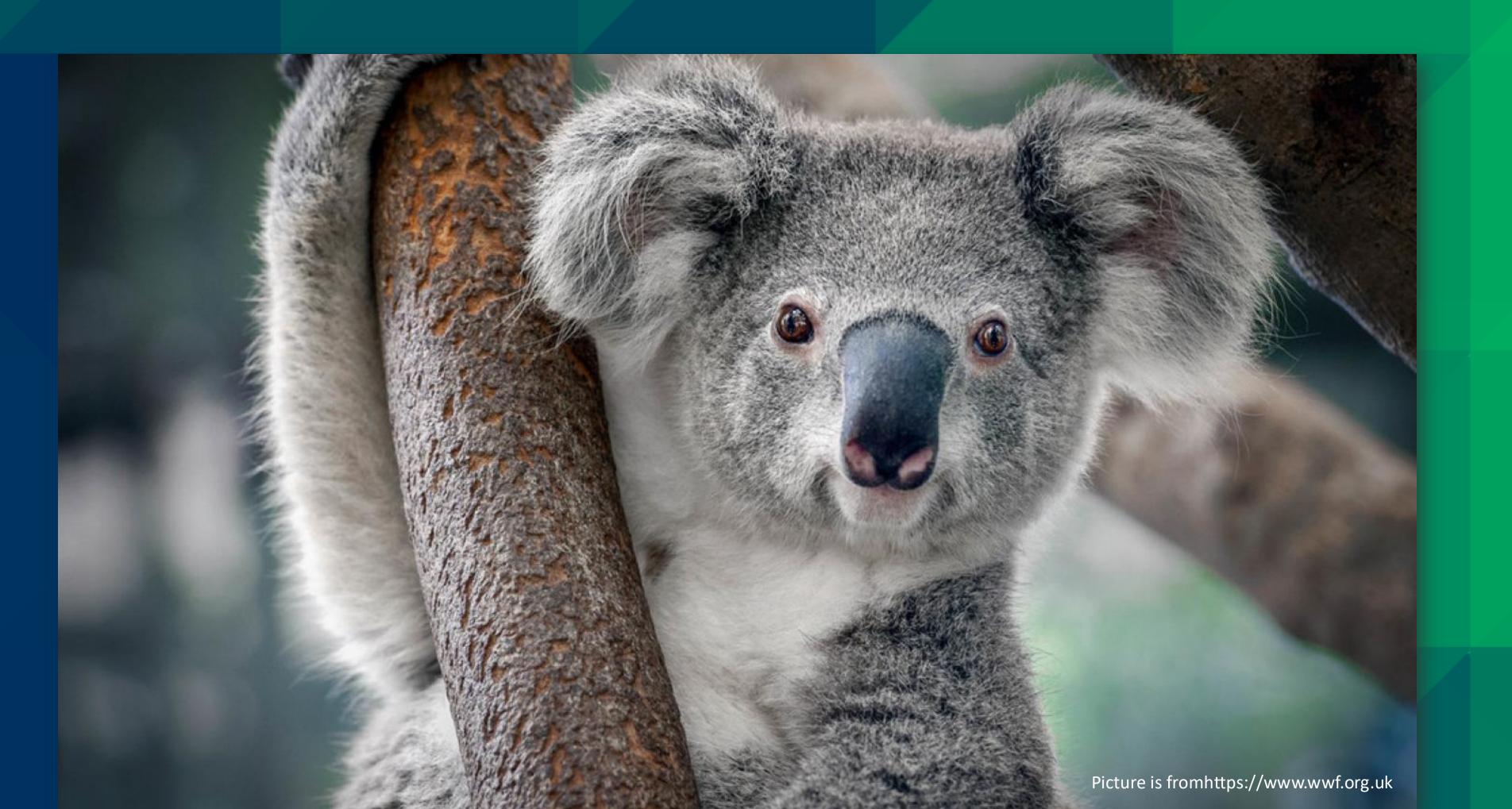
# Koalas' hospital records analysis in Queensland



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# Introduction







## **Existing Problems**

'In February 2022, the status of the koala has recently been changed from vulnerable to endangered.' [1]

#### Our focus

Analyze the main causes leading koalas to death.

top reasons of koalas' injury and sickness.

Use different algorithm models to predict death.

#### Stakeholders

Animal Protection Organization
State Government
Local community

# problem solving with data









## Getting the data

Where to get the main dataset.

## Data cleaning

Describe the data cleaning process

## **Analysis**

Variables correlation
Model chosen and
evaluation
Statistical analysis

## Storytelling

What are the main causes lead koala population decline (death)
Actions taken advice

