

# Introduction and implementation OWASP Risk Rating Management

**Ade Yoseman Putra** 

#### **About Me**

- Researcher & also a Co-founder of <u>Security Just Illusion</u> (non-profit organization information security).
- more than 5 years' experience in information security,
- > experience in cert (computer emergency response team), IDSIRTII/CC-Present
- > Information Security Trainer in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia and Indonesia.
- > speaker at arsenal, blackhat asia singapore 2017.
- ➤ Volunteer of <u>Security BSide Indonesia</u>. BSide is open security conference in the <u>world</u>

#### Lists contributor to owasp

- Trainer in OWASP KL DAY 2016, University Kuala Lumpur Malaysia
- OWASP Indonesia (Jakarta) Chapter Leader
- ➤ Help organize owasp risk rating management @owasp summit london england 2017 through remotely
- OWASP volunteer (<u>owasp risk rating management project</u> lead)



# Introduction OWASP Risk Rating Methodology



### Risk

- Risk is hazards, consequences that may occur as a result of an ongoing process or future event.
- Risk factor:
  - 1. Intervension
    - bad habit
    - life style
    - bankrupt
  - 2. Non-Intervension
    - gen
    - age
    - sex





# **Risk Management**

**Risk management is** management process that encompasses the identification, evaluation and control of risk that may threaten the continuity of a business or a company's activities.

General Objectives: reduce expenditure, prevent companies from failure, increase corporate profits, reduce production costs and many things.



#### **Risk Assessment**

**Risk Assessment is** methods performed to determine whether an activity / risk has an acceptable or not.

Good assessment should to be done by a trained team and experienced.

Each company or organization have variety of acceptance level.



# **Risk Rating Method**

Many standard and guidance that will help you:

- Trike
- AS/NZS 4360:2004 Risk Management
- CVSS
- OCTAVE
- OWASP Risk Rating Methodology



# **OWASP Risk Rating Methodology**

Let's start with the standard risk model:

#### Risk = Likelihood \* Impact

How to use OWASP Risk Rating Methodology:

#Step 1: Identifying a Risk

#Step 2: Factors for Estimating Likelihood

#Step 3: Factors for Estimating Impact

#Step 4: Determining Severity of the Risk

#Step 5: Deciding What to Fix

#Step 6: Customizing Your Risk Rating Model



## #Step 1: Identifying a Risk

The first step is:

to identify a security risk that needs to be rated.



#### **#Step 2: Factors for Estimating Likelihood**

There are a number of factors that can help determine the likelihood. The first set of factors are related to the threat agent involved.

- Skill level
- Motive
- Opportunity
- Size
- Ease of discovery
- Ease of exploit
- Awareness
- Intrusion detection



#### **#Step 3: Factors for Estimating Impact**

#### Again, each factor has a set of options:

- Loss of confidentiality
- Loss of integrity
- Loss of availability
- Loss of accountability
- Financial damage
- Reputation damage
- Non-compliance
- Privacy violation



Informal Method

Likelihood and Impact Levels							
0 to < 3							
3 to < 6	medium						
6 to 9	high						



Repeatable Method

Likelih	Likelihood										
Skill level	Motive	Opportunity	Size	Ease of discovery	Ease of exploit	Awareness	Intrusion detection				
5	9	4	9	3	3	4	8				
Overall Likelihood				5.625	Mediun	า					



Repeatable Method

Likelih	Likelihood										
Skill level	Motive	Opportunity	Size	Ease of discovery	Ease of exploit	Awareness	Intrusion detection				
5	9	4	9	3	3	4	8				
Overall Likelihood				5.625	Mediun	า					



Repeatable Method (2)

Impact							
Loss of confidenti- ality	Loss of integrity	Loss of availability	Loss of account-ability	Financial damage	Reputation damage	Non- compliance	Privacy violation
5	7	7	7	7	9	7	7
		Overa	all Impact	7.0	High		

