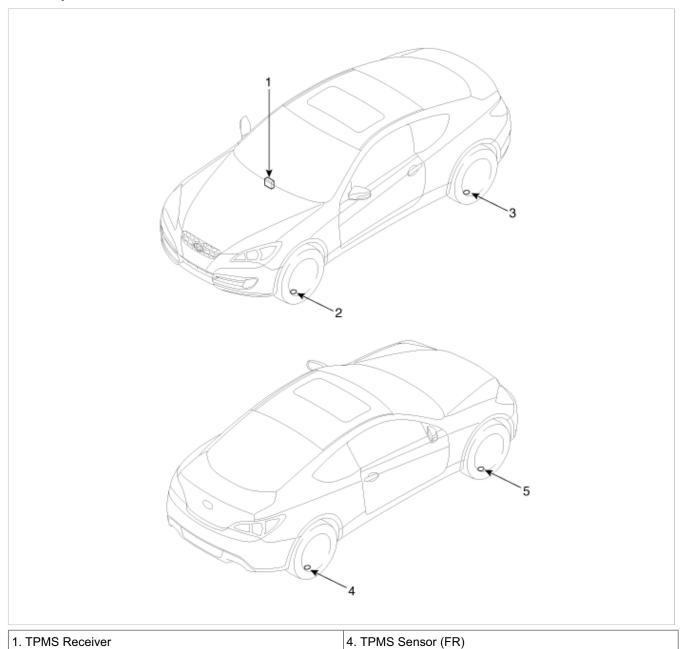
GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > Components and Components Location

Components

2. TPMS Sensor (FL) 3. TPMS Sensor (RL)



5. TPMS Sensor (RR)

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > Description and Operation

Description

TREAD Lamp

- Tire Under Inflation / Leak Warning.



- 1. Turn on condition
 - A. When tire pressure is below allowed threshold.
 - B. When rapid leak is detected by the sensor.
 - C. Indicates that tire needs to be re-inflated to placard pressure / repaired.
- 2. Turn off condition
 - A. Under-inflation; When tire pressure is above (warning threshold + hysteresis).
 - B. Rapid Leak; When tire pressure is above (leak warning threshold).

NOTE

TPMS warning can be light on because the tire pressure declined by low temperature in the cold weather.

DTC Warning

TPMS

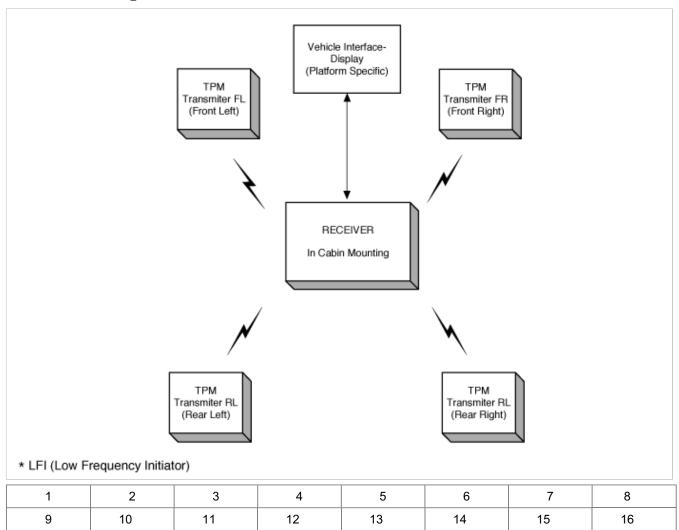
- 1. Turn on condition
 - A. When the system detects a fault that is external to the receiver/ sensor.
 - B. When the system detects a receiver fault.
 - C. When the system detects a sensor fault.
- 2. Turn off condition
 - A. If the fault is considered as 'critical', then the lamp is held on throughout the current Ignition cycle (even if the DTC has been demoted). This is because it is important to bring the problem to the drivers attention. On the following Ignition cycle, the demotion conditions will be re-checked. If the demotion conditions occur, the lamp will be turned off. It will be held on until DTC demotion checking is completed.
 - B. 'Non critical' faults are those that can occur temporarily e.g. vehicle battery under voltage. The lamp is therefore turned off when the DTC demotion condition occurs.

System Fault

- 1. General Function
 - A. The system monitors a number of inputs across time in order to determine that a fault exists.
 - B. Faults are prioritized according to which has the most likely cause.
 - C. Certain faults are not covered through DTC. The main ones are:
 - 1) Control module Micro-controller lock up; requires observation of lamps at Ignition ON to diagnose.
 - 2) Ignition Line stuck; requires observation of lamps at Ignition ON to diagnose.

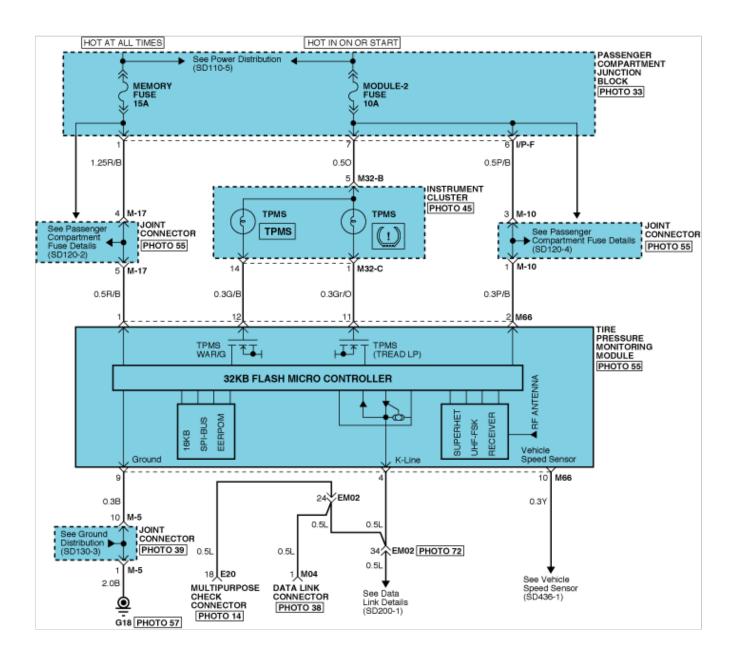
GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > Schematic Diagrams

Schematic Diagram



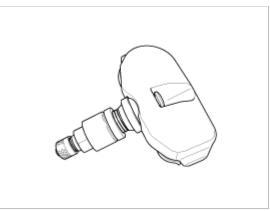
No	Pin-Out Assignment	No	Pin-Out Assignment
1	Battery	9	GROUND
2	IGN	10	N/C
3	N/C	11	TREAD
4	K LINE	12	TPMS Warning

Circuit Diagram



GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > TPMS Sensor > Description and Operation

Description



1. MODE

- (1) Stationary/Rolling mode
 - A. Measure pressure and temperature every 4 seconds.
 - BMeasure acceleration every & econds.
 - C. In line TPMS sensors transmit data every & econds while awake.
- (2) Sleep mode
 - A. This state is a Low current consumption state.
 - BSensors are in this state when they first arrive at the dealership (either on the vehicle or as replacement spares).
 - C. In this state, the sensor does not measure pressure / temperature / battery level.
 - D. The sensor will not transmit in this state unless reqested to do so by the initiate command or woken by acceleration ≯20mph.
 - E. Measure acceleration every & econds.
 - F. In the sensors return to this state if no LFI signals and the tire remains stationary for ≥ 10 minutes to conserve battery power.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > TPMS Sensor > Repair procedures

Removal

Tire Removal

1. Deflate tire & remove balance weights.

CAUTION

- The tire bead should be broken approx. 180° from the valve side of the wheel. The bead breaker should not be set too deep.
- Avoid tire/tool contact with the valve on dismount.
- Dismount should end near the valve.

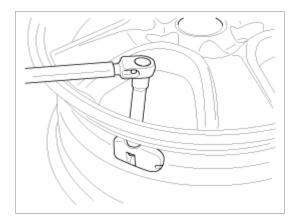


Sensor Removal

CAUTION

Handle the sensor with care.

1. Remove the valve nut.



CAUTION

The valve nut should not be re-used.

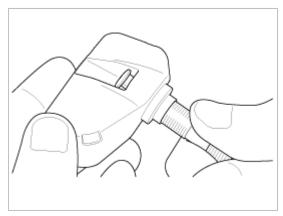
2. Discard the valve assembly.

Installation

Sensor Fit

CAUTION

- Handle the sensor with care.
- · Avoid lubricant contact if possible.
- 1. Assemble valve to sensor and turn valve 3 times with the square part of the screw in the slot.



CAUTION

- The fit should not be tight i.e. it should still be possible to easily adjust valve angle.
- Ensure that the wheel to be fitted is designed for sensor mount. There should normally be a mark to indicate this.
- Ensure that the valve hole and mating face of the wheel are clean.
- 2. Mount assembly to wheel.

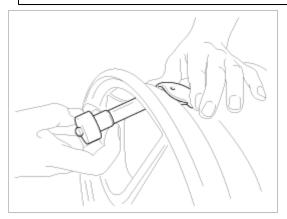
CAUTION

Ensure sensor feet are against the wheel throughout the remainder of the assembly process.

