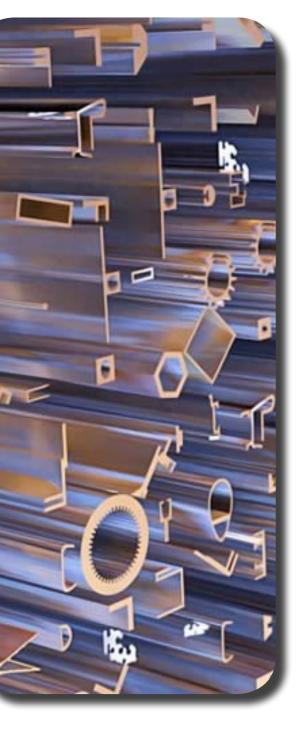
## **SARAY**®



# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for

## Anodized Aluminium Profiles

#### **Programme:**

The International EPD\* System www.environdec.com

#### **Programme Operator:**

EPD International AB

#### **Local Operator:**

**EPD Turkey** 

#### S-P Code:

S-P-4085

#### **Publication Date:**

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03-09-2026







## Programme Information

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Product Category Rules (PCR): 2019:14 Version 1.11, 2021-02-05, Construction Products and CPC 54 Construction Services, EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019 Sustainability of Construction Works

Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006:

EPD process certification

EPD verification X

Third party verifier: Prof. Vladimír Kocí

Approved by: The International EPD System

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

Yes No X

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804.



## About the Company

Since 1980, Saray Aluminium has been playing a major role in the construction of future architectural buildings with its leading and innovative interior & exterior construction solutions.

Saray manufactures aluminium door&window, curtain wall (facade) and handrail systems, aluminium composite panel, PVC door&window systems, shutter systems, various types of industrial profiles for the sectors such as machinery, lighting, elevator etc. and standard section profiles in various shapes and sizes.

Saray is among the first Turkey's Top 200 Industrial Enterprises and exports %55 of total production more than 60 countries in Europe, Asia, Africa; with its high export amounts Saray receives the "Export Stars of Turkey" award in every year.



Saray Aluminium has CE, ISO 9001, ISO 14001 Qualanod, Qualicoat, TS EN 755, TS EN 12020, SEPRO and GOST-R quality certificates. Saray is a fully integrated enterprise with its aluminium powder coating, aluminium anodizing, extrusion, casting, aluminium composite panel and pvc extrusion, shutter production facilities. With a total of 100.000 sqm covered area, production facilities are located in Cerkezkoy/Tekirdag and Gunesli/Istanbul.



## Product Information

Anodized aluminium Profiles are mainly made of 99.7% purity of raw aluminium blocks. Aluminium profiles can be produced as standard or custom design.

All products groups may also contain other raw materials such as silicon, magnesium etc..

Saray products are also certified to local and international standards. Saray is an integrated enterprise with its with foundry, casting, extrusion anodizing and powder coating facilities.

Raw Material	%
Aluminium Ingot, kg	90-99
Magnesium, kg	0-3
Silicon, kg	0-3
Agents and chemicals, kg	2-7

Saray can operate in profile production of architectural systems as well as industrial profiles, automotive profiles, machinery-manufacturing profiles, heating and cooling profiles, ship and aircraft industries.

The UN CPC code of the product is 42532, bars, rods and profiles, of aluminium.

#### **Technical Specifications**

Propoerties	Unit	Value
Density	gr/cm³	2.5 - 2.7
Melting Range	°C	585 - 650
Thermal Conductivity	W/mK	200 - 220
Thermal Expansion	10 <sup>-6</sup> /K	23.2 - 23.4
Elastic Modulus	MPa	69500
Modulus of Rapture	MPa	26100

## LCA Informations

**Declared Unit** 1 kg of Anodized Aluminium Profile **Time Representativeness** 2020

Database(s) and LCA Software Used Ecoinvent 3.6, SimaPro 9.1

The inventory for the LCA study is based on the 2020 production figures for Anodized Aluminium Profile by SARAY production plants in Çerkezköy, Turkey.

This EPD's system boundary is cradle to grave. The results of the LCA with the indicators as per EPD requirement are given in the following tables for product manufacture (A1, A2, A3), construction process stage (A4), end of life stage (C1, C2, C3, C4) and benefits and load stage (D).

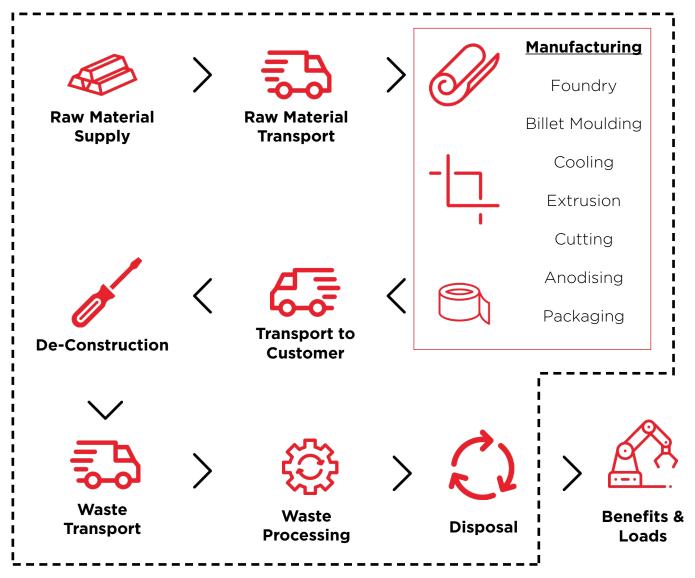
The system boundaries in tabular form for all modules are shown in the table above.

