(Dev, D, all_bpm_s, corr_s, mus, printmsg=True, E=[])
```

set up and solve the monitor equation systems, return R[j,m,d], the full monitor vector set for all monitors. Dev[k,j,d]: Deviations at all correctors for all BPMs. D[k,m]: all corrector parameters.

```
cobea.mcs.pca_core(Dev, principal_orbits=True)
```

Principal Component Analysis of a Deviation matrix.

```
cobea.mcs.unflatten_Dev(pcaproc, Devshp)
```

Index transform of PCA processing matrix (k,j\*w) to Deviation matrix (k,j,w)

# 2.4 cobea.pproc: Standalone postprocessing functions

Small postprocessing and helper functions for COBEA results.

Bernard Riemann (bernard.riemann@tu-dortmund.de)

```
cobea.pproc.guess_mu_sign (rslt)
```

for weakly coupled setups, guess the sign of mu (quadrant) based on monitor phase advance

# $cobea.pproc.invariants\_from\_eigenvectors(Q)$

Compute invariant of motion from a phase space eigenvector

**Parameters Q** (array) – phase space eigenvector with shape (1,2\*M)

**Returns** invariant – invariants of motion

Return type float

#### cobea.pproc.invariants of motion (R drift, length)

Compute invariant of motion from the eigenorbits around a known drift space

#### **Parameters**

- **R\_drift** (array) An array of two spatial vectors **R\_drift**[0] and **R\_drift**[1]
- length (float) length of the drift space

**Returns** invariant – invariants of motion

Return type float

cobea.pproc.l\_bfgs\_iterate(alloc\_items=10000)

convert the iterate.dat file produced by L-BFGS-B

**Parameters alloc\_items** (*int*) – the number of maximum iterations for which memory is allocated.

#### Returns

iter -

a dictionary with the following fields. The field names and descriptions have been copied from a demo output

```
'it' [array] iteration number
```

'nf' [array] number of function evaluations

'nseg' [array] number of segments explored during the Cauchy search

'nact' [array] number of active bounds at the generalized Cauchy point

**'sub'** [str]

**manner in which the subspace minimization terminated** con = converged, bnd = a bound was reached

'itls' [int] number of iterations performed in the line search

'stepl' [float] step length used

**'tstep'** [float] norm of the displacement (total step)

'projg' [float] norm of the projected gradient

'f' [float] function value

# Return type dict

cobea.pproc.layer(result, convergence\_info=False)

Postprocessing layer

#### **Parameters**

- result (object) A cobea.model.Result object. The object is modified during processing.
- **convergence\_info** (bool) if True, convergence information from L-BFGS is added to the result dictionary (before saving).

# cobea.pproc.normalize\_using\_drift (model, di, drift\_length)

Invariant postprocessing algorithm. The Result object is modified by information from a drift space. monitor vectors, corrector parameters and the sign of mu\_m is changed accordingly.

#### **Parameters**

- model (object) A valid cobea.model.BEModel object or descendant. The object is modified.
- di (list) j indices of the used drift space
- drift\_length (float) length of the use drift space

```
cobea.pproc.phasor_eigenvectors(R_drift, length)
```

Compute phase space vector from the spatial vectors around a drif t space

### **Parameters**

- **R\_drift** (array) An array of two spatial vectors **R\_drift**[0] and **R\_drift**[1]
- length (float) length of the drift space

**Returns Q** – Phase space vector

**Return type** array

```
cobea.pproc.symplectic_form (D=2)
```

Compute the symplectic form.

**Parameters** D(int) – number of spatial dimensions of the phase space vectors considered.

**Returns** Omega – a matrix that can be used to compute invariants I from phase space eigenvectors Q via (\* matrix product) I = Q.T \* Omega \* Q

Return type array

# 2.5 cobea.plotting: Routines for plotting results

```
routines for plotting cobea results
```

Bernard Riemann (bernard.riemann@tu-dortmund.de)

```
cobea.plotting.A_km (result, m, ax=<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object>, filter='all') plot real and imaginary parts of corrector parameters (incl. errors) into an axis for a given mode m
```

```
cobea.plotting.R_jmw (result, m, w=None, direction='xy', ax=None)
plot real and imaginary parts of monitor vectors (incl. errors) into an axis for a given mode m
```

```
cobea.plotting.cbeta_jmw (result, m, w=None, comparison_data={}, direction='xy', ax=None) plot beta resp. const*beta (incl. errors) into an axis for a given mode m
```

```
cobea.plotting.cbeta_km (result, m, comparison_data={}, ax=<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object>, filter='all')

plot const*beta at correctors assuming decoupled optics and thin correctors ToDo: errors for this quantity
```