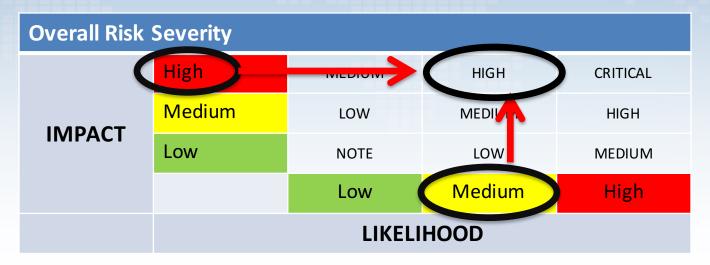


Repeatable Method (2)

Impact							
Loss of confidenti- ality	Loss of integrity	Loss of availability	Loss of account-ability	Financial damage	Reputation damage	Non- compliance	Privacy violation
5	7	7	7	7	9	7	7
		Overa	ıll Impact	7.0	High		

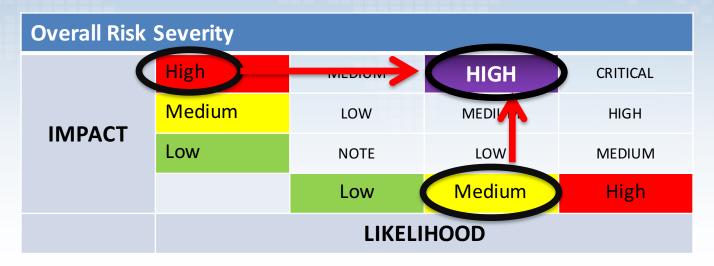


Determining Severity





Determining Severity





#### **#Step 5: Deciding What to Fix**

After the risks to the application have been classified there will be a **prioritized list of** what to fix.

As a general rule, the most severe risks should be fixed first. It simply doesn't help the overall risk profile to fix less important risks, even if they're easy or cheap to fix.

Remember that not all risks are worth fixing, and some loss is not only expected, but justifiable based upon the cost of fixing the issue.



#### **#Step 6: Customizing the Risk Rating Model**

Having a risk ranking framework that is customizable for a business is critical for adoption.

- Adding factors
- Customizing options
- Weighting factors



# **Tools**



#### 1. OWASP Risk Rating Template (excel format)

https://www.owasp.org/images/5/5b/OWASP Risk Rating Template Example.xlsx

				Likal	ihood					
					linoou	Vulnorabilit	v factors			
61.111.1	Threat agent factors					Vulnerability factors				
Skill level	Motive	Opportunity	Size		Ease of discovery	Ease of exploit	Awareness	Intrusion detection		
4 - Advanced computer user	1 - Low or no reward	4 - Special access or resources required	5 - Partners		3 - Difficult	3 - Difficult	4 - Hidden	3 - Logged and reviewed		
		Ove	erall likelihood:	3,375	MEDIUM					
	Technica	l Impact				Business	Impact			
Loss of confidentiality	Loss of integrity	Loss of availability	Loss of accountability		Financial damage	Reputation damage	Non-compliance	Privacy violation		
2 - Minimal non- sensitive data disclosed	1 - Minimal slightly corrupt data	5 - Minimal primary services interrupted, extensive secondary services interrupted	9 - Completely anonymous		1 - Less than the cost to fix the vulnerability	1 - Minimal damage	5 - Clear violation	5 - Hundreds of people		
Overa	II technical impact:	4,250	MEDIUM		Over	all business impact:	3,000	MEDIUM		
			Overall impact:	3,625	MEDIUM					
	Overall Risk Sever	rity = Likelihood x	Impact			Likelihood and I	mpact Levels			
	HIGH	Medium	High	Critical		0 to <3	LOW			
Immost	MEDIUM	Low	Medium	High		3 to <6	MEDIUM			
Impact	LOW	Note	Low	Medium		6 to 9	HIGH			
		LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH						
	Likelihood									



#### 2. OWASP Risk Rating Calc (one website/domain)

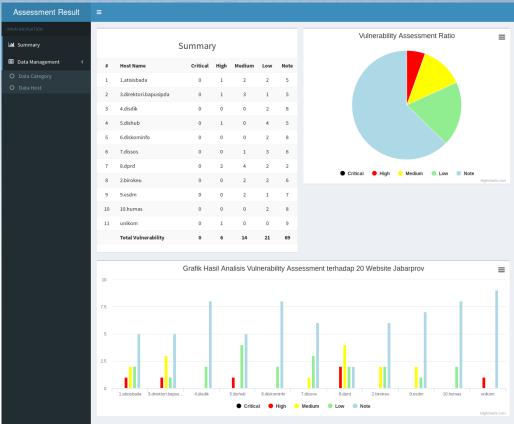
https://gist.github.com/ErosLever/f72bc0750af4d2e75c3a

