Example PDF Document

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R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

summary(cars)

```
##
                         dist
        speed
##
          : 4.0
                   Min.
                           : 2.00
    Min.
   1st Qu.:12.0
                   1st Qu.: 26.00
##
   Median:15.0
                   Median : 36.00
   Mean
           :15.4
                   Mean
                           : 42.98
##
    3rd Qu.:19.0
                   3rd Qu.: 56.00
## Max.
           :25.0
                           :120.00
                   Max.
# str(babynames)
str(mpg)
```

```
## tibble [234 x 11] (S3: tbl df/tbl/data.frame)
   $ manufacturer: chr [1:234] "audi" "audi" "audi" "audi" ...
##
                 : chr [1:234] "a4" "a4" "a4" "a4" ...
   $ model
   $ displ
                  : num [1:234] 1.8 1.8 2 2 2.8 2.8 3.1 1.8 1.8 2 ...
                  : int [1:234] 1999 1999 2008 2008 1999 1999 2008 1999 1999 2008 ...
   $ year
##
##
   $ cyl
                        [1:234] 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 4 4 4 ...
##
                  : chr [1:234] "auto(15)" "manual(m5)" "manual(m6)" "auto(av)" ...
   $ trans
                  : chr [1:234] "f" "f" "f" "f" ...
##
   $ cty
                  : int [1:234] 18 21 20 21 16 18 18 18 16 20 ...
                  : int [1:234] 29 29 31 30 26 26 27 26 25 28 ...
##
   $ hwy
                  : chr [1:234] "p" "p" "p" "p" ...
##
   $ fl
   $ class
                  : chr [1:234] "compact" "compact" "compact" ...
```

Here, we try executing python code:

```
[2*i+3 for i in range(10)]
```

```
## [3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21]
```

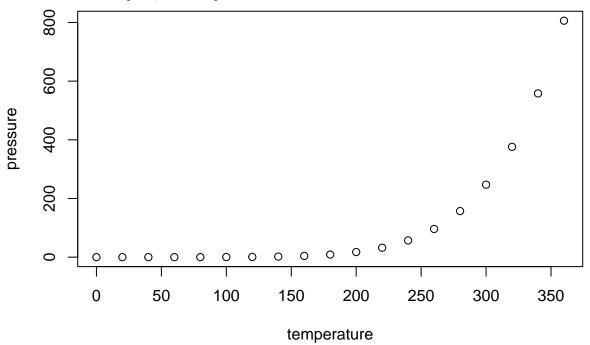
Python working well, so we get the simplicity of Markdown combined with r and python just by using RMarkdown.

What about Mermaid diagrams? Looks like the DiagrammeR library loaded properly, but I can't get the diagram codes to work.

```
# DiagrammeR::grViz("
    digraph graph2 {
    graph [layout = dot, rankdir = LR]
#
    # node definitions with substituted label text
#
    node [shape = oval]
#
    a [label = '@@1']
    b [label = '@@2']
#
#
    c [label = '@@3']
#
    d [label = '@@4']
#
    a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c \rightarrow d
    }
#
#
    [1]: names(iris)[1]
    [2]: names(iris)[2]
#
#
    [3]: names(iris)[3]
#
    [4]: names(iris)[4]
#
    height = 100)
```

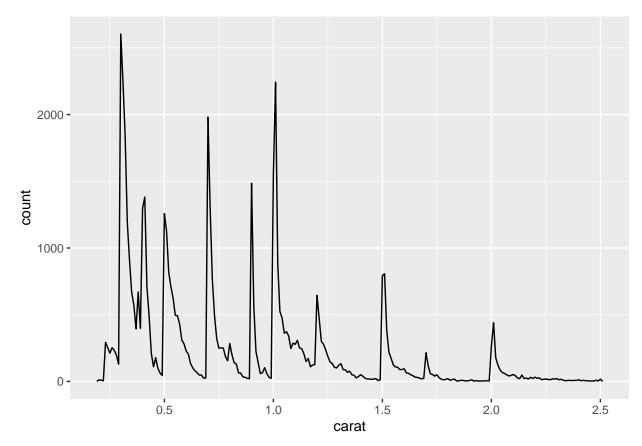
Including Plots

You can also embed plots, for example:



Note that the echo = FALSE parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.

We have data about 53940 diamonds. Only 126 are larger than 2.5 carats. The distribution of the remainder is shown below:



If you prefer that data be displayed with additional formatting you can use the knitr::kable function. The code below generates Table 27.1.

Table 1: A knitr kable.

| | mpg | cyl | disp | hp | drat | wt | qsec | VS | am | gear | carb |
|-------------------|------|-----|-------|-----|------|-------|-------|----|----|------|------|
| Mazda RX4 | 21.0 | 6 | 160.0 | 110 | 3.90 | 2.620 | 16.46 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| Mazda RX4 Wag | 21.0 | 6 | 160.0 | 110 | 3.90 | 2.875 | 17.02 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| Datsun 710 | 22.8 | 4 | 108.0 | 93 | 3.85 | 2.320 | 18.61 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Hornet 4 Drive | 21.4 | 6 | 258.0 | 110 | 3.08 | 3.215 | 19.44 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Hornet Sportabout | 18.7 | 8 | 360.0 | 175 | 3.15 | 3.440 | 17.02 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| Valiant | 18.1 | 6 | 225.0 | 105 | 2.76 | 3.460 | 20.22 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Duster 360 | 14.3 | 8 | 360.0 | 245 | 3.21 | 3.570 | 15.84 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| Merc 240D | 24.4 | 4 | 146.7 | 62 | 3.69 | 3.190 | 20.00 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| Merc 230 | 22.8 | 4 | 140.8 | 95 | 3.92 | 3.150 | 22.90 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| Merc 280 | 19.2 | 6 | 167.6 | 123 | 3.92 | 3.440 | 18.30 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

RMarkdown combines the simplicity of Markdown with the flexibility of Latex allowing you to input mathematical equations within pdf documents.

- 1. Text with in line β code or ...
- 2. Check with in line β code.

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

A BA B

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as \tag{1}$$

$$= \exp(mt) \star \left\{ \frac{l}{2\sqrt{\pi t^3}} \exp(-l^2/4t) \right\}$$
 (2)

$$=F_1*F_2\tag{3}$$

Another way to include Latex content is as follows: $\beta = 20.090625$

For inline formulas, enclose the formula in \$...\$. For displayed formulas, use \$\$...\$\$. These render differently. For example, type $\sum_{i=0}^{n} i^2 = \frac{(n^2+n)(2n+1)}{6}$ to show (which is inline mode) or type

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} i^2 = \frac{(n^2 + n)(2n+1)}{6}$$

to show as formula.

sequenceDiagram

Alice ->> Bob: Hello Bob, how are you?

Bob-->>John: How about you John? Bob--x Alice: I am good thanks! Bob-x John: I am good thanks!

Note right of John: Bob thinks a long

long time, so long
that the text does

not fit on a row.

Bob-->Alice: Checking with John...
Alice->John: Yes... John, how are you?

$$v^{2} = u^{2} + 2as$$

$$10^{2} = u^{2} + 2(10)(3.2)$$

$$u^{2} = 100 - 64$$

$$= 36$$

$$u = \sqrt{36}$$

$$= 6ms^{-1}$$