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DS Team

Requirements

1. Change your working directory to our repository
2. `git pull`
3. `pip install redis`

Introduction

- Modules

- **redis module**
 - **NoSQL Database, M-Queue**
- **click module**
 - **similar with getup module**
- **sklearn module**
- **keras module**
- **pandas module**

- Programs

- **algorithm.py** - modeling class
- **builder.py** - A wrapper class includes dataset and algorithm classes
- **app.py** - main script to execute the above tasks

```
class IrisModelBuilder(object):
    def __init__(self, model_path, channels):
        self.model_path = model_path
        self.channels = channels

        self.redis = redis.Redis()
        self.pubsub = self.redis.pubsub()
        self.pubsub.subscribe(self.channels)
```

初始化方法

```
def build(self):
    print("build iris model... ")

    # train model
    iris_dnn = IrisDNN(self.model_path)
    iris_dnn.train_model()
    iris_dnn.save_model()
```

建模方法論

```
def run(self):
    print("Listen build {} model command...".format(self.channels))

    for item in self.pubsub.listen():
        if item['data'] == EVENT_TRAIN:
            self.build()
```

傾聽事件發生，若有
「EVENT_TRAIN」發生，則重建模型

Hands On

**Use any Tree-Based model
instead of Keras**

- 1. add a new class in algorithm.py**
- 2. modify the builder.py**
- 3. take the reference Miles' sharing last Friday**

Is it friendly for
Modeler / Analyzer ?

```
class IrisModelBuilder(object):  
    def __init__(self, model_path, channels):  
        self.model_path = model_path  
        self.channels = channels  
  
        self.redis = redis.Redis()  
        self.pubsub = self.redis.pubsub()  
        self.pubsub.subscribe(self.channels)
```

```
    def build(self):  
        print("build iris model... ")  
  
        # train model  
        iris_dnn = IrisDNN(self.model_path)  
        iris_dnn.train_model()  
        iris_dnn.save_model()
```

```
    def run(self):  
        print("Listen build {} model command...".format(self.channels))  
  
        for item in self.pubsub.listen():  
            if item['data'] == EVENT_TRAIN:  
                self.build()
```

不重要！

其實，只有這地方是 **Modeler / Analyzer** 重視！

更不重要！

Object-Oriented Concept

```
class MLBuilder(object):
    def __init__(self, dataset_path, model_path, channels):
        self.model_path = model_path
        self.dataset_path = dataset_path
        self.channels = channels

        self.listener = MLListener(channels=channels)

    def build(self):
        raise NotImplementedError

    def run(self):
        print("Listen build {} model command...".format(self.listener.get_channels()))

        for item in self.listener.listen():
            if item['data'] == EVENT_TRAIN:
                self.build()
```

```
from interface import MLBuilder

from algorithm import IrisDNN

class IrisModelBuilder(MLBuilder):
    def build_model(self):
        print("build iris model... ")

        # train model
        iris_dnn = IrisDNN(self.model_path)
        iris_dnn.train_model()
        iris_dnn.save_model()
```


Hands On

```
from interface import MLBuilder
```

```
from algorithm import IrisDNN
```

```
class IrisModelBuilder(MLBuilder):
```

```
    def build(self, model):  
        print("build iris model... ")
```

```
        # train model  
        model.__init()  
        model.train()  
        model.save()
```

```
class MLAlgorithm(object):
```

```
    def __init(self, model_path):
```

```
        iris = load_iris()
```

```
        self.X = iris.data
```

```
        self.Y = iris.target
```

```
        self.model_path = model_path
```

```
    def split_data(self):
```

```
        train_X, test_X, train_y, test_y = train_test_split(  
            self.X, self.Y, train_size=0.5, random_state=0)
```

```
        train_y_ohe, uniques = encode_one_hot(train_y)
```

```
        test_y_ohe, _ = encode_one_hot(test_y)
```

```
        self.classes = uniques
```

```
        return train_X, train_y_ohe, test_X, test_y_ohe
```

```
    def build_network(self):
```

```
        model = Sequential()
```

```
        # layer 1: 4 -> 16
```

```
        model.add(Dense(input_dim=4, output_dim=16))
```

```
        model.add(Activation('relu'))
```

```
        model.add(Dropout(0.2))
```

```
        # layer 2: 16 -> 16
```

```
        model.add(Dense(output_dim=16))
```

```
        model.add(Activation('relu'))
```

```
        model.add(Dropout(0.2))
```