# Getting the data we need

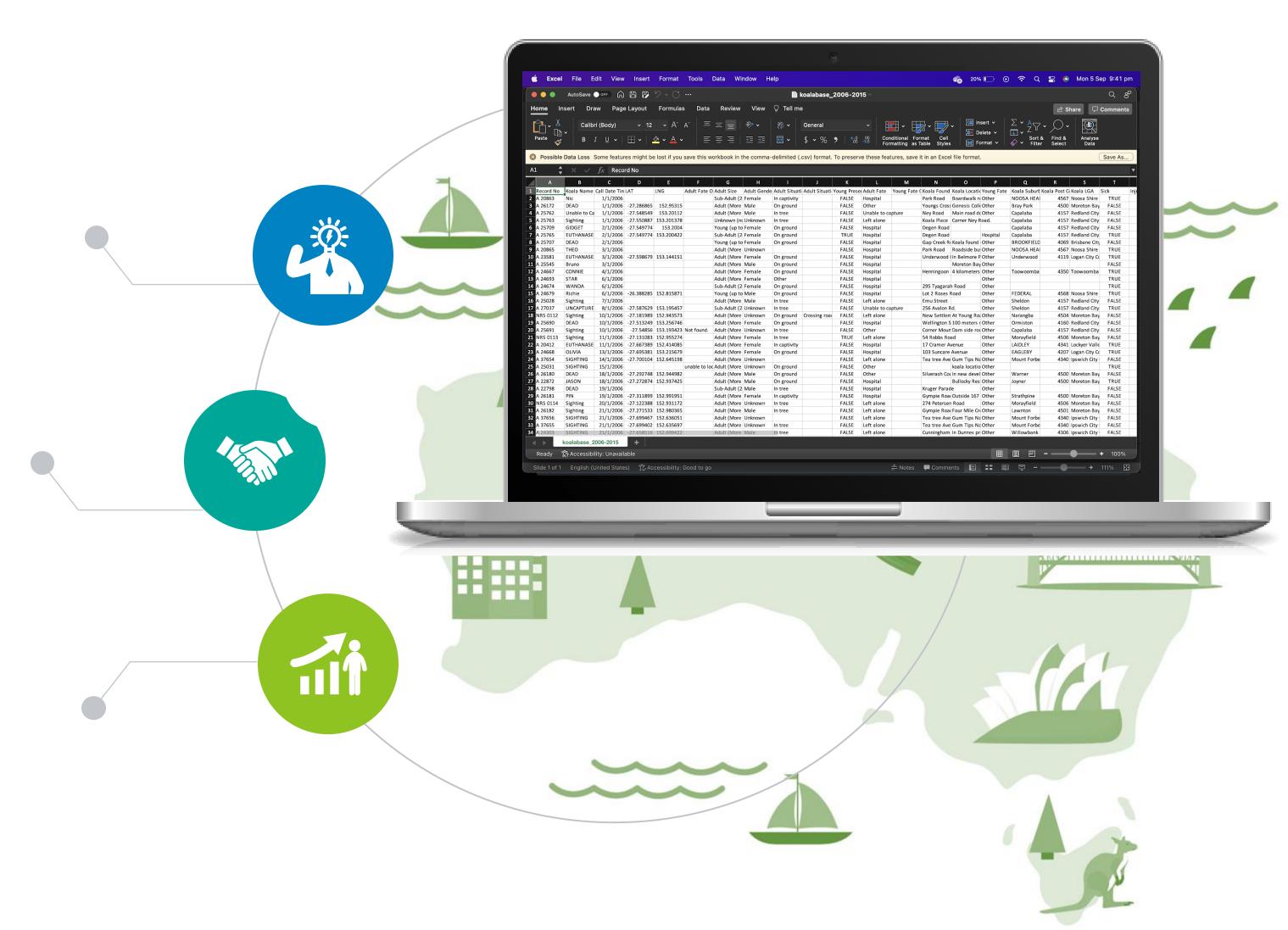
#### **Main Datasets**

The main datasets are from the Queensland Government open data portal.

https://www.data.qld.gov.au/dataset/koala-hospital-data

which has records from the year **1996-2022** in hospital, Queensland.

The dataset consists of **56935** rows and **41** columns such as(Record No, Koala Name, Latitude, Longitude, Adult Size etc.)



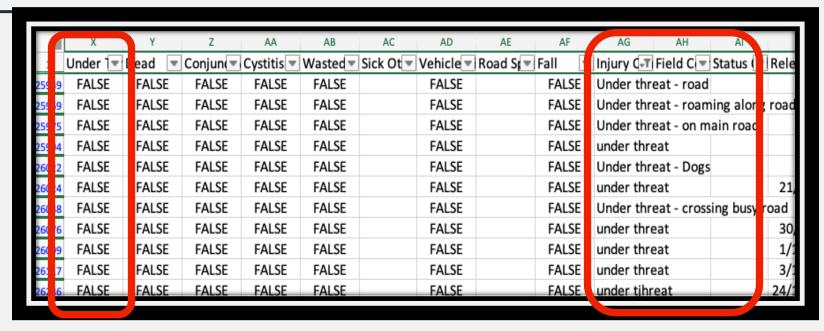


#### Incorrect records

Variables were **not recorded**, but comments wrote down the details

# Data cleaning process

Examples	Cleaning Method
494 under threat but records were False	Change Under Threat > TRUE
116 orphan records were not recorded correctly, comments wrote mum dead	Change Orphaned > TRUE





#### **Imputations**



#### Blank records

Specific reasons: Caused By Dog/
Orphaned/ Under Threat/
Conjunctivitis/ Cystitis Wasted/ Vehicle
Hit/ Fall using FALSE or TRUE to fill,
according to the comments' details

#### Caused By Dog Status Other Orphar Under Dead FALSE TRUE suspect injury from dog **FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE** FALSE suspect dog attack **FALSE** TRUE FALSE in same tree for weeks **FALSE FALSE** suspect dog attack **FALSE** FALSE TRUE **FALSE** mum euthanased - dog **FALSE** TRUE **FALSE** FALSE FALSE mum attacked by dogs **FALSE** TRUE TRUE suspect dog attack **FALSE** TRUE FALSE **FALSE** TRUE FALSE suspect dog attack **FALSE FALSE** suspect dog attack **FALSE** FALSE TRUE **FALSE FALSE FALSE** FALSE suspect dog attack **FALSE FALSE** FALSE suspect dog attack **FALSE FALSE**

#### Variables we don't use

In this report, we use limited variables to do analysis, some of the columns we can use in **future study**.

