## **Project Report**

### PNT2022TMID51366

# **University Admit Eligibility Predictor**

### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Project Overview

The problem statement is to design a college prediction/ prediction system and to provide a probabilistic insight into college administration for overall rating, cut-offs of the colleges, admission intake and preferences of students.

It has always been a troublesome process for students in finding the perfect university and course for their further studies.

At times they do know which stream they want to get into, but it is not easy for them to find colleges based on their academic marks and other performances.

We aim to develop and provide a place which would give a probabilistic output of how likely it is to get into a university given their details.

#### 1.2 Purpose

- Students are often worried about their chances of admission to University.
- The aim of this project is to help students in shortlisting universities with their profiles.
- The predicted output gives them a fair idea about their admission chances to a particular university.
- This analysis should also help students who are currently preparing or will be preparing to get a better idea.

### 2. LITERATURE SURVEY

### 2.1 Existing problem

- We have so many websites with problems in inaccuracy and not getting the right thing out.
- Our project, which is based on University Admit Eligibility Predictor, with a great accuracy mark, gives the output more effectively and efficiently.

### 2.2 References

- P.KaviPriya, "A Review on Predicting Students' Academic Performance Earlier, Using Data Mining Techniques", International Jour-nal of Advanced Research in Computer Science and Software Engineering
- Ali Daud, Naif Radi Aljohani, "Predicting Student Performance using Advanced Learning Analytics",
   2017 International World Wide Web Conference Committee (IW3C2).
- Marium-E-Jannat, Sayma Sultana, Munira Akther, "A Probabilistic Machine Learning Approach for Eligible Candidate Selection", Inter-national Journal of Computer Applications (0975 – 8887) Volume 144 – No.10, June 2016
- Sudheep Elayidom, Dr. Sumam Mary Idikkula, "Applying Data mining using Statistical Techniques for Career Selection", International Journal of Recent Trends in Engineering, Vol. 1, No. 1, May 2009.
- Dr. Mahendra Tiwari ,Manmohan Mishra, "Accuracy Estimation of Classification Algorithms with DEMP Model", International Jour-nal of Advanced Research in Computer and Communication Engineering Vol. 2, Issue 11, November 2013.
- Ms. Roshani Ade, Dr. P. R. Deshmukh, "An incremental ensemble of classifiers as a technique for prediction of student's career choice", 2014 First International Conference on Networks & Soft Computing
- Nikita Gorad ,Ishani Zalte, "Career Counselling Using Data Mining", International Journal of Innovative Research in Computer and Communication Engineering.
- Bo Guo, Rui Zhang, "Predicting Students Performance in Educa-tional Data Mining",2015
   International Symposium on Educational Technology
- Ali Daud, Naif Radi Aljohani, "Predicting Student Performance using Advanced Learning Analytics"
- Rutvija Pandya Jayati Pandya, "C5.0 Algorithm to Improved KNN with Feature Selection and Reduced Error Pruning", Inter-national Journal of Computer Applications (0975 – 8887) Volume 117 – No. 16, May 2015.
- Comparative Analysis of KNN Algorithms: ID3, C4.5 and KNNShiju Sathyadevan and Remya R.
   Nair

- Yu Lou, Ran Ren, "A Machine Learning Approach for Future Ca-reer Planning"
- Gareth James ,Daniela Witten ,Trevor Hastie, "An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R"
- Anuj Karpatne, Gowtham Atluri, "Theory- Guided Data Science: A New Paradigm for Scientific Discovery from Data", IEEE trans-actions on knowledge and data engineering, vol.29, no. 10, october 2017.

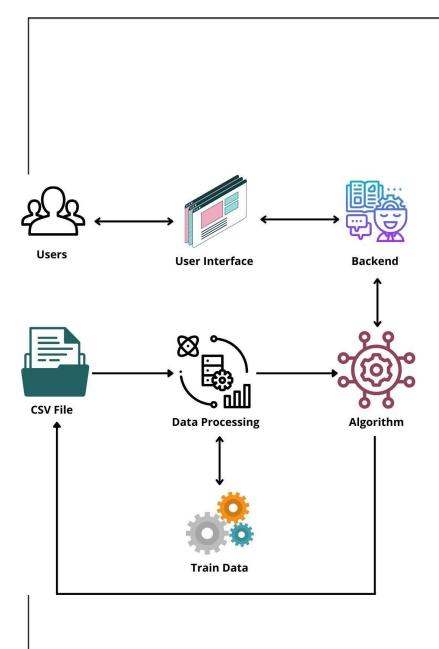
### 2.3 Problem Statement Definition

### **Problem Statement**

- The problem statement is to design a college prediction/ prediction system and to provide a probabilistic insight into college administration for overall rating, cut-offs of the colleges, admission intake and preferences of students.
- It has always been a troublesome process for students in finding the perfect university and course for their further studies.
- At times they do know which stream they want to get into, but it is not easy for them to find colleges based on their academic marks and other performances.
- We aim to develop and provide a place which would give a probabilistic output of how likely it is to get into a university given their details.

