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November 2, 2018 07:00 AM GMT

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European Banks | Europe

Autumn AT1 Primer — Extension and Par Calls

Extension is the key risk for the AT1, but fears here have caused some low-reset bonds to be oversold, we believe. Coupon risk remains low and trigger is immaterial, in our view, in an age of resolution. Early par call risk is far more relevant, considering Brexit and the CRR2.

Spread widening has sharpened focus on extension risk as issuer call options for AT1 issued in the tights of 2017 and early 2018 begin to look out of the money. Our expectation is that issuers will make economic decisions at call dates, so extension risk is real. However, as published in Perpetuity Is Not Forever, September 10, 2018, we do see value in some high-quality, low reset bonds with clear extension risk. In our view, these look oversold, considering we believe it's more appropriate to value non-called AT1 to the second call date, or third at the very latest, rather than to perpetuity. The strong credit quality of the issuers gives us comfort on limited further downside, even as the credit markets remain under pressure.

MDA-linked coupon risks remain low for European banks: Eurozone bank coupon risk fell sharply at the start of 2017 when Pillar 2 was split into the Requirement, which is relevant for MDA levels, and Guidance, which is not. Since then, capital levels have remained robust, with coupon risk only really gaining attention when large fines are speculated about. It is a similar story for UK, Swiss, and Scandinavian banks despite differing MDA methodologies. ADI risk is also manageable for most issuers – DB has the lowest coverage but should benefit from Postbank integration, and later, from the CRR2.

Trigger risk is remote outside of resolution, given both bank CET1 levels and current capital requirements. The average AT1 issuer has a buffer of €12.6 billion (or 9.7% of RWAs) to its respective trigger, meaning losses would have to be significant to cause a trigger event. However, with bank Pillar 1 and 2R/2A requirements typically higher than the trigger level, we expect banks to enter resolution before the trigger is hit.

The emergence of early par call risk makes us nervous about high cash price bonds: Regulatory par calls could become possible depending on the timeline for CRR2 as non-EU law bonds without contractual recognition of bail-in will lose capital eligibility upon its implementation. While our base case is some delay in the application of this particular clause, the European Parliament's position of full implementation in January 2020 creates risk. Tax par call optionality is a risk for Italian, Portuguese, Danish, and Spanish AT1, in our view. While we appreciate that tax par calls may be initially unlikely, the threat, or even an issuer affirming it has the option, could cause sharp sell-offs in high cash price bonds.

MORGAN STANLEY & CO. INTERNATIONAL PLC+

Joe Hopkins

STRATEGIST

Joe.Hopkins@morganstanley.com +44 20 7677-0406

Jackie Ineke

STRATEGIST

Jackie.Ineke@morganstanley.com +41 44 588-1007

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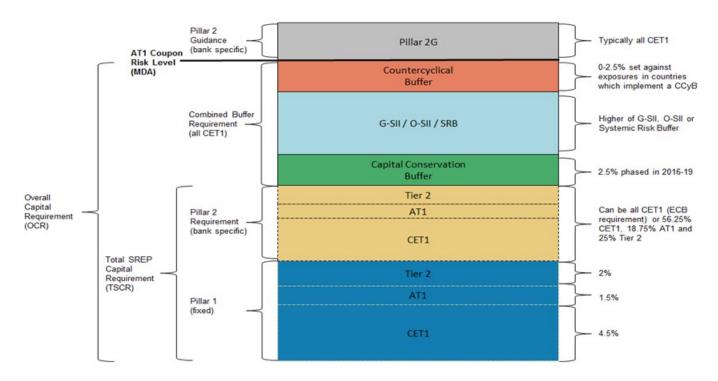
Coupon risk – Still low

Coupon risk is the risk that a bank is unable to – or decides not to – make a coupon payment on AT1, which we covered in our last AT1 primer. AT1 coupons are fully discretionary and, while we think that it is in a bank's interests to pay them, the distributions must be switched off if a bank falls below its minimum capital requirements – known as the Maximum Distributable Amount (MDA) level. In addition, AT1 prospectuses specify that banks must have sufficient Available Distributable Items (ADI) to pay a coupon – if a bank's distributable items are not large enough to cover an AT1 coupon payment, then it cannot be paid.

Bank capital requirements

The diagram below shows a bank's capital requirements. These are all set as a percentage of risk-weighted assets (RWAs). Hence, if you have a capital requirement of 4.5%, and have €100 billion of RWAs, then you'll need to have issued €4.5 billion of capital. Capital comes in the form of equity (CET1), additional Tier 1 (AT1) and Tier 2. Regulatory capital requirements encompass all three forms of capital, but the market tends to focus on the CET1 requirement only, with one reason being that this is what the ECB, the supervisor of eurozone banks, focuses on most. Banks outside the eurozone have national regulators which set the variable parts of their capital requirements, such as the PRA in the UK or the respective FSAs in Denmark, Norway and Sweden.

Capital requirements showing AT1 coupon risk level



Source: CRR, CRD4, ECB, EBA documents, Morgan Stanley Research

Pillar 1 requirements must be filled first: For EU banks, Pillar 1 is set at 8%, with a minimum of 4.5% being CET1, 1.5% AT1 and 2% Tier 2. Theoretically, a bank could fill all 8% with CET1, but this would be inefficient – debt capital is typically cheaper than equity and increasing equity levels is dilutive to shareholders.

Pillar 2 requirements sit on top of Pillar 1: Once Pillar 1 is met, a bank uses its remaining capital to fill Pillar 2. These requirements are bank-specific and the national supervisor has discretion in setting Pillar 2 requirements, according to EU rules. Pillar 2 is split into Pillar 2 requirements (P2R), which is disclosed and relevant for AT1 distributions, and Pillar 2 guidance (P2G). EU rules allow Pillar 2 to be set with a mix of CET1, AT1 and Tier 2, but the ECB requires it to be filled solely with CET1, for eurozone banks.

Buffers are then stacked on Pillar 2 requirements: Together, the buffers are known as the Combined Buffer Requirement (CBR). The CBR must be met with CET1 and sits on top of P2R. All EU banks must meet a Capital Conservation Buffer of 2.5%, phased in to 2019 (1.875% in 2018). Next are buffers linked to the systemic importance of a bank, with banks having to meet the higher of G-SII, O-SII and Systemic Risk Buffer. Finally, the Countercyclical Buffer is a financial stability tool set by national authorities, up to a maximum of 2.5%, against a bank's exposure in that country to reflect risks linked to the domestic economic cycle.

Pillar 2 guidance sits on top of Pillar 1, Pillar 2R and CBR: This is the second part of a bank's Pillar 2, and is typically not communicated to the market and crucially for AT1 it does not count towards the MDA level. The supervisor would take action if this is not met, but the market may not even know that this is the case since P2G is generally not disclosed.

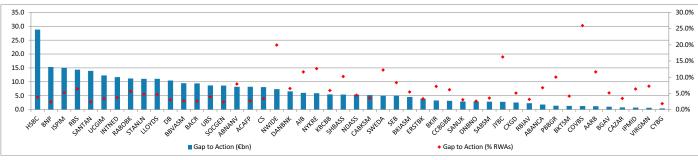
Comfortable distance to MDA

Eurozone banks must remain above their Combined Buffer Requirement at all times:

This is the MDA level, and if a bank falls below it then a calculation is made determining how much can be paid out as an AT1 coupon (full details here).

The risk of breaching the MDA level is low for most European banks. The average AT1 issuer has a buffer of €6.6 billion above their MDA level, equal to 6.3% of RWAs. The lowest buffer is CYBG at 1.8%, which is equal to just £0.4 billion – however, the issuer has recently announced that it has received IRB accreditation from the PRA, which it estimates would improve pro forma 2Q18 CET1 by 390bp. Away from this, the next lowest are BNP and Santander at 2.3% and SocGen at 2.4%, however in € terms the headroom is large – at €15.3 billion, €13.9 billion and €8.6 billion, respectively.

Exhibit 1: Gap to action (MDA)



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

National variations of MDA:

- **UK banks** have MDA requirements similar to those of eurozone banks, consisting of Pillar 1, Pillar 2A and the combined buffer requirement.
- Scandi bank MDA levels exclude Pillar 2 requirements, true for Norwegian, Swedish
 and Danish banks (but not Nordea now it has moved to the eurozone). We expect
 this to be reviewed in future, but at present it boosts headroom to MDA levels,
 particularly in Sweden and Norway where Pillar 2 levels are far higher than the rest
 of Europe.
- Swiss banks have different capital requirements to the rest of Europe due to the Swiss Finish. However, the MDA levels are linked to Basel 3 requirements and so only include Pillar 1 and buffer requirements.

Healthy ADI coverage

Banks require sufficient ADIs to pay their AT1 coupons, and we last published on the health of bank ADIs in our 2018 ADI review. Each ADI prospectus contains a reference to ADI as this is a CRR requirement, but there are different national and bank-level interpretations, making comparisons challenging. However, the consequences of breaching it are the same across all EU banks – insufficient ADIs can place an automatic stopper on coupons.