Important variables involved but records don't make sense



Delete

Record no/ koala name/ Post code/ LAT/ LNG/
Adult Fate/ Other Adult situation/ Other Young
Fate/ Other Koala/ Found Address/ Koala Location/
Description Road/ Speed Limit/ Release Date/
Release Location/ Release Suburb Release Post
Code/ Release LAT/ Release LNG/ Field Comments
sick are blank and Injured are blank 88 records

#### Add columns



S	T	U	V	Υ
Vehicle Hit	Fall	Attacked by animals	BLIND	Caught in human place
FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE
FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE

#### Making the data confess

Combine 3 main datasets

Final main dataset is: 56847 rows 28

columns

Dataset is unique correct and complete



#### Important lost variables

301 records of attacked by animals

(farm: mainly cows or horses): create a new

column Attacked by animals

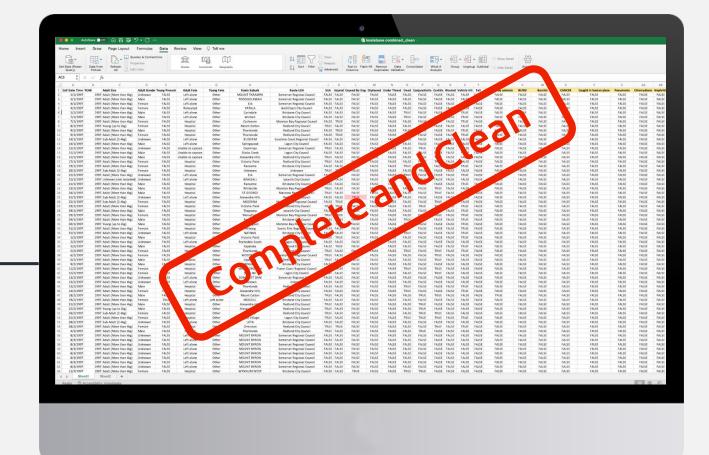
306 records of blind: create a column Blind