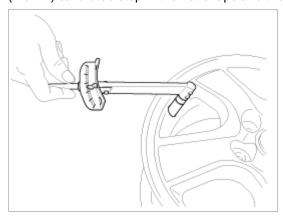
3. Tighten washer and nut by hand until the valve thread meets the nut built-in calibrated stop.

CAUTION

Ensure that the grommet remains in contact with the wheel.



4. Using a torque wrench, tighten the nut to 2.95±0.37 lb-ft (4.0±0.5 Nm) It is normal to feel a break as the 1.7 lb-ft (2.3Nm) calibrated stop in the nut snaps and the torque falls.



CAUTION

- Increase torque smoothly in order to achieve a clean break of the stop.
- Do not exceed allowed torque.
- Do not use electric or pneumatic tools.

Tire Fit

CAUTION

Only use wheels designed to accommodate the TPMS sensor.

- 1. Lubricate the tire bead not the rim. Excessive lubrication should not be applied.
- 2. Start tire mounting approx. 5.9 in(15 cm) from valve.
- 3. Move the mounting tool away from the valve.

CAUTION

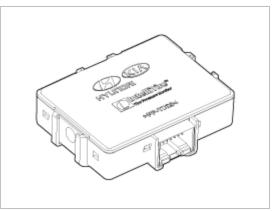
Avoid tire / tool contact with the valve.

- 4. Finish with mounting tool near to valve.
- 5. Perform inflation / pressure correction and then fit valve cap.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > TPMS Receiver > Description and Operation

Description

Receiver



1. Mode

- (1) Virgin State (No TPMS sensor id's learned)
 - A. The receiver as a sole part is shipped in this state. Replacement parts should therefore arrive in this state.
 - B. In this state, there is no sensor monitoring and no DTC monitoring.
 - C. The state indicates that platform specific parameters must be written to the receiver and that sensors are un-learned.
 - D. In unlearned state when connected in the vehicle with ignition key on the TPMS lamp will flash at one second intervals.

(2) Normal State

- A. In order for tire inflation state and DTC monitoring to occur, the receiver must be in this state.
- B. In this state type 1, 2, or 3 sensor learning mode can be started.

2. Overview

- A. Receives RF data from sensor.
- B. Uses sensor data to decide whether to turn on TREAD Lamp.
- C. Uses sensor information, background noise levels, Auto-learn status, short circuit output status, vehicle battery level, internal receiver states to determine if there is a system or a vehicle fault.
- D. Activates LFI for TPMS sensor location.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > TPMS Receiver > Repair procedures

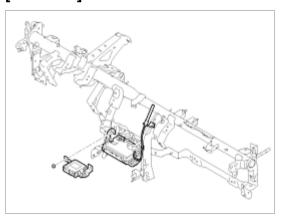
Replacement

NOTE

When the receiver first arrives for replacement:

- 1) It will be in Virgin State.
- 2) It will not be configured for any specific platform.
- 3) It will not have any sensor ID's memorized.
- 1. Disconnect vehicle battery.
- 2. Remove malfunctioning part and fit bracket assembly to new part.

[Receiver]



- 3. Secure new part to vehicle and fit connector.
- 4. Re-connect battery and turn Ignition on.
- 5. Check that TPMS lamp flash rate matches Virgin State indication.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting

- the lamp check should occur and then all lamps / LED's should turn off.
- If the lamp test does not occur:
 - Check connectors and fuse/harnessing open / short circuits.
 - · Check DTC's.
 - If diagnostics cannot be entered, replace the receiver with a known good one (follow configuration & learning procedure).

TREAD Warnings

- Information to ascertain (TREAD Lamp) :
 - Was puncture repair fluid used (it should not be)?
 - This can cause the sensor pressure port to block and incorrect warning to occur.
 - What temperature were tires last inflated at?
 - At what temperature did warnings occur?
 - Pressure change is approx. 1.5psi / 10 C increase.
 - Have the tires been checked / inflated since the lamp first came on?

- If the TREAD Lamp is on :

- Check for short circuits.
- Enter Diagnostics and read TREAD Warnings Local Identifier Data.
- Check to see if warning type is under inflation or leak.
- If the warning is for under inflation, then:
 - a. Re-inflate the wheel with the matching sensor ID to it's desired Placard pressure.
 - b. Check to make sure that the TREAD lamp turns off (this may take up to 1 minutes if the tire is not rapidly reinflated).
- a. If the warning is for a leak, then:
 - b. Fix any puncture and re-inflate the tire to the desired Placard pressure.

Wait up to 1 minutes and make sure that the TREAD lamp turns off and the lamp does not turn on again.

- c. If lamp comes on again:
- d. Re-check pressure for signs of a puncture and Re-Check TREAD Warnings Local Identifier Data.

- If the Placard pressure is OK and the TREAD lamp still does not turn off :

- Turn wheel a quarter turn and again wait 1 minutes (the sensor may be in an RF null).
- If the lamp still does not turn off:

check for loose receiver wiring and replace the receiver with a known good one if necessary (follow configuration & learning procedure).

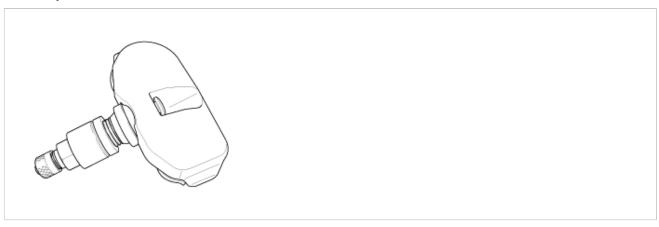
- If the problem still exists, replace sensor.
- Ensure that all tires are inflated to their correct Placard pressures.
- Clear TREAD warnings.
- Test drive the vehicle and ensure that the TREAD lamp does not come back on.

DTC'S

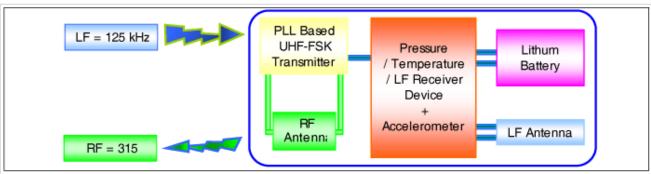
- Information to ascertain (DTC Lamp) :
 - At what temperature did the DTC occur? Under certain conditions (approx.-40 C/F), a RF channel missing / hardware failure DTC may occur. This is due to the battery behavior.
- DTC's should be retrieved by using Hi-Scan diagnostic tool.
- The fault should then be diagnosed and rectified.
- DTC's should then be cleared.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1121 Sensor 1, Front Left Sensor Battery Voltage Low

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

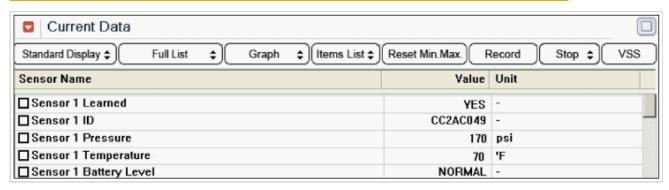
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 1 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 1	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	
Threshold value	 Sensor 1 battery voltage < 2.2V for 20 consecutive bursts at temperatures above -10 °C 	Sensor 1 battery low Faulty Sensor 1
Mil On conditon	Not applicable	

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the "BATTERY VOLTAGE" of TPMS sensor on the GDS.

Specification: The value of Sensor 1 battery is 'Normal'.



5. Is the sensor battery normal?

► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure. ► Replace Sensor 1 and register sensor ID with 'GDS TPMS'. ► Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.	
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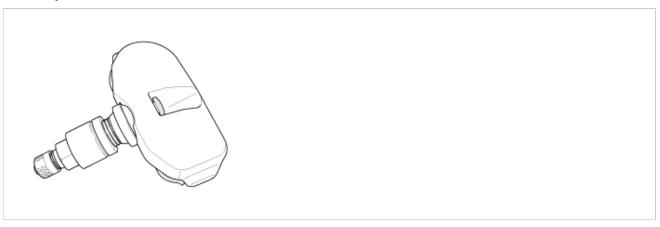
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

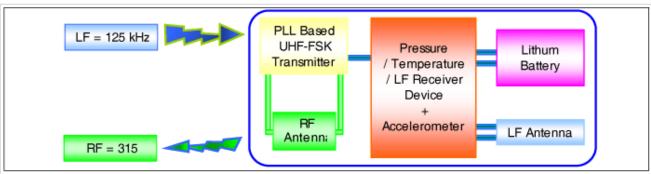
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1122 Sensor 2, Front Right Sensor Battery Voltage Low

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

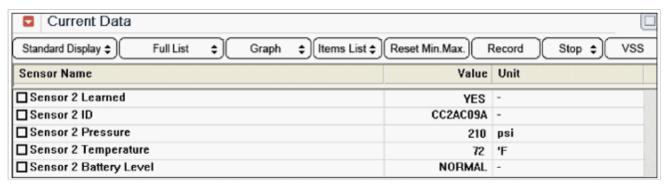
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 2 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 2	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	
Threshold value	 Sensor 2 battery voltage < 2.2V for 20 consecutive bursts at temperatures above -10 °C 	Sensor 2 battery low Faulty Sensor 2
Mil On conditon	Not applicable	

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the "BATTERY VOLTAGE" of TPMS sensor on the GDS.

Specification: The value of Sensor 2 battery is 'Normal'.