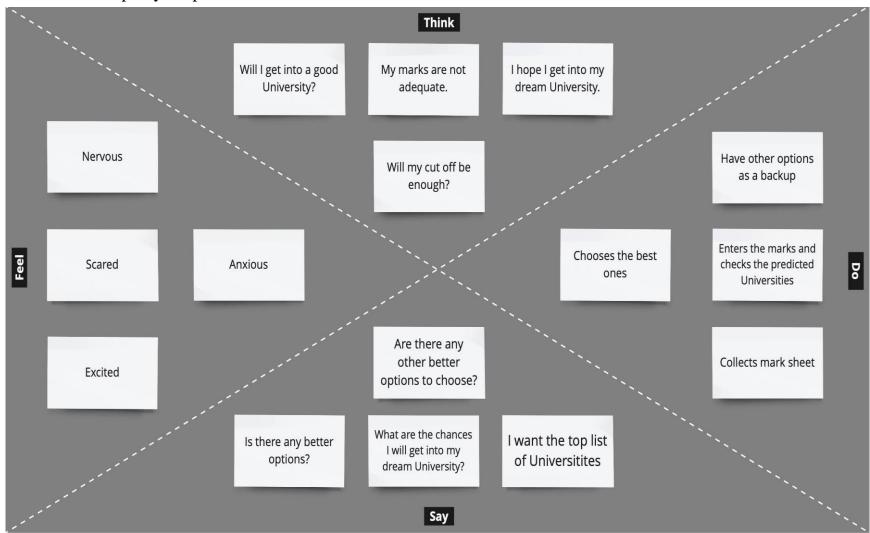
#### **Abstract:**

- Students are often worried about their chances of admission to University.
- The aim of this project is to help students in shortlisting universities with their profiles.
- The predicted output gives them a fair idea about their admission chances to a particular university.
- This analysis should also help students who are currently preparing or will be preparing to get a better idea.



### 3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1Empathy Map Canvas



#### PAIN

- Worried if eligible for good Universities
- Anxious about not having enough marks
- Nervous to see the eligibility criteria
- Less awareness about the number of good colleges

#### GAIN

- Gets the list of good Universities
- Strong about the marks gained
- Fine with the correct eligibility criteria
- More awareness about the number of good colleges

miro

### 3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming

# **BRAINSTORMING**

 A beautiful interface will be created with UX Research in mino to give users the best possible User Interface and Experience

The user will enter the marks of their Grade 12 board exam  This mark will be forwarded to the backend  The algorithm for this particular program will take the inputs and process it

The algorithm will fetch the data from the predefined CSV file which contains the list of Universities 6. Now this data will be processed by using Applied Data Science 7. This ADS method will also train the data by using a specified model for better predictions 8. Now the data that is fetched by the Algorithm is now transmitted from Backend to Frontend User Interface

### 3.3Proposed Solution

### **Proposed Solution:**

Project team shall fill the following information in proposed solution template.

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be	Students do not have much idea about the procedures, availability and e universities where they want to join, so they seek help from various consultancies to help them secure admission in the universities based on , for which the students are supposed to pay a hefty amount as consultancy fee.
2.	Idea / Solution description	Providing an accurate prediction for the student's admission into the f their choice based on various parameters like IELTS, GRE, Academic Performance, etc.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	It seems there are no web applications for predicting the eligibility criteria t for getting in to their dream university and also requirement of d nsights on specific areas where they can improve their talents and skills.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	It helps student the right decision for choosing the dream universities.  Its st of consultancy services by creating a direct connection between the d their dream universities.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Universities are under the immense pressure to admit more students and ent for the success. To overcome this pressure, they can make use of nodels in which it helps them to ease the intake process of students and improve efficiency.

6.	•	Further to reduce the immense pressure faced by the students to get a university, the model can also be involved to consider university for
		examinations and to maintain the latest eligibility criteria for students.

