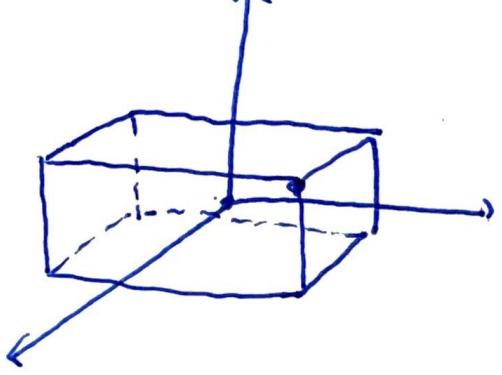


Ex: Find the volume of the largest rectangular box that can be inscribed in $4x^2 + y^2 + 9z^2 = 36$

$$\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{6}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^2 = 1$$



Place origin at center of box so that (x, y, z) is the vertex in octant I and on the ellipsoid.

$$\text{Then } w = 2y$$

$$l = 2x$$

$$h = 2z$$

$$\text{Maximize } V(x, y, z) = 8xyz$$

$$\text{Subject to } g(x, y, z) = 4x^2 + y^2 + 9z^2 - 36$$

$$\nabla V = \lambda \nabla g$$

$$g = 36$$

$$\langle 8yz, 8xz, 8xy \rangle = \lambda \langle 8x, 2y, 18z \rangle$$

$$(1) 8yz = 8\lambda x \quad * \ x$$

$$(2) 8xz = 2\lambda y \quad * \ y$$

$$(3) 8xy = 18\lambda z \quad * \ z$$

$$(4) g = 36$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 8xyz = 8\lambda x^2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 8xyz = 2\lambda y^2$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 8xyz = 18\lambda z^2$$

$$24xyz = 2\lambda(4x^2 + y^2 + 9z^2)$$
$$= 2\lambda g = 2\lambda(36)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{24xyz}{72} = \frac{xyz}{3}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 8xyz = \frac{8}{3}(xyz)x^2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 8xyz = \frac{2}{3}(xyz)y^2$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 8xyz = 6(xyz)z^2$$

Either $x=0$ or $y=0$ or $z=0$ ($V=0$) OR

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 3 = x^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 12 = y^2$$

$$y = 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{4}{3} = z^2$$

$$z = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

Only solution that produces positive volume and therefore max volume

$$V = 8xyz = 32\sqrt{3}$$

Ex: Maximize $f = e^{xyz}$ subject to $g = 2x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 24$
and minimize

Find (x, y, z) and λ such that

$$\nabla f = \lambda \nabla g$$

$$\langle yze^{xyz}, xze^{xyz}, xy e^{xyz} \rangle = \lambda \langle 4x, 2y, 2z \rangle$$

$$① yze^{xyz} \stackrel{xyz}{=} 4\lambda x$$

$$② xze^{xyz} = 2\lambda y$$

$$③ xy e^{xyz} = 2\lambda z$$

$$④ g = 24$$

From (4) if $x=0$, then $y=0$ or $z=0$

$x=0$ and $y=0$ equation (2) is true

equation (3) is true with $\lambda=0$

$$\text{constraint } z^2 = 24 \quad (0, 0, \pm \sqrt{24})$$

$x=0$ and $z=0$ equation (2) is true with $\lambda=0$

equation (3) is true

$$\text{constraint } y^2 = 24 \quad (0, \pm \sqrt{24}, 0)$$

$$\text{From (1) if } x \neq 0, \text{ then } \lambda = \frac{yze^{xyz}}{4x}$$

$$\text{Sub into (2)} : xze^{xyz} = \frac{yze^{xyz}}{2x}$$

$$2x^2ze^{xyz} - y^2ze^{xyz} = 0$$

$$ze^{xyz}(2x^2 - y^2) = 0 \quad z=0 \text{ or } y = \pm \sqrt{2}x$$

If $z=0$, then equation (3) implies $y=0$

$$\text{constraint } 2x^2 = 24 \quad (\pm \sqrt{12}, 0, 0)$$

$$\text{Sub into (3)} : xy e^{xyz} = \frac{yze^{xyz}}{2x}$$

$$2x^2ye^{xyz} - y^2ze^{xyz} = 0$$

$$ye^{xyz}(2x^2 - z^2) = 0 \quad y=0 \text{ or } z = \pm \sqrt{2}x$$

$$\text{If } y = \pm \sqrt{z}x \text{ then } (3) \Rightarrow z = \pm \sqrt{z}x$$

(+, +, +)	(-, +, +)
(+, +, -)	(-, +, -)
(+, -, +)	(-, -, +)
(+, -, -)	(-, -, -)

From constraint $2x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 24$

$$2x^2 + 2x^2 + 2x^2 = 24$$

$$x^2 = 4$$

$$x = \pm 2$$

Eight points $(\pm 2, \pm 2\sqrt{2}, \pm 2\sqrt{2})$

For the six points $(0, \pm \sqrt{24}, 0)$, $(0, 0, \pm \sqrt{24})$, $(\pm \sqrt{12}, 0, 0)$
the function $f = e^{xyz} = 1$ since one of the coordinates is 0.

$$\text{Min is } e^{-2(2\sqrt{2})(2\sqrt{2})} = e^{-16}$$

$$\text{Max is } e^{2(2\sqrt{2})(2\sqrt{2})} = e^{16}$$