Introduction / About

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## **About**

absent-variablebanks is a completely free and open-source dialogue system designed specifically for Unity. If you want to contribute, please go to Contributing section. I'd be really happy to see you helping me with this!

In this documentation, you will learn how to use, modify and extend the system.

You can start learning by reading Before Installing.

Introduction / About

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You can start learning by reading Before Installing.

#### Before Installing

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# **Before Installing**

In this section of the documentation, you will learn how to set up this package properly and get it ready to use. Let's start.

First of all, this package needs at least one **asset management** (for loading/unloading variablebanks) package in order to work properly. By default, it supports **Addressables** and Unity's default package **Resources**.

Because of this, there are **three ways** of setting up this package:

- 1. Setup for Addressables (This is the way recommended for production).
- 2. Setup for Resources (this is the way recommended for fast-prototyping).
- 3. Setup for any other third-party asset management package (or maybe your own package for it).

For the **first two** ways, there are seperate files in every release for both of them. You can pick the right one for you while installing the package.

But in any of these ways, the only thing you that changes is the VariableBanksCloningHandler class actually.

So, if you are interested in the **third** way, you can just install any of the **.unitypackage** file in the release you've selected and override that class to work with your needs.

## What's Next?

This section is ended. Go to Installing to continue.

Installing

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# Installing

In this section of the documentation, you will learn how to install this tool and get it ready to use.

If you've already installed the package, you can skip this section and go to Mechanism.

## **Prerequisites**

First of all, this tool depends on some of my other tools. No, no, no! Don't run away! They are so lightweight and easy to setup.

https://github.com/b1lodHand/absent-variables.git

https://github.com/b1lodHand/absent-attributes.git

https://github.com/b1lodHand/absent-utilities.git

All you need to do is copying the URLs above and pasting them into you package manager.



You can open the Package Manager via the: 'Window/Package Manager' menu on the toolbar of Unity itself. Also, you can find the documentation of these tools in the same links above.

I highly recommend reading the Before Installing page before downloading the package.

## **Installing the Package**

So, you've installed all the things necessary to run this tool. Now, it is the time of installing the tool itself.

This step is pretty much straightforward:

- 1. Go to: https://github.com/b1lodHand/absent-variablebanks/releases
- 2. Find the the best release for you (I'd recommend the latest).
- 3. Download the right ".unitypackage" file (depending on the **asset management** package you're using. For more details, see **Before Installing**) in that release by clicking it.
- 4. You have it!

## What's Next?

This section is ended. Go to Setup to continue.

Setup

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## Setup

In this section of the documentation, you will learn how to setup this package properly. Let's begin.

## **Setup for Addressables**

First of all, I assume that you have the Addressables package all set up before starting.

**First**, you have to find the **Addressables Groups Window**. You can open it up by: 'Window/Asset Management/Addressables/Groups' at the toolbar above.

After opening up that window, you will see a single button on the screen (or a window like the image below if you already have it set-up). Press that button.

**Second**, right click to an empty area in that window and select 'Create New roup/Packed Assets'. You can name it anything you want.

**Third**, drag and drop any of your folders with your **VariableBanks** inside (any bank created after in this folder after that will automatically get added, so don't worry) to the packed asset group you've just created.

Last and the most important, add the label "variable-banks" to the folders you've just dragged.

I recommend reading more about Addressables in order to understand the asset management better.

Now your window should look like this:



As I said earlier, the folder names of the group names does not matter. BUT the label MUST be "absent-variables".

[!INFORMATION] That's because the VariableBanksCloningManager finds the banks in asset bundles with that label, and not the folder or group names by default.

This tag is holded as a constant in the **Constants** class. You can find it at: 'Plugins/absencee\_/absent-variablebanks/Runtime/Helpers/Constants.cs'.

You can change the tag via changing the K\_ADDRESSABLES\_TAG property inside that file.

Banks with ForExternalUse property true won't get cloned whether they're packed correctly with the target asset management API.

# **Setup for Resources**

For the Resources API, you only have one thing to do: Place your VariableBanks (the ones needs to get cloned by the internal system automatically) inside the folder: "Resources/VariableBanks". The internal system will handle the rest.

Banks with ForExternalUse property true won't get cloned whether they're packed correctly with the target asset management API.

## **Setup for Third-Party Asset Management Packages**

You don't have to anythin special, actually. You can just find 'Plugins/absencee\_/absent-variablebanks/Runtime/Static/VariableBanksCloningManager.cs' and modify it to fit your needs.

### What's Next?

This section is ended. Go to Mechanism to continue.

Contributing

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# Contributing

You can contribute via forking or branching the repository of this package. Please be clear with your commit descriptions.

Or you can just point out the issues of the package via the issues tab of github instead of contributing it directly.

I appreciate any contribution from small to big, I thank you for all you've done!

Have a nice day!

Getting Started / Mechanism

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## Mechanism

In this section of the documentation, you will learn how this tool works in general. Let's give it a go!

### What are VariableBanks?

VariableBanks are simple scriptable objects. There are only two properties important. 'Guid', and 'ForExternalUse' properties. I will be covering them in detail in a second.

## How to use VariableBanks?

## Cloning

So, because of the intended way of using scriptable objects, the system itself clones some of the banks created (we will be covering which ones are included in that *some*) when the **splash screen** appears. This cloning process is handled by **VariableBanksCloningHandler** class.