5. Is the sensor battery normal?

► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleare ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure. ► Replace Sensor 2 and register sensor ID with 'GDS TPMS'. ► Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.	
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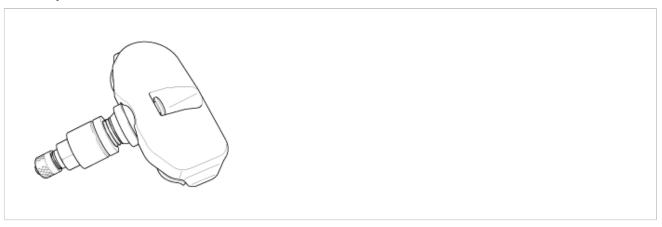
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect TPMS exciter or GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
- 2. Using a TPMS exciter or GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

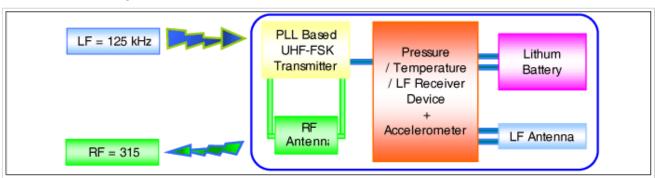
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1123 Sensor 3, Rear Left Sensor Battery Voltage Low

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

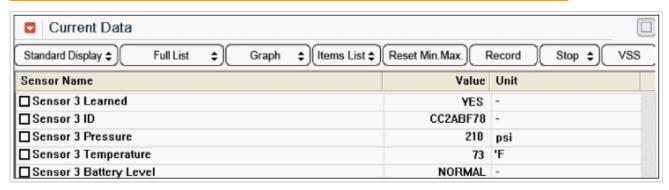
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 3 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 3	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	
Threshold value	 Sensor 3 battery voltage < 2.2V for 20 consecutive bursts at temperatures above -10 °C 	Sensor 3 battery low Faulty Sensor 3
Mil On conditon	Not applicable	

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the "BATTERY VOLTAGE" of TPMS sensor on the GDS.

Specification: The value of Sensor 3 battery is 'Normal'.



5. Is the sensor battery normal?

► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not contain the procedure.	
 ▶ Replace Sensor 3 and register sensor ID with 'GDS TPMS'. ▶ Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure. 	

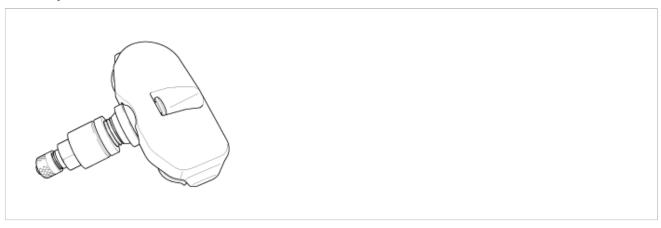
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect TPMS exciter or GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
- 2. Using a TPMS exciter or GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

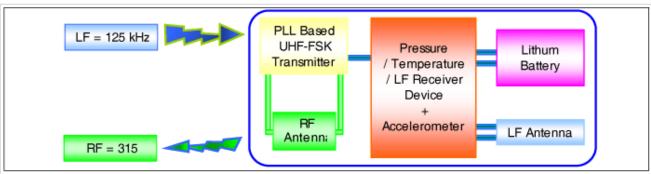
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1124 Sensor 4, Rear Right Sensor Battery Voltage Low

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

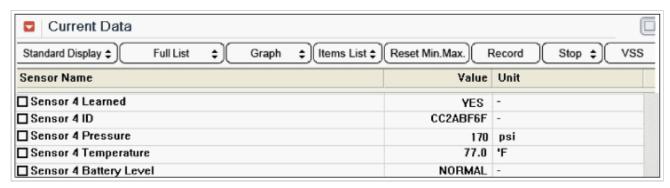
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 4 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 4	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	
Threshold value	 Sensor 4 battery voltage < 2.2V for 20 consecutive bursts at temperatures above -10 °C 	Sensor 4 battery low Faulty Sensor 4
Mil On conditon	Not applicable	

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the "BATTERY VOLTAGE" of TPMS sensor on the GDS.

Specification: The value of Sensor 4 battery is 'Normal'.



5. Is the sensor battery normal?

YES	 ▶ Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ▶ Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	 ▶ Replace Sensor 4 and register sensor ID with 'GDS TPMS'. ▶ Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

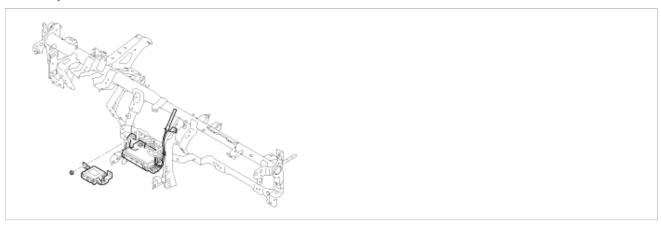
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect TPMS exciter or GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
- 2. Using a TPMS exciter or GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

Y	ES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
1	NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1126 TPMS ECU Battery Voltage Low

Component Location



General Description

The operating battery of TPM module is supplied from the vehicle battery. Upon reception of the broadcast from the WE sensor, the TPMS receiver is able to associate the unique WE ID code with the wheel's position on the vehicle. The TPMS Warning Algorithm continues to evaluate the pressure and temperature of each tire, and is responsible for making the decision to alert the driver to a potentially dangerous tire inflation condition via a visible 'TREAD' indicator.

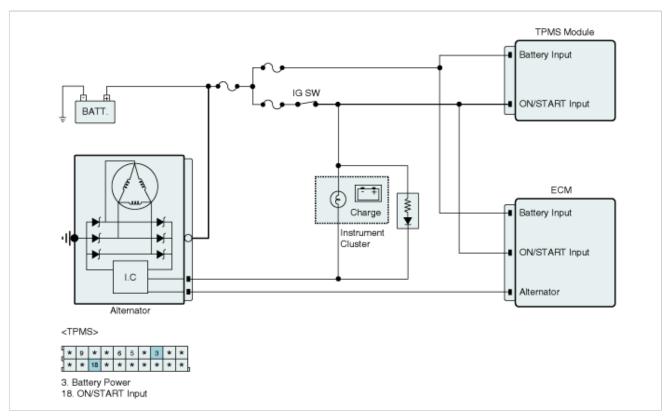
DTC Description

This DTC indicates that the Vehicle/receiver battery level is Low.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check vehicle battery voltage	
Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	Faulty charging system
Threshold value	Battery voltage < 9.0 V Consecutive over 5 sec.	Vehicle battery low Faulty TPMS Receiver
Mil On conditon	TPMS waring lamp ON.	

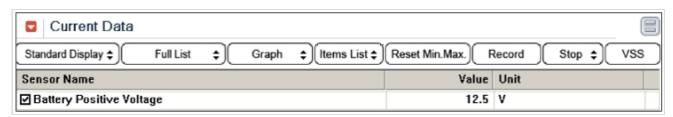
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the "BATTERY VOLTAGE" of TPMS sensor on the GDS.
- 5. Maintaining ENG. RPM at 2,500RPM(idle) over 2 minutes.
- 6. Monitor the parameter of 'Battery Positive Voltage' on the screen.

Specification:

'Battery Positive Voltage' is more than 9 V



7. Is parameter within specifications?

120	 ► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	► Go to "Inspection/Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

- Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminal condition.
 Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
- 2. Thoroughly check all connectors (and connections) for looseness, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, and/or damage.

3. Has a problem been found?

YES	► Repair if necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	► Go to "Charging System Inspection" procedure.

Charging System Inspection

- 1. Engine "ON"
- 2. Headight and rear defroster "ON".
- 3. Measure voltage between terminal (+) and (-) of battery maintaining ENG. RPM at 2,500RPM(idle) over 2 minutes.

Specification: more than 9 V

4. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES	➤ Substitute with a known-good TPMS receiver and check for proper operation. ► If the problem is corrected, replace TPMS receiver and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	 Check for fault in charging system and check for tension of alternator drive belt, ENG. idle rpm or open/short in harness from battery to generator. ▶ Repair if necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

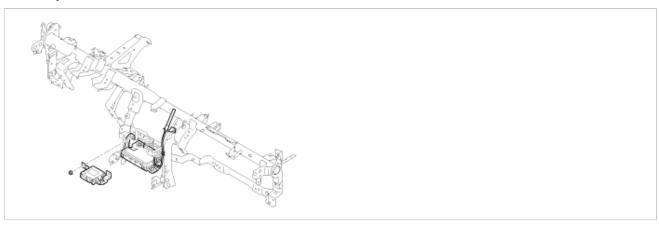
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect TPMS exciter or GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
- 2. Using a TPMS exciter or GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1127 TPMS ECU Battery Voltage High

Component Location



General Description

The operating battery of TPM module is supplied from the vehicle battery. Upon reception of the broadcast from the WE sensor, the TPMS receiver is able to associate the unique WE ID code with the wheel's position on the vehicle. The TPMS Warning Algorithm continues to evaluate the pressure and temperature of each tire, and is responsible for making the decision to alert the driver to a potentially dangerous tire inflation condition via a visible 'TREAD' indicator.