To generalise, ADIs are retained earnings — losses, dividends and stock buybacks reduce it while positive net income increases it. It is calculated at the solo unconsolidated level of the issuance entity, which is typically only published once a year. The lack of disclosure on ADIs caused investors concern in February 2016 when Deutsche's low headroom triggered a sell-off in the AT1 market.

ADI coverage is healthy for most European banks: ADI figures are calculated at least annually by banks - some banks report these more frequently, but we take the FY17 figures for consistency. AT1 coupons have substantial ADI coverage across most European banks - the lowest figure is at Deutsche, where AT1 coupons are 3.4x covered. We discussed Deutsche's ADIs at length in the recent ADI review — German and Austrian banks suffer from having to use local GAAP, which results in much lower ADIs than under IFRS. The integration of Postbank should help Deutsche's FY18 ADI figure, while proposed definition changes in CRR2 should provide relief for all German and Austrian banks if these are adopted - but at the very earliest, this would count for April 2020 coupons, we believe.

Exhibit 2: ADI and AT1 coupon coverage

Ticker	ADI FY17	AT1 Coupons	AT1	Tieken	ADI FY 17	AT1 Coupons	AT1
licker	€m	€m	Coverage	Ticker	€m	€m	Coverage
DB	1.09	0.32	3.4	SEB	6.76	0.08	79.8
VIRGMN	0.29	0.04	7.7	SWEDA	5.31	0.06	85.3
BACR	7.63	0.97	7.9	BNP	33.03	0.37	90.3
CAZAR	0.22	0.02	8.9	DANBNK	16.22	0.17	93.7
CABKSM	2.24	0.13	16.8	RBS	43.14	0.41	105.0
LLOYDS	9.64	0.57	16.9	BKIASM	8.52	0.08	110.8
SOCGEN	13.47	0.69	19.4	NWIDE	8.69	0.08	110.9
BBVASM	10.28	0.50	20.8	IPMID	1.20	0.01	111.3
RBIAV	1.40	0.06	22.5	BKIR	6.50	0.06	117.5
AARB	0.58	0.02	25.5	RABOBK	25.38	0.21	119.9
HSBC	31.77	1.17	27.0	SANTAN	56.70	0.45	127.3
CYBG	1.14	0.04	27.7	PBBGR	2.20	0.02	127.5
ERSTBK	2.20	0.08	28.6	SHBASS	7.14	0.06	129.9
SABSM	2.13	0.07	29.0	AIB	5.01	0.04	135.8
STANLN	12.68	0.31	40.6	NYKRE	4.29	0.03	137.3
ABANCA	0.79	0.02	42.1	ABNANV	18.00	0.11	171.4
UCGIM	14.92	0.34	44.2	BGAV	2.90	0.02	193.3
COVBS	1.32	0.03	45.4	DNBNO	15.65	0.08	195.0
SANUK	4.77	0.10	47.1	CCBGBB	3.54	0.02	195.3
KBCBB	6.42	0.12	52.9	NDASS	25.28	0.13	200.3
ACAFP	25.70	0.39	66.1	BKTSM	3.51	0.02	203.2
CXGD	1.80	0.03	67.0	INTNED	42.94	0.18	234.2
ISPIM	23.00	0.30	77.1	JYBC	3.47	0.01	487.2

Source: Bloomberg, company data, Morgan Stanley Research; AT1 coverage = ADI/AT1 coupons.

Mindful of par call risk

The three key risks specific to AT1s are traditionally extension risk, coupon risk and trigger risk. However, early par call risk is now clear for many AT1s. We have received some pushback here, and we appreciate the argument that banks would not want to risk alienating investors by exercising par calls. To be clear, we think that the likelihood of banks exercising **tax par call** options is low at current high cash prices, but it would only take one tax par call or even the threat of such a call to move prices of above-par bonds - in turn making them more likely to be par called, or LMEd slightly above par.

With **reg par calls**, our base case is delayed implementation of the relevant CRR2 requirements, but with the nearest proposed implementation date of January 1, 2020, the risk of reg par calls makes us nervous about high cash price bonds. These have limited upside in any case in our view, given our broader caution on bank credit spreads, and when you overlay the downside potential for being called at par then we'd prefer holding bonds closer to, or below, par.

Regulatory par calls

CRR2 could create reg par call risk for non-EU law AT1, and those with no waiver of set-off rights: The final draft of CRR2 is being negotiated between the European Council and Parliament, and both agree on the structural requirements AT1 must have to count as regulatory capital. However, they disagree on timing; the Council proposes application of such rules six years from implementation of the broader CRR2 (taking us to mid-2025), while Parliament wants full implementation of some of these requirements from January 1, 2020. Although the date remains to be negotiated, with hoped-for conclusion by the end of this year, our estimate of implementation would be mid-way between the 'best case' of mid-2025 and the worst case of ineligibility at January 1, 2020. We expect extension risk to be limited for bonds with call dates before the implementation date, with the pending loss in capital value incentivising issuer calls, possibly coupled with soft pressure from the regulator.

Non-EU law AT1 without contractual recognition of EU bail-in powers will become ineligible once CRR2 is implemented. This is all complicated by Brexit – English law will not be EU law once the UK has left the EU, but whether this becomes effective on March 29, 2019, or January 1, 2021 following a transition period (or a longer period, currently under discussion), is unclear. Our UK economist's base case is that the UK secures a transition period which should mean English law bonds will be eligible until January 1, 2021. Reg par calls provide upside and downside – as shown by the scenarios in Exhibit 3.

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Exhibit 3: Non-EU law AT1s with regulatory par calls

Scenario											EP: NY Law & Hard Brexit	EP: Brexit Transition	EC: 6yr Grandfathering
ISIN	Currency	Ticker	Coupon	Trigger	Rating	Next Call	Back end	Offer	YtC	ZtC	YtRPC 01-01-2020	YtRPC 01-01-2021	YtRPC 30-06-2025
XS1055037177	EUR	ACAFP	6.5	5.125%	NR/BB+/BBB-	23/06/2021	MS+512	108.6	3.1	310	-0.9	2.4	N/A
XS1328798779	EUR	AIB	7.375	7.000%	B1u/NR/B	03/12/2020	MS+733.9	108.9	3.0	305	-0.3	N/A	N/A
XS1248345461	EUR	BKIR	7.375	5.125%	Ba3/BB-/NR	18/06/2020	MS+695.6	107.3	2.8	293	1.0	N/A	N/A
XS1247508903	EUR	BNP	6.125	5.125%	Ba1/BBB-/BBB-	17/06/2022	MS+523	108.4	3.7	351	-1.1	2.1	N/A
XS1044578273	EUR	DANBNK	5.75	7.000%	NR/BBB-/BB+	06/04/2020	MS+464	99.6	6.1	621	6.2	N/A	N/A
XS1190987427	EUR	DANBNK	5.875	7.000%	NR/BBB-/BB+	06/04/2022	MS+547	102.4	5.2	501	3.8	4.8	N/A
XS1227057814	EUR	IPMID	8.625	7.000%	NR/NR/NR	01/04/2021	MS+835.6	105.1	6.2	630	4.0	6.0	N/A
XS1346815787	EUR	ISPIM	7	5.125%	Ba3/BB-/B+	19/01/2021	MS+688.4	103.0	5.6	562	4.4	5.6	N/A
XS1548475968	EUR	ISPIM	7.75	5.125%	Ba3/BB-/B+	11/01/2027	MS+719.2	104.1	7.2	640	4.1	5.8	7.1
XS1614415542	EUR	ISPIM	6.25	5.125%	Ba3/BB-/B+	16/05/2024	MS+585.6	96.0	7.3	675	10.3	8.5	N/A
XS1577953331	EUR	JYBC*	4.75	7.000%	NR/BB+/NR	21/09/2027	MS+396.2	96.4	5.3	419	8.3	6.7	5.5
BE0002463389	EUR	KBCBB	5.625	5.125%	NR/BB/BB+	19/03/2019	MS+475.9	101.6	1.2	152	N/A	N/A	N/A
XS1195632911	EUR	NYKRE	6.25	7.125%	NR/BB+/BB+	26/10/2020	MS+598.9	107.0	2.6	271	0.2	N/A	N/A
XS0867620725	EUR	SOCGEN	6.75	5.125%	Ba2/NR/BB+	07/04/2021	MS+553.8	106.5	3.9	397	1.1	3.6	N/A
XS1107890847	EUR	UCGIM	6.75	5.125%	NR/NR/B+	10/09/2021	MS+610	96.8	8.2	804	10.0	8.6	N/A
XS1055037920	GBP	ACAFP	7.5	5.125%	NR/NR/BBB-	23/06/2026	UKT+453.5	108.9	6.1	454	-0.2	3.2	5.9
USF22797RT78	USD	ACAFP	7.875	5.125%	NR/BB+/BBB-	23/01/2024	MS+489.8	104.0	7.0	405	4.3	NY Law	N/A
USF22797YK86	USD	ACAFP	6.625	5.125%	NR/BB+/BBB-	23/09/2019	MS+469.7	101.8	4.6	171	5.4	NY Law	N/A
USF2R125CD54	USD	ACAFP	8.125	5.125%	NR/BB+/BBB-	23/12/2025	MS+618.5	107.6	6.8	363	1.5	NY Law	6.8
XS1207306652	USD	DNBNO	5.75	5.125%	NR/BBB/NR	26/03/2020	MS+407.5	99.4	6.1	318	6.2	N/A	N/A
XS1506066676	USD	DNBNO	6.5	5.125%	NR/BBB/NR	26/03/2022	MS+508	100.4	6.3	323	6.1	6.2	N/A
US46115HAU14	USD	ISPIM	7.7	5.125%	Ba3/BB-/B+	17/09/2025	MS+546.15	91.4	9.4	629	16.2	NY Law	9.5
XS1136391643	USD	SEB	5.75	8.000%	NR/NR/BBB	13/05/2020	MS+385	100.3	5.6	256	5.5	N/A	N/A
XS1584880352	USD	SEB	5.625	8.000%	NR/NR/BBB	13/05/2022	MS+349.3	97.8	6.3	324	7.7	6.8	N/A
USF8586CRW49	USD	SOCGEN	7.875	5.125%	Ba2/BB+/BB+	18/12/2023	MS+497.9	101.5	7.5	439	6.5	7.1	N/A
USF8586CXG25	USD	SOCGEN	6	5.125%	Ba2/NR/BB+	27/01/2020	MS+406.7	99.1	6.7	377	6.8	N/A	N/A
USF43628B413	USD	SOCGEN	8	5.125%	Ba2/BB+/NR	29/09/2025	MS+587.3	102.4	7.5	440	5.8	6.8	7.5
XS0867614595	USD	SOCGEN	8.25	5.125%	Ba2/BB+/BB+	29/11/2018	MS+639.4	100.4	2.5	-3	N/A	N/A	N/A
USF43628C734	USD	SOCGEN	7.375	5.125%	Ba2/BB+/NR	13/09/2021	MS+623.8	102.3	6.5	340	5.3	6.2	N/A
XS1190655776	USD	SWEDA	5.5	8.000%	NR/BBB/BBB	17/03/2020	MS+376.7	99.9	5.6	260	5.6	N/A	N/A
XS1535953134	USD	SWEDA	6	5.125%	NR/BBB/BBB	17/03/2022	MS+410.6	98.9	6.4	327	7.0	6.6	N/A
XS1046224884	USD	UCGIM	8	5.125%	NR/NR/B+	03/06/2024	MS+518	91.4	10.1	693	16.5	12.7	N/A

Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Research; Prices updated at 18:30 UK time on November 1, 2018. OAS spread used for bond. All bonds are under English law except ACAFP \$ 7.875%, \$ 6.625%, \$ 8.125% and ISPIM \$ 7.7%, which are NY law. None have contractual recognition of EU bail-in powers

Tax par call optionality

Tar par calls could be an issue for Italian, Portuguese, Danish and Spanish banks: As published in AT1 Tax Call Optionality, September 5, 2018, we believe that the removal of tax deductibility for AT1s could occur in other EU countries because the European Commission will be investigating to ensure that state aid concerns in the Netherlands - where banks are able to issue a certain structure with tax deductibility but a corporate cannot - are not replicated elsewhere. Subsequently, the UK has amended hybrid capital instruments tax treatment to allow corporate debt the same treatment as banks receive for AT1. This confirms that other EU countries are having to react after the change in the Netherlands. More specifically for UK banks, it removes a risk for high cash price AT1s because issuers will not get tax par call optionality.

We think tax par call optionality is still a risk for Danish, Portuguese, Italian and Spanish AT1. Denmark, Portugal, Italy and Ireland have the same problem that the UK and Netherlands had, we believe, and will be facing pressure from the EC to address possible concerns over state aid. Any government taking the Dutch approach could provide issuers with tax par call options, which could cause significant losses on high cash price AT1. However, in Ireland, although we believe the state aid problem exists, there is no tax par call language in Irish AT1s. The Spanish government has in the past independently proposed removing tax deductibility for AT1s as a revenue raising measure - we understand this has not made it into the latest proposals, but note the budget is still under negotiation.

Banks will still need AT1 despite losing tax deductibility — it is more efficient to fill the 1.5% bucket with AT1 than equity, given an average cost of equity for European banks of ~10-12%. Tax par calls would only be attractive to issuers with bonds trading significantly above par, as they could call expensive bonds and re-issue them with a lower coupon, in theory. It is likely that many banks would look to be investor-friendly, but it would only take one bank to tax par call its AT1 — or the market simply thinking there's a decent chance that this could happen — to move prices of above-par bonds. As the prices drop closer to par for all AT1s with the option of a tax par call, then the likelihood of such a call becomes greater - or at least, a slightly-above-par but close to market price LME. Arguably, the drop in price would be no fault of the AT1 issuer (let's say it was a different issuer who suggested they were looking at a tax par call), so doing a 'generous' LME at a point above the market price - say at 104, albeit that the price was 110 a week prior - is simply linked to market moves, and not the 'innocent' issuer antagonising investors.

Exhibit 4: High cash price AT1 where tax par call optionality may arise

ISIN	Ticker	Coupon	Currency	First Call	Backend	Ratings	Offer	YtC	ZtC
XS1394911496	BBVASM	8.875	EUR	14-Apr-21	MS+917.7 bp	Ba2/NR/BB	112.5	3.6	357
XS1404935204	BKTSM	8.625	EUR	10-May-21	MS+886.7 bp	Ba3/NR/NR	112.1	3.6	361
ES0840609004	CABKSM	6.75	EUR	13-Jun-24	MS+649.8 bp	Ba3u/BB/NR	105.9	5.6	513
PTCGDJOM0022	CXGD	10.75	EUR	30-Mar-22	MS+1092.5 bp	B2u/NR/B-	112.6	6.7	650
XS1346815787	ISPIM	7	EUR	19-Jan-21	MS+688.4 bp	Ba3/BB-/B+	103.0	5.6	562
XS1548475968	ISPIM	7.75	EUR	11-Jan-27	MS+719.2 bp	Ba3/BB-/B+	104.1	7.2	640
XS1195632911	NYKRE	6.25	EUR	26-Oct-20	MS+598.9 bp	NR/BB+/BB+	107.0	2.6	271
XS1602466424	SANTAN	6.75	EUR	25-Apr-22	MS+680.3 bp	Ba1/NR/BB	107.5	4.5	431
XS1107291541	SANTAN	6.25	EUR	11-Sep-21	MS+564 bp	Ba1/NR/NR	103.6	5.0	487
XS1539597499	UCGIM	9.25	EUR	03-Jun-22	MS+930 bp	NR/NR/B+	108.4	6.7	647

Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Research. Prices updated at 18:30 UK time on November 1, 2018

Extension risk – are perps truly perpetual?

Extension risk is the risk that an issuer does not call a bond at the first call date: All AT1 is perpetual with an issuer call at least five years after the original date of issue. At the call date, the issuer can redeem the bond (likely refinancing it with a newly issued AT1) or leave it outstanding — if an AT1 is not called it will still have full Tier 1 capital value.

Non-called AT1 coupons will reset at a prevailing five-year reference rate (typically midswaps) plus a reset rate which is set at issue. **AT1 cannot contain an incentive to redeem** – a requirement in the CRR. Many legacy Tier 1 bonds contained step-ups, where the reset rate would be higher than the new issue margin, but a step-up is considered an incentive to redeem by the EBA. To comply with CRR requirements, banks have issued AT1 with a reset rate equal to the margin at issue.

We expect issuers to make economic decisions at the first call date, in line with the CRR requirements (see Call decisions and pre-financing). AT1 with reset rates below the market rate carry the highest extension risk, simply due to the economics of refinancing. We appreciate that some banks may look to call and reissue if the difference between the two rates is low, seeing this as a 'reputational premium', but we think that it would be difficult to justify the 'economics' of this premium if it was substantial. Credit spreads are the major factor in assessing extension risk. Rates are less important because non-called AT1 will reset over the prevailing five-year mid-swap rate, so at the point of reset then you are still receiving a credit spread over current rates.

Naturally, extension risk is highest for those bonds with low reset rates, which include those bonds issued at the tights of 2017 and early 2018. We expect focus on non-call risk to sharpen towards the end of the year, given the recent spread widening, which raises the question of how to value non-called AT1.

Valuing non-called AT1

We prefer looking at yield-to-second (five-year) call to value non-called AT1, as discussed at length in Perpetuity Is Not Forever. A bond not being called does not necessarily mean it is a perp, so looking at yield-to-perpetuity seems like a bearish valuation — albeit one that remains useful in assessing the absolute downside scenario. We think that there is a high probability of the regulator reviewing the usefulness of AT1 in the next decade, given that bank capital regulations have typically been updated every 5-10 years. We expect economic decisions at call dates, but capital value provided by AT1 will be a key factor in that decision as naturally, without going concern capital value, AT1 looks very expensive. For this reason, second call dates make more sense for valuations than perpetuity.