create Cancer 75 records

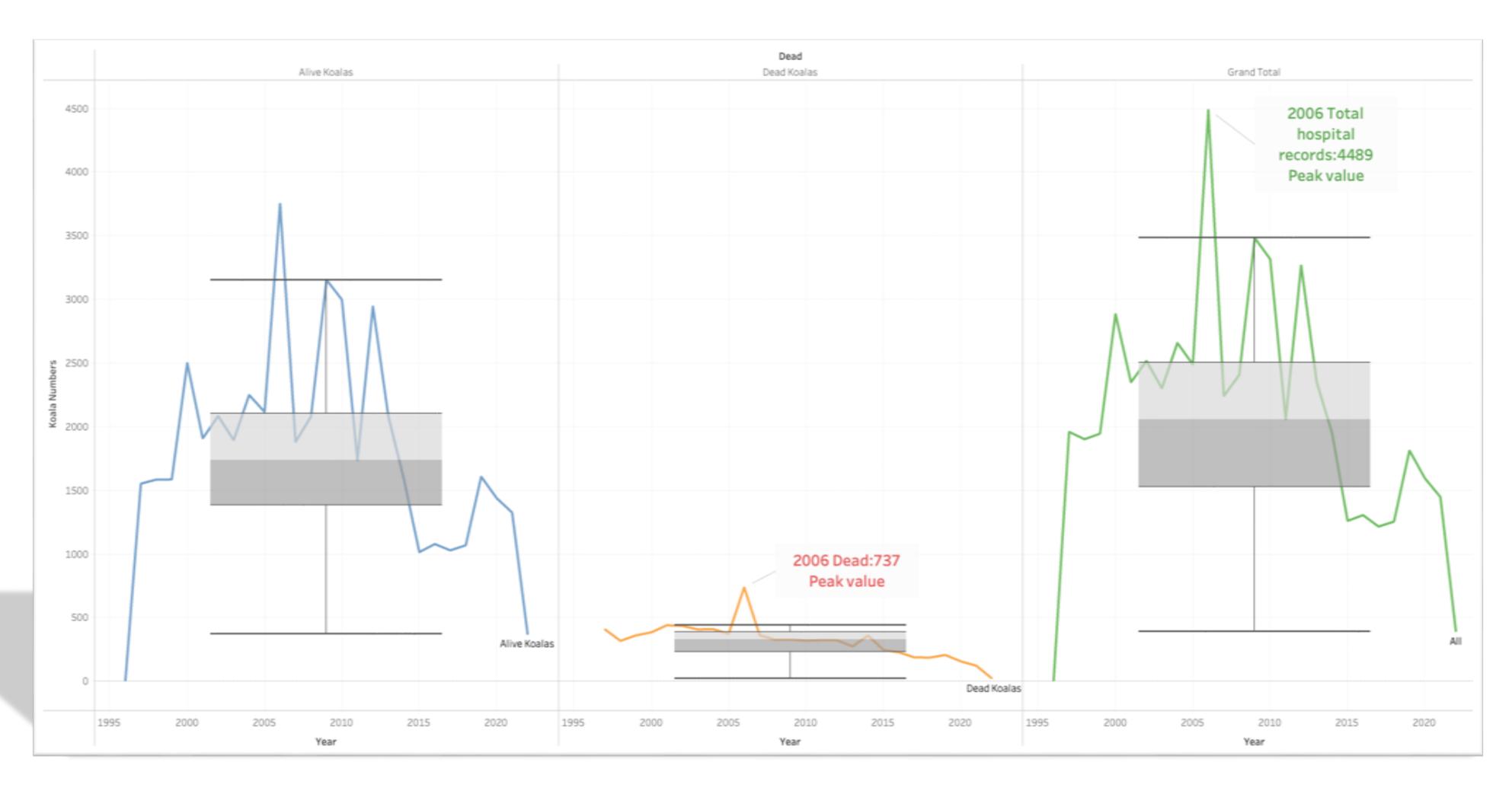
create Bursitis 75 records

create 444 Caught in human place

#### Final dataset



# Koala death records yearly trend





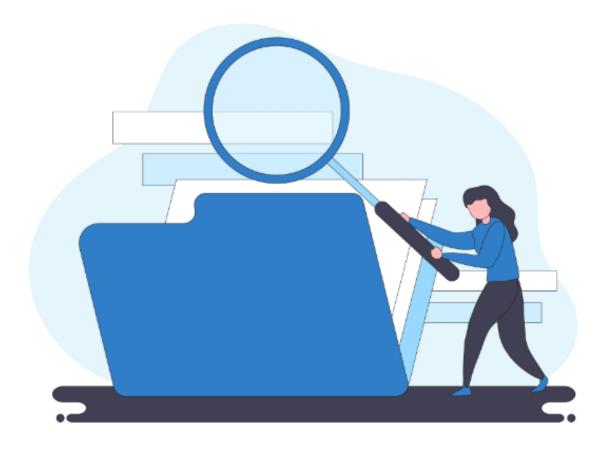
Conclusion: 2006 was peak, then the trend is decreasing

# General data analysis - Injury

S. No	Injured Koalas	Frequency	Proportion
1	Vehicle Hit	11329	19.92%
2	Caused By Dog	4150	7.30%
3	Fall	1045	1.83%
4	Caught in Human Place	443	0.77%
5	Attacked by Animals	301	0.53%
6	Injured	11263	19.81%
	1         2         3         4         5	<ul> <li>1 Vehicle Hit</li> <li>2 Caused By Dog</li> <li>3 Fall</li> <li>4 Caught in Human Place</li> <li>5 Attacked by Animals</li> </ul>	1 Vehicle Hit 11329 2 Caused By Dog 4150 3 Fall 1045 4 Caught in Human Place 443 5 Attacked by Animals 301

Here top3 common causes of injury are Vehicle Hit, Caused by Dog and Fall.

Attacked by Animals and Caught in Human Place are less in number.



# General data analysis - Sick

S. No	Causes of Sickness	Frequency	Proportion
1	Cystitis	11289	19.85%
2	Wasted	10918	19.20%
3	Conjunctivitis	8365	14.71%
4	Pneumonia	435	0.76%
5	BLIND	306	0.53%
6	Chlamydiosis	152	0.26%
7	CANCER	83	0.14%
8	Bursitis	75	0.13%
9	Nephritis	59	0.10%
10	Sick	20418	35.91%

Here, the top3 leading causes of sickness are Cystitis, wasted and Conjunctivitis

While sickness like Cancer,
Bursitis and Nephritis are
very rare.