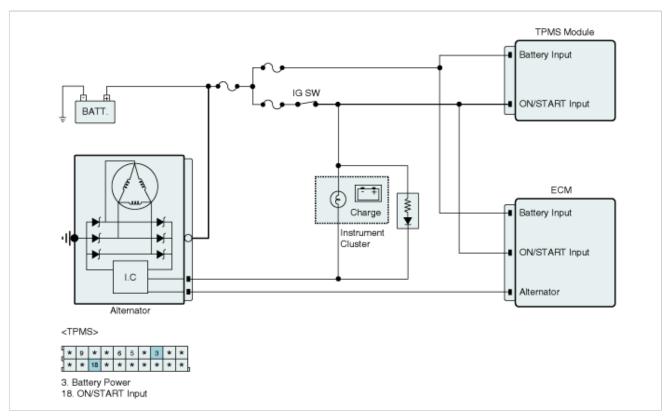
DTC Description

This DTC indicates that the Vehicle/receiver battery level is High.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check vehicle battery voltage	
Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	Faulty charging system
Threshold value	Battery voltage > 16 V Consecutive over 5 sec.	Vehicle battery high Faulty TPMS Receiver
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set	

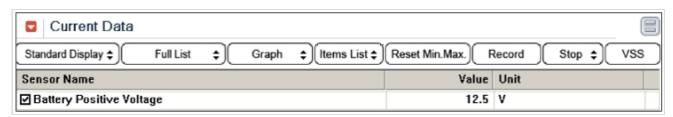
Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the "BATTERY VOLTAGE" of TPMS sensor on the GDS.
- 5. Maintaining ENG. RPM at 2,500RPM(idle) over 2 minutes.
- 6. Monitor the parameter of 'Battery Positive Voltage' on the screen.

Specification:

'Battery Positive Voltage' is more than 16 V



7. Is parameter within specifications?

120	 ► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	► Go to "Inspection/Repair" procedure.

Terminal and Connector Inspection

- Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminal condition.
 Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
- 2. Thoroughly check all connectors (and connections) for looseness, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, and/or damage.

3. Has a problem been found?

YES	► Repair if necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	► Go to "Charging System Inspection" procedure.

Charging System Inspection

- 1. Engine "ON"
- 2. Headight and rear defroster "ON".
- 3. Measure voltage between terminal (+) and (-) of battery maintaining ENG. RPM at 2,500RPM(idle) over 2 minutes.

Specification: less than 16 V

4. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES	➤ Substitute with a known-good TPMS receiver and check for proper operation. ► If the problem is corrected, replace TPMS receiver and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	 Check for fault in charging system and check for tension of alternator drive belt, ENG. idle rpm or open/short in harness from battery to generator. ▶ Repair if necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

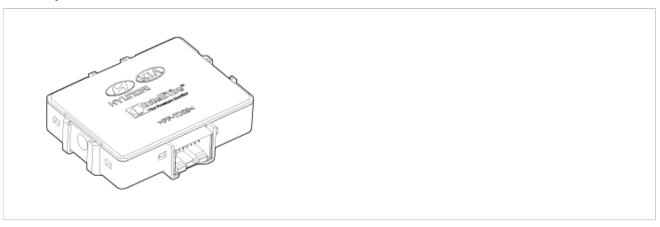
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect TPMS exciter or GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
- 2. Using a TPMS exciter or GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1300 LF/RF External Interference Failure

Component Location



General Description

TPMS Receiver is located in the back side of center console. The operating battery of TPMS module is supplied from the vehicle battery. Data such as Tire pressure, Temperature, Acceleration ,TPMS sensor battery status and TPMS sensor valve ID from TPMS sensors are transmitted to TPMS receiver in the form of RF signal. TPMS module accomplishes Tire Monitoring and Warning Logic with received data.

DTC Description

This DTC indicates that a communication failure is occurred between micro controller and RF receiver in the TPMS ECU. In such a case no WE sensor data can be received/processed by the TPMS algorithm.

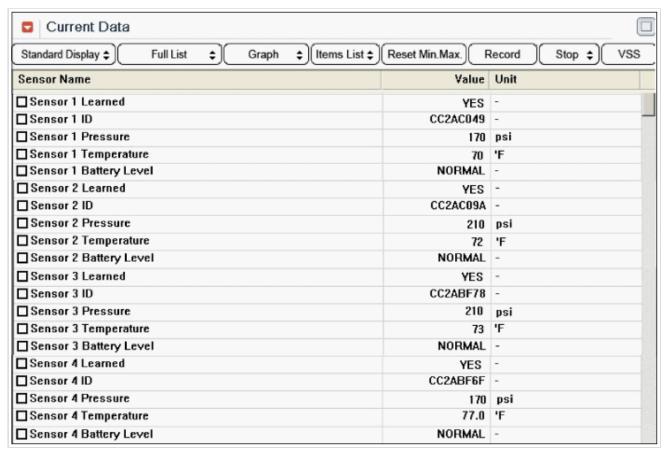
DTC Detecting Condition

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	• RF check	A RF Interference from external sources
Enable Conditions	All 4 active WE sensors are mute	
Threshold value	No telegrams received for the last scheduled 8 transmissions from all 4 active WE sensors. The Innovative receiver (IRX) does not respond.	
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set	

Monitor GDS Data

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the parameters of 4 active WE sensors data.

Specification: the parameters related to 4 active WE sensors are displayed normally.



5. Are the parameters normal?

YES	 ► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	 ► Substitute with a known-good TPMS receiver module and check for proper operation. ► If the problem is corrected, replace TPMS receiver module and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

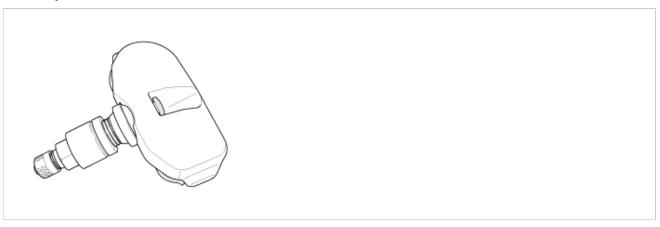
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect TPMS exciter or GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
- 2. Using a TPMS exciter or GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

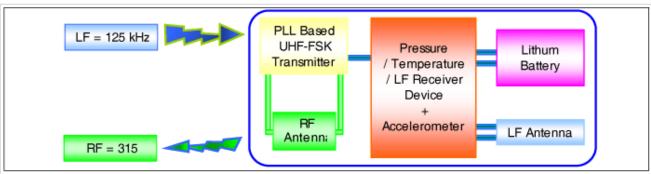
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1312 Front Left Sensor RF Channel Failure

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

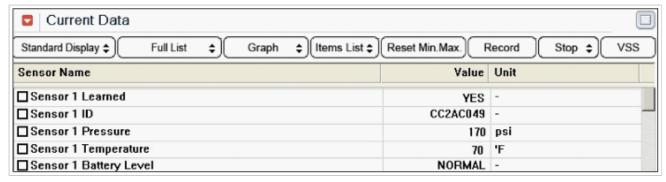
DTC Description

This DTC indicates that the Sensor 1 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 1	

Enable Conditions	Vehicle Speed is above 0km/h.		
Threshold value	 No RF message received from Sensor 1since driving for 540s 	Sensor 1 fault. Shielding in Sensor 1.	
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set		

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to TPMS sensor on the GDS.



5. Are parameters normal?

YES	 ► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	▶ Check for vehicle interference sources.▶ Repair if necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

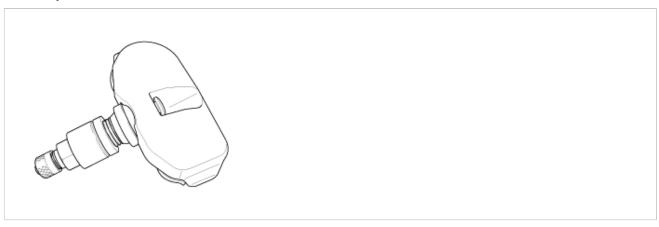
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect TPMS exciter or GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
- 2. Using a TPMS exciter or GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

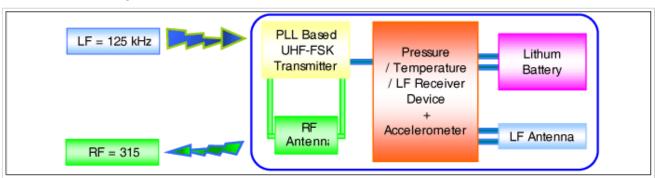
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	➤ System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1313 Front Right Sensor RF Channel Failure

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

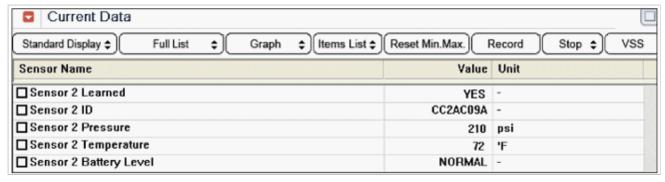
DTC Description

This DTC indicates that the Sensor 2 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 2	

Enable Conditions	Vehicle Speed is above 0km/h.		
Threshold value	 No RF message received from Sensor 2 since driving for 540s 	Sensor 2 in storage state.Shielding in Sensor 2.	
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set		

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to TPMS sensor on the GDS.