# 3.4Problem Solution fit

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)  Students are the primary customers for this application.	6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS  Users should at least complete their high school (12 <sup>th</sup> grade) in order to make use of the application.	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS  Predicting admissions in abroad universities using their details small datasets
2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS J&P  1. Students womed about the chances of a dmission to the university.  2. Troublesome process for students in finding the perfect university.	9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE  1. Inadequate knowledge about the student's admission chances in a particular university.	7. BEHAVIOUR  1. Easier for the students to find the colleges based on their academic marks and other performances.  2. Direct connection between the students and the universities to avoid any intermediaries.
3. TRIGGERS  By realizing the issues faced by students to get into their choice of universities and guiding them accordingly.	10. YOUR SOLUTION  1. Provide a place which would give a probabilistic output of how likely it is get into a university given their details.  2. Develope a deep learning based on model that the existing traditional ML models.	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR 8.1 ONLINE 1. Availability of seats 2. Uploading student's details 3. FAQs 4. Predicting and shortlisting of universities. 8.2 OFFLINE 1. Location on the universities 2. Enterance prerequisites 3. Infrastructure 4. Ranking of the college 5. Job placements

# 4. **REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS**

# 4.1 Functional requirement

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	Landing page	There is no registration from the user end. The users can access the website with ease, without worrying about any security issues.
FR-2	Entering Marks	The users will enter their respective marks that are required. Based on the live data we get from the user, we provide them the list of Universities they are eligible to attend.
FR-3	List Display	The list of Universities will be displayed based on the marks given.

<sup>4.2</sup> Non-Functional requirements

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

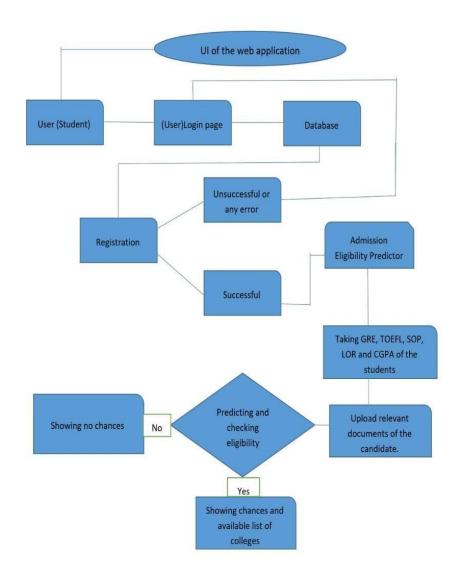
FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	User friendly, with direct instructions and UX principles considered.
NFR-2	Security	As we don't get the personal data from the user, their data is protected and there won't be any leakage. The system gets trained by passing only the data of marks to the cloud.

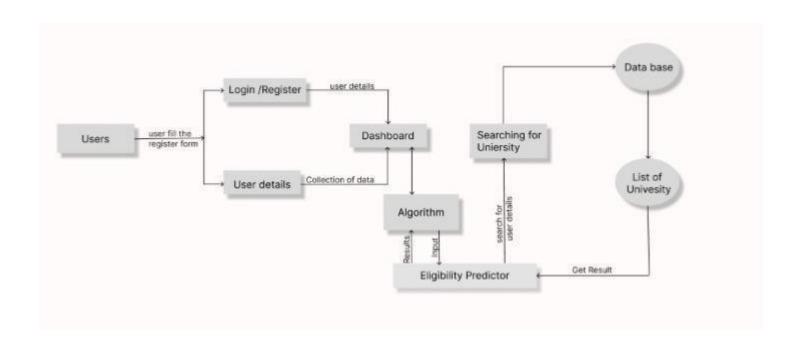
NFR-3	Reliability	The website is reliable in terms of immediate information regarding the university decisions.
NFR-4	Performance	It is a light application, with a flask in the backend.
NFR-5	Availability	It is free of cost and available to anyone who is looking to find the Universities that fit them and their needs.
NFR-6	Scalability	It can be further extended to Higher Education and abroad studies.

#### 5. PROJECT DESIGN

### **5.1**Data Flow Diagrams

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.





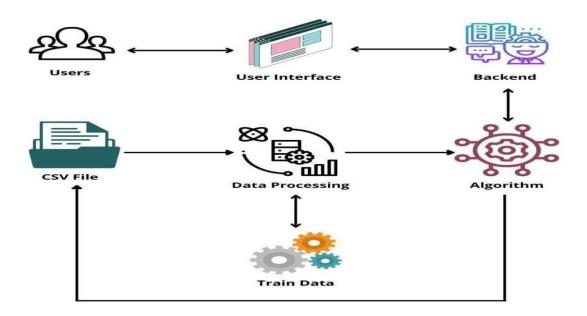
# **User Stories**

User Type	Functi onal Requir ement (Epic)	User Story Numb er	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer 1 (Web user)	Landing Page	USN-1	It is pretty clear about why we use this website and how it should be used, just by looking at this page.	Understandable	High	Sprint-1
Customer 2 (Web User)	Landing Page	USN-2	The concept of the application is clear with all the how to do instructions and everything.	Very clear	High	Sprint-1
Customer 3 (Web User)	Marks page	USN-3	Its pretty clear what kind of data should be given in.	I can give my marks details.	Low	Sprint-2

Customer 4 (Web User)	Results Page	USN-4	I can see the right and correct results based on the marks given to the system	Got the details	High	Sprint-1
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### **5.2**Solution & Technical Architecture

### **Architecture Diagram:**



### Solution Architecture:

Students are often worried about their chances of admission to University.