# Variables correlation analysis



Sick



Most common sickness in Koalas are

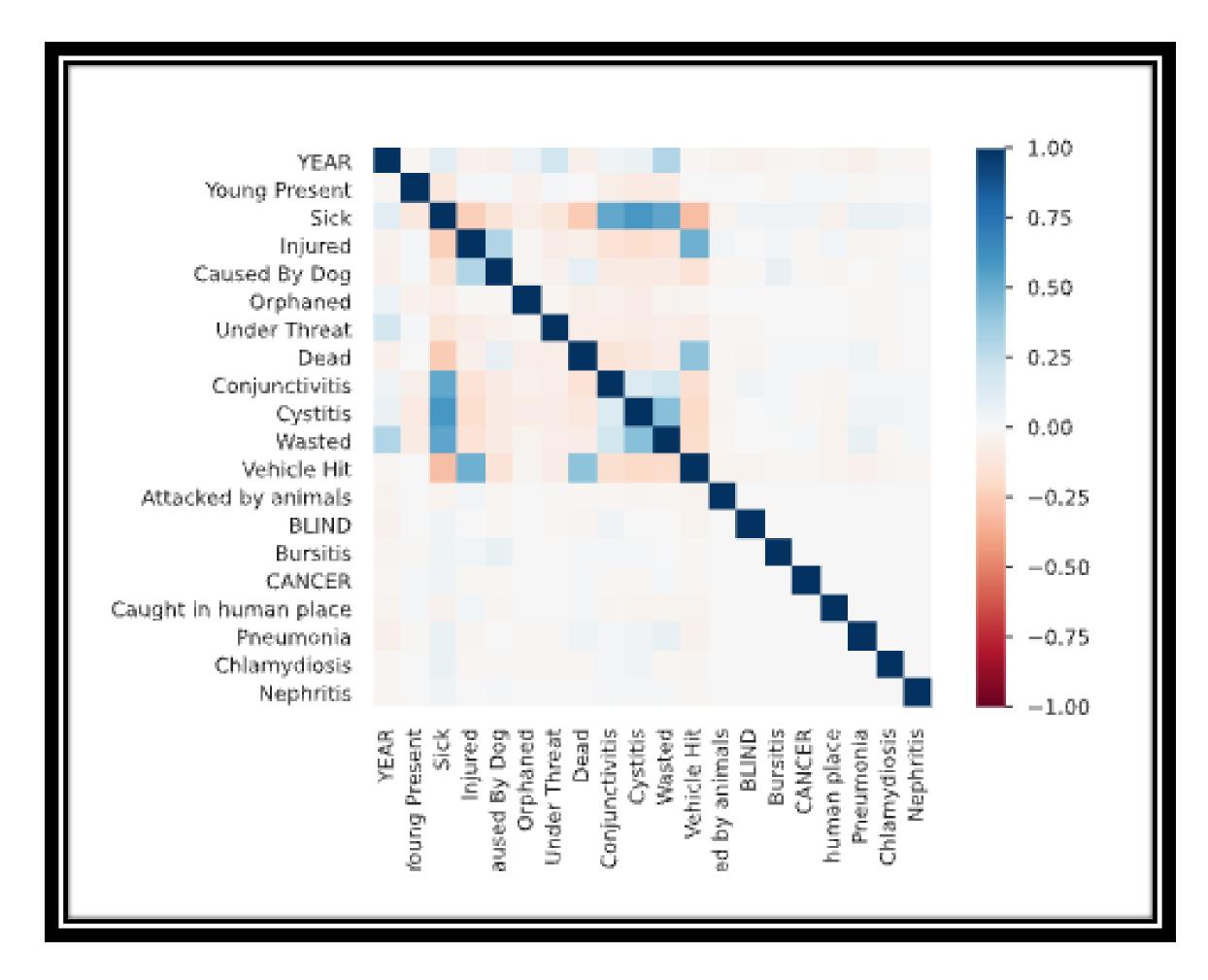
Conjunctivitis, Cystitis,

#### Wasted.

Many of the attacks by dogs were when young were present and most of the injury to koalas were when they were at tacked by animals.

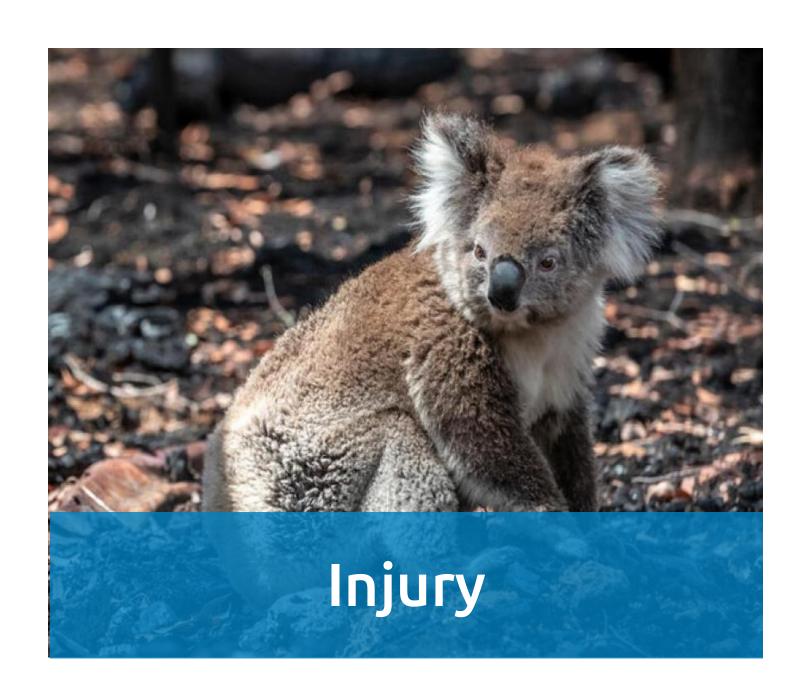


Orphaned is not related to any factors.