5. Are parameters normal?

► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure. ► Check for vehicle interference sources.		 ▶ Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ▶ Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
		 ▶ Check for vehicle interference sources. ▶ Repair if necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

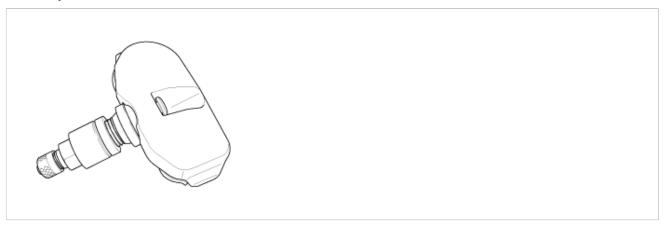
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect TPMS exciter or GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
- 2. Using a TPMS exciter or GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

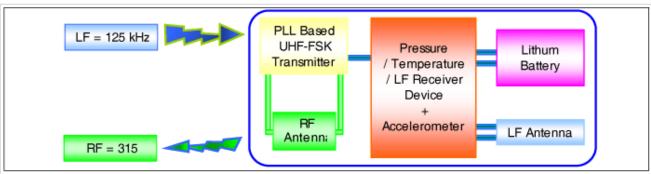
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1314 Rear Left Sensor RF Channel Failure

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

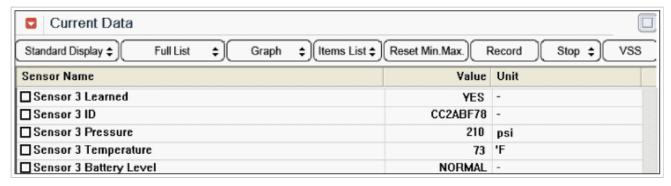
DTC Description

This DTC indicates that the Sensor 3 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 3	

Enable Conditions	Vehicle Speed is above 0km/h.		
Threshold value	 No RF message received from Sensor 3 since driving for 540s 	Sensor 3 in storage state.Shielding in Sensor 3.	
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set		

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to TPMS sensor on the GDS.



5. Are parameters normal?

YES	 ▶ Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ▶ Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	 Check for vehicle interference sources. Repair if necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

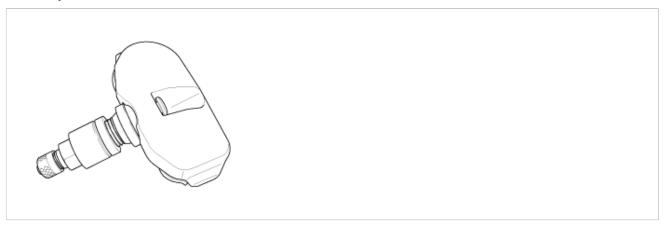
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

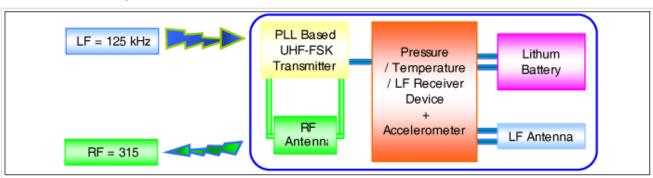
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1315 Rear Right Sensor RF Channel Failure

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

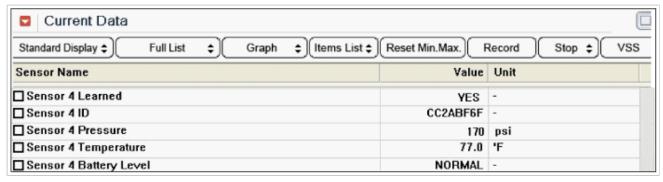
DTC Description

This DTC indicates that the Sensor 4 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 4	

Enable Conditions	Vehicle Speed is above 0km/h.		
Threshold value	 No RF message received from Sensor 4 since driving for 540s 	Sensor 4 in storage state.Shielding in Sensor 4.	
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set		

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to TPMS sensor on the GDS.



5. Are parameters normal?

► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure. ► Check for vehicle interference sources.		 ► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
		 ▶ Check for vehicle interference sources. ▶ Repair if necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

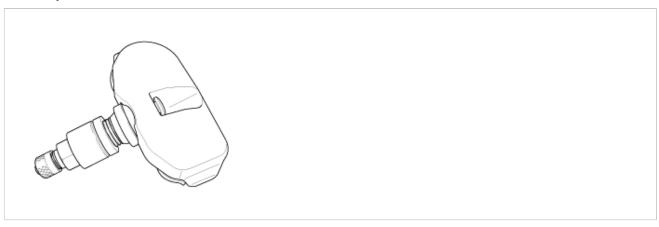
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

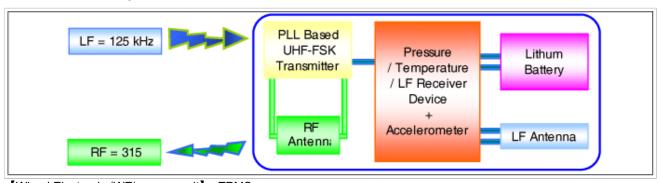
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1322 Front Left Sensor Over Temperature

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

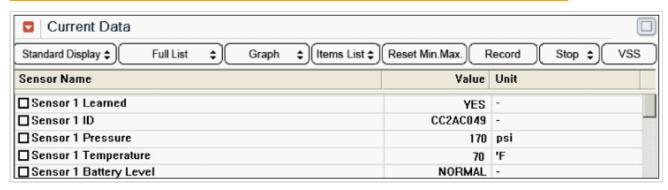
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 1 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 1	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	Damaged tire
Threshold value	Sensor 1 data is missing since 360s of driving & last received temperature > 239°F (115°C).	Excessive brakingDriving while the parking brake is on.
Mil On conditon	Not applicable	15 011.

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to sensor's temperature on the GDS.

Specification: Below 239°F(115°C)



5. Is parameter within specifications?

165		 ► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
	NO	► Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

[Check wheel / tire]

- 1. Cool the heat of the Sensor 1's wheel / tire.
- 2. IG OFF & IG ON. And Wait for 1 minute.
- 3. Monitor the parameter related to 'Sensor 1 Temperature' on the GDS.

Specification: Below 239°F(115°C)

4. Is parameter within specifications?

YES	► Fault can be because of temporary overheating. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	 ► Check if there is a part to lead to overheated WE sensor. ► Replace Sensor 1 and register sensor ID with 'TPMS exciter'. ► Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

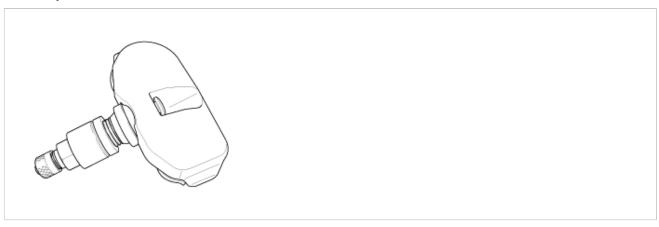
- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.

4. Are any DTCs present?

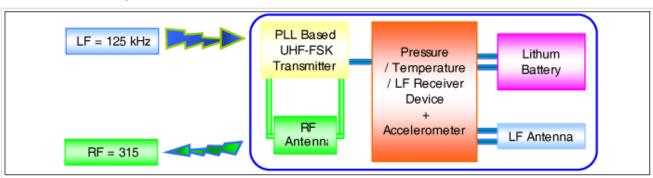
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1323 Front Right Sensor Over Temperature

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

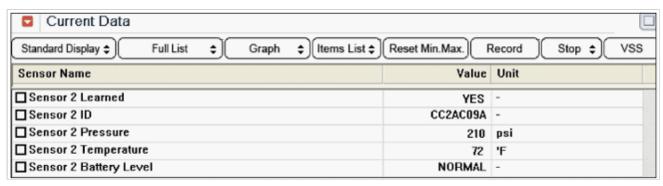
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 2 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 2	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	Damaged tire
Threshold value	Sensor 2 data is missing since 360s of driving & last received temperature > 239°F(115°C).	 Excessive braking Driving while the parking brake is on.
Mil On conditon	Not applicable	15 011.

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to sensor's temperature on the GDS.

Specification: Below 239°F(115°C)



5. Is parameter within specifications?

ILS	 ▶ Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ▶ Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure. 	
NO	► Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.	

Component Inspection

[Check wheel / tire]

- 1. Cool the heat of the Sensor 2's wheel / tire.
- 2. IG OFF & IG ON. And Wait for 1 minute.
- 3. Monitor the parameter related to 'Sensor 2 Temperature' on the GDS.

Specification: Below 239°F(115°C)

4. Is parameter within specifications?

YES	 ► Fault can be because of temporary overheating. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	 ▶ Replace Sensor 2 and register sensor ID with 'TPMS exciter'. ▶ Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

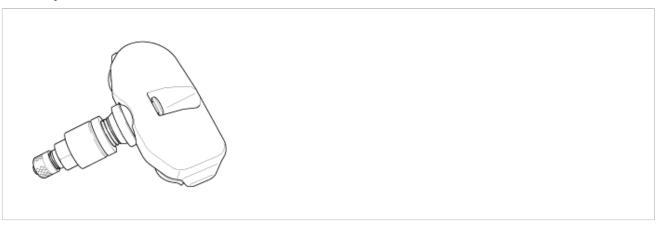
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

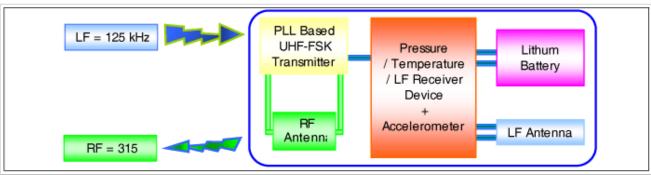
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
ИО	▶ System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1324 Rear Left Sensor Over Temperature

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

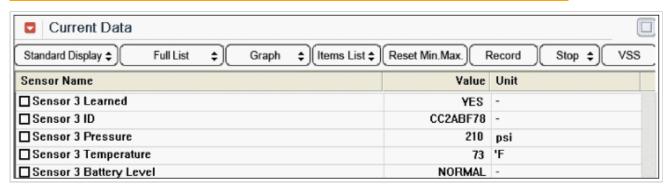
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 3 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 3	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	Damaged tire
Threshold value	Sensor 3 data is missing since 360s of driving & last received temperature > 239°F(115°C).	 Excessive braking Driving while the parking brake is on.
Mil On conditon	Not applicable	13 011.

