SECTION C — CHEMISTRY; METALLURGY

- C10 PETROLEUM, GAS OR COKE INDUSTRIES; TECHNICAL GASES CONTAINING CARBON MONOXIDE; FUELS; LUBRICANTS; PEAT
- C10J PRODUCTION OF GASES CONTAINING CARBON MONOXIDE AND HYDROGEN FROM SOLID CARBONACEOUS MATERIALS BY PARTIAL OXIDATION PROCESSES INVOLVING OXYGEN OR STEAM (underground gasification of minerals E21B 43/295); CARBURETTING AIR OR OTHER GASES [5]

1 /00	Durch sting of first game by anything single states	2/20 - American Plants [4, 2000 04]
1/00	Production of fuel gases by carburetting air or other gases (for internal-combustion engines	3/20 • Apparatus; Plants [1, 2006.01]
	F02M) [1, 2006.01]	3/22 • • • Arrangements or dispositions of valves or flues [1, 2006.01]
1/02	• Carburetting air [1, 2006.01]	3/24 • • • to permit flow of gases or vapours other tha
1/04	• • Controlling supply of air [1, 2006.01]	upwardly through the fuel bed [1, 2006.01]
1/06	with materials which are liquid at ordinary	3/26 • • • • downwardly [1, 2006.01]
	temperatures [1, 2006.01]	3/28 • • • • fully automatic [1, 2006.01]
1/08	• • • by passage of air through or over the surface of	3/30 • • • Fuel charging devices [1, 2006.01]
	the liquid [1, 2006.01]	3/32 • • • Devices for distributing fuel evenly over the
1/10	• • • with the liquid absorbed on	bed for stirring-up the fuel bed [1, 2006.01]
	carriers [1, 2006.01]	3/34 • • • Grates; Mechanical ash-removing
1/12	• • • by atomisation of the liquid [1, 2006.01]	devices [1, 2006.01]
1/14	• • • Controlling the supply of liquid in accordance	3/36 • • • • Fixed grates [1, 2006.01]
1 /10	with the air supply [1, 2006.01]	3/38 • • • • with stirring beams [1, 2006.01]
1/16	 with solid hydrocarbons (C10J 1/207, C10J 1/213 take precedence) [1, 2006.01] 	3/40 • • • • Movable grates [1, 2006.01]
1/18	• in rotary carburettors [1, 2006.01]	3/42 • • • • Rotary grates [1, 2006.01]
1/10	• Carburetting gases other than air [1, 2006.01]	3/44 • • • adapted for use on vehicles [1, 2006.01]
1/207	Carburetting gases other than all [1, 2000.01] Carburetting by pyrolysis of solid carbonaceous	• Gasification of granular or pulverulent fuels in
1/20/	material in a fuel bed (C10J 3/66 takes	suspension [1, 2006.01]
	precedence) [2012.01]	3/48 • • Apparatus; Plants [1, 2006.01]
1/213	Carburetting by pyrolysis of solid carbonaceous	3/50 • • • Fuel charging devices [1, 2006.01]
	material in a carburettor [2012.01]	3/52 • • • Ash-removing devices [1, 2006.01]
1/22	Adding materials to prevent vapour	 3/54 • Gasification of granular or pulverulent fuels by the Winkler technique, i.e. by fluidisation [1, 2006.0]
	deposition [1, 2006.01]	3/56 • • • Apparatus; Plants [1, 2006.01]
1/24	Controlling humidity of the air or gas to be	3/57 • Gasification using molten salts or metals (C10J 3/02
1 /20	carburetted [1, 2006.01]	C10J 3/46 take precedence) [4, 2006.01]
1/26	 using raised temperatures or pressures (C10J 1/207, C10J 1/213 take precedence) [1, 2006.01] 	3/58 • combined with pre-distillation of the
1/28	• Odorising air gas [1, 2006.01]	fuel [1, 2006.01]
1/20	Odonsing an gas [1, 2000.01]	3/60 • • Processes [1, 2006.01]
3/00	Production of gases containing carbon monoxide and	3/62 • • • with separate withdrawal of the distillation
	hydrogen, e.g. synthesis gas or town gas, from solid	products [1, 2006.01]
	carbonaceous materials by partial oxidation	3/64 • • with decomposition of the distillation
	processes involving oxygen or steam [1, 2006.01]	products [1, 2006.01]
3/02	• Fixed-bed gasification of lump fuel [1, 2006.01]	3/66 • • • • by introducing them into the gasification zone [1, 2006.01]
3/04	 Cyclic processes, e.g. alternate blast and run [1, 2006.01] 	3/72 • Other features [1, 2006.01]
3/06	 Continuous processes [1, 2006.01] 	3/74 • Construction of shells or jackets [1, 2006.01]
3/08	• • with ash-removal in liquid state [1, 2006.01]	3/76 • • • Water jackets; Steam boiler jackets [1, 2006.01]
3/10	• • • using external heating [1, 2006.01]	3/78 • High-pressure apparatus [1, 2006.01]
3/12	• • using solid heat-carriers [1, 2006.01]	3/80 • • with arrangements for preheating the blast or the
3/14	• • using gaseous heat-carriers [1, 2006.01]	water vapour [1, 2006.01]
3/16	• • simultaneously reacting oxygen and water with	3/82 • • Gas withdrawal means [1, 2006.01]
5, 10	the carbonaceous material [1, 2006.01]	3/84 • • • with means for removing dust or tar from the
3/18	• • • using electricity [1, 2006.01]	gas [1, 2006.01]
		3/86 • • combined with waste-heat boilers [1, 2006.01]

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