## Define variables



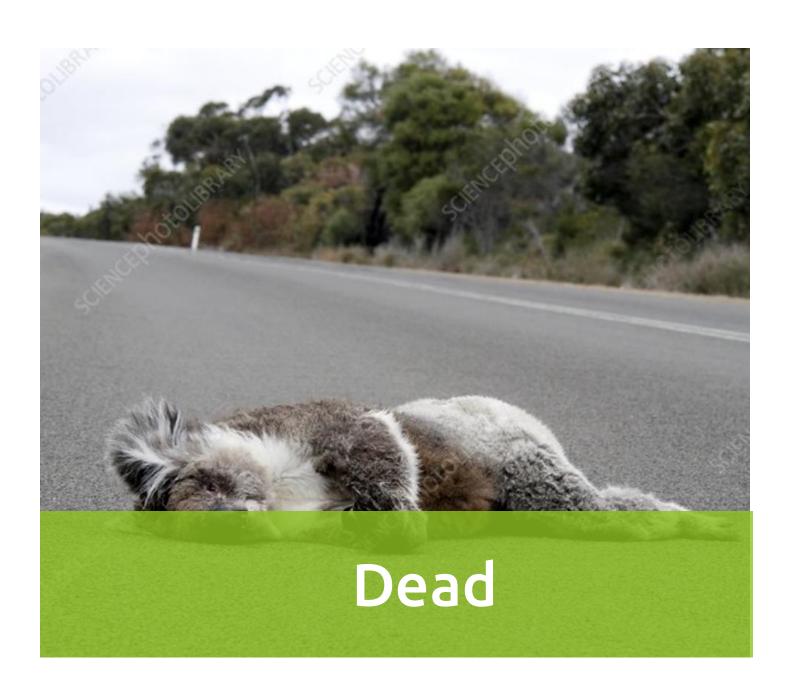
## Independent variables

Injury is defined by these variables:
'Caused By Dog', 'Vehicle Hit', 'Fall', 'Attacked by animals', 'Caught in human place', 'Under Threat' and 'Injured' itself, in total 7.



## Independent variables

Sick is defined by these variables:
'Conjunctivitis', 'Cystitis', 'Wasted', 'Bursitis',
'CANCER','Pneumonia','Chlamydiosis','BLIND'
,'Nephritis'and 'Sick' itself, in total 10.



### Dependent variable

Dead is the label 'Dead'.

## Logistic Regression1-1



Training data 70%

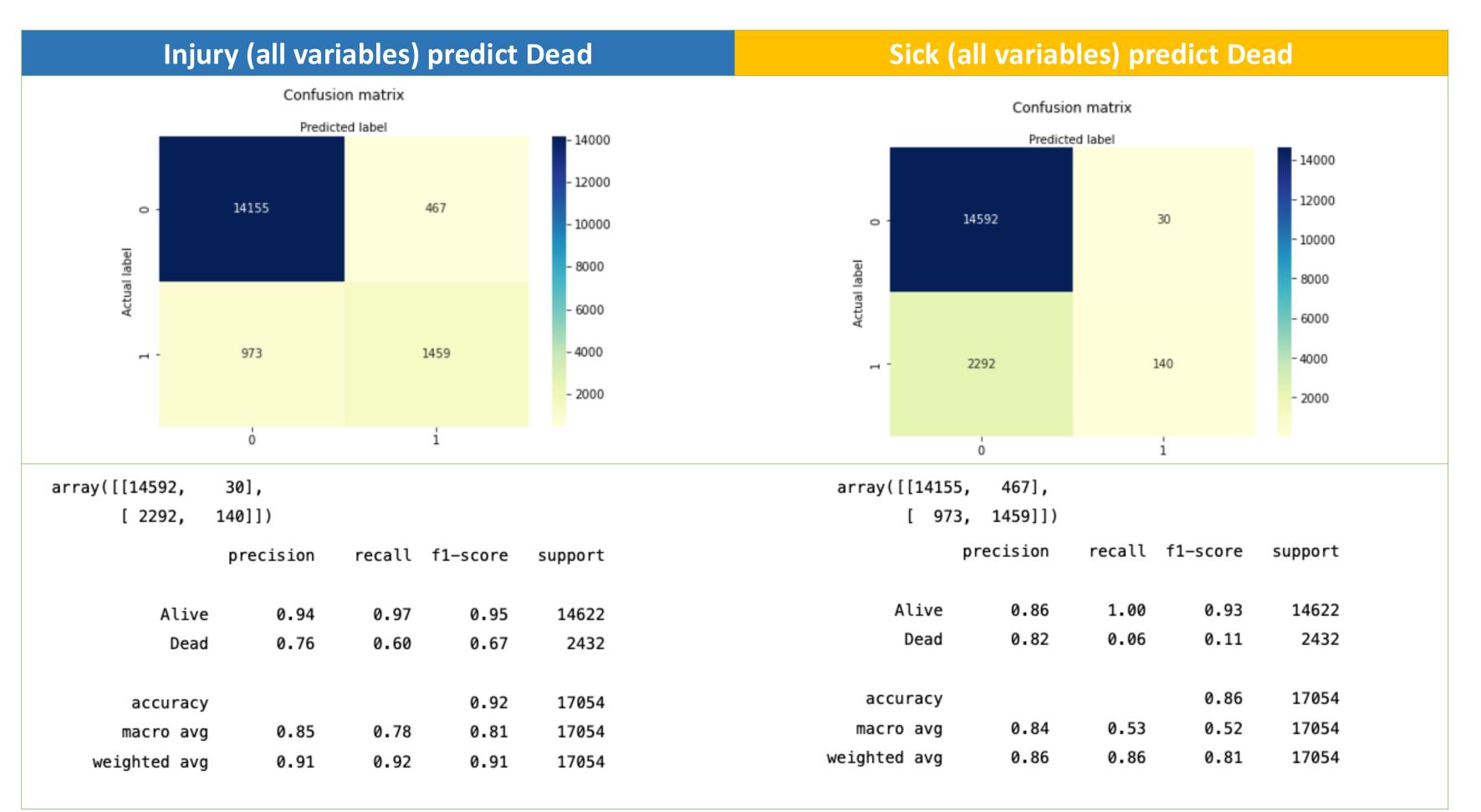


#### Conclusion: Overall performances are good





Testing data 30%



When logistic regression predict Koala's death by using **injury** is more accurate.