```
cobea.plotting.corrector_label(corr_labels=[], spacing=0, dir='y', ax=<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object>)
```

apply corrector labels to an axis

```
cobea.plotting.corrector_results (result, m=0, comparison_data={}, direction='xy', filter='all') create a figure with corrector results for a given mode m
```

```
cobea.plotting.d_jw (result, w, comparison_data, direction='xy', ax=None) plot const*dispersion (incl. errors) into an axis for a given direction w (0: x, 1: y)
```

```
cobea.plotting.delphi_jmw(result, m, w=None, comparison\_data={}\}, direction='xy', ax=None)

plot phase-advance per monitor (incl. errors) into an axis for a given mode m
```

cobea.plotting.monitor\_label  $(mon\_labels=0, spacing=0, ax=< matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot object>)$  apply monitor labels to an axis

cobea.plotting.monitor\_results (result, m=0, w=None,  $comparison\_data=\{\}$ , direction='xy')

plot monitor results for mode m, optionally in comparison with comparison\_data.

#### **Parameters**

- result (object) A cobea.model.Result object.
- m (int) mode index to plot results for
- w (int) direction index to plot results for
- comparison\_data (dict) a dictionary containing optional data from alternative decoupled storage ring models, which may contain the following keys: 'name': name of the algorithm or model used 'beta': an array of shape (result.M,result.J) that contains Courant-Snyder beta values for each direction and monitor 'phi': an array of the same shape as 'beta', containing Courant-Snyder betatron phases 'dispersion': an array of the same shape, containing dispersion values

```
cobea.plotting.plot_Dev_err (result, w=0, corr_filter='all')
     create a figure that shows response matrix and residual error for a given direction w (0: x, 1: y)
cobea.plotting.plot_matrix(Devdr,
                                                     devlbl,
                                                                   cmap=('PRGn',
                                                                                           'Greens'),
                                      ax = < matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot object > )
      plot an arbitrary matrix with divergent or sequential colormap (helper function)
                                                                                     label='residual'.
cobea.plotting.plot_residual(result,
                                                               w=0
                                        ax = < matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot
                                                                                             object>,
                                         corr_filter='all')
      plot fit residual into an axis for a given direction w (0: x, 1: y)
cobea.plotting.plot_response(response,
                                                                w=0.
                                                                                    label='deviation',
                                         ax=<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot
                                                                                             object>,
                                         corr filter='all')
     Plot response matrix into an axis for a given direction w (0: x, 1: y)
cobea.plotting.plot_result (result,
                                                prefix=''
                                                             comparison\_data=\{\},
                                                                                      direction='xy',
                                      plot_flags='mcdtvs')
     plot cobea results.
```

# **Parameters**

- result (object) A cobea.model.Result object.
- **prefix** (str) if print\_figures=True, prefix contains the relative path to the current folder where results are printed.
- comparison\_data (dict) a dictionary containing optional data from alternative decoupled storage ring models, which may contain the following keys: 'name': name of the algorithm or model used 'beta': an array of shape (result.M,result.J) that contains Courant-Snyder beta values for each direction and monitor 'phi': an array of the same shape as 'beta', containing Courant-Snyder betatron phases 'dispersion': an array of the same shape, containing dispersion values
- **direction** (str) direction characters for the result object. can be 'x','y', or 'xy'.
- plot\_flags (str) which plots are to be created. Each character represents a different result plot: 'm': monitor\_results -> monitor\_m\*.pdf 'c': corrector\_results -> corrector\_m\*.pdf 'd': plot\_Dev\_err -> Dev\_err\_w\*.pdf, hist\_w\*.pdf 't': plot\_topology -> topology.pdf 'v': convergence information -> convergence.pdf. Only works if convergence information is available.

