Bare-Bones Fuzzy Inference System

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"Be inspired or be inspirational - Either way, great things can be accomplished."



Outline for the Presentation...

• Getting Started

Puzzy Inference System



MATLAB - Getting Started

- We will create a bare-bones fuzzy inference system (fis).
- If you did install **MATLAB** on your own devices, make sure that you also included the **Fuzzy Logic Toolbox** as part of the install.
- The Fuzzy Logic Toolbox contains the *functions calls* that we will be making use of.
- Without the toolbox, your commands will not be executed, and your scripts will ${\bf NOT}$ compile & run.
- **Absolutely** make sure to also watch the accompanying *video* tutorial which can be found in the same lab folder.
- The tutorial will offer an additional *understanding*, and you can follow along in your own time.

Outline for the Presentation...

• Getting Started

Puzzy Inference System



- For this lab we will start on creating a minimal fuzzy system.
- Your coursework will involve you creating *your own* fuzzy inference systems, they are all started in much the same way.
- You will get to decide on *what* your system will be doing.
- Use your creativity and choose something that genuinely *interests* you.
- Many previous students have gone on to implement fuzzy systems into their *development projects*.
- A fuzzy system is an AI paradigm, so more marks if it's applicable to your project.



- Let's create a new script, simply press CTRL+N to open up a new script file.
- Equally, you can navigate to **Home Tab** at the top, and select **New Script**.
- We will use the editor to *create* & *populate* our fuzzy inference system.
- MATLAB has great *plotting* functionality, so do please make use of this, especially for your coursework.
- When you get to *visualise* your fuzzy system, you get a better understanding.
- We will keep coming back to this script file, but make sure to **watch** the accompanying *video tutorial*.

- When you start MATLAB, please remember to navigate to a *directory* that you have *permission* to save to if working from the labs, shouldn't be an issue if installed on your own devices.
- We will begin with using the command window, the main window, to enter in commands following the following prompt:
- We will begin with exploring the declaration for creating a new fuzzy system.
- Enter the following command at the prompt, **DO NOT** include the >> in your command itself.
 - >> help newfis

- You can see that the function call newfis can take several parameters and can be *overloaded*.
- In the **script file** type the following commands, each one on a new line:

```
a = newfis('Player Skill');
```

- A fuzzy system in MATLAB **CANNOT** be created without the declaration of a newfis.
- \bullet With the declaration made, we have a new instance of a fuzzy system.
- The next logical thing to do is populate the system with an *input variable*.

- MATLAB writes from right to left, when I declared an instance of newfis, this was written to variable a.
- Therefore a will constantly be *updated* with more information when we populate the system.
- Let's assume that this system is with regards to *Player Skill*, and the first input is with regards to *Player Accuracy*.
- Inputs and outputs with regards to a fuzzy system are referred to as *variables*.
- In the **Command Window** enter the following:





- You can see from the explanation that addvar *adds* a variable to the system.
- You will need to pass in several key pieces of *information* when using addvar.
- You will first need to specify the fuzzy system this variable will be *assigned* to.
- In our case it will be a, the variable that holds the information for our fuzzy system.
- Next, we have to specify the varType of variable, this only has
 2 options, an input or an output.
- We will be declaring an *input* to begin with.

- You then need to declare a varName, a *name* for the variable contained within single quotes.
- You will also need to specify the varBounds, the *minimum* and *maximum x*-axis values.
- Go back to your **script file** and add the following command:
 - a=addvar(a,'input','Player Accuracy (%)',[0 100]);
- We have now declared a new input variable labelled *Player Accuracy*, which starts at **0** and finishes at **100**, using % as the unit of measurement.
- This is all *written* to variable a and updated with this new information.

- We now have an instance of a fuzzy inference system with a single input variable *Player Accuracy*.
- Remember to keep *saving* the file after adding to it, I saved mine as **PlaySkill.m**, you can call it what you like.
- The input variable itself is empty, so the next logical thing to do is to *populate* the input.
- We will populate it with **3** fuzzy membership functions.
- In the **Command Window** enter the following:
 - help addmf
- You can see from the explanation that addmf adds a membership function to the system.



- You will need to pass in several key pieces of *information* when using addmf.
- You will first need to specify the fuzzy system this variable will be *assigned* to.
- In our case it will be a, the variable that holds the information for a fuzzy system.
- Next, we have to specify the VarType of membership, this also has 2 options, an *input membership* or an *output membership*.

- We also need to specify the Index value.
- This is the input *index* of the input we want to add the membership function to.
- ullet As we only have 1 input variable so far, the current Index is 1.
- We will also need to give the membership a varName, a *label*.
- You will also need to declare the *type* of membership function.
- You will then need to pass forward the *parameter values* for that membership function.
- Depending on the function you choose, will determine the *number* of parameters required.



• Enter the following into the script file under your addVar declaration:

```
a=addmf(a,'input',1,'Poor','trapmf',[0 0 15 25]);
```

- We have created a *trapezoidal* membership with the label *Poor*.
- Compile the code by pressing **F5** while in the editor.
- Did it compile? **Yes**, but we cannot see anything.



- Let us add in a *plot* function call plotmf.
- Similar to plot call, but the plotmf is *specifically* for membership functions.
- \bullet This will allow us to get a sense of what the system looks like.
- In the **script file** add the following:

```
plotmf(a, 'input', 1)
```

• Now compile & run the code, what do you see?



