eminarz: 2) Aflarca inversei unei matria (patratia) au t.e.

bef: spanen ou mátricea justation A ella ste:

a) inversabila, 2000 (3) A' # L' & Muller ar: A. K' = A'. A = In (2.1)

b) neoringulara, daca det A = IAI + 0 (2.2) (dace IAI =0 -> A - matrice singulara)

000

(0+141) = singulario A cas (-A(E)) = singulario (141+0)

Dem: din (2.1) aven : A. L-1 = In (=) det (A. A-1) = det In (=)

(=) det A. det A"= 1 (=) (add A do; det A"+0 (ii) det A" = att (1A") = th)

Sold (A.B) = det A. det B.

Sold In= L., White M.

complementi objet

(a) formula de dobrer a invoraci (le licen) etc: (2.5) $A^{-1} = \frac{1}{|A|} A^{+}$; $A^{+} = (A_{ij})_{ij=1,n}$

Pentre a debruina imorsa unei matrici patratica printe, aglica un urmatoral algoritu:

(A:In) ellips

@ aducen matricea & la forma Gaus-Zardan reduse, utilitànd 1.e. (adica facen primale , n, coloque, ale matricei , soloquele matricei unitate), adica:

 $\widetilde{A} = (\widetilde{A}, \widetilde{A}, \widetilde{$

3 Scien matricea inverse: 4-1

Ex: Determinate inversely (in court in con existe!) ale mont towards matrici:

(a) $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ withing $A = \begin{pmatrix} 11 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

bec: A= (-8 -8)

Next ficand (1): $A \cdot A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -1 \\ 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -5 \\ 1 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ (next fixed seef. (5.1))

 $= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(1-k)^{2}} + \sum$

0) A = (102) = 12 (100) - 12 (100) - (102) 100

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix}
1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 & -1/2 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 1/2 & 1/2
\end{pmatrix} \implies A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix}
-1 & -1 & -1 \\
0 & 1/2 & -1/2 \\
1 & 1/2 & 1/2
\end{pmatrix}$$

Obs: 1) on accessi matrice, dara incomin demental a33=-1 on a35=-3, aven.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

pirot and, un putare obtine ara alera traia co busant a matrici unitate 2 = A me ste (marcabile (B) A-1)

: wow, cur ion ab helwles with (3) AN ... N (0 012) => Tr = 2 < 3 (=) det to = = A un
one improp.

OPP:

- i) date matrices A ste inversabile (=) det A +0 (=) rang A = N (=) forma Gauss-Jordan a lui A va fi matrica unibete In (Acy = In) (e) on alg. Le mai sus obtinen inverse A' a métricu A;
- ii) dace matrices A me ate inversabile (as det 4 = 0 (=) rough to Ex < N (=) farme 6 J a I at in isolan ila suadon "" " ala start suito tag en un) ut assistan eta un A ind (2) aly de mai sus se apresto => (2) x";
- iii) dimonstratia algoritumbri de obfinere a inversei 4" en t.e. se face on ajubrul def. imersoi (2.1).

mu: date A-inversabile (21) (3) A-1. A = In (2)

Huni, numbinal la stayes mélicas estines à ou 4th, ablicani.

["A | NI) = (NI: 4 | A: 4) = (NI: 4) = A. 4

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & -3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 &$$

3) Resolvanea nistemelor de caratil liviare cu T.E. Metode ari Gauss

Un noten de ca. limine paracore (au "M" canatii vi "M" neacnocate) are forma

(out x + o 15 xx + + a mxn = pi (24) } 021 x1 + 022 x2 + + 024 x4 = p2 Const + amo 25+ + aming = pm

Hotom an: (a) A= (an an an and EMan) - matricea coeficientiber eicknishi Rinar

(an) \$\overline{A} \in (A \in B) = \begin{picture} and post of the contract of

(30) B = (b) \ (12) + M(R) - matrices (de tip coloans) a termeniller libri adapate retremed

(Started of sun in a (12) few " + 4) Ever (1)

ii) your : (p1=p= ---= pm=0 (A1p!=0 2 12 12) => mpt (5.1) we normaly omotion! (3) p: +0 '5=12" => wisy (5.11 vo manage recommodor)

as in sist. Quiar ourgen (biso, is tim) este intotalauna compatibil (are macar o

iii) matricial, met. (2.4) poste fi socie and forma: (2.4") A.X= B at X= (20) Ella,

in) mander, now have so some invatato in live so baseato pe colculal varyabie in a Evandri en alebornisaciji. Alg. de resolvare são:

OR advalate of in of

@ dace of @ 12 + 12 (as 2 x 2 2) => xxx. Oir out incompatibil

(3) TA = TE => mit. Eu. este compatibil (determinat son usde terminat)

a) 2= = 1 (m. de vecenosoute) => rich ste comp. de terminat (coluçõe quica) ji re

resolva an matada lui Cramer: $x_1 = \frac{b_1}{b}$; $x_2 = \frac{b_2}{\Delta}$, ..., $x_n = \frac{b_n}{\Delta}$ ($\Delta = da + A + 1$

W [= 1] < N as mist sole compatibile vada berminat (one o infinitable do soluti se madre ou natode lui Conner, pastand door constille principale si usuabiles principale (variabiles recurdant se trec in membral abopt all

