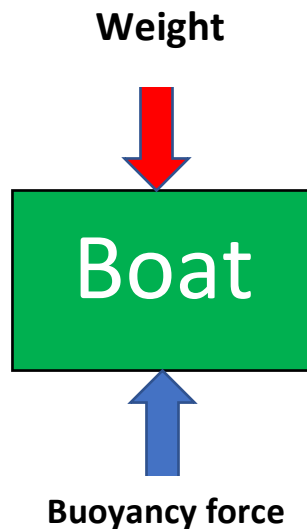


BOAT PROPULSION POWER



1) Calculations of immersed volume

Forces in the vertical direction are (Weight & Buoyancy)



a) Weight = mass * gravitational acceleration

Assume the total load = 12 kg (higher than 10 kg as a factor of safety)

So, Weight = $12 * 9.81 = 117.72 \text{ Newtons}$

b) Buoyant force = water density * gravitational acceleration * Immersed volume

So, Buoyant force = $1000 * 9.81 * \text{Immersed volume} = 9810 * \text{Immersed volume}$

From forces equilibrium, Weight = Buoyant force

So, $117.72 = 9810 * \text{Immersed volume}$

So, **Immersed volume = 0.012 m^3**

c) Boat volume = **Air entrapping volume** * $(4/3)$

So, Boat volume = $[(\pi/4) * D^2] * \text{Length} * (4/3)$

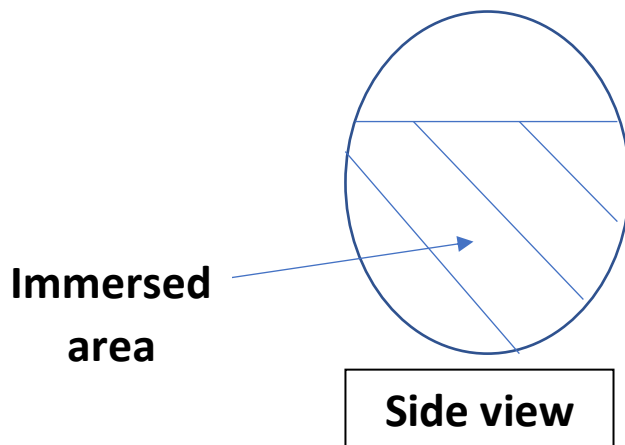
If $D=13 \text{ cm}$, $L=1.2 \text{ m}$ **Boat volume = 0.02 m^3**

So, Immersed volume/ Boat volume = $0.012 / 0.02 = 0.6 = 60\%$

d) The immersed cross section area = 60 % the total circle cross section area

So, $A_{\text{imm}} = 0.6 * (\pi/4) * D^2$

If $D = 13 \text{ cm}$ $A_{\text{imm}} = 0.00796 \text{ m}^2$



2) Calculations of drag force resisting the boat

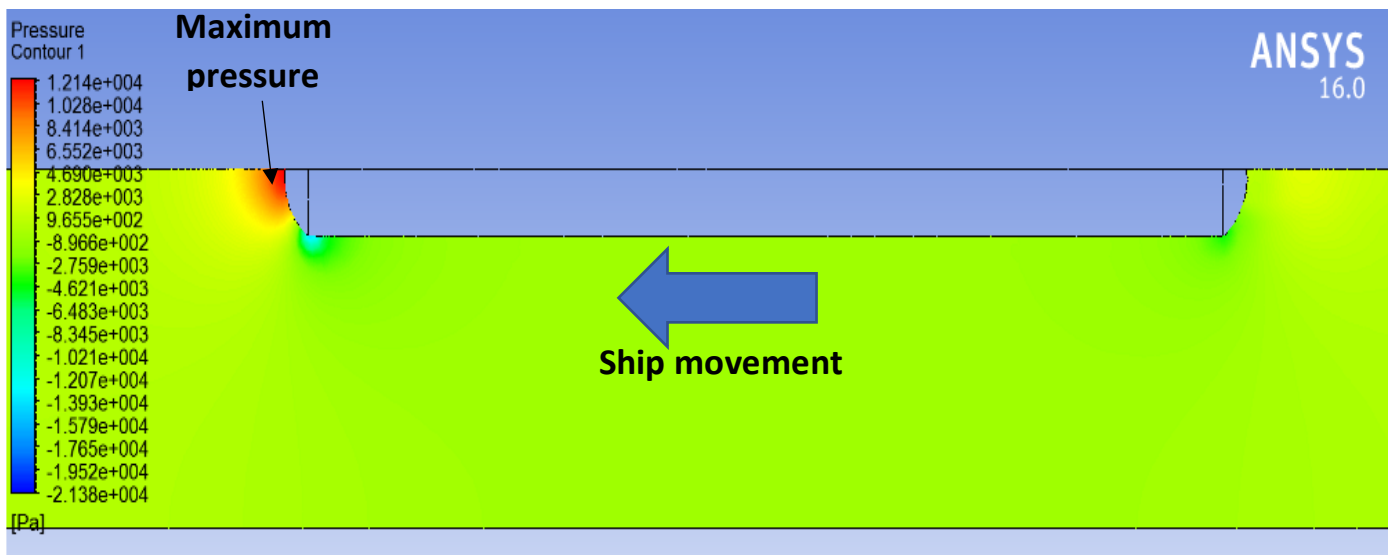
Drag force = $0.5 * \text{water density} * (\text{Velocity}^2) * \text{Reference area} * C_D$

We have: water density = 1000 kg/m^3

Velocity = $20 \text{ km/hr} = 5.5 \text{ m/sec}$

Reference area = $A_{\text{imm}} = 0.00796 \text{ m}^2$

$C_D = 0.28$ using Ansys fluent software (see below)



So, drag force = $0.5 * 1000 * (5.5^2) * 0.00796 * 0.28 = 33.71 \text{ Newtons}$

3) Power calculations

a) The power required to overcome the drag force is called the effective power and can be calculated as follows:

Effective power = DRAG FORCE * Velocity = $33.71 * 5.5$

So, effective power = 185.405 watts

b) The motor power has to be higher than this value because a portion of it will overcome friction in connections and turbulence in propeller.

Motor power = effective power / efficiency

Motor power = $185.405 / 0.5$ (practical approximation)

Motor power = 370 watts

c) As a factor of safety multiply by 1.25 (for inaccuracies).

Required motor power = $460 \text{ watts} = 0.62 \text{ hp}$

Results summary

| | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|
| Immersed volume / Boat volume | %60 |
| Drag coefficient | 0.28 |
| Drag resisting force | 33.71 Newtons |
| Required effective power | 185 watts |
| Efficiency of propulsion system | %50 |
| Required motor power | 0.66 hp |

