Computer Architectures

Programming part T1.1 – June 19, 2019

Please read accurately:

- 1) The ARM programming part of the exam has a duration of 2 hours
- 2) You have to develop an ARM project using the KEIL μ Vision IDE

	PLEASE FILL THIS FORM
Student name	
ID	Signature
Ι	Delivery time
	Code compiles: yes [] no []
	Code works: yes [] no [] partly []

- 3) Login in your LABINF area and use the available installation (v4.74) to edit, compile and SW debug your code
- 4) Use the provided LANDTIGER board and HW debugger to prototype your project
- 5) You are allowed to access the teaching portal page; this access will be granted by the LABINF infrastructure and any other web page access will be denied and all attempts will provoke the immediate ejection from the exam: LABINF personnel will monitor the network usage along the exam.
- 6) You can bring a single USB key and use your personal projects, material and notes.
- 7) Before the exam time ends you MUST upload a zipped folder of the developed project called **20190619.zip** of your project including your project in the "elaborates" section of your Computer Architecture account, in the POLITO teaching portal. Late delivery will not be considered valid and always lead rejection.
- 8) The professors will reject delivered projects that produce errors during the compiling phase; make sure your project compilation is free of errors.

Exercise 1 (max 30 points)

You are required to implement the following functionalities on the LANDTIGER board equipped with the LPC1768 chip.

- 1) Define and populate a constant vector called **DATA_IN** of **N** elements as a literal pool (**N** is defined as a symbolic constant and is higher than 3), every element in the vector is an integer value in the following range [-100,100] composed of 8 bits (1 byte). The literal pool should be allocated in the code memory, thus in a read only memory zone. The vector is manually initialized with values in the admissible range.
- 2) Create an empty vector in the RAM memory called **BEST_3** composed by **3** 8-bits elements.
- 3) Once BUTTON EINT1 is pressed, an assembly function that finds the highest 3 elements in the DATA_IN vector and saves them in the in the BEST_3 vector allocated in RAM.
 - 1. The prototype of the function is:

int find_best_3 (int DATA_IN[], int N, int BEST_3[]); which returns N at the end of the process.

- 4) Show the found values using the board LEDs in a cyclical way:
 - 1. Show every value *i* in the BEST_3 vector starting from the first one (i=0), and then, replace this for the next one every 0.8s.
 - 2. TIMER 2 should be configured to count 0.8s and is used to drive the period of the showing process.
- 5) The showing process should be circular, then, once the last element (i=2) in the BEST_3 vector is shown, it should start again from the first one (i=0).