We do not expect significant forced selling of non-called AT1s as we experienced with non-called legacy Tier 1. There is a risk that some investors are unable to hold truly perpetual bonds and would be forced to sell on the event of a non-call, causing immediate underperformance (like with the Stan Chart \$ 6.409% legacy Tier 1). While

this is a risk, we think that this would be limited because of the AT1 buyer base — according to our AT1 survey 88% of bondholders are either preferred funds or asset managers, able to hold perpetual bonds or carry extension risk. In addition, 78% of those surveyed value AT1 to the first call and maturity, or simply maturity, so it is a risk already being factored into investment decisions. Should there be a significant move lower on the back of a non-call, we expect the broader AT1 investor base to come in rather quickly to buy.

The future of AT1

AT1 with a trigger of 5.125% is not going concern — with average Pillar 1 and Pillar 2R requirements across eurozone banks, we expect banks to enter resolution before the trigger is hit, making AT1 high-coupon gone-concern capital. Even a 7% trigger has limited usefulness for UK and Swiss banks — three UK banks had a pass rate above 7% for the 2017 test, indictating the minimum capital requirements banks need to maintain even in a severe stress scenario. The pass rates will be even higher in the 2018 stress test as systemic risk buffers are included. The minimum CET1 requirement for Swiss banks is 10%, so again we think that there is a good chance of regulatory action before the trigger.

We think that the regulator has to address the fundamental limitations of AT1: As it is structured today, AT1 has very limited usefulness as going concern capital as it is difficult to see a scenario in which it would be triggered before the point of non-viability. Bank capital regulations have been updated every 5-10 years since Basel I was introduced in 1988. While we do not think that this is on regulatory agendas at present, we attribute a high probability to this being reviewed over the next decade. Once this is reviewed, outstanding AT1 would become obsolete and therefore callable.

Exhibit 5: Low reset AT1

ISIN	Ticker	Coupon	First Call	Call Frequency	Reset	CET1 Trigger	Offer	YT1C	YT2C	YT3C	YTP	ZT1C
USD												
US05946KAF84	BBVASM	6.125	16/11/2027	Anytime	MS+387	5.125%	87.6	8.1	8.0	7.9	7.6	490
USF1R15XK771	BNP	5.125	15/11/2027	5 Years	MS+283.8	5.125%	89.5	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.3	351
XS1586367945	DANBNK	6.125	28/03/2024	Semi-Annually	MS+389.6	7.000%	90.8	8.3	7.8	7.7	7.5	516
US251525AN16	DB	7.5	30/04/2025	5 Years	MS+500.3	5.125%	93.4	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.3	571
XS1071551474	DB	6.25	30/04/2020	5 Years	MS+435.8	5.125%	92.8	11.5	8.5	8.2	7.9	874
US404280BP39	HSBC	6.5	23/03/2028	5 Years	MS+360.6	7.000%	94.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.1	411
US404280BL25	HSBC	6	22/05/2027	5 Years	MS+374.6	7.000%	93.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	393
US46115HAU14	ISPIM	7.7	17/09/2025	Semi-Annually	MS+546.2	5.125%	91.4	9.4	9.3	9.2	9.1	629
XS1202090947	NDASS	5.25	13/09/2021	Annually	MS+342.4	8.000%	97.0	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.4	330
US65557DAL55	NDASS	6.125	23/09/2024	Semi-Annually	MS+352.9	8.000%	96.9	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.7	364
XS1584880352	SEB	5.625	13/05/2022	Anytime	MS+349.3	8.000%	97.8	6.3	6.5	6.6	6.6	324
XS1194054166	SHBASS	5.25	01/03/2021	5 Years	MS+333.5	8.000%	99.3	5.5	6.1	6.3	6.3	249
USF8586CBQ45	SOCGEN	6.75	06/04/2028	5 Years	MS+392.9	5.125%	89.0	8.5	8.2	8.1	7.8	528
CH0400441280	UBS	5	31/01/2023	Annually	MS+250.7	7.000%	86.9	8.6	7.2	6.8	6.2	569
XS1046224884	UCGIM	8	03/06/2024	Semi-Annually	MS+518	5.125%	91.4	10.1	9.5	9.3	9.1	693
GBP												
XS1658012023	BACR	5.875	15/03/2023	5 Years	MS+491	7.000%	95.6	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	535
XS1071551391	DB	7.125	30/04/2026	5 Years	MS+425.7	5.125%	92.3	8.4	7.7	7.4	6.9	706
EUR												
XS1693822634	ABNANV	4.75	22/09/2027	Semi-Annually	MS+389.8	5.125%	95.6	5.4	5.6	5.7	5.5	459
XS1806328750	BGAV	5	14/05/2025	Semi-Annually	MS+441	5.125%	95.6	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.0	530
ES0840609012	CABKSM	5.25	23/03/2026	Quarterly	MS+450.4	5.125%	92.8	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.4	588
BE0002582600	CCBGBB	3.625	16/04/2025	5 Years	MS+293.8	5.125%	82.4	7.2	6.3	6.0	5.3	655
DE000DB7XHP3	DB	6	30/04/2022	Quarterly	MS+469.8	5.125%	94.1	8.0	6.9	6.9	6.6	787
XS1640903701	HSBC	4.75	04/07/2029	5 Years	MS+384.4	7.000%	95.1	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.5	442
XS1614415542	ISPIM	6.25	16/05/2024	Semi-Annually	MS+585.6	5.125%	96.0	7.3	7.4	7.6	7.5	675
XS1577953331	JYBC	4.75	21/09/2027	Semi-Annually	MS+396.2	7.000%	96.4	5.3	5.5	5.6	5.5	448
BE0002592708	KBCBB	4.25	24/10/2025	Annually	MS+359.4	5.125%	92.0	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.4	507
XS1725580465	NDASS	3.5	12/03/2025	Semi-Annually	MS+300.3	5.125%	91.6	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.7	455
XS1808862657	PBBGR	5.75	28/04/2023	5 Years	MS+538.3	7.000%	96.3	6.7	6.7	6.9	6.8	648
XS1756703275	RBIAV	4.5	15/06/2025	Semi-Annually	MS+387.7	5.125%	85.4	7.5	6.9	6.7	6.1	680
XS1793250041	SANTAN	4.75	19/03/2025	Quarterly	MS+409.7	5.125%	89.1	7.1	6.7	6.6	6.2	637
XS1739839998	UCGIM	5.375	03/06/2025	Semi-Annually	MS+492.5	5.125%	86.1	8.3	8.3	7.7	7.2	762
XS1619015719	UCGIM	6.625	03/06/2023	Semi-Annually	MS+638.7	5.125%	95.1	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.0	766

Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Research; YT1C = yield to first call, YT2C = yield to second call, five years after the first possible call date, YT3C = yield to third call five years after the second possible call date. Prices updated around 18:30 UK time on November 1, 2018.

Increasing call probability

High reset AT1 carries lower extension risk, again simply because of the economics of refinancing the instrument – a higher reset than market rates would make it cheaper for a bank to exercise its call option and reissue a new AT1. A simple way of reducing exposure to extension, and therefore duration, in AT1 is to be selective in choosing bonds which have a reset rate higher than the market rate of the same bank's five-year AT1 (as the coupon resets over the 5yr mid-swap, this is the best comparison).

Extension risk is limited for AT1 that will become ineligible after CRR2, in our view. We discussed non-EU law AT1s losing capital eligibility after CRR2 in detail in Regulatory par calls. While this does raise the risk of regulatory par calls, it effectively eliminates extension risk because we expect issuers to call non-EU law AT1 bonds at the first call date (if this date is before CRR2 implementation).

Foreign exchange losses

Some banks face large foreign exchange losses in calling AT1, as discussed in FX Non-Calls, No Problem, November 16, 2017. Equity-accounted AT1 issued in a currency other than the balance sheet currency will often be an open, unhedged FX position for the issuer. Most banks that account AT1 as equity cannot mark-to-market FX moves through CET1 on an ongoing basis (only Credit Ag and SocGen can, we think), so the full movement would hit CET1 on redemption.

A significant CET1 hit cannot be ignored in an economic decision at the first call date, in our view. This is particularly relevant for UK banks in both \$ and € – against which sterling has depreciated by 22% and 9%, respectively since June 2014 when Barclays did its triple-tranche AT1 exchange. Similarly, this could be an issue for some European banks issuing in \$ – the euro has depreciated 15% against the dollar since the DB \$ 6.25% in May 2014.

The bonds with the greatest current hits to CET1 (ie assuming fx rates stay the same) are Lloyds \$ 7.5% 24s (13bp), RBS \$ 7.5% 25s (12bp), Barclays \$ 8.25% 18s (9bp), Barclays \$ 6.625% 19s and RBS \$ 8% 25s (both 7bp). We think that this increases extension risk as this should factor into the economic decision. However, we note Barclays announced a call of its \$ 8.25% 18s because the ongoing earnings benefit from replacing with a lower coupon AT1 would offset the CET1 hit.

