Government College of Engineering, Jalgaon
(An Autonomous Institute of Govt. of Maharashtra)
Name of Student:
Subject teacher. Sharayu Bonde

Experiment No.: Group A: 2

Title: Write a C program to identify whether a given line is comment or not.

Theory:

In computer programming, a comment is a programmer-readable explanation or annotation in the source code of a computer program. They are added with the purpose of making the source code easier for humans to understand, and are generally ignored by compilers and interpreters.

Comment in C programming:

A comment starts with a slash asterisk /* and ends with a asterisk slash */ and can be anywhere in your program. Comments can span several lines within your C program. Comments are typically added directly above the related C source code.

Adding source code comments to your C source code is a highly recommended practice. In general, it is always better to over comment C source code than to not add enough.

Syntax

The syntax for a comment is:

/* comment goes here */

OR

/*

* comment goes here

*/

Note

It is important that you choose a style of commenting and use it consistently throughout your source code. Doing so makes the code more readable.

Example - Comment in Single Line

You can create an comment on a single line.

CO406: Compiler Construction Lab

For example:

/* Author: TechOnTheNet.com */

C++ introduced a double slash comment prefix // as a way to comment single lines. The following is an example of this:

// Author: TechOnTheNet.com

This form of commenting may be used with most modern C compilers if they also understand the C++ language.

Example - Comment Spans Multiple Lines

You can create a comment that spans multiple lines. For example:

/*

* Author: TechOnTheNet.com

* Purpose: To show a comment that spans multiple lines.

* Language: C

*/

The compiler will assume that everything after the /* symbol is a comment until it reaches the */ symbol, even if it spans multiple lines within the C program.

Example - Comment at End of Code Line

You can create a comment that displays at the end of a line of code.

For example:

#define AGE 6 /* This constant is called AGE */

OR

#define AGE 6 // This constant is called AGE

In these examples, the compiler will define a constant called AGE that contains the value of 6. The comment is found at the end of the line of code after the constant has been defined.

Result:

Thus the program for identifying comment line or not was executed and the output was verified successfully.

Course Teacher

Sharayu N. Bonde