

MapReduce

DS Team

誰有問題關於MR？

誰跟誰互為好友

AAAA	BBBB, CCCC, DDDD, EEEE, XXXX, ZZZZ
BBBB	CCCC, DDDD
DDDD	SSSS, XXXX, AAAA, ZZZZ
EEEE	CCCC, FFFF, ZZZZ
XXXX	AAAA
ZZZZ	EEEE, CCCC

**AAAA 的朋友有 BBBB, CCCC, DDDD, EEEE, XXXX, ZZZZ

**BBBB 的朋友有 CCCC, DDDD

標準做法

```
import re

rows = {}
with open("friend.txt", "rb") as in_file:
    for line in in_file:
        me, friends = re.split("\s+", line.strip())

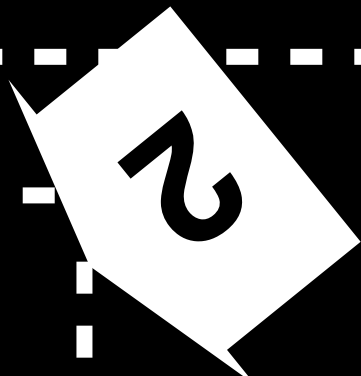
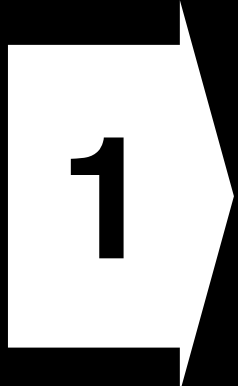
        rows.setdefault(me, set())
        for friend in friends.split(","):
            rows[me].add(friend)

for me, friends in rows.items():
    for friend in friends:
        if friend in rows and me in rows[friend]:
            print("{} and {} are friends".format(me, friend))
```

MR做法

AAAA	BBBB,CCCC,DDDD,EEEE,XXXX,ZZZZ
BBBB	CCCC,DDDD
DDDD	SSSS,XXXX,AAAA,ZZZZ
EEEE	CCCC,FFFF,ZZZZ
XXXX	AAAA
ZZZZ	EEEE,CCCC

AAAA-BBBB	1
AAAA-CCCC	1
AAAA-DDDD	1
AAAA-EEEE	1
AAAA-XXXX	1
AAAA-ZZZZ	1
BBBB-CCCC	1
BBBB-DDDD	1
...	
...	



('AAAA-XXXX' , 2)
('EEEE-ZZZZ' , 2)
('AAAA-DDDD' , 2)

MR做法

```
rows = sc.textFile("../friend.txt")

def make_relation(x):
    me, friends = re.split("\s+", x.strip())
    return (me, friends.split(","))

def make_tuple(x):
    one, two = x[0], x[1]
    if one < two:
        return ("{}-{}".format(one, two), 1)
    else:
        return ("{}-{}".format(two, one), 1)

relations = rows.map(make_relation).flatMapValues(lambda x: x)
many_relations = relations.map(make_tuple).reduceByKey(lambda x,y: x+y)
both_relation = many_relations.filter(lambda x: x[1] > 1)

for relation in both_relation.collect():
    print relation
```

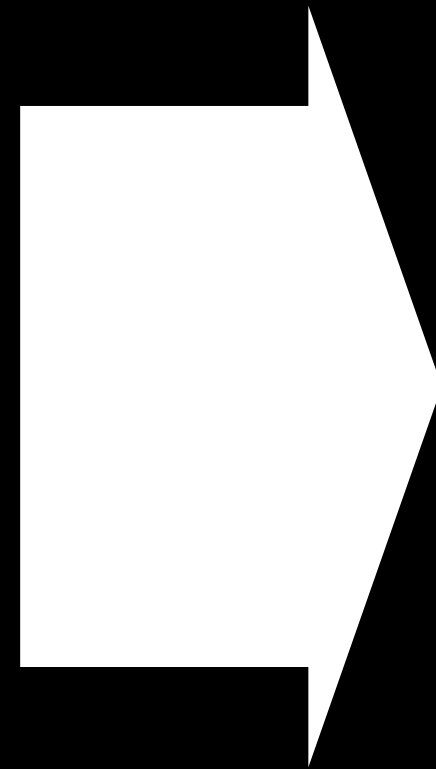
標準做法

大數據演算法工程師

MR
做法

表格轉置

A	B	C	D
foo	one	small	1
foo	one	large	2
foo	one	large	2
foo	two	small	3
foo	two	small	3
bar	one	large	4
bar	one	small	5
bar	two	small	6
bar	two	large	7



		<u>large</u>	<u>small</u>
foo	two	0	6
bar	two	7	6
foo	one	4	1
bar	one	4	5


```
#!/usr/bin/python
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
df = pd.read_csv("table.tsv", sep=" ")
```

```
pivot = pd.pivot_table(df, index=["A", "B"], values="D", columns=["C"],  
aggfunc=np.sum)
```

標準做法

		C	large	small
		=====		
A	B			
bar	one	4		5
	two	7		6
foo	one	4		1
	two	NaN		6

MR做法 (1)

```
[u'foo', u'one', u'small', u'1']  
[u'foo', u'one', u'large', u'2']  
[u'foo', u'one', u'large', u'2']  
[u'foo', u'two', u'small', u'3']  
[u'foo', u'two', u'small', u'3']  
[u'bar', u'one', u'large', u'4']  
[u'bar', u'one', u'small', u'5']  
[u'bar', u'two', u'small', u'6']  
[u'bar', u'two', u'large', u'7']
```

1

```
((u'foo', u'one'), (1, 0))  
((u'foo', u'one'), (0, 2))  
((u'foo', u'one'), (0, 2))  
((u'foo', u'two'), (3, 0))  
((u'foo', u'two'), (3, 0))  
((u'bar', u'one'), (0, 4))  
((u'bar', u'one'), (5, 0))  
((u'bar', u'two'), (6, 0))  
((u'bar', u'two'), (0, 7))
```