Exhibit 6: AT1 with FX gain/loss upon redemption

ISIN	Ticker	Coupon	Next Call	Amt OS (m)	B/S Value	FX Loss	Annual FX Cost (PerpNC5 Spread)	CET1 Impact (bps)	Home CCY	Accounting Treatment	FX MTM in CET1?
Issues in USD											
US06738EAA38	BACR	8.25	15/12/2018	2000	1,242	327	104	10	GBP	Equity	No
US06738EAB11	BACR	6.625	15/09/2019	1211.446	714	236	126	7	GBP	Equity	No
XS1481041587	BACR	7.875	15/03/2022	1500	1,142	35	11	1	GBP	Equity	No
USF1R15XK367	BNP	7.375	19/08/2025	1500	1,349	-28	-4	0	EUR	Equity	No
USF1R15XK441	BNP	7.625	30/03/2021	1500	1,323	-2	-1	0	EUR	Equity	No
USF1R15XK698	BNP	6.75	14/03/2022	750	712	-52	-28	-1	EUR	Equity	No
USF1R15XK771	BNP	5.125	15/11/2027	750	636	24	8	0	EUR	Equity	No
US251525AN16	DB	7.5	30/04/2025	1500	1,211	110	17	3	EUR	Equity	No
XS1071551474	DB	6.25	30/04/2020	1250	917	184	68	5	EUR	Equity	No
XS1207306652	DNBNO	5.75	26/03/2020	750	5,934	364	24	3	NOK	Equity	No
XS1506066676	DNBNO	6.5	26/03/2022	750	6,112	185	11	2	NOK	Equity	No
US46115HAU14	ISPIM	7.7	17/09/2025	1000	875	6	1	0	EUR	Equity	No
US539439AG42	LLOYDS	7.5	27/06/2024	1675	1,009	306	59	15	GBP	Equity	No
US780099CJ48	RBS	7.5	10/08/2020	2000	1,283	287	89	14	GBP	Equity	No
US780099CK11	RBS	8	10/08/2025	1150	738	165	45	8	GBP	Equity	No
US780097BB64	RBS	8.625	15/08/2021	2650	2,057	22	4	1	GBP	Equity	No
XS1046224884	UCGIM	8	03/06/2024	1250	911	189	41	5	EUR	Equity	No
Issues in GBP											
XS1071551391	DB	7.125	30/04/2026	650	801	-72	-15	-2	EUR	Equity	No
Issues in EUR											
XS1002801758	BACR	8	15/12/2020	1000	837	54	19	2	GBP	Equity	No
XS1068574828	BACR	6.5	15/09/2019	1076.73	860	100	44	3	GBP	Equity	No
XS1111123987	HSBC	5.25	16/09/2022	1500	1,930	-226	-29	-3	USD	Equity	No
XS1298431104	HSBC	6	29/09/2023	1000	1,125	11	2	0	USD	Equity	No
XS1640903701	HSBC	4.75	04/07/2029	1250	1,418	2	0	0	USD	Equity	No
XS1043545059	LLOYDS	6.375	27/06/2020	750	622	46	24	2	GBP	Equity	No

Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Research; FX loss shows loss (positive) or gain (negative) to CET1 in home currency if redeemed. Annual FX costs shows the annualised spread-equivalent impact on a newly issued PerpNC5 AT1

Call decisions and pre-financing

Supervisors must consider the cost of replacing called regulatory capital, and should require refinancing earlier or at the same time as the call, based on the CRR. Article 78 (full text below) is quite clear that supervisors need to consider the cost implications for banks. This does not prohibit uneconomic calls, but requires there to be a clear rationale for the regulators, which will be challenging if there is a significant cost difference.

Re-financing is also required before, or at the same time, as a call. Issuers will typically refinance an AT1 3-6 months ahead of the call, in our view, because of the length of the call process. A standard AT1 will require issuers to give bondholders 30-60 days' notice that the call option will be exercised, and it must obtain regulatory permission prior to the call, which can take up to three months. BBVA set the precedent by issuing the \$6.125% 27 in Nov-17 ahead of redeeming the \$9% 18 in May-18. Barclays followed by issuing the \$7.75% in Aug-18 ahead of the \$8.25 Nov-18 call, and SocGen further reinforced this by issuing the \$7.375% 23 in Sep-18 to de-risk the Dec-18 call. Similarly, we think BBVA has de-risked its Feb-19 call by issuing the €5.875% 23 in Sep-18.

Article 78 - Supervisory permission for reducing own funds

- 1. The competent authority shall grant permission for an institution to reduce, repurchase, call or redeem Common Equity Tier 1, Additional Tier 1 or Tier 2 instruments where any of the following conditions is met:
- (a) earlier than or at the same time as the action referred to in Article 77, the institution replaces the instruments referred to in Article 77 with own funds instruments of equal or higher quality at terms that are sustainable for the income capacity of the institution;



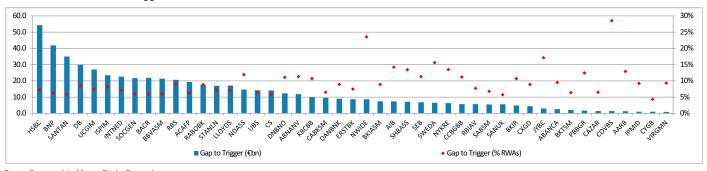
- (b) the institution has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the competent authority that the own funds of the institution would, following the action in question, exceed the requirements laid down in Article 92(1) of this Regulation and the combined buffer requirement as defined in point (6) of Article 128 of Directive 2013/36/EU by a margin that the competent authority may consider necessary on the basis of Article 104(3) of Directive 2013/36/EU.
- 2. When assessing under point (a) of paragraph 1 the sustainability of the replacement instruments for the income capacity of the institution, **competent authorities shall** consider the extent to which those replacement capital instruments would be more costly for the institution than those they would replace.

Trigger risk - Only in resolution

Trigger risk is the risk that an issuer's CET1 ratio falls to the level at which the AT1 will either be written down (permanently or temporarily) or converted into equity: The level of the trigger can depend on the issuer or the bond – eurozone banks usually opt for the low trigger of 5.125%, but some choose the higher trigger of 7%. UK and Swiss bank AT1 must be high trigger at 7%, while Swedish banks are required to have a minimum trigger level of 8%.

The risk of AT1 being triggered while a bank remains a going concern is close to zero, in our view: As discussed above in Valuing non-called AT1, we see a very limited chance of AT1 being triggered before a bank hits the point of non-viability and enters resolution. Exhibit 7 shows the distance banks have to the higher trigger of their outstanding AT1 bonds. The average bank has headroom of €12.6 billion, or 9.7% of RWAs, giving a large cushion before bondholders would get written down or converted in a going concern bank. Indeed, in most circumstances coupons should be switched off before the trigger is hit, giving an early indication of severe difficulties.

Exhibit 7: Distance to AT1 trigger



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research



Thematic AT1 recommendations

With our cautious view on the broader market and AT1 in particular, we have limited Buy recommendations in this sector. Below are our thematic AT1 recommendations:

- Low reset AT1s look oversold for high quality issuers. Below par bonds carry the
 highest extension risk as they have low resets; however, we think that while these
 bonds may not get called they should not trade to perp. Capital regulations get
 updated every 5-10 years, and we think the regulator is likely to review the
 usefulness of AT1 as going concern capital in the next decade. Low reset bonds look
 attractive on a yield-to-second, or even -third, call valuation.
- We are cautious on above par, non-EEA law bonds, which could be subject to reg
 par calls... The CRR2 makes non-EEA law bonds ineligible. Our base case is
 implementation will be delayed, but if the Parliament's proposed implementation
 date of 1 Jan 2020 is used, this could trigger reg par calls, a concern for above par
 bonds.
- ...and also on high cash price AT1s that may get tax par call optionality. The European Commission's investigation into tax deductibility is likely to cause tax rules to change in some EU countries, with the Netherlands and UK already reacting. We think Danish, Portuguese, Italian and Spanish banks may get tax par call optionality on AT1s, a concern for high cash price bonds.
- Turkish exposure could drag on credit spreads. The broader uncertainty caused by Turkish lira depreciation is likely to further impact the asset quality of European banks active in Turkey.
- Switching out of Italian-exposed French banks. We Sell BNP as it is heavily
 exposed to Italy with €140bn of total on- and off-balance sheet exposure, in favour
 of HSBC, which is internationally diversified, or Swiss banks UBS and CS, which
 should be more protected from eurozone concerns.
- We are sellers of peripheral banks due to political events in Italy and the sovereign debt trajectory causing volatility. We also Sell Spanish banks, despite spreads likely to be less volatile, due to concerns on contagion.