F	Produc Stage		Constr Prod Sta	cess	Use End of Life Stage Stage					Benefits and Loads						
Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational Energy Use	Operational Water Use	Deconstruction, demolition	Transport	Waste Processing	Disposal	Future reuse, recycling or energy recovery potentials
A1	A2	A3	Α4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	×	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	X	X	X	X	X

X = Included in LCA, ND = Not Declared



## System Boundary



----- System Boundary

#### A1: Raw Material Supply

Production for each product starts with mainly locally sourced but some transported from other parts of the world. 'Raw material supply' includes raw material extraction and pretreatment processes before production.

#### **A2: Raw Material Transport**

Transport is relevant for delivery of raw materials and other materials to the plant and the transport of materials within the plant. Transport of raw materials to production site is taken as the weight average values for transport from raw materials supplier in 2020.

#### A3: Manufacturing

Aluminium profile production starts with foundry of billets by melting down raw aluminium blocks and continuous with extrusion, cooling and cutting for the desired length. Electricity and natural gas are consumed at aluminium profile production proses. Extruded profiles go into powder coating or anodising processes according to the customer demand.

#### **A4: Transport to Customer**

Transport of final product to construction site is taken as the weight average values for transport to customers in 2020. The product shipment distance is calculated according to the domestic and international sales rates over the assumed distances. It has been accepted as an average of 500 km by road for domestic and 2000 km by sea for abroad.

#### C1: Deconstruction and Demolition

For deconstruction stage, 0.239 MJ electricity use per kg of material was assumed (Gervasio et al., 2018).

#### C2: Transport

This stage includes the transportation of the discarded conductors to final disposal. Average distance from demolition site to waste processing site for final disposal is assumed to be 100 km.

#### **C3: Waste Processing**

Wastes can be recycled directly or disposed of according to different scenarios. No process is needed.

#### C4: Disposal

Disposal is the final stage of product life. Aluminium profiles end up at recycling plant after construction and demolition as their final fate and modelled as such for this EPD. It is assumed that only 5% of the products send to the landfill.

#### **D**: Benefits and Loads

It is assumed that 95% of the waste goes to recycling and recycling efficiency ratio was assumed to be 76%.



## More Information

#### **Allocations**

Water consumption, energy consumption and raw material transportation were weighted according to 2020 production figures.

In addition, hazardous and non-hazardous waste amounts were also allocated from the 2020 total waste generation.

#### **Cut-Off Criteria**

1% cut-off applied. Data for elementary flows to and from the product system contributing to a minimum of 99% of the declared environmental impacts have been included.

#### **REACH Regulation**

No substances included in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization under the REACH regulations are present in this product either above the threshold for registration with the European Chemicals Agency or above 0.1% (wt/wt).

#### LCA Modelling, Calculation and Data Quality

The results of the LCA with the indicators as per EPD requirement are given in the LCA result tables. All energy calculations were obtained using Cumulative Energy Demand (LHV) methodology, while fresh water use is calculated with selected inventory flows in SimaPro according to the PCR.

There are no co-product allocations within the LCA study underlying this EPD.

The SimaPro 9.1 LCA software and the Ecoinvent 3.6 LCA database were used to calculate the environmental impacts. The regional energy datasets were used for all energy calculations.

#### **Geographical Scope**

The geographical scope of this EPD is global.