This cloning process is **async** when using **Addressables**.

[!INFORMATION] VariableBanks with ForExternalUse property set to true won't get cloned and won't get shown on the list: 'VariableBankDatabase.GetBankNameList()'.

You can use 'VariableBanksCloningHandler.AddOnCloningCompleteCallbackOrInvoke(...)' to get notified when the cloning process is ended, or just get notified instantly if the banks are already cloned.

## Referencing (Runtime)

Here, I must get into Unity's asset management procedure for clarity. When you build a game, these happen:

- 1. All of the files that has a direct reference on a game object contained in a scene gets packed with the game itself.
- 2. All of the files inside the 'Resouces' folder gets packed in a single, big bundle.
- 3. If you're using **Addressables**, any of the assets referenced in the addressables window gets packed with its asset group (you can see asset group in Addressables window).

So, to avoid **asset duplication** you must use only of these way of referencing banks for each bank. You can use Resources some of the banks, while using Addressables for some other and etc. But you should be aware of **asset duplication** as I said. You should write your own logic to getthat working, obviously.

#### VariableBankReference

For this, there is a class named: 'VariableBankReference'. It looks like a direct reference when serialized in the editor but the only thing it holds is the **Guid** of the selected variable bank. Because of this, it does not cause duplication on build.

You can use one of these classes to select a bank, and then in runtime, you can get its 'Bank' property to find the cloned bank runtime with that guid (after ensuring the cloning process is completed successfully).

When a bank gets cloned, the **Guid remains the same on the cloned one**. That's way the system above works.

Before trying to get the 'Bank' property of a reference, ensure that the cloning process has ended successfully. If you're in editor, use 'reference.TargetGuid' to get the original bank's guid.

If you're using direct references and handle the cloning process independently, you can **avoid using VariableBankReference class.** Ensuring there are no asset duplications.

## VariableBank.GetInstance(...);

Or as an alternative way, you can use 'VariableBank.GetInstance(...)' method to get a cloned bank with a specific Guid runtime.

You cannot use this method in editor. It only works runtime. Also make sure that the cloning process has ended successfully before calling it.

## Referencing (In Editor)

Everything is much simpler when you're in editor. You can just call:

VariableBankDatabase.GetBankIfExists(string targetGuid);

and you have the bank.

Remember, the system uses Guids instead of direct references to avoid any **asset duplications**. So be aware of this while writing editor code.

## **How To use Manipulators (Comparers & Setters)**

Comparers and Setters are you best friend when you want to manipulate any variable stored in a VariableBank runtime.

They are simply classes which contains a string for the **Guid** of a bank, a string for the target variable name, an enum for processing type and a value which represents the new value.

## **Fixed Manipulators**

**Fixed Comparers** and the **Fixed Setters** are a little different than normal ones. They don't have a bank selector in editor, instead you give them the target bank's Guid manually with the 'SetFixedBank(...)' function. This is an example of it:

```
private void OnValidate()
{
    if (Application.isPlaying) return; // Not needed. Just for extra error handling.

    m_comparers.ForEach(comparer => comparer.SetFixedBank(m_reference.TargetGuid));
    m_setters.ForEach(setter => setter.SetFixedBank(m_reference.TargetGuid));
}
```

The code above sets the bank Guids of manipulators of a component every time a change in the inspector occurs. This is the most practical way of using fixed manipulators with components.

If you don't work with lists, you can also use 'OnEnable()' instead of using 'OnValidate()'

You can also create your own manipulators via deriving from the **BaseVariableComparer** or **BaseVariableSetter** classes. You can find an example here..

In this example, I used **direct references**. But I mark all **BlackboardBank**s as **ForExternalUse** banks automatically on creation, so this does not cause any duplications.

### What's Next?

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### What's Next?

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Components

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# Components

## **Variable Bank Acquirer**

Variable Bank Acquirer is a deprecated component in real. Using VariableBankReference class nested in another component instead of using this component directly is much easier to manage.

It does nealy the same thing with the VariableBankReference.

### What's Next?

**You've done it!** You've read all the way to the end, buddy. I really appreciate you. Know you know how this tool works in a detailed way.

There is nothing else you need to read. But if you want to know how you can publish any modifications you've made on the tool to the open-source community, I'd suggest you reading **Contributing** section.

And again, thank you for reading this all the way!

Have a nice day!



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API Documentation / com.absence.variablebanks

# Namespace com.absence.variablebanks

### Classes

#### **FixedVariableComparer**

Comparer with a fixed bank.

#### **FixedVariableSetter**

Setter with a fixed bank.

#### VariableBankAcquirer

A component to reference banks both in editor and runtime.

#### VariableBankManager

The static class responsible for wrapping internal functions into simpler ones.

#### VariableBankReference

The class responsible for letting you reference a com.absence.variablesystem.VariableBank both in editor and in runtime. You can use the com.absence.variablesystem.VariableBank class directly if the bank you are referencing is marked as com.absence.variablesystem.VariableBank.ForExternalUse. For more information, read the docs.

#### VariableComparer

Comparer with a dynamic bank you select in editor.

#### VariableSetter

Setter with a dynamic bank you select in the editor.