(4) met, Qui Cramer implice lucuel ou determinanti (queci, f. multe calcula), de acrea vous presenta o voute netoda (a lui Gauss) basata pe transf. Dan. I mai ringle mult mai jutine calculat y case este bossato pe armo bossea boroma: I Transformante elementare, aplicate asupre matricci extinse à abaçate cami n'étem de comatili limier, un modifice solution (li) nistemblui (mosent u con assorba File A matrices attages to rich lin (24) Aplicant to be it town obtine a route matrice A'care
fil a consequence un non ristem linear (24) and obtained to (24) faction are Jacobani robehi a (2.4) =: (2.6) - I v.... NT' - (2.4) on ander so culi Mctoda Ori Gauss (alg. de acom) O Soview matrices octives Tak (A:B) associate mit. Pin. (2.4) @ Aplican t. e. gentra a aduca natricea extinca To la (una dis) forma Gauss-Jordan (in everydificace de mai for, se adua la forma G-F reduce (conoccies)), adica: As (and ---- and by) 6 0 --- 0 germ --- gen (pr 00---- 0 ann --- an ba 100----0 0----0 180 validable point variable seaular Matrices extince Fez & consequence and vister liniar (24) of (24) of (24) of Germa! (2.4') $\begin{array}{c}
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\chi_{2} + & \alpha_{2} \chi_{1} \chi_{1} + \cdots + \alpha_{2m}^{2} \chi_{m} = b_{2} \\
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& \chi_{4} + \alpha_{1}^{2} \chi_{2} + \cdots + \alpha_{2m}^{2} \chi_{m} = b_{2} \\
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& \chi_{5} + \alpha_{1}^{2} \chi$ (xex) xxxx - 1xx - variab. principale 0 = 6m 3 Daca: @ bon= = 60=0, atma not (24) (dea is sist initial (2.4)) este competitivil on soluția (acrean variabiled se cumbers (ER, m, read care one) (3) bito, i= 41, m, atuni rist, lin. (2.4) (docini (2.4)) at incompatibile (un one solutive)

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Exemple: Doobleti most liviare unitatione ar metada bui Gauss in società solution (on "
                                         coult in care exists:
  a) \begin{cases} 3x^{1} - 3x^{2} + 93x^{2} = -3 \\ 3x^{1} + 52x^{2} - 5x^{2} = 1 \end{cases}
                                                                                                                                                                                                year your was see.
  Dom: 21 25 23
     (=) \{ \frac{\pi_1 = -\pi_3}{\pi_2 = 2 + \pi_3} \quad (=) \\ \frac{\pi_2 = 2 + \pi_3}{\pi_3 = \pi_4 \in \pi} \\ \frac{\pi_2 = 2 + \pi_4}{\pi_3 = \pi_4 \in \pi} \\ \frac{-\pi_1 \text{sign}}{\pi_4 \text{sign}} \\ \frac{\pi_5 \text{sign}}{\pi_5 \text{sign}} \\ \f
  \rho \bigg) \quad \begin{cases} x^{1} + 5x^{2} + \alpha^{2} & \forall \\ x^{2} - 5\alpha^{2} & = -1 \end{cases}
                                                                                                                                                                       \begin{cases} x^{n} - 5x^{2} = -1 \\ x^{2} - 5x^{2} = -1 \\ x^{3} - 5x^{2} = -1 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x^{n} - 5x^{2} = -1 \\ x^{2} - 5x^{2} = -1 \\ x^{2} + 5x^{2} = 2 \end{cases}
                                                                                                  ( 3/14230E +3/9=4
                                                                                                            X2-2×3=-1
                   E = 200 + 100 x 100 100
                                                                                                  (29 13 25 - 23 = 3
                                                                                           1 x = 6-5d Fearpoon
            Was: when interest formand liber at add de-at train 20. b3=3 are b3=2 ( path fi onice value
                                 hopy, atime un mon system levelar en matricea extinté:
          A = ( 1 2 1 -2 | -1 ) - ( 2 1 | 4 ) ( 60) ~ ( 1 2 1 | 4 ) ( 50) ~ ( 0 0 5 | 6 ) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60) ~ ( 60
 L) (2x, +x=-x=+3x, =3
                15/ -25 +55x8 = 5/4 0-2
                                                                                                                                                                                                   1.520.
                 (40, - 52 + 523 + 04 = -7
\begin{cases} x^{n} = b \in \mathbb{R} \\ x^{n} = x \in \mathbb{R} \\ x^{n} = x \in \mathbb{R} \\ x^{n} = x \in \mathbb{R} \end{cases} > n \cdot \text{base}.
          S= {(x,1-5x-58,-2-3x-28,8) | x,8 eiz} - mult sol nit. Car.
     055 g- pt-. (47 b3 € 1217-73 - mist. Laure incompetitible ( withing ex. devine 0=8, on 840)
                   fre part dosono no nea se a trice ec, est o onul lie, a primeter dout (Es= E(+2E2)
                                                                                   => A= (2 +2 -1 +3 /2) ~ (0 0 -3 -13 /2) ~ (0 0 -3 -13 /2) ~ (0 0 -3 -13 /2) ~ (0 0 -3 -13 /2)
9) (x1+x5+ x2=8
        $20, 420g - 00g = -3
           -21 +325 +303= 1
                                                                                                        soluție mire
                                                                                                                                                                               (3/3 = 3/3)
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