

ESLAB HW2 Report

Li-Wei Chen

B04901014 EE3

Input Direction

Camera as Input

We use the *tessel-av* module of *tessel2* for our input system to handle the USB camera inputs. As the camera receives images from the outer world, it pipes the image as stream and send it to our webserver. To achieve this, the access point is created by the *tessel2* and linked to the server.

Stream and Face Detection

To make use of the high efficiency of the stream module, we send the stream object by websocket using the *socket.io-stream* module instead of sending each frame of images. Before the stream is piped to the web, we utilize the face detection function of *opencv*, which is implemented by cascade classifiers. Once a image is detected to have human face by the classifier, it renders a rectangle around the face to the image. Then after doing such processing, the image is send to the server for display.

Reason of Local Server

The reason we are using a local server instead of launching the server on *tessel2* is that the backend of *opencv* is C++, and it seems difficult for

mounting the precompiled binaries to the *tessel2*. Thus we use a workaround, using a local server as a backend to process the images.

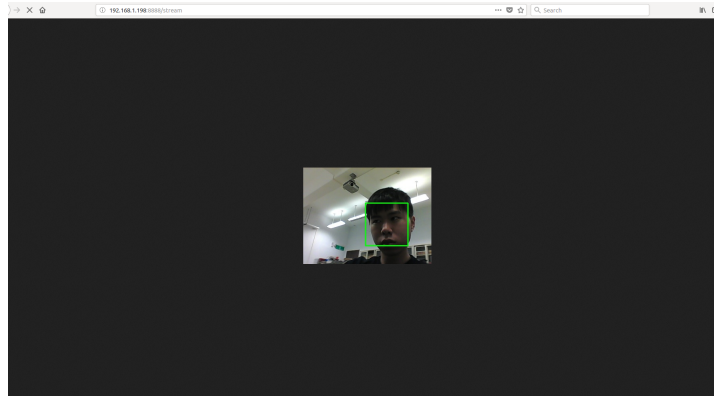


Figure 1: Snapshot at the server output

To be Improved

Since the web is not responsive, we have to refresh the page manually by the client to get the new image displayed. It can be solved by using *React*, but since this is a warmup homework, and we just want to get fammilier with the I/O of *tessel2*, thus we didn't choose to do so.

Output Direction

For the output direction, once a face is detected, the server sends a websocket to the *teesel2*. Then it activates the function to turn on the green LED which is on the other side of the three main LEDs for 0.5 seconds. This part is implemented by the *tessel-led* module.