The aim of this project is to help students in shortlisting universities with their profiles.

The predicted output gives them a fair idea about their admission chances to a particular university.

This analysis should also help students who are currently preparing or will be preparing to get a better idea.

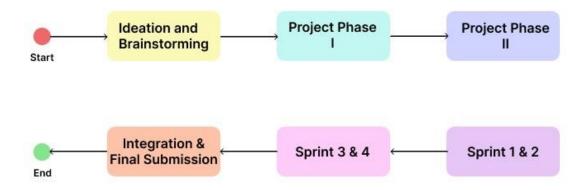
### **5.3User Stories**

<u>6.</u>

User Type	Functional Requireme nt (Epic)	User Story Numbe r	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer 1 (Web user)	Landing Page	USN-1	It is pretty clear about why we use this website and how it should be used, just by looking at this page.	Understandable	High	Sprint-1
Customer (Web User)	Landing Page	USN-2	The concept of the application is clear with all the how to do instructions and everything.	Very clear	High	Sprint-1
Customer (Web User)	Marks page	USN-3	Its pretty clear what kind of data should be given in.	can give mymarks details.	Low	Sprint-2
Customer (Web User)	Results Page	USN-4	can see the right and correctresults based on the marks given to the system	Got the details	High	Sprint-1

# **PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING**

### **6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation**



- The sprints started right after our Training session by IBM.
- Though it started then, we started brainstorming our project since the beginning of this semester's calendar.
- We completed the "Ideation and Brainstorming" phase first, moving on to each other phases one by one.
- Each took a task (exactly what we estimated) to complete.
- First Sprint contains the HTML Code, which acts as a building block for our application.
- Second Sprint is the CSS Code, which enhances the look of the website.

- Third Sprint is the initialization of the flask language and a little bit of backend code. This is where we learned all the important topics needed to complete this project.
- Then the last Sprint, the fourth one, contains only the backend python-flask code, that performs various Data Manipulation and trains the model 6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Member s
Sprint-1	Frontend - HTML	USN-1	I'm able to see the tables or columns where I can inject my marks into.	2	Medium	Vino S
Sprint-2	Frontend - CSS	USN-2	Now the application looks more appealing and nice to the eyes.	1	Low	Mayakan nan L
Sprint-3	Flask	USN-3	I can see that my data is being processed.	2	Medium	Shruthi PG
Sprint-4	Python	USN-4	I can get the results from the inputs I have given to the system.	2	High	Sindhuja

# 7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

### **7.1 Feature 1**

### HTML CODE:

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

<head>

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duratio n	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	17.11.22
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	17.11.22
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	17.11.22
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	17.11.22

<meta charset="UTF-8"> <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-</pre>

```
width, initial-scale=1.0"> <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible"
content="ie=edge">
<title>Login</title> <link rel="stylesheet"
href="login-style.css">
```

```
link
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Raleway:700,500,1000&display=sw
ap" rel="stylesheet">
<script type="text/javascript"</pre>
src="http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.6.2/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
   $(function() {
   var people = [];
   $.getJSON('
https://api.thingspeak.com/channels/1013258/feeds.json?results=1',
function(data) {
      $.each(data.feeds, function(i, f) {
         var tblRow = "" + "" + f.created at + "" + "" + "<
f.entry id + "" + "" + f.field8 + ""+""
          $(tblRow).appendTo("#userdata tbody");
    });
   });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>
   <main>
```

```
<div class="text">
                <center style="color:blue">
<h1>PREDICTING COLLEGES</h1>
</center><br>
<center>
<form action="https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api_key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEIL&"</pre>
method="post" target="_blank"> GRE Score
                                                  :<input type="text"
name="field1"><br><br>
TOEFL Score
                  :<input type="text" name="field2"><br><br>>
University Rating :<input type="text" name="field3"><br><br>>
                   :<input type="text" name="field4"><br><br>
SOP
                  :<input type="text" name="field5"><br><br>
LOR
  CGPA
                     :<input type="text" name="field6"><br><br>>
                    :<input type="text" name="field7"><br><br>>
  Research
<button type="submit">SUBMIT</button>
</form>
\langle br \rangle
<br>
<br>
<br>
```

