

Statistics for each radiotracer concerning in situ carcinoma detection, in the total group of patients studied and in the subgroup that underwent both examinations (double phase study)

	^{99m} Tc-(V)DMSA radiotracer		^{99m} Tc-Sestamibi radiotracer	
	Head-to-head patients (45/102)	Total patients (72/102)	Head-to-head patients (45/102)	Total patients (75/102)
Sensitivity	92%	95%	42%	46%
Specificity	91%	77%	94%	90%
Accuracy	91%	82%	80%	83%
Positive predictive value	79%	60%	71%	50%
Negative predictive value	97%	98%	82%	89%

^{99m}Tc-(V)DMSA, technetium-99m pentavalent dimercaptosuccinic acid; ^{99m}Tc-Sestamibi (^{99m}Tc-MIBI), technetium-99m 2-methoxy isobutyl isonitrile.