```
cobea.plotting.plot_topology (topology)
create a figure that shows the accelerator topology. Input: Topology object
```

# PYTHON MODULE INDEX

# С

cobea, 7
cobea.mcs, 11
cobea.model, 8
cobea.plotting, 14
cobea.pproc, 12

A_km (cobea.model.BasicModel attribute), 9	error (Result attribute), 4 ErrorModel (class in cobea.model), 9
A_km() (in module cobea.plotting), 14	F
additional (cobea.model.Result attribute), 10 additional (Result attribute), 4  B	flatten_Dev() (in module cobea.mcs), 12 flip_mu() (cobea.model.BEModel method), 8 flip_mu() (cobea.model.Result method), 5
b_k (cobea.model.BasicModel attribute), 9 BasicModel (class in cobea.model), 8 BEModel (class in cobea.model), 8	G guess_mu_sign() (in module cobea.pproc), 12
C	I
cbeta_jmw (cobea.model.BEModel attribute), 8 cbeta_jmw (cobea.model.Result attribute), 4 cbeta_jmw() (in module cobea.plotting), 14 cbeta_km (cobea.model.BEModel attribute), 8 cbeta_km (cobea.model.Result attribute), 5 cbeta_km() (in module cobea.plotting), 14 cobea (module), 7 cobea() (in module cobea), 7	input_matrix (cobea.model.Response attribute), 10 input_matrix (cobea.model.Result attribute), 10 input_matrix (Response attribute), 4 input_matrix (Result attribute), 4 invariants_from_eigenvectors() (in module cobea.pproc), 12 invariants_of_motion() (in module cobea.pproc), 13
cobea.mcs (module), 11	J
cobea.model (module), 8	J (cobea.model.BasicModel attribute), 9
cobea.plotting (module), 14 cobea.pproc (module), 12	K
complexsolv() (in module cobea.mcs), 11 composite_vectors() (in module cobea.mcs), 11 corr_unit (cobea.model.Response attribute), 10 corr_unit (Response attribute), 4 corrector_index() (cobea.model.Topology method), 11 corrector_label() (in module cobea.plotting), 14 corrector_matrix_k() (in module cobea.mcs), 11	K (cobea.model.BasicModel attribute), 9 known_element (cobea.model.Response attribute), 10 known_element (cobea.model.Result attribute), 10 known_element (Response attribute), 4 known_element (Result attribute), 4
corrector_results() (in module cobea.nics), 11	L
corrector_systems() (in module cobea.mcs), 12	l_bfgs_iterate() (in module cobea.pproc), 13 layer() (in module cobea.mcs), 12 layer() (in module cobea.pproc), 13
d_jw (cobea.model.BasicModel attribute), 9 d_jw() (in module cobea.plotting), 14	load_result() (in module cobea), 7
delphi_jmw (cobea.model.BEModel attribute), 8 delphi_jmw (cobea.model.Result attribute), 5 delphi_jmw() (in module cobea.plotting), 14 delphi_km (cobea.model.BEModel attribute), 8 delphi_km (cobea.model.Result attribute), 5 dice_splitpoints() (in module cobea.mcs), 12 DriftSpace (class in cobea.model), 9  E error (cobea.model.Result attribute), 10	M (cobea.model.BasicModel attribute), 9 mcs_core() (in module cobea.mcs), 12 mon_unit (cobea.model.Response attribute), 10 mon_unit (Response attribute), 4 monitor_index() (cobea.model.Topology method), 11 monitor_label() (in module cobea.plotting), 14 monitor_matrix_j() (in module cobea.mcs), 12 monitor_results() (in module cobea.plotting), 14 monitor_systems() (in module cobea.mcs), 12
citor (cooca.iiiouci.Resuit attitoute), 10	momior_systems() (in module codea.incs), 12

```
mu_m (cobea.model.BasicModel attribute), 9
Ν
normalize_using_drift() (in module cobea.pproc), 13
0
optimization_layer() (in module cobea), 7
pca_core() (in module cobea.mcs), 12
phase integral() (cobea.model.BEModel method), 8
phase_integral() (cobea.model.Result method), 5
phasor_eigenvectors() (in module cobea.pproc), 14
phi_jmw (cobea.model.BEModel attribute), 8
phi_jmw (cobea.model.Result attribute), 5
plot_Dev_err() (in module cobea.plotting), 15
plot_matrix() (in module cobea.plotting), 15
plot_residual() (in module cobea.plotting), 15
plot_response() (in module cobea.plotting), 15
plot_result() (in module cobea.plotting), 15
plot_topology() (in module cobea.plotting), 15
R
R_jmw (cobea.model.BasicModel attribute), 9
R_jmw() (in module cobea.plotting), 14
r_prime_upstream() (cobea.model.DriftSpace method),
read_elemnames() (in module cobea), 7
Response (class in cobea.model), 3, 9
response matrix() (cobea.model.BEModel method), 8
response matrix() (cobea.model.Result method), 5
Result (class in cobea.model), 4, 10
S
save() (cobea.model.Response method), 10
save() (cobea.model.Result method), 5, 11
symplectic_form() (in module cobea.pproc), 14
Τ
Topology (class in cobea.model), 11
topology (cobea.model.BEModel attribute), 8
topology (cobea.model.Response attribute), 10
topology (Response attribute), 4
tune() (cobea.model.BEModel method), 8
tune() (cobea.model.Result method), 5
U
unflatten_Dev() (in module cobea.mcs), 12
update_errors() (cobea.model.Result method), 5, 11
```

20 Index