Query26. Write a query to display employee name and employee number along with their manager's name and manager's number.

```
Math Select
    emp.empno AS "Employee No.",
    emp.ename AS "Employee Name",
    m.empno AS "Manager No.",
    m.ename AS "Manager Name"
    FROM emp
    JOIN emp AS m
    ON emp.mgr = m.empno;
```

+	+	+	
Employee No.	Employee Name	Manager No.	Manager Name
+ 1 7369	-+	+ 7902	FORD
7499	ALLEN	7698 I	BLAKE
7521	WARD	7698	BLAKE
7566	JONES	7839	KING
7654	MARTIN	7698	BLAKE
7698	BLAKE	7839	KING
7782	CLARK	7839	KING
7788	SCOTT	7566 7698	JONES
7844 7876	TURNER ADAMS	i 7698 i I 7788 i	BLAKE SCOTT
7900	JAMES	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	BLAKE
7902	FORD	7566	JONES
7934	MILLER	7782	CLARK
+	-+	+	

Query27. Write a query to display employee name and employee number along with their manager's name and manager's number along with the employees who do not have a manager.

> SELECT emp.empno, emp.ename, m.empno, m.ename FROM emp LEFT JOIN emp as m ON emp.mgr = m.empno;+----+ | empno | ename | empno | ename | +----+ 7369 | SMITH | 7902 | FORD | | 7499 | ALLEN | 7698 | BLAKE | | 7521 | WARD | 7698 | BLAKE | | 7566 | JONES | 7839 | KING | | 7654 | MARTIN | 7698 | BLAKE | | 7698 | BLAKE | 7839 | KING | 7782 | CLARK | 7839 | KING | | 7788 | SCOTT | 7566 | JONES | | 7839 | KING | NULL | NULL | | 7844 | TURNER | 7698 | BLAKE |

| 7876 | ADAMS | 7788 | SCOTT | | 7900 | JAMES | 7698 | BLAKE | | 7902 | FORD | 7566 | JONES | | 7934 | MILLER | 7782 | CLARK | **Query28.** Write a query to display employee name, department number and all the employees that work in the same department as the given employee. Do this for all the employees.

> SELECT a.ename, a.deptno, b.ename FROM emp a, emp b WHERE a.deptno = b.deptno AND a.empno <> b.empno;

VV.	a.ue	eptno = b	• aebriio	•	a.empiio	\/	υ.
+ +	ename	deptno	+ ename +	+ +			
İ	JONES	20	SMITH	İ			
١	SCOTT	20	SMITH	-			
١	ADAMS	20	SMITH	1			
1	FORD	20	SMITH	-			
1	WARD	30	ALLEN				
1	MARTIN	30	ALLEN				
١	BLAKE	30	ALLEN	1			
١	TURNER	30	ALLEN	1			
1	JAMES	30	ALLEN	- 1			
١	ALLEN	30	WARD	1			
١	MARTIN	30	WARD	1			
١	BLAKE	30	WARD	1			
1	TURNER	30	WARD	- 1			
1	JAMES	30	WARD	1			
1	SMITH	20	JONES	1			
١	SCOTT	20	JONES	1			
١	ADAMS	20	JONES	1			
1	FORD	20	JONES	1			
1	ALLEN	30	MARTII	N			
1	WARD	30	MARTII	N			
1	BLAKE	30	MARTII	N			
١	TURNER	30	MARTII	N			
١	JAMES	30	MARTII	N			
1	ALLEN	30	BLAKE	-			
1	WARD	30	BLAKE				
1	MARTIN	30	BLAKE				
1	TURNER	30	BLAKE				
1	JAMES	30	BLAKE				
1	KING	10	CLARK	1			
1	MILLER	10	CLARK	1			
١	SMITH	20	SCOTT	1			
1	JONES	20	SCOTT	- 1			
1	ADAMS	20	SCOTT	- 1			
1	FORD	20	SCOTT	- 1			
1	CLARK	10	KING	- 1			
1	MILLER	10	KING	- 1			
1	ALLEN	30	TURNE	3			
1	WARD	30	TURNE	R			
1	MARTIN	30	TURNE	R			
1	BLAKE	30	TURNE	R			
1	JAMES	30	TURNE	R			
١	SMITH	20	ADAMS	1			