- We can now see the *distribution* of the fuzzy set *Poor*.
- The parameter values that were chosen were *arbitrary* and *subjective*.
- For your systems, **YOU** can choose values that make sense to you.
- Let us now add in another fuzzy set and membership function into the system.
- Modify your script file so that it looks like the following code snippet:

• Compile & run the following code:

```
a = newfis('Player Skill');
a=addvar(a,'input','Player Accuracy (%)',[0 100]);
a=addmf(a,'input',1,'Poor','trapmf',[0 0 15 25]);
a=addmf(a,'input',1,'Average','trimf',[20 50 80]);
plotmf(a, 'input', 1)
```



- *Play* about with the membership parameter values.
- YOU get to define what you think is appropriate.
- Try and get the fuzzy sets to have a little more *overlap* between themselves.
- ullet Add in a third fuzzy membership function with the following:

```
a=addmf(a,'input',1,'Good','trapmf',[70 90 100 100]);
```

- Compile & run the code, we now have a populated first input.
- Consider adding in *another* input variable with addvar.
- Call this second input *Damage Output*, with a range bound of [0, 100].

- Consider adding 5 membership functions to this new input.
- 2 trapezoidal membership functions, one on either end, and 3 triangular memberships in the the middle.
- Very Little, Little, Medium, High & Very High.
- \bullet Choose appropriate values for the parameters of the functions.
- Add the following into the **script file**, under the declaration of your first input:

```
a=addvar(a,'input','Damage Output (%)',[0 100]);
```

• Add in 5 membership functions:

```
a=addmf(a,'input',2,'Very Little','trapmf',[0 0 ...
10 201);
a=addmf(a, 'input', 2, 'Little', 'trimf', [15 25 35]);
a=addmf(a,'input',2,'Medium','trimf',[30 50 70]);
a=addmf(a, 'input', 2, 'High', 'trimf', [65 75 85]);
a=addmf(a,'input',2,'Very High','trapmf',[80 90 ...
100 1001);
```

• To see the new input, **remove** the previous instance of:

```
plotmf(a, 'input', 1)
```

• **Replace** it with the following:

```
subplot(4,1,1),plotmf(a, 'input', 1)
subplot(4,1,2),plotmf(a, 'input', 2)
```

• I have *left room* in the figure handler for you to create an output for the system.

• In much the same way as you declared an input, you can *declare* an output as follows:

```
a=addvar(a,'output','Player Skill',[0 100]);
```

- As we have moved onto declaring an output, we **restart** the indexing from **1**.
- You can have *multiple outputs*, each new output would *increment* the index.
- In much the same way, we will now *populate* the output with membership functions.

• Add the following to the **script file**:

```
a=addmf(a,'output',1,'Low Skill','trapmf',[0 0 10 ...
25]);
a=addmf(a,'output',1,'Average Skill','trapmf',[20 ...
40 50 70]);
a=addmf(a,'output',1,'High Skill','trapmf',[65 75 ...
100 100]);
```

• To view this new output, **modify** the subplots:

```
subplot(4,1,1),plotmf(a, 'input', 1)
subplot(4,1,2),plotmf(a, 'input', 2)
subplot(4,1,4),plotmf(a, 'output', 1)
```



- You have effectively created *non-functioning* fuzzy inference system (**fis**).
- We say non-functioning because there is **NO** inference engine or rule-base.
- We will introduce these aspects in the next lab session.
- Play about with the parameter values and change the *distribution* of the fuzzy sets.
- Change the *type* of membership functions being made use of.
- Play about with it and gain a better understanding of what is *going on*.

Outline for the Presentation...

• Getting Started

Fuzzy Inference System



```
% A declaration of new FIS
a = newfis('Player Skill');
% Declaring a new variable - this is an INPUT(1)
a=addvar(a, 'input', 'Player Accuracy (%)', [0 100]);
% Populating the 1st input variable with ...
membership functions
a=addmf(a, 'input', 1, 'Poor', 'trapmf', [0 0 15 25]);
a=addmf(a,'input',1,'Average','trimf',[20 50 80]);
a=addmf(a, 'input', 1, 'Good', 'trapmf', [70 90 100 100]);
```

```
% Declaring a new variable - this is another INPUT(2)
a=addvar(a, 'input', 'Damage Output (%)', [0 100]);
% Populating the 2nd input variable with ...
membership functions
a=addmf(a,'input',2,'Very Little','trapmf',[0 0 ...
10 201)
a=addmf(a, 'input', 2, 'Little', 'trimf', [15 25 35]);
a=addmf(a, 'input', 2, 'Medium', 'trimf', [30 50 70]);
a=addmf(a, 'input', 2, 'High', 'trimf', [65 75 85]);
a=addmf(a,'input',2,'Very High','trapmf',[80 90 ...
100 1001);
```

```
% Declaring a new variable - this is an OUTPUT(1)
a=addvar(a, 'output', 'Player Skill', [0 100]);
% Populating the output variable with membership ...
functions
a=addmf(a,'output',1,'Low Skill','trapmf',[0 0 10 ...
251);
a=addmf(a,'output',1,'Average Skill','trapmf',[20 ...
40 50 701);
a=addmf(a,'output',1,'High Skill','trapmf',[65 75 ...
100 100]);
```

```
% The subplots to visualise the system subplot (4,1,1), plotmf(a, 'input', 1) subplot (4,1,2), plotmf(a, 'input', 2) subplot (4,1,4), plotmf(a, 'output', 1)
```



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