Exhibit 8: Thematic AT1 recommendations

B/S	ISIN	Ticker	Cpn	Crncy	Call Date	Ratings	Offer	YtC	Z spro
ow rese	t AT1s look oversol	d for high q	uality issue	rs					
Buy	US404280BP39	HSBC	6.5	USD	23/03/2028	Baa3/NR/BBB	94.6	7.3	411
Buy	US404280BL25	HSBC	6	USD	22/05/2027	Baa3/NR/BBB	93.0	7.1	393
Buy	XS1202090947	NDASS	5.25	USD	13/09/2021	Ba1u/BBB/BBB	97.0	6.3	330
Buy	US65557DAL55	NDASS	6.125	USD	23/09/2024	Ba1u/BBB/BBB	96.9	6.8	364
Buy	XS1584880352	SEB	5.625	USD	13/05/2022	Ba1/NR/BBB	97.8	6.3	324
Buy	CH0400441280	UBS	5	USD	31/01/2023	Ba1u/BB/BBB-	86.9	8.6	569
Buy	XS1693822634	ABNANV	4.75	EUR	22/09/2027	Ba1u/NR/BB+	95.6	5.4	459
Buy	BE0002582600	CCBGBB	3.625	EUR	16/04/2025	Ba2/BB+/NR	82.4	7.2	655
Buy	XS1640903701	HSBC	4.75	EUR	04/07/2029	Baa3/NR/BBB	95.1	5.4	442
Buy	BE0002592708	KBCBB	4.25	EUR	24/10/2025	NR/BB+/BB+	92.0	5.7	507
Buy	XS1725580465	NDASS	3.5	EUR	12/03/2025	Ba1u/BBB/BBB	91.6	5.1	455
autious	on above par, non-	EEA law bor	nds which o	could be su	bject to reg pa	ar calls			
Sell	XS1055037920	ACAFP	7.5	GBP	23/06/2026	NR/NR/BBB-	108.4	6.2	462
Sell	XS1548475968	ISPIM	7.75	EUR	11/01/2027	Ba3/BB-/B+	103.4	7.3	652
Sell	USF22797RT78	ACAFP	7.875	USD	23/01/2024	NR/BBB-/BBB-	103.5	7.1	416
Sell	USF2R125CD54	ACAFP	8.125	USD	23/12/2025	Ba1u/BBB-/BBB-	107.0	6.9	374
. and als	o high cash price A	T1s that ma	y get tax p	ar call opti	onality				
Sell	PTCGDJOM0022	CXGD	10.75	EUR	30/03/2022	B2u/NR/B-	111.9	7.0	673
Sell	XS1539597499	UCGIM	9.25	EUR	03/06/2022	NR/NR/B+	107.9	6.8	663
urkish e	xposure could drag	on credit sp	reads						
Sell	XS1046224884	UCGIM	8	USD	03/06/2024	NR/NR/B+	90.4	10.3	718
Sell	XS1107890847	UCGIM	6.75	EUR	10/09/2021	NR/NR/B+	96.3	8.4	824
Sell	XS1539597499	UCGIM	9.25	EUR	03/06/2022	NR/NR/B+	107.9	6.8	663
Sell	XS1619015719	UCGIM	6.625	EUR	03/06/2023	B1u/NR/B+	94.6	8.2	779
Sell	XS1739839998	UCGIM	5.375	EUR	03/06/2025	B1u/NR/B+	85.6	8.4	773
Sell	US05946KAF84	BBVASM	6.125	USD	16/11/2027	Ba2/NR/BB	86.6	8.3	507
Sell	XS1619422865	BBVASM	5.875	EUR	24/05/2022	Ba2/NR/BB	99.8	6.1	584
Sell	XS1033661866	BBVASM	7	EUR	19/02/2019	NR/NR/BB	101.0	3.5	374
Sell	XS1190663952	BBVASM	6.75	EUR	18/02/2020	Ba2/NR/BB	102.9	4.5	463
Sell	XS1394911496	BBVASM	8.875	EUR	14/04/2021	Ba2/NR/BB	111.5	4.0	397
Sell	US456837AE31	INTNED	6	USD	16/04/2020	Ba1/BB/BBB-	99.9	6.1	308
Sell	XS1497755360	INTNED	6.875	USD	16/04/2022	Ba1/NR/BBB-	101.0	6.5	344
Sell	US456837AF06	INTNED	6.5	USD	16/04/2025	Ba1/BB/BBB-	95.1	7.5	433
Sell	USF1R15XK367	BNP	7.375	USD	19/08/2025	Ba1/BBB-/BBB-	102.8	6.9	371
Sell	USF1R15XK698	BNP	6.75	USD	14/03/2022	Ba1/BBB-/BBB-	101.1	6.4	326
Sell	XS1247508903	BNP	6.125	EUR	17/06/2022		107.5	3.9	376

Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Research; Buy= recommendation to buy, Sell = recommendation to sell. Prices updated at 18:30 on November 1, 2018. Bid price for sell, offer price for buy. Ratings format – Moody s/S&P/Fitch.

Exhibit 9: Thematic AT1 recommendations (continued)

B/S	ISIN	Ticker	Cpn	Crncy	Call Date	Ratings	Offer	YtC	Z sprd
Switching	out of Italian-expo	osed French	banks						
Sell	XS1247508903	BNP	6.125	EUR	17/06/2022	Ba1/BBB-/BBB-	107.5	3.9	376
Buy	XS1111123987	HSBC	5.25	EUR	16/09/2022	Baa3/NR/BBB	105.4	3.8	358
Buy	CH0271428309	UBS	5.75	EUR	19/02/2022	NR/BB+/BBB-	109.4	2.7	265
Buy	CH0271428333	UBS	7	USD	19/02/2025	NR/BB+/BBB-	104.6	6.0	292
Sell	USF1R15XK367	BNP	7.375	USD	19/08/2025	Ba1/BBB-/BBB-	102.8	6.9	371
Buy	CH0352765157	CS	7.125	USD	29/07/2022	Ba2u/BB-/BB	102.4	6.4	329
Buy	XS0989394589	CS	7.5	USD	11/12/2023	NR/BB/BB	105.0	6.3	321
We sell po	eripheral banks								
Sell	US46115HAU14	ISPIM	7.7	USD	17/09/2025	Ba3/BB-/B+	90.4	9.6	650
Sell	XS1046224884	UCGIM	8	USD	03/06/2024	NR/NR/B+	90.4	10.3	718
Sell	XS1346815787	ISPIM	7	EUR	19/01/2021	Ba3/BB-/B+	102.5	5.9	586
Sell	XS1548475968	ISPIM	7.75	EUR	11/01/2027	Ba3/BB-/B+	103.4	7.3	652
Sell	XS1614415542	ISPIM	6.25	EUR	16/05/2024	Ba3/BB-/B+	95.3	7.4	692
Sell	XS1107890847	UCGIM	6.75	EUR	10/09/2021	NR/NR/B+	96.3	8.4	824
Sell	XS1539597499	UCGIM	9.25	EUR	03/06/2022	NR/NR/B+	107.9	6.8	663
Sell	XS1619015719	UCGIM	6.625	EUR	03/06/2023	B1u/NR/B+	94.6	8.2	779
Sell	XS1739839998	UCGIM	5.375	EUR	03/06/2025	B1u/NR/B+	85.6	8.4	773
Sell	XS1043535092	SANTAN	6.25	EUR	12/03/2019	Ba1/NR/NR	99.8	7.1	724
Sell	XS1107291541	SANTAN	6.25	EUR	11/09/2021	Ba1/NR/NR	102.9	5.3	515
Sell	XS1602466424	SANTAN	6.75	EUR	25/04/2022	Ba1/NR/BB	106.8	4.7	453
Sell	XS1692931121	SANTAN	5.25	EUR	29/09/2023	Ba1/NR/BB	97.6	5.9	550
Sell	XS1619422865	BBVASM	5.875	EUR	24/05/2022	Ba2/NR/BB	99.8	6.1	584
Sell	XS1033661866	BBVASM	7	EUR	19/02/2019	NR/NR/BB	101.0	3.5	374
Sell	XS1190663952	BBVASM	6.75	EUR	18/02/2020	Ba2/NR/BB	102.9	4.5	463
Sell	XS1394911496	BBVASM	8.875	EUR	14/04/2021	Ba2/NR/BB	111.5	4.0	397
Sell	XS1066553329	SANTAN	6.375	USD	19/05/2019	Ba1/NR/NR	98.6	9.1	626
Sell	US05946KAF84	BBVASM	6.125	USD	16/11/2027	Ba2/NR/BB	86.6	8.3	507

Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Research; Buy= recommendation to buy, Sell = recommendation to sell. Prices updated at 18:30 on November 1, 2018. Bid price for sell, offer price for buy. Ratings format – Moody s/S&P/Fitch.