١	JONES	1	20	1	ADAMS
ı	SCOTT	1	20	1	ADAMS
ı	FORD	1	20	1	ADAMS
1	ALLEN	1	30	1	JAMES
ı	WARD	1	30	1	JAMES
ı	MARTIN	1	30	1	JAMES
1	BLAKE	1	30	1	JAMES
1	TURNER	1	30	1	JAMES
ı	SMITH	1	20	1	FORD
ı	JONES	1	20	1	FORD
ı	SCOTT	1	20	1	FORD
1	ADAMS	1	20	1	FORD
ı	CLARK	1	10	1	MILLER
١	KING	1	10	1	MILLER
+-		+		+-	+

Query29. Write a query to display the name, job, department name, salary and grade for all employees.

> SELECT emp.ename, emp.job, dept.dname, emp.sal, salgrade.grade FROM emp JOIN dept ON dept.deptno = emp.deptno

JOIN salgrade ON emp.sal BETWEEN salgrade.losal AND salgrade.hisal;

_				_					
1	ename	 -	job	1	dname	 -	sal		grade
+	SMITH ALLEN WARD JONES MARTIN BLAKE CLARK	+	CLERK SALESMAN SALESMAN MANAGER SALESMAN MANAGER MANAGER MANAGER	- + ·	RESEARCH SALES SALES RESEARCH SALES SALES SALES ACCOUNTING	+	800.00 1600.00 1250.00 2975.00 1250.00 2850.00 2450.00	+	1 3 2 4 2 4 4
1	SCOTT	١	ANALYST	1	RESEARCH	1	3000.00	١	4
1	KING	١	PRESIDENT	1	ACCOUNTING	1	5000.00	١	5
1	TURNER	١	SALESMAN	1	SALES	ı	1500.00	1	3
1	ADAMS	١	CLERK	1	RESEARCH	1	1100.00	1	1
1	JAMES	١	CLERK	1	SALES	ı	950.00	1	1
١	FORD	١	ANALYST	١	RESEARCH	1	3000.00	1	4
1	MILLER	1	CLERK	1	ACCOUNTING	1	1300.00	1	2

Query30. Write a query to display all names and hire dates of all employees along with their manager's name and hire date for all employees who were hired before their managers.

> SELECT e.ename Employee, e.hiredate HireD, m.ename Manager, m.hiredate HireD FROM emp e JOIN emp m ON e.mgr = m.empno AND e.hiredate < m.hiredate ORDER BY m.ename;

ALLEN	+ +	Employee	·+·	HireD	l	Manager	l	HireD	-+ -+
		ALLEN WARD SMITH BLAKE CLARK	 	1981-02-20 1981-02-22 1980-12-17 1981-05-01 1981-06-09		BLAKE BLAKE FORD KING KING	 	1981-05-01 1981-05-01 1981-12-03 1981-11-17 1981-11-17	

Query31. Write a query to display the highest, lowest, sum and average salary of all employees.

Query32. Write a query to display minimum, maximum, sum and average salary for each job type.

> SELECT job, MIN(sal), Max(sal), SUM(sal), AVG(sal) FROM emp GROUP BY job;

+	MIN(sal)	Max(sal)	SUM(sal)	•
ANALYST	3000.00	3000.00	6000.00	3000.000000
CLERK	800.00	1300.00	4150.00	1037.500000
MANAGER	2450.00	2975.00	8275.00	2758.333333
PRESIDENT	5000.00	5000.00	5000.00	5000.000000
SALESMAN	1250.00	1600.00	5600.00	1400.000000

Query33. Write a query to display the number of people with the same job.

> SELECT job, COUNT(empno) FROM emp GROUP BY job;

4.		L		
 -	job	COUNT (emp	no)	i
 	ANALYST CLERK MANAGER		2 4 3	
-	PRESIDENT SALESMAN		1 4	
т.				-т

Query34. Write a query to display the difference between the highest and lowest salaries.

> SELECT (MAX(sal)-MIN(sal)) FROM emp;

```
+-----+
| (MAX(sal)-MIN(sal)) |
+-----+
| 4200.00 |
+-----+
```

Query35. Write a query to display the manager number and the salary of the lowest paid employee for that manager. Exclude any groups where the manager id is not known. Exclude any groups where the minimum salary is less than \$1000.