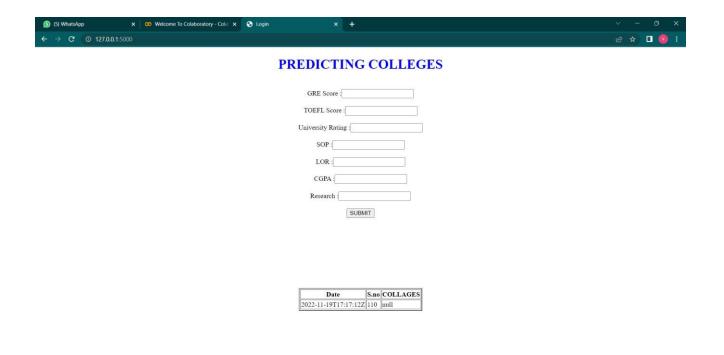
<div class="background">

```
<br>>
<br>>
<br>>
<br>
<br>>
<thead>
        Date
        S.no
        COLLAGES
         </thead>
    <iframe id='track' frameborder="0" scrolling="no" width="1" height="1">
</script>
</center>
        </div>
     </div>
   </main>
</body>
</html>
```

### CSS CODE:

```
*{ margin: 0; padding: 0;
    box-sizing: border-box;
    text-decoration: none;
}
body{ font-family: 'Raleway', sans-
    serif; background: #000;
}
.background{ background: url(background.jpeg)
no-repeat; background-position: center top;
    background-size: contain;
height:2200px;
position: relative display:
flex;
}
.text, .box{ margin-
    top:0vh; flex: 1;
.text{ margin-left: 0%;
font-weight: 200px;
color:white;
}
.box{ margin-right:
    25%;
.text h1{ font-size:
   70px; color:
   #fff; font-
    weight: 500;
}
.text h2{ font-size:
    70px; color:
    #fff; font-
    weight: 500;
}
.text p{ font-size:
    20px; color:
    #fff; font-
    weight: 300;
}
```

```
.text p a{ color:
    #fff; font-
    weight: 700;
}
.form{ background:
    transparent; color:
    #fff; box-sizing:
   border-box; display:
   flex; flex-direction:
    column; width: 250px;
}
input{
    margin: 20px 0; padding: 10px;
    background: transparent; border:
    none; outline: none; color: #fff;
    font-family: 'Raleway', sans-
    serif;
}
.username, .password{ border-
   bottom: 1px solid #fff;
}
.button{ background:
    transparent; border: 1px
    solid #fff; color: #fff;
    font-size: 18px;
}
.button:hover{
   background: #000;
    color: #fff;
}
```



### **7.2 Feature 2**

# college.ipynb

import numpy as np import pandas as pd from
sklearn import metrics from
sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns import
pickle data =
pd.read\_csv('data.csv')
data.head() data.shape
X = data.iloc[:,:-1]
X.head()
y = data.iloc[:,-1]

```
y.head() print(X) print(y) data['Chance
of Admit '].value_counts()
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=1) sns.countplot(x='Chance of
Admit ',data=data) plt.show()
X_train.shape X_train.head() y_test.shape
y_test.head() from sklearn.metrics import
accuracy_score max_accuracy = 0
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
for x in range(1,100):
  model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=x)
  model.fit(X_train,y_train)
  y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
  current_accuracy = round(accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test)*100,2)
  if(current_accuracy>max_accuracy):
    max_accuracy = current_accuracy
    best_x = x
#print(max_accuracy)
print(best_x)
model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=best_x)
model.fit(X_train,y_train) y_pred =
```

```
model.predict(X_test) filename = 'knn.sav'
pickle.dump(model, open(filename, 'wb'))
acc=(metrics.accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test)*100)
print("Accuracy is:",acc) cm1 =
metrics.confusion_matrix(y_pred,y_test)

total1=sum(sum(cm1))

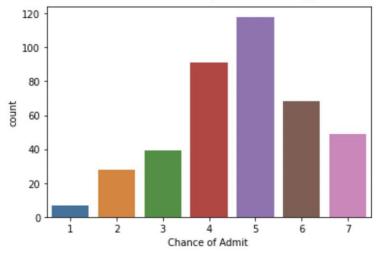
sensitivity1 = cm1[0,0]/(cm1[0,0]+cm1[0,1])
print('Sensitivity: ', sensitivity1)

specificity1 = cm1[1,1]/(cm1[1,0]+cm1[1,1])
print('Specificity: ', specificity1)
```