2

```
(u'foo', u'one') [1, 4]  
(u'foo', u'two') [6, 0]  
(u'bar', u'two') [6, 7]  
(u'bar', u'one') [5, 4]
```

MR做法 (1)

```
import re

filepath = ....

table = sc.textFile(filepath).map(lambda x: re.split("\s+", x)).filter(lambda x: x[3].isdigit())
```

```
c = table.map(lambda x: x[2]).distinct().collect()
brc = sc.broadcast(c)
```

```
reshaped = table.map(reshape)

for row in reshaped.groupByKey().collect():
    values = [0, 0]
    for v in row[1]:
        for idx, sub_v in enumerate(v):
            values[idx] += sub_v

    print row[0], values
```

```
def reshape(t):
    out = [t[0], t[1]]
    for v in brc.value:
        if v == t[2]:
            out.append(t[3])
        else:
            out.append(0)

    return (out[0], out[1]), (int(out[2]),
int(out[3]))
```

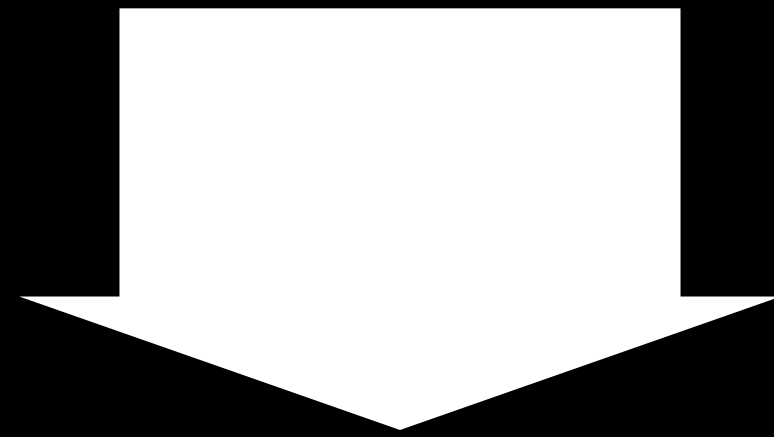
MR做法 (2)

```
def add(t1,t2):  
    j=0  
    for idx, v in enumerate(t1):  
        j += (t1[idx]+t2[idx],)  
  
    return j  
  
def seq(current, next):  
    return addtup(current, next)  
  
def comb(p, f):  
    return addtup(p, f)
```

```
reshaped = table.map(reshape)  
pivot = reshaped.aggregateByKey([0 for i in c], seq, comb, 1, seq, comb, 1)  
  
for i in pivot.collect():  
    print i
```

Entropy

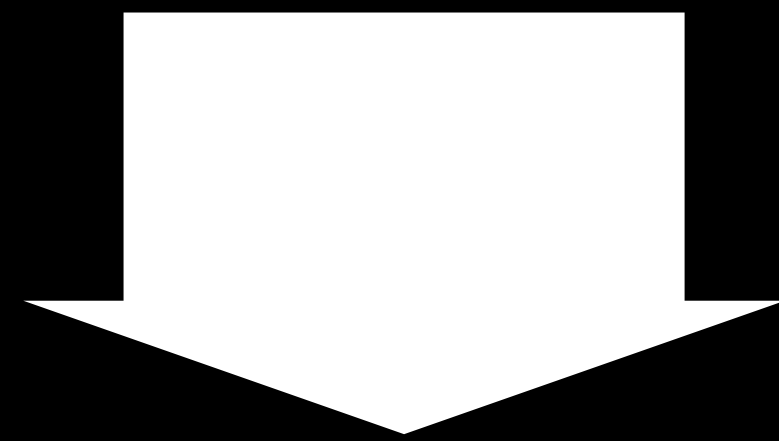
Entropy



Information

Gain

Entropy

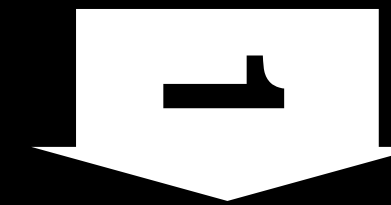


Information

Gain

```
ends-vowel
  [9m,5f]
  /      \
  =1      =0
  -----
  [3m,4f]  [6m,1f]
```

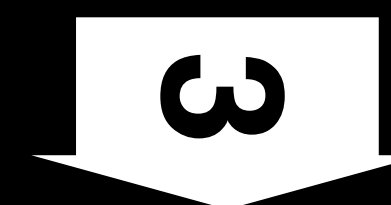
<--- the [...,...] notation represents the class distribution of instances that reached a node



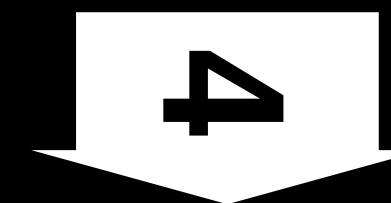
$$\text{Entropy_before} = - (5/14) * \log_2(5/14) - (9/14) * \log_2(9/14) = 0.9403$$



$$\text{Entropy_left} = - (3/7) * \log_2(3/7) - (4/7) * \log_2(4/7) = 0.9852$$



$$\text{Entropy_after} = 7/14 * \text{Entropy_left} + 7/14 * \text{Entropy_right} = 0.7885$$



$$\text{Information_Gain} = \text{Entropy_before} - \text{Entropy_after} = 0.1518$$

ends-vowel	gender
1	m
1	m
1	m
1	m
1	m
1	m
1	m
1	m
1	m
0	f
0	f
0	f
0	f
0	f

MIR

做法