92% > 86%

While except recall (with dead) in the model, the other **performance** index are acceptable.

#### Model limitation:

Recall of dead in Sick model is only **6%.** 

Recall refers to the percentage of total relevant results correctly classified by your algorithm.

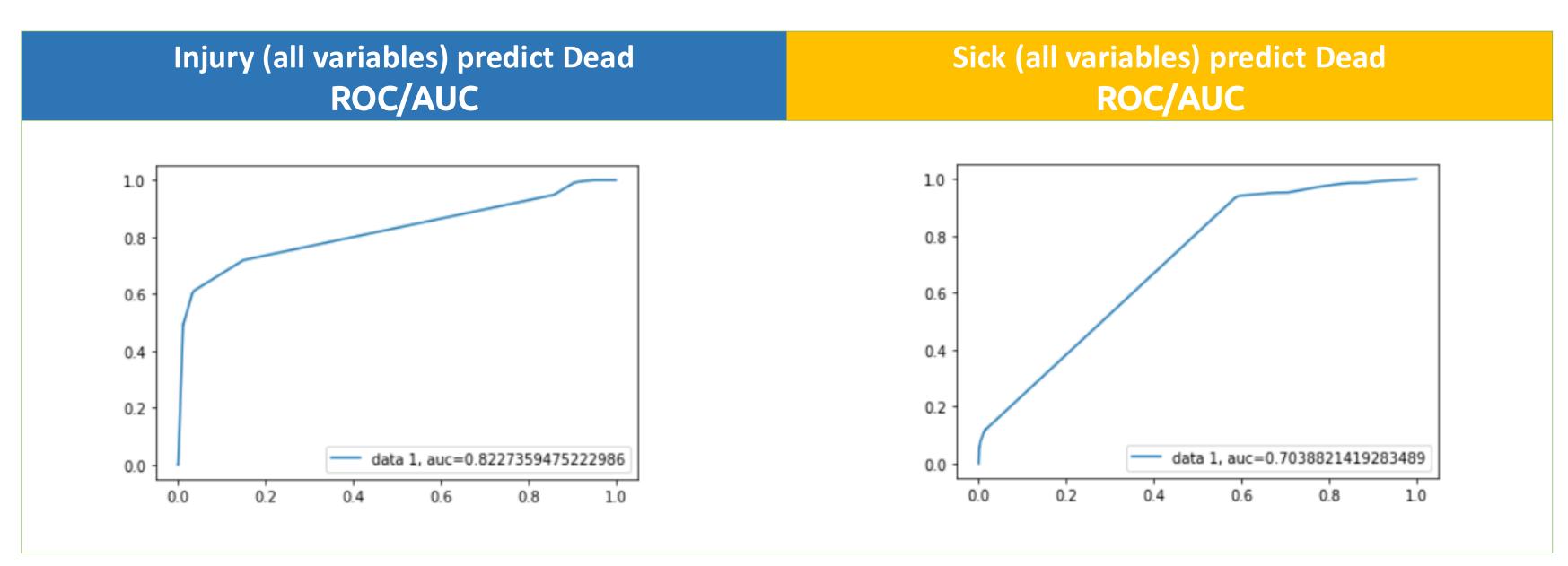
# Logistic Regression 1-2



Training data 70%



Testing data 30%



When we ROC/AUC to justify the performance of the logistic regression model, AUC of Injury model is 0.82,

AUC of Sick model is 0.70



Conclusion: ROC/AUC are also indicated good performance

## Statistical evaluations

### Injury causes and sick causes using logistic regression

## Logistic regression Injury causes

#### Model Summary Nagelkerke R -2 Log Cox & Snell R Square likelihood Square Step 33989.504a .328 .520

a. Estimation terminated at iteration number 7 because parameter estimates changed by less than .001.

Variables in the Equation							
B S.E. Wald df Sig. Exp(B)							
Step 1ª	CausedByDog	3.899	.043	8125.077	1	.000	49.371
	Orphaned	.104	.096	1.176	1	.278	1.110
	VehicleHit	3.772	.035	11778.471	1	.000	43.456
	Fall	3.605	.069	2705.934	1	.000	36.789
	Attackedbyanimals	2.740	.126	469.309	1	.000	15.486
	Caughtinhumanplace	2.521	.110	523.815	1	.000	12.443
	UnderThreat	-1.672	.280	35.660	1	.000	.188
	Constant	-3.413	.029	13719.983	1	.000	.033



#### conclusion

most influential factors of Injury are: Caused by dog, vehicle hit and fall

most influential factors of sick are: Chlamydiosis, Conjunctivitis, Bursitis

The two R-squares in the table explain the interval for the proportion of variation in the dependent variable that can be explained in this model.

[Cox&Snell R Square, Nagelkerke R Square]

## Logistic regression Sick causes

_	Model Summary							
	Step	-2 Log likelihood		& Snell R Square	Nagelkerke R Square			
	1	29198.068ª		.547	.751			

a. Estimation terminated at iteration number 7 because parameter estimates changed by less than .001.