Exhibit 10: Valuation methodology and risks

Recommendation	Risks
Perpetuity Is Not Forever	
The risks of AT1 reg and tax par calls are increasing, making below par AT1s look more attractive.	Issuers decide to call and refinance AT1 at the first call date despite it not
Naturally, below par bonds carry the highest extension risk as they have low resets, however we think that while these bonds may not get called they should not trade to perp. Capital regulations get updated every 5-10 years and we think the regulator is likely to review the usefulness of AT1 as going concern capital in the next decade. Low reset bonds look attractive on a yield-to-second- rall valuation	making economic sense. Regulators decide never to review the usefulness of AT1 as going concern capital. Investor reaction to non-called AT1 could be more negative that we expect.
Rounding Up The Regulatory Calls	
We are cautious on above par, non-EEA law bonds which could be subject to reg par calls The CRR2 makes non-EEA law bonds ineligible. Our base case is implementation will be delayed, but if the Parliament's proposed implementation date of 1 Jan 2020 is used then this could trigger reg par calls, a concern for above par bonds	CRR2 implementation could be delayed to allow banks to adjust to the new rules, which would remove reg par call risk
Tax Par Call Optionality	Tax authorities across the EU decide to move to the French/German
We Sell CKGD € 10.75% and UCGIM € 9.25%, These are high-cash-price AT1s in countries where we believe tax deductibility is likely to be removed, allowing the banks to call at par. It would just take one bank to do it, or threaten it, or even not deny they might use it, for prices to drop.	approach to making tax rulings based on the structure, not the issuer. D G Comp does not pursue enquiries with other member states which, like the Netherlands, have potential state aid issues linked to AT1 tax deductibility.
Committed To Turkey	
We Sell European banks with large exposures to Turkey as we think broader uncertainty in the country could weigh on bank spreads. Unicredit, BBVA, ING and BNP all have significant operations in Turkey	Wider uncertainty does not impact bank trading levels. Changes in policy directed at the financial sector could change how European banks approach operations in Turkey
Retreating from the Periphery Political events in the periphery could cause market sentiment to worsen, with the outlook for credit spreads skewed to the downside. We sell Italian and Spanish banks because of this uncertainty.	Bank credit could prove more resilient to uncertainty than our expectations, the ECB could begin buying European bank bonds and political uncertainty could be resolved more quickly
Switching into Summer - €AT1s	
We are more bearish on spreads and look to switch into more defensive names. In AT1 we sell BNP with its significant Italian exposure based on our expectations for peripheral risk to underperform, preferring Switching into Summer - SAT1s	Our economists' base case prevails and BNP does not underperform peers, the market become more sanguine about event risk and the AT1 market rallies as a whole
Switching into Summer - 34115 We are more bearish on spreads and look to switch into more defensive names. In AT1 we sell BNP with its significant Italian exposure based on our expectations for peripheral risk to underperform, preferring	Our economists' base case prevails and peripheral-exposed back do not underperform peers, the market become more sanguine about event risk and the Tier 2 market rallies as a whole

Source: Morgan Stanley Research

Definition of terms

Buy: The analyst expects that over the next 6 months the instrument's total return shall be greater than the total return of the benchmark composed of comparable instruments in the same currency and asset class issued by the other European banks.

Sell: The analyst expects that over the next 6 months the instrument's total return shall be lesser than the total return of the benchmark composed of comparable instruments in the same currency and asset class issued by the other European banks.

Unless otherwise specified, the price of financial instruments mentioned in the recommendation is as at the date and time of publication of the recommendation.

Pair trade: Is a market-neutral strategy in which an analyst recommends matching a long position (Buy) in one instrument with a corresponding short position (Sell) in a different instrument. The analyst expects that over the next three months the credit spread of the instrument recommended on the Buy leg of the trade will narrow while the credit spread on the instrument recommended on the Sell leg will widen. In addition, the analyst expects that each of the Buy and Sell legs of the trade will independently perform in accordance to the Buy and Sell definitions set forth above.

For important disclosures related to the proportion of all investment recommendations over the past 12 months that fit each of the categories defined above, and the proportion of issuers corresponding to each of those categories to which Morgan Stanley has supplied material services, please see the Morgan Stanley disclosure at https://ny.matrix.ms.com/eqr/article/webapp/a5cdea6a-d95a-11e8-9388-71fc4ae660a6? ch=rpint&sch=ar

