

# 07 Compute Engine - Database

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# 使用 gcloud 連線至雲端的資料庫

- `gcloud auth login`
- `gcloud compute ssh instance-0812`
- `mysql -u root -p`

- SHOW DATABASES;
- USE DB\_0812;
- SHOW TABLES;

# 建立一個新的資料表 player+學號 後四碼

```
MariaDB [DB_0812]> create table player0812 (  
    -> id INT AUTO_INCREMENT,  
    -> name VARCHAR(30),  
    -> exp INT,  
    -> PRIMARY KEY (id));
```

```
MariaDB [DB_0812]> describe player0812;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int(11)	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
name	varchar(30)	YES		NULL	
exp	int(11)	YES		NULL	

# 新增資料

## 依序提供欄位資料值

- NULL 表示空值，讓系統提供

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> INSERT INTO player0812 VALUES  
[      -> (NULL, 'Jeff Henderson', 1431);  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> select * from player0812;  
+----+-----+-----+  
| id | name           | exp |  
+----+-----+-----+  
|  1 | Jeff Henderson | 1431 |  
+----+-----+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

# 一次插入多筆資料

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> INSERT INTO player0812 VALUES  
[      -> (NULL, 'Sandra Smith', 4563),  
[      -> (NULL, 'John Baker', 231),  
[      -> (NULL, 'Jennifer West', 5400);  
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.03 sec)  
Records: 3  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> select * from player0812;
```

id	name	exp
1	Jeff Henderson	1431
2	Sandra Smith	4563
3	John Baker	231
4	Jennifer West	5400

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

# 查詢資料庫的不同方法

- SELECT \* FROM player0812;
- SELECT id, name FROM player0812;
- SELECT exp, name FROM player0812;

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> SELECT exp AS '經驗值', name AS '姓名' FROM player0812;
```

經驗值	姓名
1431	Jeff Henderson
4563	Sandra Smith
231	John Baker
5400	Jennifer West

# 設定查詢條件

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> SELECT * FROM player0812 WHERE exp > 1000;
```

id	name	exp
1	Jeff Henderson	1431
2	Sandra Smith	4563
4	Jennifer West	5400

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> SELECT * FROM player0812 WHERE name = 'John Baker';
```

id	name	exp
3	John Baker	231

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> SELECT * FROM player0812 WHERE name LIKE 'J%';
```

id	name	exp
1	Jeff Henderson	1431
3	John Baker	231
4	Jennifer West	5400



# 多重查詢條件

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> SELECT * FROM player0812  
[    -> WHERE name LIKE '%S%' AND exp > 2000;  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| id | name          | exp |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
|  2 | Sandra Smith  | 4563 |  
|  4 | Jennifer West | 5400 |  
+-----+-----+-----+
```

# 資料表 (table) 的修改

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> ALTER TABLE player0812 ADD lastlogin TIMESTAMP;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.10 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> ALTER TABLE player0812 MODIFY name VARCHAR(50);  
Query OK, 4 rows affected (1.26 sec)  
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> UPDATE player0812 SET lastlogin = NULL  
[    -> WHERE name = "Jeff Henderson";  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)  
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> SELECT * FROM player0812;
```

# 變數的使用

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> SELECT @maxid := MAX(id) FROM player0812;
```

```
+-----+  
| @maxid := MAX(id) |  
+-----+  
|                4 |  
+-----+
```

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> SELECT * FROM player0812 WHERE id = @maxid;
```

# MySQL 進階使用

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> delimiter //
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> CREATE PROCEDURE dorepeat(p1 INT)
[    -> BEGIN
[    ->     SET @x = 0;
[    ->     REPEAT SET @x = @x + 1; UNTIL @x > p1 END REPEAT;
[    -> END
[    -> //
```

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> delimiter ;
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> CALL dorepeat(10000);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> SELECT @x;
```

+	-----	+
	@x	
+	-----	+
	10001	
+	-----	+

# 使用連續迴圈新增資料

- 使用下面的範例，新增 25 筆資料，使用 select(\*) 語法確認資料筆數。

```
[MariaDB [DB_0812]> create procedure dorepeat(p1 INT)
[    -> begin
[    -> set @x = 0;
[    -> repeat
[    -> insert into pet values('Peter', 'Mary');
[    -> set @x = @x +1;
[    -> until @x > p1
[    -> end repeat;
[    -> end
[    -> //
```