#### Likelihood **Threat Agent Factors Vulnerability Factors** Skill Level Size Ease of Discovery Ease of Exploit Motive Opportunity Intrusion Detection Awareness 4 - Possible reward 9 - No access or rest 4 - Intranet users ▼ 4 - Hidden 3 - Some technical s ▼ 7 - Easv 1 - Theoretical 8 - Logged without **Impact Technical Impact Business Impact** Financial Damage Reputation Damage Non-Compliance Privacy Violation Loss of Loss of Loss of Availability Loss of Integrity Confidentiality Accountability 9 - Bankruptcv 5 - Loss of goodwill 🕶 7 - High profile violat -5 - Hundreds of peo 🕶 1 - Minimal slightly ( 🕶 5 - Minimal primary -1 - Fully traceable - All data disclosed 🕶 Scores Intermediate **Final Score** Overall Likelihood Overall Technical Impact Overall Business Impact Adjust score Risk 5 MEDIUM 4 MEDIUM 6.5 HIGH Technical MEDIUM Business

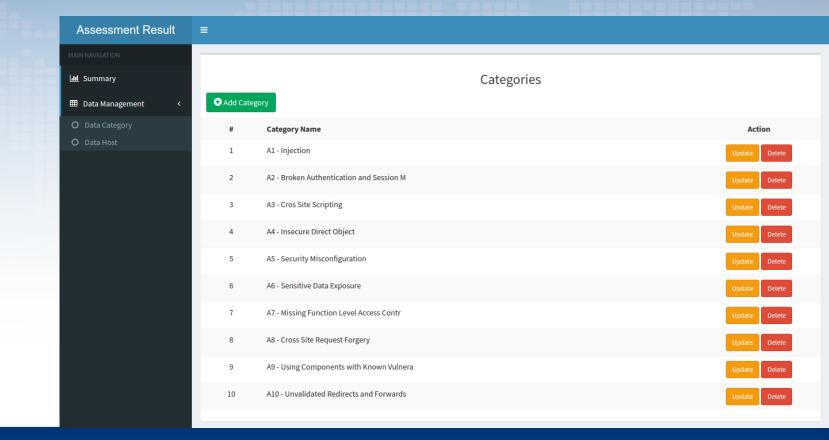


3. OWASP Risk Rating Management (many website/domain)

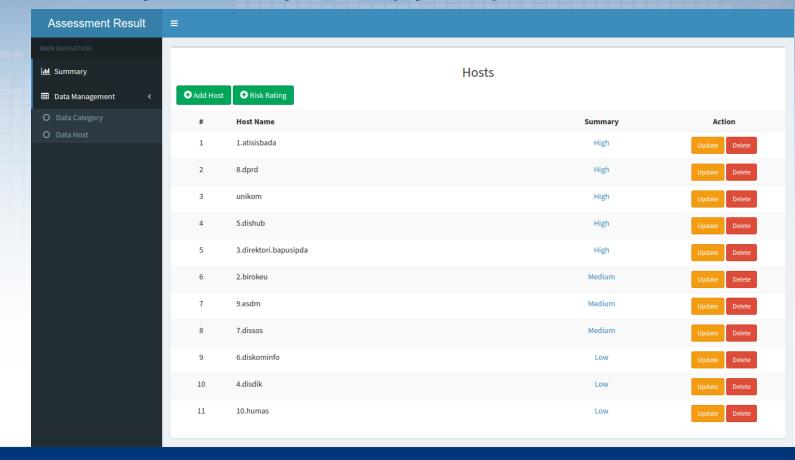
https://github.com/mohammadfebrir/o
wasp-riskrating



#### //category set by OWASP Top 10 - 2013



#### //you can assesst many website as you want (dynamic)



# Question?



# Thank you..