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to sensor's temperature on the GDS.

Specification: Below 239°F(115°C)



5. Is parameter within specifications?

YES		 ► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
	NO	► Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

Component Inspection

[Check wheel / tire]

- 1. Cool the heat of the Sensor 3's wheel / tire.
- 2. IG OFF & IG ON. And Wait for 1 minute.
- 3. Monitor the parameter related to 'Sensor 3 Temperature' on the GDS.

Specification: Below 239°F(115°C)

4. Is parameter within specifications?

YES	 ► Fault can be because of temporary overheating. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	 Check if there is a part to lead to overheated WE sensor. Replace Sensor 3 and register sensor ID with 'TPMS exciter'. Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

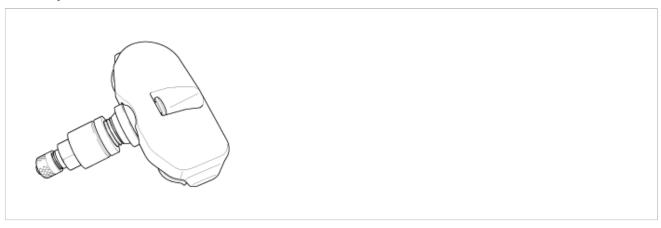
- 1. Connect TPMS exciter or GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
- 2. Using a TPMS exciter or GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.

4. Are any DTCs present?

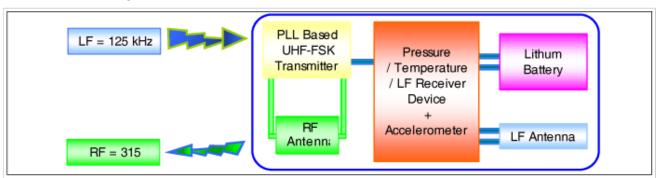
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1325 Rear Right Sensor Over Temperature

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

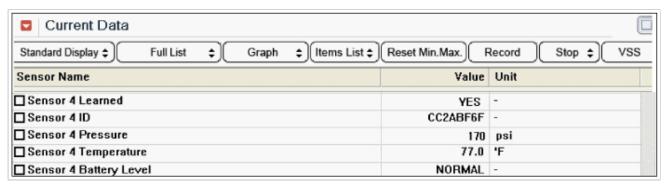
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 4 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 4	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	Damaged tire
Threshold value	Sensor 4 data is missing since 360s of driving & last received temperature > 239°F(115°C).	Excessive brakingDriving while the parking brake is on.
Mil On conditon	Not applicable	15 011.

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to sensor's temperature on the GDS.

Specification: Below 239°F(115°C)



5. Is parameter within specifications?

ILS	 ► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure. 	
► Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.		

Component Inspection

[Check wheel / tire]

- 1. Cool the heat of the Sensor 4's wheel / tire.
- 2. IG OFF & IG ON. And Wait for 1 minute.
- 3. Monitor the parameter related to 'Sensor 4 Temperature' on the GDS.

Specification: Below 239°F(115°C)

4. Is parameter within specifications?

YES	➤ Fault can be because of temporary overheating. ➤ Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	 ▶ Check if there is a part to lead to overheated WE sensor. ▶ Replace Sensor 4 and register sensor ID with 'TPMS exciter'. ▶ Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

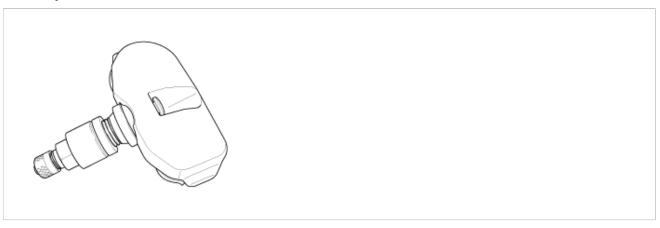
- 1. Connect TPMS exciter or GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
- 2. Using a TPMS exciter or GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.

4. Are any DTCs present?

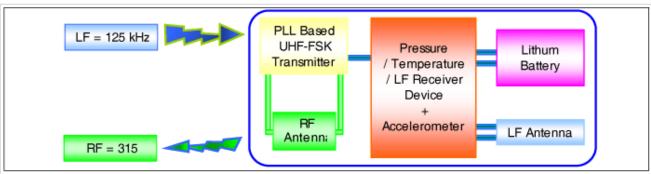
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1332 Front Left Sensor Fault

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

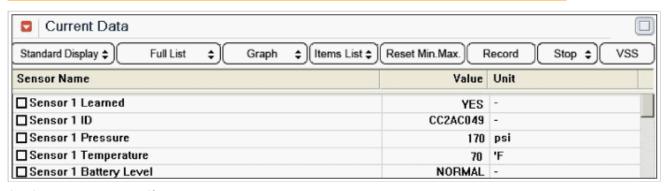
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 1 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 1	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	
Threshold value	 After reception of a single frame from WE sensor with pressure, temperature or acc set to 00h. (The pressure, temperature and acceleration value of a WE sensor data frame indicates 00h when the WE detected a fault of its sensors). Plausibility check detected a defect of temperature or pressure sensor or a defect of both sensors. (Pressure and temperature sensor are defect when they report irregular changes of pressure and temperature) 	Damage to Sensor 1 Faulty Sensor 1
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set	

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to TPMS sensor on the GDS.

Specification: the parameters related to Sensor 1 is displayed normally.



5. Are the parameters normal?

➤ Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared ye ➤ Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.	
NO	 ▶ Replace Sensor 1 and register sensor ID with 'GDS TPMS'. ▶ Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

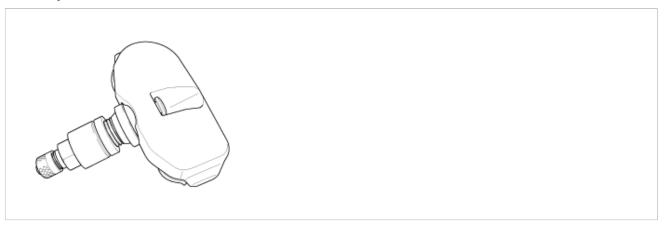
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

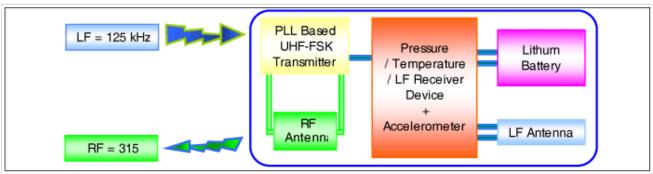
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1333 Front Right Sensor Fault

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

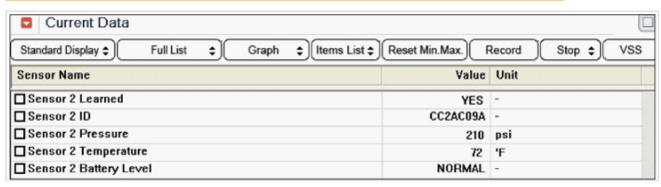
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 2 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 2	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	
Threshold value	 After reception of a single frame from WE sensor with pressure, temperature or acc set to 00h. (The pressure, temperature and acceleration value of a WE sensor data frame indicates 00h when the WE detected a fault of its sensors). Plausibility check detected a defect of temperature or pressure sensor or a defect of both sensors. (Pressure and temperature sensor are defect when they report irregular changes of pressure and temperature) 	Damage to Sensor 2 Faulty Sensor 2
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set	

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to TPMS sensor on the GDS.

Specification: the parameters related to Sensor 2 is displayed normally.



