Exercise 2

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1 Coin-tossing game

(a) The mean is given by:

$$E[X] = 1 * \frac{1}{4} + 2 * \frac{1}{4} + (-1) * \frac{1}{2} = 0.25$$

The Variance is given by:

$$Var[X] = (1 - 0.25)^2 * \frac{1}{4} + (2 - 0.25)^2 * \frac{1}{4} + (-1 - 0.25)^2 * \frac{1}{2} = 1.69$$

(b) The fair price is $0.25 \in$, because the expected value of the game is $0.25 \in$. With that cost the game is fair, because the new expected value will be $0 \in$.

2 Expectations and variances

(a)

$$egin{aligned} Var[aX+b] &= E[(aX+b)^2] - E[aX+b]^2 \ &= E[a^2X^2 + 2abX + b^2] - (aE[X]+b)^2 \ &= a^2E[X^2] + 2abE[X] + b^2 - a^2E[X]^2 - 2abE[X] - b^2 \ &= a^2E[X^2] - a^2E[X]^2 \ &= a^2(E[X^2] - E[X]^2) \ &= a^2Var[X] \end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$E[X] = \sum_{x} x P(X = x)$$

$$= \sum_{x} x \sum_{y} P(X = x | Y = y) P(Y = y)$$

$$= \sum_{x} \sum_{y} x P(X = x | Y = y) P(Y = y)$$

$$= \sum_{y} \sum_{x} x P(X = x | Y = y) P(Y = y)$$

$$= \sum_{y} E[X | Y = y] P(Y = y)$$

$$= E_{Y}[E_{X}[X | Y]]$$

(c)

$$egin{aligned} Var[X] &= E[X^2] - E[X]^2 \ &= E[E[X^2|Y]] - E[E[X|Y]]^2 \ &= E[E(X^2|Y) - E(X|Y)^2] + E[E(X|Y)^2] - E[E(X|Y)]^2 \ &= E[Var(X|Y)] + Var(E(X|Y)) \end{aligned}$$

3 Covariance and correlation

We will look at $\mathrm{Var}\left(\frac{X}{\sigma_Y}\pm\frac{Y}{\sigma_Y}\right)$. This is always non-negative, because a variance has to be non-negative. From the lecture we already know $\mathrm{Var}(aX)=a^2\mathrm{Var}(X)$ and $\mathrm{Cov}(aX,bY)=ab\mathrm{Cov}(X,Y)$ and $\mathrm{Var}(X+Y)=\mathrm{Var}(X)+\mathrm{Var}(Y)+2\mathrm{Cov}(X,Y)$. With this we get:

$$\begin{aligned} &\operatorname{Var}\left(\frac{X}{\sigma_{Y}}\pm\frac{Y}{\sigma_{Y}}\right) \\ =& \operatorname{Var}\left(\frac{X}{\sigma_{X}}\right) + \operatorname{Var}\left(\frac{Y}{\sigma_{Y}}\right) \pm 2\operatorname{Cov}\left(\frac{X}{\sigma_{X}},\frac{Y}{\sigma_{Y}}\right) \\ =& \frac{\operatorname{Var}(X)}{\sigma_{X}^{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{Var}(Y)}{\sigma_{Y}^{2}} \pm 2\frac{\operatorname{Cov}(X,Y)}{\sigma_{X}\sigma_{Y}} \\ =& 2 \pm 2\rho(X,Y) \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

This can be easily rearranged as:

$$-1 \le \rho(X,Y) \le +1$$

4 Correlation Between CO₂ levels and Earth's surface temperature

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import pandas as pd
In []: time=pd.read csv('monthly in situ co2 mlo.csv', skiprows=59, usecols=[3], de
        co2=pd.read csv('monthly in situ co2 mlo.csv', skiprows=59, usecols=[4], del
        co2=co2.to numpy()
        time=time.to_numpy()
        co2_annual=[]
        k=0
        count=0
        for idx,i in enumerate(time):
             if co2[idx]>0:
                k = co2[idx]
                count+=1
             if (idx%12==0) & (idx!=0):
                co2 annual.append(k/count)
                 k=0
                 count=0
        yr=np.linspace(1958,2022,65)
        temp=pd.read csv('temp.csv',skiprows=79,usecols=[13],delimiter=",")
        yr t=pd.read csv('temp.csv',skiprows=79,usecols=[0],delimiter=",")
        yr t=yr t.to numpy()
        temp=temp.to_numpy()
        temp=temp[:-1]
        yr t=yr t[:-1]
        for idx,i in enumerate(temp):
             temp[idx]=float(i)
```

```
In []: #variances
    def var(X):
        return np.sum((np.mean(X)-X)**2)/(len(X))
    temp_var=var(temp)
    co2_var=var(co2_annual)
    #covariance
    def cov(X,Y):
        return np.mean(X*Y)-np.mean(X)*np.mean(Y)
    co2_annual=np.asarray(co2_annual)
    corr=cov(co2_annual,temp)/(co2_var**0.5*temp_var**0.5)
    print(corr)
```

0.961713608600864

The correlation coefficient between annual CO₂ levels and temperature deviation is

$$\rho = \frac{\mathrm{COV}(T, CO_2)}{\sigma_T \sigma_{CO_2}} = 0.96$$

```
In []: ##temp vs co2 levels
    plt.scatter(temp,co2_annual,s=4)
    plt.xlabel("temperature deviation")
    plt.ylabel(r"CO$_2$ [ppm]")
    plt.title("Visualization of the correlation")
# plt.legend()
```

Out[]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Visualization of the correlation')

