Malware Analysis III

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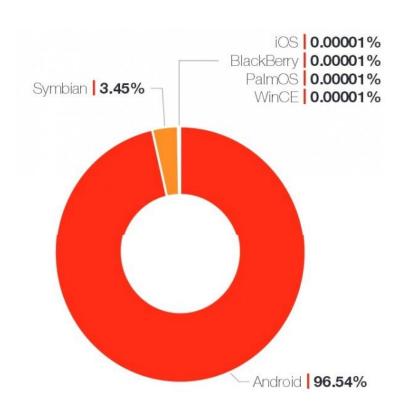






Formal Methods for Secure Systems, University of Pisa

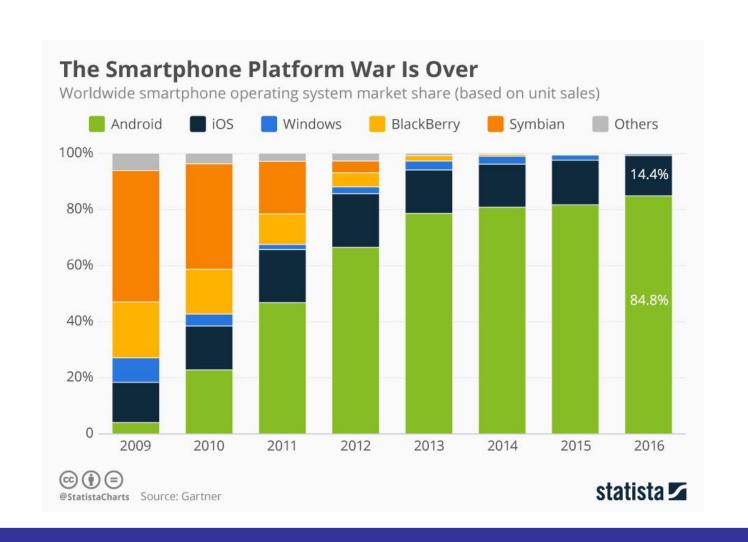
Target of mobile attack



MALWARE VARIANTS FLOW



The reason why



Malicious Behaviors

- Steal privacy sensitive data
 - Contacts
 - Text messages
- Steal user's money
 - Send text message
 - Register to premium services
 - Try to intercept bank transactions
- Show undesired advertisements (spam)
- Take control of the mobile device

Native Android Security Mechanisms

- Sandboxing (Isolation)
 - Virtual Machine
 - Linux Kernel
- Access Control
 - Permission System
- Storage separation
 - Possible for internal memory (ext3)
 - Not possible for SDCard (fat32)

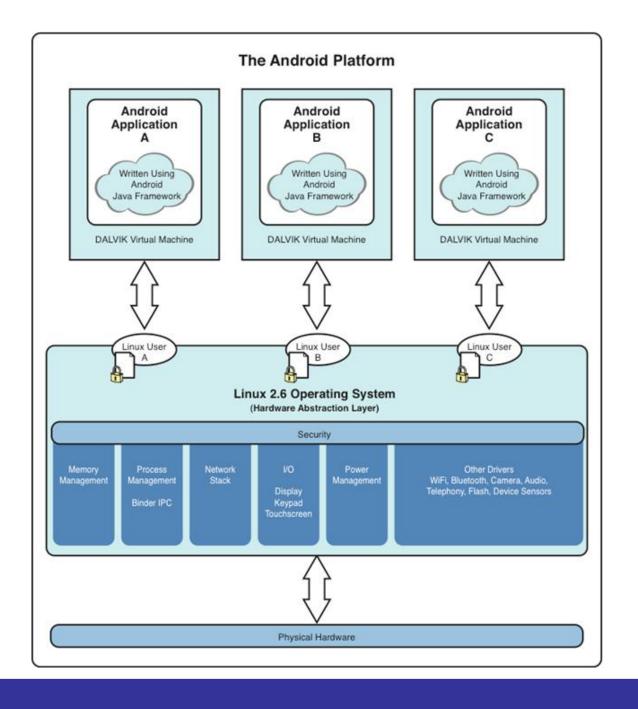


Sandboxing

- Dalvik Virtual Machine (or ART environment) act as a sandbox for Android applications.
- Each application can perform all of its operations inside the virtual machine.
- Each application operates behaves like if there are no other applications running on the device.
- Application cannot communicate directly.

Isolation

- Every Android application has a different Linux User ID.
- Different storage space: an application cannot modify files of other applications.
- Application execution is interference-free.
- This should avoid the privilege escalation attacks.
- Android applications are normal Linux user without root privilege: an application cannot modify system files.



Access Control

- An Android application that will access a critical resource, or will perform a protected operation, have to ask the permission to do so.
- Permissions can be seen like a declaration of intent.
- The application developer declares that the application want to perform a critical operation.