5. Are the parameters normal?

Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared y Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure. Replace Sensor 2 and register sensor ID with 'GDS TPMS'. Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.	
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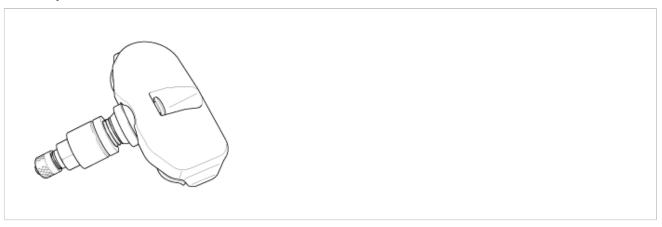
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

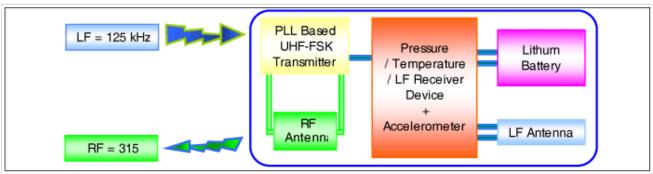
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	▶ System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1334 Left Rear Sensor Fault

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

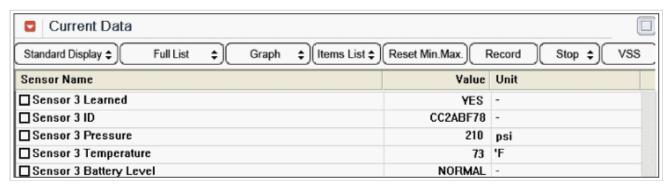
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 3 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 3	

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	
Threshold value	 After reception of a single frame from WE sensor with pressure, temperature or acc set to 00h. (The pressure, temperature and acceleration value of a WE sensor data frame indicates 00h when the WE detected a fault of its sensors). Plausibility check detected a defect of temperature or pressure sensor or a defect of both sensors. (Pressure and temperature sensor are defect when they report irregular changes of pressure and temperature) 	Damage to Sensor 3 Faulty Sensor 3
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set	

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to TPMS sensor on the GDS.

Specification: the parameters related to Sensor 3 is displayed normally.



5. Are the parameters normal?

► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleare Foo to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.	
NO ► Replace Sensor 3 and register sensor ID with 'GDS TPMS'. ► Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.	

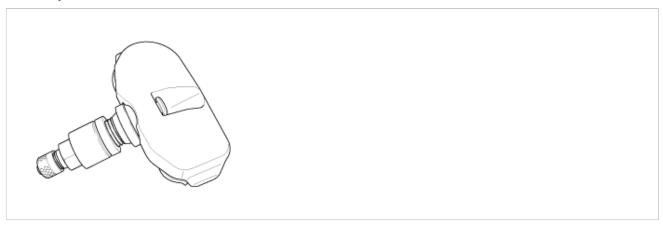
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

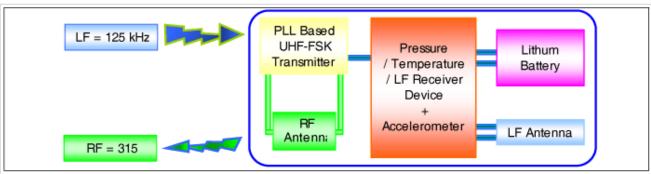
YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1335 Rear Right Sensor Fault

Component Location



General Description



[Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit] - TPMS sensor

Each vehicle wheel is fitted with a Wheel Electronic (WE) sensor unit attached to the valve on the inside of the wheel. The WE unit is powered with a self-contained battery utilizing a high temperature rated CR (Manganese Dioxide Lithium) chemistry. The operating voltage range for the WE module is 1.8Vdc to 3.6Vdc, and the operating temperature range is -40°C ~120°C. The WE measures tire pressure, temperature, and acceleration periodically. The pressure, temperature, and acceleration information is converted to digital form within the MCU inside the WE sensor.

The WE sensor is equipped with a Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter circuit which is used to periodically broadcast information from inside the tire. All WE sensor units operate on the same RF channel frequency, and each broadcast message includes pressure and temperature data, a unique ID code, operating state data, status information, and digital error-detection data.

The pressure measured by the WE sensor is an absolute pressure value. The pressure measurement range is 100kPa to 450kPa. The acceleration data is used within the WE sensor to determine whether the vehicle is moving or stationary. The acceleration status is the decision maker within the WE module that determines if the tire is moving or stationary. This measurement is used within the WE module to enable different operating modes depending on the status of the acceleration value. Over the fully specified operating temperature range, if the acceleration measurement is greater than or equal to 5G, the WE module assumes the tire is moving.

The basic function of the WE Sensor is to transmit frame every minute when WE is in mode MD(mode driving) mode. During MD mode, The WE sensor transmits RF messages every 1 minute if the acceleration measurement is greater than 5G. The WE sensor enters mode MP(Mode Parking) where it transmits RF messages once every 13 hours if acceleration is lower than 5g for 15 minutes. When the WE sensor is in mode MFB(Mode First Burst: mode for Auto Location and Auto Learning), it transmits RF message once every 15 seconds.

DTC Description

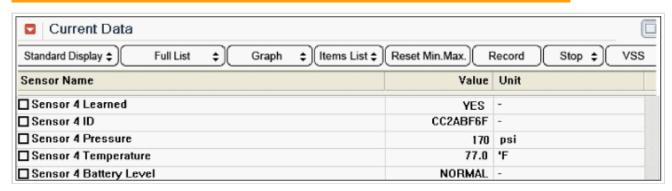
This DTC indicates that the Sensor 4 battery voltage is below 2.2Vdc. The most likely cause is battery passing it's expected life / sensor failure.

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause	
DTC Strategy	Check RF message from Sensor 4		

Enable Conditions	• IGN ON	
Threshold value	 After reception of a single frame from WE sensor with pressure, temperature or acc set to 00h. (The pressure, temperature and acceleration value of a WE sensor data frame indicates 00h when the WE detected a fault of its sensors). Plausibility check detected a defect of temperature or pressure sensor or a defect of both sensors. (Pressure and temperature sensor are defect when they report irregular changes of pressure and temperature) 	Damage to Sensor 4 Faulty Sensor 4
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set	

- 1. Park the vehicle on an even ground.
- 2. Connect GDS to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 3. IG "ON"
- 4. Monitor the service data related to TPMS sensor on the GDS.

Specification: the parameters related to Sensor 4 is displayed normally.



5. Are the parameters normal?

➤ Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleare ➤ Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.	
 ▶ Replace Sensor 4 and register sensor ID with 'GDS TPMS'. ▶ Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure. 	

Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

YES	3	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO		► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1613 CAN Wrong Message

General Description

Varous TPMS functions rely on a speed signal that reprots reliably actual vehicle speed. Three speed signals(ABS1 FR wheel, EMS1 speed signal, TCS5 FR wheel) campared since one signal alone may report incorrect vehicle speed which would go undetected. Three signals must report same vehicle speed. If not, a DTC shall be set to active, and TPMS Warning indicator shall turn on.

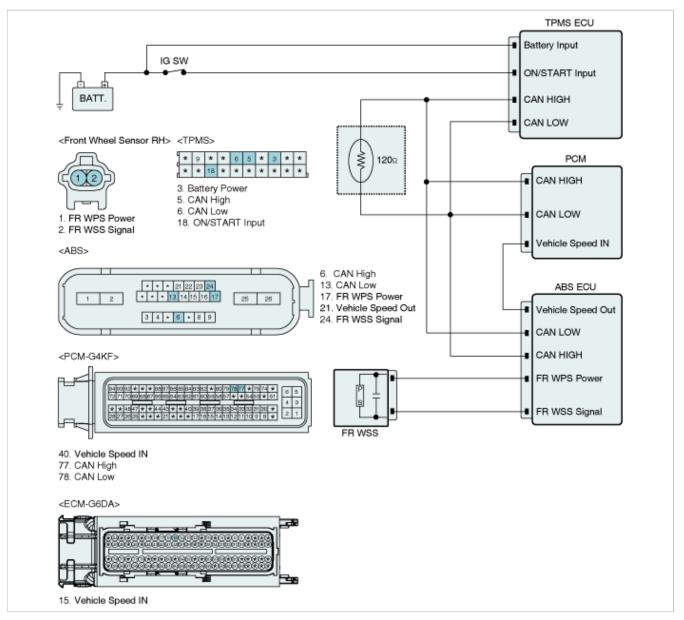
DTC Description

This DTC indicates that there is a fault in speed inputs to receiver failure. It can be caused by damage to speed sensor, receiver input failure, incorrectly wired harness & shorted or open pins.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item	em Detecting Condition	Possible Cause	
DTC Strategy	Speed input signal check		
Enable Conditions	Continuously (IG ON)		
Threshold value	 CAN signal vehicle speed by EMS not received for 2s. CAN signal vehicle speed by EMS < 25Km/h and CAN signal wheel FR by ABS > vehicle speed +10Km/h for 4s. CAN signal vehicle speed by EMS < 25Km/h and CAN signal wheel FR by TCS > vehicle speed +10Km/h for 4s. 	Faulty speed sensor Shorted/open speed input	
Mil On conditon	Active DTC is set		

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



Terminal and Connector Inspection

- Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminal condition.
 Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
- 2. Thoroughly check all connectors (and connections) for looseness, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, and/or damage.
- 3. Has a problem been found?

YES	▶ Repair if necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	► Go to "Signal Circuit Inspection" procedure.

Signal Circuit Inspection

■ Open Check

- 1. Ignition "OFF" & Engine "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect TPMS ECU, PCM and ABS ECU connector.
- 3. Measure resistance between CAN HIGH, LOW terminal of the TPMS ECU harness connector and CAN HIGH, LOW terminal terminal of the PCM harness connector.

- 4. Measure resistance between CAN HIGH, LOW terminal of the TPMS ECU harness connector and CAN HIGH, LOW terminal terminal of the ABS ECU harness connector.
- 5. Measure resistance between Vehicle speed in terminal of the PCM harness connector and Vehicle speed out terminal of the ABS ECU harness connector.
- 6. Measure resistance between FR WSS Power terminal of the ABS ECU harness connector and FR WSS Power terminal of the FR WSS harness connector.
- 7. Measure resistance between FR WSS Signal terminal of the ABS ECU harness connector and FR WSS Signal terminal of the FR WSS harness connector.