	GRE Score	TOEFL Score	University Rati	ing SOI	LOR	CGPA	Research
0	337	118		4 4.5	4.5	9.65	1
1	324	107		4 4.0	4.5	8.87	1
2	316	104		3 3.0	3.5	8.00	1
3	322	110		3 3.5	2.5	8.67	1
4	314	103		2 2.0	3.0	8.21	0
• •						• • •	
395	324	110		3 3.5	3.5	9.04	1
396	325	107		3 3.0	3.5	9.11	1
397	330	116		4 5.0	4.5	9.45	1
398	312	103		3 3.5	4.0	8.78	0
399	333	117		4 5.0	4.0	9.66	1

```
[400 rows x 7 columns]
0
        7
        5
1
2
        5
3
        5
4
        4
395
        6
396
        6
        7
397
398
        4
399
```

Name: Chance of Admit , Length: 400, dtype: int64



14 Accuracy is: 53.3333333333333333

Sensitivity: nan Specificity: 1.0

```
import pickle import
urllib.request import
json from time import
sleep while True:
    conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/channels/1013258/feeds.json?re
su lts=1")
    response = conn.read() print ("http status
    code=%s" % (conn.getcode()))
    data=json.loads(response)
```

```
x=int(data['feeds'][0]['entry id']) y=x
  conn.close() while x==y:
    conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/channels/1013258/feeds.json?re
su lts=1")
   response = conn.read()
    #print ("http status code=%s" % (conn.getcode()))
    data=json.loads(response)
    y=int(data['feeds'][0]['entry id'])
    conn.close()
  conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/channels/1013258/feeds.json?re
su lts=1")
  response = conn.read() print ("http status
  code=%s" % (conn.getcode()))
  data=json.loads(response)
  a=float(data['feeds'][0]['field1'])
  b=float(data['feeds'][0]['field2'])
  c=float(data['feeds'][0]['field3'])
  d=float(data['feeds'][0]['field4'])
  e=float(data['feeds'][0]['field5'])
  f=float(data['feeds'][0]['field6'])
  g=float(data['feeds'][0]['field7'])
  conn.close() filename = 'knn.sav' loaded model
  = pickle.load(open(filename, 'rb'))
  person reports = [[a,b,c,d,e,f,q]] predicted =
  loaded model.predict(person reports)
  print("ANALYSING....") print(predicted[0])
  sleep(15) if predicted[0]==1:
      conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEI
L& field8=1-VIT 2-JPR
3-AGNI") elif
 predicted[0] == 2:
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEI
L& field8=1-SREC
2-KEC
3-KPR") elif
  predicted[0]==3:
     conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEI
L& field8=1-KONGU
2-KCT
3-HIT")
  elif predicted[0] == 4:
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api key=QNRW0798ZZV20EI
L& field8=1-SASTHRA
2-SKCET
3-BIT") elif
 predicted[0] == 5:
```

```
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEI
L& field8=1-SRM
2-THIAGARAJAR
3-NIIT") elif
 predicted[0] == 6:
     conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEI
L& field8=1-PSG
2-CIT
3-GCT") elif
 predicted[0]==7:
     conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api key=QNRW0798ZZV20EI
L& field8=1-IIT
2-MIT
3-ANNA UNIVERSITY-CHE")
```

http status code=200 http status code=200 ANALYSING....

### **Integration:**

```
from flask import Flask, render_template
app = Flask(__name__) import os import
subprocess @app.route(r'/') def index():
    return render_template('login.html')

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```

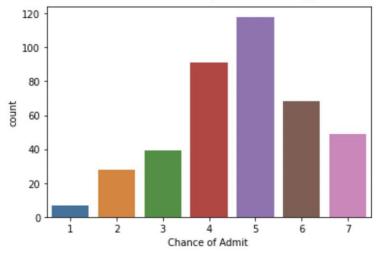
#### 8. TESTING

8.1 Test Cases

	GRE Score	TOEFL Score	University	Rating	SOP	LOR	CGPA	Research
0	337	118		4	4.5	4.5	9.65	1
1	324	107		4	4.0	4.5	8.87	1
2	316	104		3	3.0	3.5	8.00	1
3	322	110		3	3.5	2.5	8.67	1
4	314	103		2	2.0	3.0	8.21	0
• •								
395	324	110		3	3.5	3.5	9.04	1
396	325	107		3	3.0	3.5	9.11	1
397	330	116		4	5.0	4.5	9.45	1
398	312	103		3	3.5	4.0	8.78	0
399	333	117		4	5.0	4.0	9.66	1