Permissions in Manifest

 Permissions are declared by developer in the manifest file, using a specific XML tag:

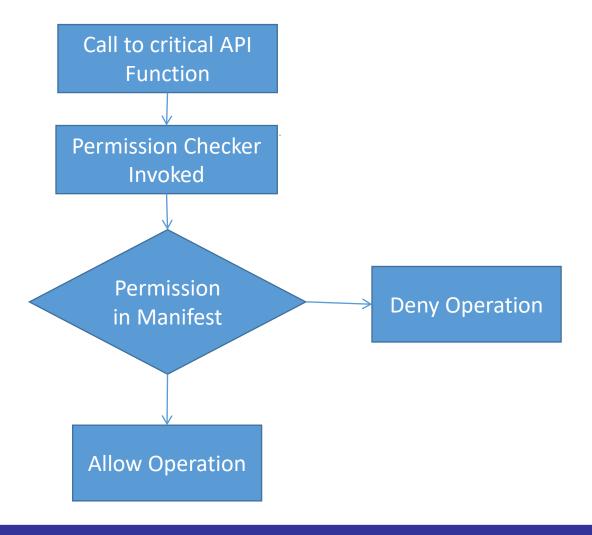
<uses-permission android:name="string" />

• Android defines 150+ permissions, identified by the name: android.permission.Permission

Permission Checker

- The permission checker is the component that verifies at runtime, if an application that is going to perform a critical operation, has declared the related permissions.
- If the permission has been declared the operation is allowed, otherwise the operation is denied.

Permission Verification



Static Permission VS Dynamic Verification

- Permissions are declared statically in manifest files. Verification is performed dynamically.
- It is possible that a developer call in the Java code a critical function without asking for the permission in the manifest file.
 - Programming error. No warning are raised! When including a potentially critical function control the API documentation to see the required permissions.

Kind of attacks

- To infect mobile users, malicious apps typically lure users into downloading and installing them.
- Repackaging: downloading popular benign apps, repackaging them with additional malicious payloads, and then uploading repackaged ones to various Android marketplaces.
- Update attack: the malicious payloads are disguised as the "updated" version of legitimate apps.
- Drive-by download: redirect users to download malware, e.g., by using aggressive in-app advertisement or malicious QR code.

Google Bouncer

Virtual Environment to check if app is malicious

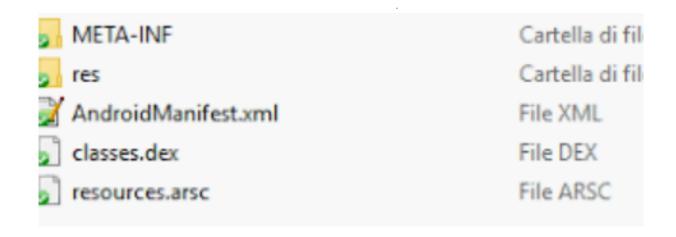
 Runs the app in a phone like environment for around 5 mins before publishing

Detects most of the known malware...

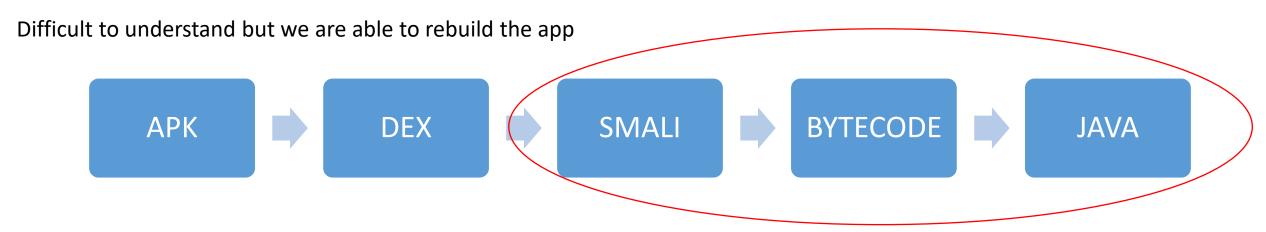
Can be bypassed easily

Android application

APKs file

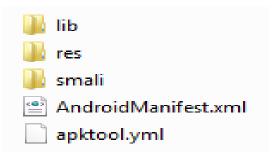


APP representations



Easy to understand but we are not able to rebuild the app

ApkTool



- It can decode resources to nearly original form and rebuild them after making *some* modifications
 - In most cases...

```
C:\Users\Seven\Desktop\ToolChain\apktool>apktool d Viber_2.1.6.632.apk
I: Baksmaling...
I: Loading resource table...
I: Loaded.
I: Decoding AndroidManifest.xml with resources...
I: Loading resource table from file: C:\Users\Seven\apktool\framework\1.apk
I: Regular manifest package...
I: Decoding file-resources...
I: Decoding values */* XMLs...
I: Done.
I: Copying assets and libs...
```

Bytecode Viewer

Java source code/ Java Bytecode visualizer

java -jar Bytecode-Viewer-2.9.16.jar