Specification : 0Ω

8. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES	 ▶ Faulty FR WSS, ABS ECU and PCM may cause this DTC. ▶ Substitute with a known-good component and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, it's failure should cause this DTC. After doing an appropriate repair, Go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	▶ Repair in speed signal circuit between each control unit harness connector and TPMS receiver harness connector and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	▶ System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1616 CAN Bus Off

General Description

TPM Receiver uses CANtommunication line for daignosis to ol, receiving vehicle speed signal, sending signal to instrument cluster.

TPM Receiver receives tire imformation form WE sensor and it evaluates and analyzes the data. If it is necessary to inform driver about state of TPMS, the ECU sends messages to the instrument cluster via CAN

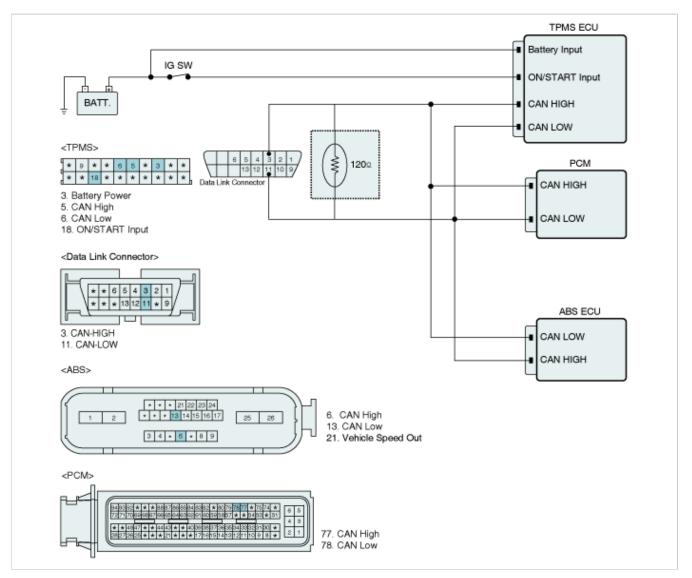
DTC Description

The TPMS ECU checks the CANtommunication lines for normal control, and sets this code if CANtontro ller failed to send or receive message.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check Receiver module	
Enable Conditions	• IGMON	
Threshold value	CANtontroller counted 10times from 0to 256 in 8 increments.	Open or Short CAN communication line
Mil On conditon	blt applicable (When the communication fails, MIL goes on by cluster)	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



Terminal and Connector Inspection

- 1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness and terminal condition.

 Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
- 2. Thoroughly check all connectors (and connections) for looseness, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, and br damage.
- 3. Has a problem been found?

YES	► Repair if necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	► Go to "CANSignal Circuit Inspection" procedure.

CAN Signal Circuit Inspection

■ Short Check (to ground)

- 1. Ignition "OFF" &Engine "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect TPMS ECU, PCM and AB ECU connector.
- 3. Measure resistance between CANLOW terminal, CANKGHerminal of the TPMS ECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : ∞ Ω

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES	► Go to next procedure.
NO	▶ If abnormal resistance is detected in CANGHzircuit, Repair short to ground in CANGHzircuit and then go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure. ▶ If abnormal resistance is detected in CANLOW circuit, Repair short to ground in CANLOW circuit and then go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.

■ CAN BUS Resistance Check

- 1. Ignition "OFF" & Engine "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect TPMS ECU, PCM and AB ECU connector.
- 3. Measure resistance between CANLOW terminal and CANKEHterminal of the TPMS ECU harness connector.

Specification : Approx. 120Ω

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES	► Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.
NO	 In case of the resistance "approx. 1Ω" :Repair mutual short in CANsignal circuit of the TPMS ECU and then go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure. In case of the resistance "∞ Ω" :Repair open in CANsignal circuit of the TPMS ECU and then go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure. In case of the resistance "approx. 120 Ω" :Check the re sistances(122Ω) in IP junction box and ECM, repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.

Component Inspection

- 1. Set up 'GDS' with 'GDS TPMS'.
- 2. Select the "TPMS" system.
- 3. Execute "DTC Analysis" mode and clear DTC.
- 4. Check the present DTC.
- 5. Is 'C1616' present?

I L O	➤ Substitute with a known-good TPMS Receiver module and check for proper operation. ► If the problem is corrected, replace TPMS Receiver module and go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	► TPMS receiver complete successful Auto-location. ► System is OK

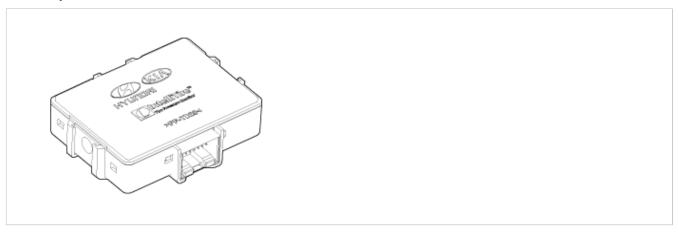
Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1661 Receiver EEPROM Failure

Component Location



General Description

TPM Receiver uses CANtommunication line for daignosis to ol, receiving vehicle speed signal, sending signal to instrument cluster.

TPM Receiver receives tire imformation form WE sensor and it evaluates and analyzes the data. If it is necessary to inform driver about state of TPMS, the ECU sends messages to the instrument cluster via CAN

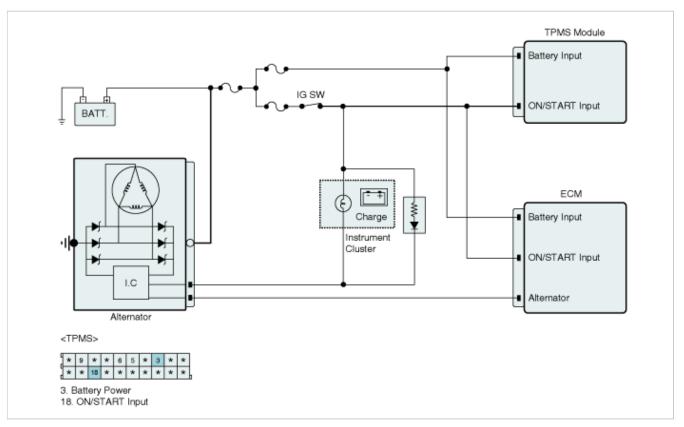
DTC Description

This DTC indicates that the receiver has a problem reading or writing to EEPROM. The most likely cause is TPMS Receiver failure.

DTC Detecting Condition

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check Receiver module	
Enable Conditions	• IGMON	Foulty TDMC Possiver
Threshold value	Writing in the EEPROM was unsuccessful.	Faulty TPMS Receiver
Mil On conditon	Active DTC set	

Diagnostic Circuit Diagram



Component Inspection

- 1. Set up 'GDS' with 'GDS TPMS'.
- 2. Select the "TPMS" system.
- 3. Execute "DTC Analysis" mode and clear DTC.
- 4. Check the present DTC.
- 5. Is 'C1661' present?

YES	➤ Substitute with a known-good TPMS Receiver module and check for proper operation. ➤ If the problem is corrected, replace TPMS Receiver module and go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.
NO	► System is OK

Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.

GENESIS COUPE(BK) >2010 > G 2.0 DOHC > Suspension System > Tire Pressure Monitoring System > C1662 Auto Learning failure

General Description

Auto Learning

AL(Auto Learning) starts every time, the vehicle was parked long enough to change or permute wheels(19min), and i straveling again at a speed that ensures that the WE sensors are transmitting. AL is automatically considering all WE identifiers received and extracts, based on statistical evaluation, IDs belonging to the WEs mounted on the vehicle. If new IDs are detected their recurrence will be tracked by AL. When AL is in progress, tire pressure monitoring is running in parallel with the old set of identifiers known from the last run of AL.

DTC Description

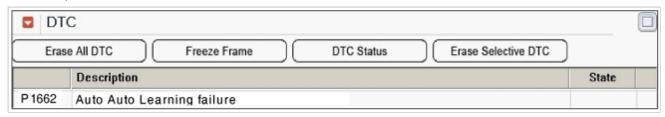
This DTC indicates that A failure of Auto-learning happens when less than WE sensors were learned.

DTC Detecting Condition

ltem	Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
DTC Strategy	Check pulse	
Enable Conditions	On start of driving after parking for more than 19min.	
Threshold value	Auto learning failed and at least one WE sensor is missing.	Faulty WE sensor
Mil On conditon	Active DTC set	

Monitor GDS Data

- 1. Park the vehicle on a level surface.
- 2. Set up 'GDS' with 'GDS TPMS'.
- 3. Select the "TPMS" system.
- 4. Execute "DTC Analysis" mode.
- 5. Check the present DTC.



6. Are there any DTC's except for 'C1662'?

YES	▶ Do all repairs associated with detected DTC's.
NO	 ► Fault is intermittent. It has been repaired and TPMS receiver module memory is not cleared yet. ► Go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.

Verification of Vehicle Repair

- 1. Connect GDS and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode.
- 2. Using GDS, Clear DTC.
- 3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Enable conditions in General information.
- 4. Are any DTCs present?

YES	► Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.
NO	► System performing to specification at this time.