```
[400 rows x 7 columns]
0
        7
        5
1
2
        5
3
395
        6
396
        6
397
        7
        4
398
```

Name: Chance of Admit , Length: 400, dtype: int64



Accuracy is: 53.3333333333333333

Sensitivity: nan Specificity: 1.0

http status code=200 http status code=200 ANALYSING....

- All the test cases got passed and the expected output is received as the result.

#### 8.2 User Acceptance Testing

#### User 1

I can see that the application is quite easy to access and use to see the right Universities for myself

I love how there is no registeration or login process, which protects my personal data The results I got from this software is very close to what I'm eligible for in terms of Universities

#### User 2

I immediately hoped on to the results after giving my GRE Scores and other related scores

I see that the process is easy and simple and also straight to the point I got my expected results and I can see that it is quite accurate

#### 9. RESULTS

#### 9.1 Performance Metrics

The data is trained and tested with all three algorithms and out of all KNN gave more accuracy with 90.3 percent and then the KNN with 88.33 percent accuracy. As KNN gave the highest accuracy, all further data predictions are chosen to be followed with KNN. So, finally a web application is made to give the input parameters of the student and the final prediction is generated and displayed. The background algorithm being used is KNN and the new prediction are keep on adding to the dataset for further more accuracy.

#### 11. CONCLUSION

It has been concluded that the software system that we built is successfully executing our aim. The students that are willing to get into a great college, use this website to get more awareness. All this features given to the users at ease, without collecting any of their personal data expect the marks, which we use to train the system, to produce more better and accurate result as we go.

#### 12. FUTURE SCOPE

A powerful web application can be developed where inputs are not given directly instead student parameters are taken by evaluating students through various evaluations and examinations. Technical, analytical, logical, memory based, psychometry and general awareness, interests and skill based tests can be designed and parameters are collected through them so that results will be certainly accurate and the system will be more reliable to use.

Also KNNs have few limitations like overfitting, no pruning, lack of capability to deal with null and missing values and few algorithms have problem with huge number of values. All these can be taken into consideration and even more reliable and more accurate algorithms can be used. Then the project will be more powerful to depend upon and even more efficient to depend upon.

### 13. APPENDIX

### **Source Code:**

#### Login.html

```
$(function() {
   var people = [];
   $.getJSON('
https://api.thingspeak.com/channels/1013258/feeds.json?results=1',
function(data) {
       $.each(data.feeds, function(i, f) {
         var tblRow = "" + "" + f.created_at + "" +"" +
f.entry id + "</td>" + "<td>" + f.field8 + "</td>"+"</tr>"
           $(tblRow).appendTo("#userdata tbody");
     });
   });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>
    <main>
        <div class="background">
            <div class="text">
               <center style="color:blue">
<h1>PREDICTING COLLEGES</h1>
</center><br>
<center>
```

```
<form action="https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api_key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEIL&"</pre>
method="post" target="_blank"> GRE Score
                                                    :<input type="text"
name="field1"><br><br>
TOEFL Score :<input type="text" name="field2"><br><br>>
University Rating :<input type="text" name="field3"><br><br>>
                   :<input type="text" name="field4"><br><br>>
SOP
                   :<input type="text" name="field5"><br><br>
LOR
                   :<input type="text" name="field6"><br><br>>
CGPA
                   :<input type="text" name="field7"><br><br>
Research
<button type="submit">SUBMIT</button>
</form>
\langle br \rangle
<br>
<br>
<br>
<br>
\langle br \rangle
\langle br \rangle
<br>
<br>
```

```
<thead>
        Date
        S.no
        COLLAGES
         </thead>
     <iframe id='track' frameborder="0" scrolling="no" width="1"</pre>
height="1">
</script>
</center>
        </div>
     </div>
  </main>
</body>
</html>
```

### Login-style.css:

```
*{ margin: 0; padding: 0;
   box-sizing: border-box;
   text-decoration: none;
}
```

```
body{ font-family: 'Raleway', sans-
    serif; background: #000;
}
.background{ background: url(background.jpeg)
no-repeat; background-position: center top;
    background-size: contain;
height:2200px;
position:relative display:
flex;
.text, .box{ margin-
   top:0vh; flex: 1;
}
.text{ margin-left: 0%;
font-weight: 200px;
color:white; }
.box{ margin-right:
    25%;
}
.text h1{ font-size:
    70px; color:
```

```
#fff; font-
    weight: 500;
}
.text h2{ font-size:
    70px; color:
    #fff; font-
   weight: 500;
}
.text p{ font-size:
    20px; color:
    #fff; font-
   weight: 300;
}
.text p a{ color:
    #fff; font-
   weight: 700;
}
.form{ background:
    transparent; color:
    #fff; box-sizing:
   border-box; display:
    flex; flex-direction:
    column; width: 250px;
}
```