Exhibit 11: History of recommendations

ссү	Ticker	Company Name	Cpn	Maturity Date	Entry Date	Туре	Side	ISIN	Entry Level Price	Entry Level Spread	Entry Level Benchmark
USD	ACAFP	CREDIT AGRICOLE SA	7.8750	Perpetual	21-Jul-17	AT1	Sell	USF22797RT78	111.750	371.67	Z Spread
USD	ACAFP ACAFP	CREDIT AGRICOLE SA CREDIT AGRICOLE SA	7.8750 7.8750	Perpetual Perpetual	11-Sep-17 5-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Buy Buy	USF22797RT78 USF22797RT78	111.875 113.750	383.65 299.372	Z Spread Z Spread
USD	ACAFP ACAFP	CREDIT AGRICOLE SA CREDIT AGRICOLE SA	7.8750 7.8750	Perpetual	8-Feb-18	AT1 AT1	Buy Sell	USF22797RT78 USF22797RT78	112.400 106.750	275.000	Z Spread
USD	ACAFP	CREDIT AGRICOLE SA	8.1250	Perpetual Perpetual	7-Sep-18 21-Jul-17	AT1	Sell	USF2R125CD54	118.000	336.35	Z Spread Z Spread
USD	ACAFP ACAFP	CREDIT AGRICOLE SA CREDIT AGRICOLE SA	8.1250 8.1250	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Buy	USF2R125CD54	120.500 112.400	271.045 305.00	Z Spread
USD	ACAFP	CREDIT AGRICOLE SA Credit Agricole SA	8.1250	Perp Perp	22-May-18 7-Sep-18	AT1	Buy Sell	USF2R125CD54 USF2R125CD54	110.625	305.00	Z Spread Z Spread
GBP	ACAFP	CREDIT AGRICOLE SA	7.5000	Perpetual	21-Jul-17	AT1	Sell	XS1055037920	113.625	443.07	Z Spread
GBP GBP	ACAFP ACAFP	CREDIT AGRICOLE SA Credit Agricole SA	7.5000 7.5000	Perp Perp	5-Dec-17 7-Sep-18	AT1 AT1	Buy Sell	XS1055037920 XS1055037920	120.125 112.5	337	Z Spread Z Spread
USD	BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	6.1250	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	US05946KAF84	102.750	339.269	Z Spread
USD	BBVASM BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	6.1250 6.1250	Perp Perp	29-May-18 17-Sep-18	AT1 AT1	Sell Sell	US05946KAF84 US05946KAF84	87.400 89.4	503.000 472	Z Spread
EUR	BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	7.0000	Perpetual	21-Jul-17	AT1	Sell	XS1033661866	104.375	429.10	Z Spread
EUR	BBVASM BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	7.0000	Perp Perp	5-Dec-17 29-May-18	AT1 AT1	Buy Sell	XS1033661866 XS1033661866	105.375 101.500	266.279 435.000	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	7.0000	Perp	17-Sep-18	AT1	Sell	XS1033661866	101.3	423	
EUR EUR	BBVASM BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	6.7500 6.7500	Perpetual Perp	21-Jul-17 5-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Buy	XS1190663952 XS1190663952	106.000 108.500	435.19 291.968	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	6.7500	Perp	29-May-18	AT1	Sell	XS1190663952	103.000	478.000	Z Spread
EUR EUR	BBVASM BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	6.7500 8.8750	Perp Perpetual	17-Sep-18 21-Jul-17	AT1 AT1	Sell	XS1190663952 XS1394911496	103.9 116.375	412 405.27	Z Spread
EUR	BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	8.8750	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1394911496 XS1394911496	119.000	294.451	Z Spread
EUR	BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	8.8750	Perp	29-May-18	AT1	Sell	XS1394911496	110.300	488.000	Z Spread
EUR EUR	BBVASM BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	8.8750 5.8750	Perp Perp	17-Sep-18 5-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Buy	XS1394911496 XS1619422865	112.1 108.625	396 366.025	Z Spread
EUR	BBVASM	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG	5.8750	Perp	29-May-18	AT1	Sell	XS1619422865	100.100	559.000	Z Spread
EUR USD	BBVASM BNP	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARG BNP PARIBAS	5.8750 7.3750	Perp Perpetual	17-Sep-18 21-Jul-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Buy	XS1619422865 USF1R15XK367	102.0 113.250	517 325.98	Z Spread
USD	BNP	BNP PARIBAS	7.3750	Perp	20-Jun-18	AT1	Sell	USF1R15XK367	104.125	371.23	Z Spread Z Spread
USD EUR	BNP BNP	BNP PARIBAS BNP PARIBAS	7.3750	Perp	17-Sep-18	AT1 AT1	Sell	USF1R15XK367	105.1 112.375	342	7 Spread
EUR	BNP BNP	BNP PARIBAS BNP PARIBAS	6.1250 6.1250	Perpetual Perp	21-Jul-17 25-Jun-18	AT1 AT1	Buy Sell	XS1247508903 XS1247508903	112.375	314.85 348	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	BNP	BNP PARIBAS	6.1250	Perp	17-Sep-18	AT1	Sell	XS1247508903	110.5	302	
EUR EUR	DANBNK DANBNK	DANSKE BANK DANSKE BANK A/S	5.8750 5.8750	Perp Perp	5-Sep-18 21-Jul-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Buy	XS1190987427 XS1190987427	107.000 110.875	316.51	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	DANBNK	DANSKE BANK A/S	5.8750	Perp	25-Jun-18	AT1	Buy	XS1190987427	109.6	309	Z Spread
USD	INTNED INTNED	ING GROEP NV ING GROEP NV	6.5000 6.5000	Perpetual Perpetual	21-Jul-17 5-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Sell	US456837AF06 US456837AF06	107.000 108.625	332.21 278.829	Z Spread Z Spread
USD	INTNED	ING GROEP NV	6.5000	Perp	20-Jun-18	AT1	Buy	US456837AF06	99.500	366.54	Z Spread
USD	INTNED	ING GROEP NV	6.5000	Perp	17-Sep-18	AT1	Sell	US456837AF06	97.1	403	7 Careed
USD	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.7000 7.7000	Perp Perp	21-Jul-17 1-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Buy	US46115HAU14 US46115HAU14	105.750 109.500	469.71 386.02	Z Spread Z Spread
USD	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.7000	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	US46115HAU14	109.375	386.04	Z Spread
USD	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.7000 7.7000	Perp Perp	1-May-18 29-May-18	AT1 AT1	Buy Sell	US46115HAU14 US46115HAU14	106.800 94.800	359.000 572.000	Z Spread Z Spread
USD	ISPIM	Intesa Sanpaolo SpA	7.7000	Perp	7-Sep-18	AT1	Sell	US46115HAU14	94.125		Z Spread
EUR EUR	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.0000 7.0000	Perp	21-Jul-17 1-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Buy	XS1346815787 XS1346815787	107.125 111.625	472.43 311.06	Z Spread
EUR	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.0000	Perp Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1346815787	111.525	311.06	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.0000	Perp	1-May-18	AT1	Buy	XS1346815787	110.000	315.000	Z Spread
EUR EUR	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.0000 7.7500	Perp Perp	29-May-18 21-Jul-17	AT1 AT1	Sell	XS1346815787 XS1548475968	100.600 112.500	659.000 527.98	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.7500	Perp	1-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1548475968	122.375	407.77	Z Spread
EUR EUR	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.7500 7.7500	Perp Perp	5-Dec-17 1-May-18	AT1 AT1	Buy	XS1548475968 XS1548475968	122.250 122.900	411 377.000	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.7500	Perp	29-May-18	AT1	Sell	XS1548475968	107.300	587.000	Z Spread
EUR EUR	ISPIM	Intesa Sanpaolo SpA INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	7.7500 6.2500	Perp Perpetual	7-Sep-18 21-Jul-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Sell	XS1548475968 XS1614415542	106.500 102.875	525.56	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAGLO SPA	6.2500	Perp	1-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1614415542	102.875	419.69	Z Spread
EUR	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	6.2500	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1614415542	109.250	424	Z Spread
EUR EUR	ISPIM	INTESA SANPAOLO SPA INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	6.2500 6.2500	Perp Perp	1-May-18 29-May-18	AT1 AT1	Buy Sell	XS1614415542 XS1614415542	109.600 96.400	392.000 651.000	Z Spread Z Spread
GBP	LLOYDS	LLOYDS BANKING GROUP PLC	7.8750	Perp	21-Jul-17	AT1	Buy	XS1043552261	118.625	444.37	Z Spread
GBP EUR	LLOYDS SANTAN	LLOYDS BANKING GROUP PLC BANCO SANTANDER SA	7.8750 6.2500	Perp Perpetual	5-Sep-18 21-Jul-17	AT1 AT1	Sell	XS1043552261 XS1043535092	115.400 104.000	390.44	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	SANTAN	BANCO SANTANDER SA	6.2500	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1043535092	104.625	274.157	Z Spread
USD	SANTAN SANTAN	BANCO SANTANDER SA BANCO SANTANDER SA	6.2500 6.3750	Perp Perpetual	29-May-18 21-Jul-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Sell	XS1043535092 XS1066553329	101.100 102.750	434.000 316.22	Z Spread Z Spread
USD	SANTAN	BANCO SANTANDER SA	6.3750	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1066553329	102.500	261.376	Z Spread
USD EUR	SANTAN SANTAN	BANCO SANTANDER SA BANCO SANTANDER SA	6.3750 6.2500	Perp Perp	29-May-18 21-Jul-17	AT1 AT1	Sell	XS1066553329 XS1107291541	99.600 106.000	326.000 453.25	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	SANTAN	BANCO SANTANDER SA	6.2500	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1107291541	110.000	338.242	Z Spread
EUR EUR	SANTAN SANTAN	BANCO SANTANDER SA BANCO SANTANDER SA	6.2500 6.7500	Perp Perpetual	29-May-18 21-Jul-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Sell	XS1107291541 XS1602466424	105.800 109.250	418.000 438.07	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	SANTAN	BANCO SANTANDER SA	6.7500	Perpetual	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1602466424	113.750	326.681	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR EUR	SANTAN SANTAN	BANCO SANTANDER SA	6.7500 5.2500	Perp	29-May-18 5-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Sell	XS1602466424 XS1692931121	106.400	464.000 385.678	Z Spread
EUR	SANTAN	BANCO SANTANDER SA BANCO SANTANDER SA	5.2500 5.2500	Perp Perp	5-Dec-17 29-May-18	AT1	Buy Sell	XS1692931121 XS1692931121	105.750 98.300	385.678 521.000	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT	9.2500	Perp	5-Sep-18	AT1	Sell	XS1539597499	109.500		Z Spread
USD	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA UNICREDIT SPA	8.0000 8.0000	Perpetual Perp	21-Jul-17 1-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Buy	XS1046224884 XS1046224884	106.000 110.625	488.85 376.49	Z Spread Z Spread
USD	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	8.0000	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1046224884	110.375	379	Z Spread
USD	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA UNICREDIT SPA	8.0000 8.0000	Perp Perp	8-Feb-18 1-May-18	AT1 AT1	Buy Buy	XS1046224884 XS1046224884	109.900 105.000	339.000 405.000	Z Spread Z Spread
USD	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	8.0000	Perp	29-May-18	AT1	Sell	XS1046224884	92.500	660.000	Z Spread
USD	UCGIM UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA UNICREDIT SPA	8.0000 6.7500	Perp	17-Sep-18 21-Jul-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Sell	XS1046224884 XS1107890847	95.9 103.500	591 567.17	Z Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	6.7500	Perp Perp	1-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1107890847	109.250	403.36	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	6.7500	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1107890847	108.875	415	Z Spread
EUR EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA UNICREDIT SPA	6.7500 6.7500	Perp Perp	1-May-18 29-May-18	AT1 AT1	Buy Sell	XS1107890847 XS1107890847	108.400 97.900	396.000 721.000	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	6.7500	Perp	17-Sep-18	AT1	Sell	XS1107890847	101.9	606	
EUR EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA UNICREDIT SPA	9.2500 9.2500	Perpetual Perp	21-Jul-17 1-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Sell Buy	XS1539597499 XS1539597499	115.125 122.375	545.00 367.18	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	9.2500	Perp	5-Dec-17	AT1	Buy	XS1539597499	122.125	374	Z Spread
EUR EUR	UCGIM UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA UNICREDIT SPA	9.2500 9.2500	Perp	1-May-18 29-May-18	AT1 AT1	Buy Sell	XS1539597499 XS1539597499	120.100 109.400	368.000 618.000	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA UNICREDIT SPA	9.2500	Perp Perp	29-May-18 17-Sep-18	AT1	Sell	XS1539597499 XS1539597499	109.400	517	2 Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	6.6250	Perpetual	21-Jul-17	AT1	Sell	XS1619015719	102.625	575.19	Z Spread
EUR EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA UNICREDIT SPA	6.6250	Perp Perp	1-Dec-17 5-Dec-17	AT1 AT1	Buy	XS1619015719 XS1619015719	109.875 109.500	432.67 442	Z Spread Z Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	6.6250	Perp	1-May-18	AT1	Buy	XS1619015719	109.000	426.000	Z Spread
EUR EUR	UCGIM UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA UNICREDIT SPA	6.6250 6.6250	Perp Perp	29-May-18 17-Sep-18	AT1 AT1	Sell Sell	XS1619015719 XS1619015719	96.900 100.5	697.000 625	Z Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	5.3750	Perp	1-May-18	AT1	Buy	XS1739839998	100.100	473.000	Z Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	5.3750	Perp	29-May-18	AT1	Sell	XS1739839998	87.300	715.000	Z Spread
EUR	UCGIM	UNICREDIT SPA	5.3750	Perp	17-Sep-18	AT1	Sell	XS1739839998	91.8	642	

Source: Morgan Stanley Research

Disclosure Section

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Global Stock Ratings Distribution

(as of October 31, 2018)

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	COVERAGE UN	NIVERSE	INVESTMEN	IT BANKING CLIE	OTHER MATERIAL INVESTMENT SERVICES CLIENTS (MISC)		
STOCK RATING	COUNT	% OF	COUNT	% OF	% OF	COUNT	% OF
CATEGORY		TOTAL		TOTAL IBC	RATING		TOTAL
				(CATEGORY		OTHER
							MISC
Overweight/Buy	1157	37%	305	42%	26%	544	39%
Equal-weight/Hold	1380	44%	335	46%	24%	632	45%
Not-Rated/Hold	47	1%	7	1%	15%	7	0%
Underweight/Sell	553	18%	82	11%	15%	220	16%
TOTAL	3,137		729			1403	

Data include common stock and ADRs currently assigned ratings. Investment Banking Clients are companies from whom Morgan Stanley received investment banking compensation in the last 12 months. Due to rounding off of decimals, the percentages provided in the "% of total" column may not add up to exactly 100 percent.

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