> SELECT a.mgr mno, a.min_sal min_sal FROM (SELECT mgr, MIN(sal) min_sal FROM emp GROUP BY mgr) a WHERE (!ISNULL(a.mgr) AND a.min_sal >= 1000)

; +.		+
İ	mno	min_sal
 	7566 7782 7788	3000.00 1300.00 1100.00
•	7839 	2450.00

Query36. Write a query to display the department name, location name, number of employees and the average salary for all employees in that department.

> SELECT dept.dname, dept.loc, COUNT(emp.empno), AVG(emp.sal) FROM emp RIGHT JOIN dept ON dept.deptno = emp.deptno GROUP BY emp.deptno;

+ dname +	 loc 	COUNT(emp.empno) 	++ AVG(emp.sal) +
OPERATIONS ACCOUNTING RESEARCH SALES	BOSTON NEW YORK DALLAS CHICAGO	, 0 3 5 6	NULL 2916.666667 2175.000000 1566.666667

Query37. Write a query to display the employee name and hire date for all employees in the same department as Blake.

> SELECT ename, hiredate FROM emp WHERE deptno = (SELECT deptno FROM emp WHERE ename='Blake');

+-		-+-		+
1	ename	١	hiredate	١
+-		+-		+
1	ALLEN	1	1981-02-20	1
1	WARD	1	1981-02-22	1
1	MARTIN	1	1981-09-28	1
1	BLAKE	1	1981-05-01	1
1	TURNER	1	1981-09-08	1
1	JAMES	1	1981-12-03	1
+-		-+-		+

Query38. Write a query to display the employee number and employee name for all employees who earn more than the average salary.

> SELECT empno, ename FROM emp WHERE sal > (SELECT AVG(sal) FROM emp);

+-		+	+
١	empno	ename	١
+-		+	+
١	7566	JONES	1
1	7698	BLAKE	1
1	7782	CLARK	1
1	7788	SCOTT	1
1	7839	KING	1
1	7902	FORD	1
+-		+	+

Query39. Write a query to display the employee number and name for all employees who work in a department with any employee whose name contains a T.

> SELECT empno, ename FROM emp WHERE deptno IN (SELECT deptno FROM emp WHERE LOCATE('T', ename) > 0);

+-		+-		+
١	empno	١	ename	ı
+-		+-		+
1	7369	1	SMITH	1
1	7499	1	ALLEN	1
1	7521	1	WARD	1
1	7566	1	JONES	1
1	7654	1	MARTIN	1
1	7698	1	BLAKE	1
1	7788	1	SCOTT	1
1	7844	1	TURNER	1
1	7876	1	ADAMS	1
1	7900	1	JAMES	1
1	7902	1	FORD	1
+-		+-		+

Query40. Write a query to display the employee name and salary of all employees who report to King.

> SELECT ename, sal FROM emp WHERE mgr = (SELECT empno FROM emp WHERE ename='King');

```
| ename | sal | |
|-----+
| JONES | 2975.00 |
| BLAKE | 2850.00 |
| CLARK | 2450.00 |
```

Query41. Write a query to display the department number, name and job for all employees in the Sales department.

> SELECT emp.deptno, emp.ename, emp.job FROM emp WHERE emp.deptno = (SELECT deptno FROM dept WHERE dname='Sales');

+-		+-		+-		-+
<u> </u>	deptno	 	ename		job	 -
т.		Τ.		-		
-	30		ALLEN	1	SALESMAN	-
1	30	1	WARD	1	SALESMAN	١
1	30	1	MARTIN	I	SALESMAN	1
1	30	١	BLAKE	ı	MANAGER	١
1	30	1	TURNER	ı	SALESMAN	١
1	30	1	JAMES	1	CLERK	١
+.		. + .		+-		-+

Query42. Write a query to display the employee number, name and salary for all employees who earn more than the average salary and who work in a department with any employee with a T in their name.

> SELECT empno, ename FROM emp WHERE sal > (SELECT AVG(sal) FROM emp)
AND deptno IN (SELECT deptno FROM emp WHERE LOCATE('T', ename) > 0);

+-		+.		-+
1	empno	•	ename	•
т-		Τ.		т
	7566	١	JONES	1
1	7698	١	BLAKE	١
ı	7788	١	SCOTT	ı
ı	7902	١	FORD	ı
+-		+		+