```
input{ margin: 20px 0;
   padding: 10px;
   background: transparent;
   border: none;
    outline: none; color: #fff; font-
    family: 'Raleway', sans-serif;
}
.username, .password{ border-
   bottom: 1px solid #fff;
}
.button{ background:
    transparent; border: 1px
    solid #fff; color: #fff;
    font-size: 18px;
}
.button:hover{
   background: #000;
    color: #fff;
}
Server.py
from flask import Flask, render_template
app = Flask( name ) import os import
subprocess @app.route(r'/') def index():
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
  app.run(debug=True)
College.ipynb
(i)
import numpy as np import pandas as pd from
sklearn import metrics from
sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as
sns import pickle data = pd.read_csv('data.csv')
data.head() data.shape
X = data.iloc[:,:-1]
X.head() y =
data.iloc[:,-1]
y.head() print(X) print(y) data['Chance
of Admit '].value_counts()
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test =
train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=1) sns.countplot(x='Chance of
Admit ',data=data) plt.show()
X_train.shape
X_train.head() y_test.shape y_test.head()
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

max\_accuracy = 0

return render\_template('login.html')

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
```

```
for x in range(1,100):
```

model.fit(X\_train,y\_train) y\_pred =

print("Accuracy is:",acc)

model.predict(X\_test) filename = 'knn.sav'

pickle.dump(model, open(filename, 'wb'))

acc=(metrics.accuracy\_score(y\_pred,y\_test)\*100)

cm1 = metrics.confusion\_matrix(y\_pred,y\_test)

```
model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=x)
model.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
current_accuracy = round(accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test)*100,2)
if(current_accuracy>max_accuracy):
    max_accuracy = current_accuracy
    best_x = x

#print(max_accuracy)
print(best_x)

model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=best_x)
```

```
total1=sum(sum(cm1)) sensitivity1 =
cm1[0,0]/(cm1[0,0]+cm1[0,1])
print('Sensitivity : ', sensitivity1 )
specificity1 = cm1[1,1]/(cm1[1,0]+cm1[1,1])
print('Specificity : ', specificity1)
(ii)
import pickle import
urllib.request import
json from time import
sleep while True:
 conn =
 urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/channels/1013258/feeds.json?results=1")
 response = conn.read() print ("http status code=%s" % (conn.getcode()))
 data=json.loads(response) x=int(data['feeds'][0]['entry_id'])
 y=x
 conn.close()
 while x==y:
  conn = urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/channels/1013258/feeds.json?results=1")
  response = conn.read()
  #print ("http status code=%s" % (conn.getcode()))
  data=json.loads(response)
  y=int(data['feeds'][0]['entry_id'])
```

```
conn.close()
 conn =
 urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/channels/1013258/feeds.json?results=1")
 response = conn.read() print ("http status code=%s" % (conn.getcode()))
 data=json.loads(response)
 a=float(data['feeds'][0]['field1'])
 b=float(data['feeds'][0]['field2'])
 c=float(data['feeds'][0]['field3'])
 d=float(data['feeds'][0]['field4'])
 e=float(data['feeds'][0]['field5'])
 f=float(data['feeds'][0]['field6'])
 g=float(data['feeds'][0]['field7'])
 conn.close() filename = 'knn.sav' loaded_model =
 pickle.load(open(filename, 'rb')) person_reports =
 [[a,b,c,d,e,f,g]] predicted =
 loaded_model.predict(person_reports)
 print("ANALYSING....") print(predicted[0])
 sleep(15) if predicted[0]==1:
    conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api_key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEIL&field8=1-VIT 2-
JPR
3-AGNI") elif
 predicted[0]==2:
```

urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api\_key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEIL&field8=1-SREC 2-

conn =

**KEC** 

```
3-KPR") elif
 predicted[0]==3:
   conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api_key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEIL&field8=1-KONGU
2-KCT
3-HIT") elif
 predicted[0]==4:
   conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api_key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEIL&field8=1-SASTHR
Α
2-SKCET
3-BIT") elif
 predicted[0]==5:
   conn =
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api_key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEIL&field8=1-SRM 2-
THIAGARAJAR
3-NIIT") elif
 predicted[0]==6:
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api_key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEIL&field8=1-PSG 2-
CIT
3-GCT") elif
 predicted[0]==7:
urllib.request.urlopen("https://api.thingspeak.com/update?api_key=QNRWO798ZZV2OEIL&field8=1-IIT 2-
MIT
3-ANNA_UNIVERSITY-CHE")
```