## LCA Results

## Environmental Impacts

Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
GWP - Fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	9.70	0.029	0.039	0.009	0	0.002	-6.55		
GWP - Biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	0.019	10E-6	357E-6	7E-6	0	0.003	-0.013		
GWP - Luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	0.186	13E-6	373E-6	3E-6	0	2E-6	-0.134		
GWP - Total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	9.91	0.029	0.040	0.009	0	0.006	-6.69		
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq	766E-9	6.54E-9	1.10E-9	2.14E-9	0	238E-12	-511E-9		
AP	mol H+ eq	0.076	424E-6	257E-6	28.0E-6	0	14.0E-6	-0.052		
EP - Freshwater	kg P eq	0.004	2E-6	41E-6	644E-9	0	685E-9	-0.002		
*EP - Freshwa- ter	kg PO₄ eq	0.011	5.29E-6	126E-6	1.97E-6	0	2E-6	-0.007		
EP - Marine	kg N eq	0.010	103E-6	41.8E-6	6.26E-6	0	9.8E-6	-0.007		
EP - Terrestrial	mol N eq	0.103	0.001	379E-6	68.5E-6	0	36.7E-6	-0.069		
POCP	kg NMVOC	0.034	314E-6	104E-6	26.9E-6	0	11.6E-6	-0.023		
ADPE	kg Sb eq	51.4E-6	394E-9	94.2E-9	155E-9	0	15.9E-9	-30.1E-6		
ADPF	MJ	95.6	0.427	0.430	0.141	0	0.029	-62.4		
WDP	m³ depriv.	3.50	0.001	0.018	459E-6	0	0.001	-1.67		
PM	disease inc.	1.02E-6	1.88E-9	1.10E-9	766E-12	0	190E-12	-636E-9		
IR	kBq U-235 eq	1.05	0.002	0.001	0.001	0	172E-6	-0.706		
ETP - FW	CTUe	278	318E-3	376E-3	113E-3	0	31.0	-192		
HTTP - C	CTUh	27.3E-9	11.9E-12	6.90E-12	2.73E-12	0	1.86E-12	-19.0E-9		
HTTP - NC	CTUh	392E-9	322E-12	333E-12	124E-12	0	55E-12	-277E-9		
SQP	Pt	18.8	0.343	0.025	0.162	0	0.037	-11.1		
Acronyms										
Legend	A1: Raw Materia A4: Transport t Disposal, D: Be	o Site, C1: [	e-Constru	ction, C2: W	Vaste Trans	port, C				
Disclaimer 1	This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.									
Disclaimer 2	The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.									
*Disclaimer 3	EP-freshwater: racterization m http://eplca.jrc.	odel. (EUT	REND mod	del, Struijs e	et al, 2009b					

### Resource Use

Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	С3	C4	D		
PERE	MJ	66.9	4.53E-3	103E-3	1.78E-3	0	1.71E-3	-47.0	-905E-6		
PERM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
PERT	MJ	66.9	4.53E-3	103E-3	1.78E-3	0	1.71E-3	-47.0	-905E-6		
PENRE	MJ	95.6	427E-3	430E-3	141E-3	0	29.4E-3	-62.4	-0.069		
PENRM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
PENRT	MJ	95.6	427E-3	430E-3	141E-3	0	29.4E-3	-62.4	-0.069		
SM	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
FW	m³	0.057	72.5E-6	164E-6	29.4E-6	0	23.6E-6	-0.036	-3.49E-6		
Acronyms	PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PERM: Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PERT: Total use of renewable primary energy, PENRE: Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding resources used as raw materials, PENRM: Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials, PENRT: Total use of non-renewable primary energy, SM: Secondary material, RSF: Renewable secondary fuels, NRSF: Non-renewable secondary fuels, FW: Net use of fresh water.										
Legend	A4: Transport t	A1: Raw Material Supply, A2: Transport, A3: Manufacturing, A1-A3: Sum of A1, A2, and A3, A4: Transport to Site, C1: De-Construction, C2: Waste Transport, C3: Waste Processing, C4: Disposal, D: Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundary.									

## Output Flows

Impact Category	Unit	A1-A3	Α4	A5	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D	
HWD	kg	0.018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NHWD	kg	0.084	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RWD	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
EE (Electrical)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
EE (Thermal)	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Acronyms	HWD: Hazardous waste disposed, NHWD: Non-hazardous waste disposed, RWD: Radioactive waste disposed, CRU: Components for reuse, MFR: Material for recycling, MER: Materials for energy recovery, EE (Electrical): Exported energy electrical, EE (Thermal): Exported energy, Thermal.									
Legend	A1: Raw Material Supply, A2: Transport, A3: Manufacturing, A1-A3: Sum of A1, A2, and A3, A4: Transport to Site, C1: De-Construction, C2: Waste Transport, C3: Waste Processing, C4: Disposal, D: Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundary.									



## References

/GPI/ General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System. Version 4.0.

/EN ISO 9001/ Quality Management Systems - Requirements

/EN ISO 14001/ Environmental Management Systems - Requirements

/EN ISO 50001/ Energy Management Systems - Requirements

/ISO 14020:2000/ Environmental Labels and Declarations — General principles

/EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/ Sustainability of construction works - Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

/ISO 14025/ DIN EN ISO 14025:2009-11: Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

/ISO 14040/44/ DIN EN ISO 14040:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework (ISO14040:2006) and Requirements and guidelines (ISO 14044:2006)

/PCR for Construction Products and CPC 54 Construction Services/ Prepared by IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute, Swedish Environmental Protection Agency, SP Trä, Swedish Wood Preservation Institute, Swedisol, SCDA, Svenskt Limträ AB, SSAB, The International EPD System, 2019:14 Version 1.11 DATE 2019-12-20

/The International EPD\* System/ The International EPD\* System is a programme for type III environmental declarations, maintaining a system to verify and register EPD\*s as well as keeping a library of EPD\*s and PCRs in accordance with ISO 14025. www.environdec.com

/Ecoinvent / Ecoinvent Centre, www.ecoinvent.org

/SimaPro/ SimaPro LCA Software, Pré Consultants, the Netherlands, www.pre-sustainability.com



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Programme

Programme

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