Variables in the Equation								
		В		S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)
Step 1ª	Conjunctivitis	4.955		.058	7231.718	1	.000	141.832
	Cystitis	4.153		.044	8901.489	1	.000	63.649
	Wasted	3.123		.040	6105.004	1	.000	22.705
	BLIND	1.513		.173	76.377	1	.000	4.541
	Bursitis	4.207	.492		73.056	1	.000	67.130
	CANCER	3.132	.298		110.738	1	.000	22.925
	Pneumonia	1.826		.158	133.928	1	.000	6.212
	Chlamydiosis	5.155		.520	98.239	1	.000	173.230
	Nephritis	3.859		.509	57.557	1	.000	47.423
	Constant	-2.661		.021	16003.872	1	.000	.070

Pneumonia, Chlamydiosis, Nephritis,

## K nearest neighbors



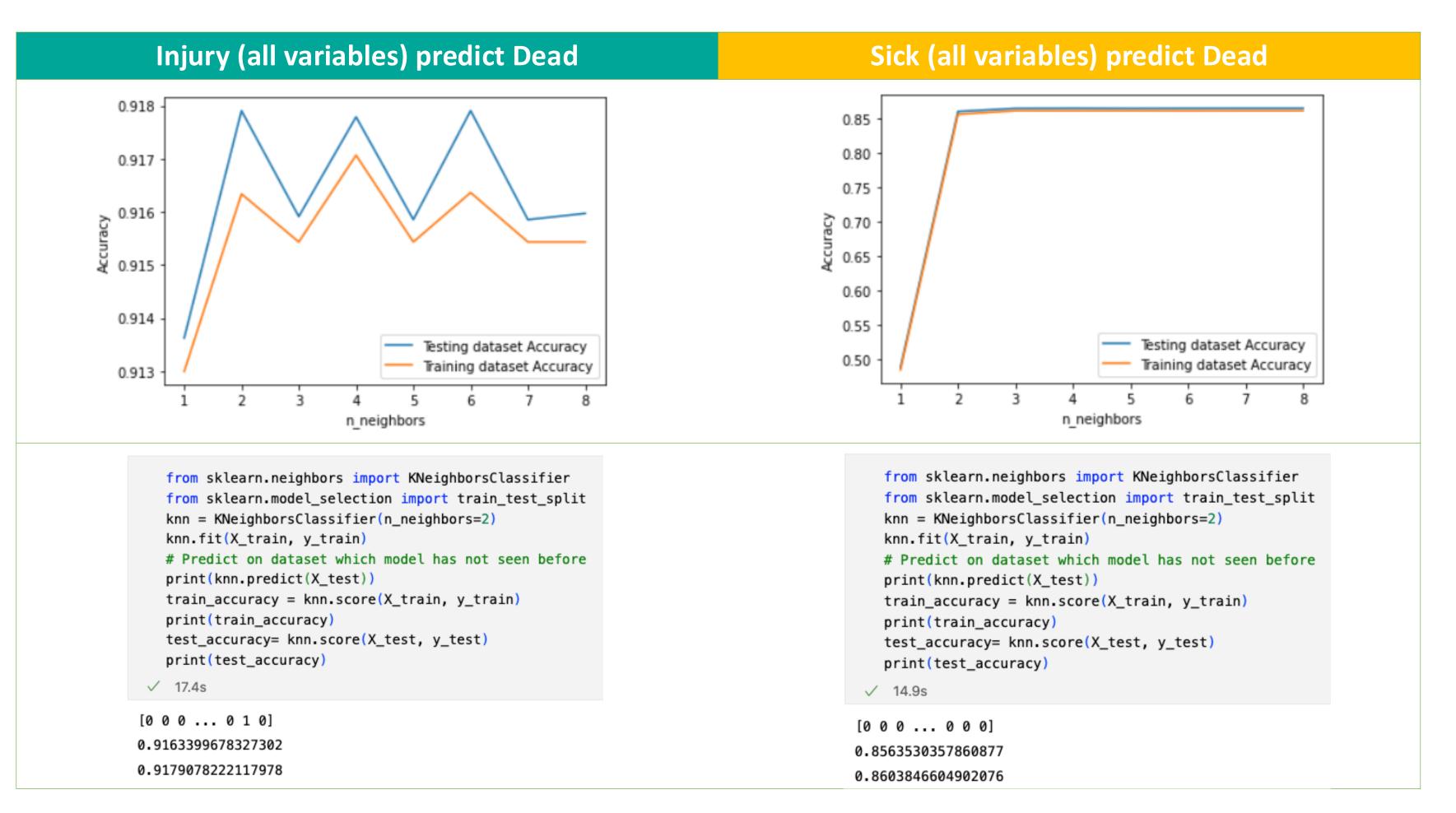
Training data 70%



#### Conclusion: Overall performances are good



Testing data 30%



K nearest neighbors:

How to choose K?

Both the Injury model and Sick

model are better when we choose

K=2, according to the graph.

**Injury model** is more accurate

than

**Sick one, 91.8% > 86%** 

Both in training and testing data.

# Models' comparison

Predicting death is a classification problem, so we tried four different algorithms and compared with the performances of models



#### Logistic Regression

1. Use Injury and the detailed variables to predict Dead.2.Use Sick and related variables to predict Dead.

#### **Evaluation index**

Confusion matrix ROC / AUC



#### KNN

1. Use Injury and the detailed variables to predict Dead.2.Use Sick and related variables to predict Dead.

#### **Evaluation index**

Confusion matrix K chosen



#### SVM

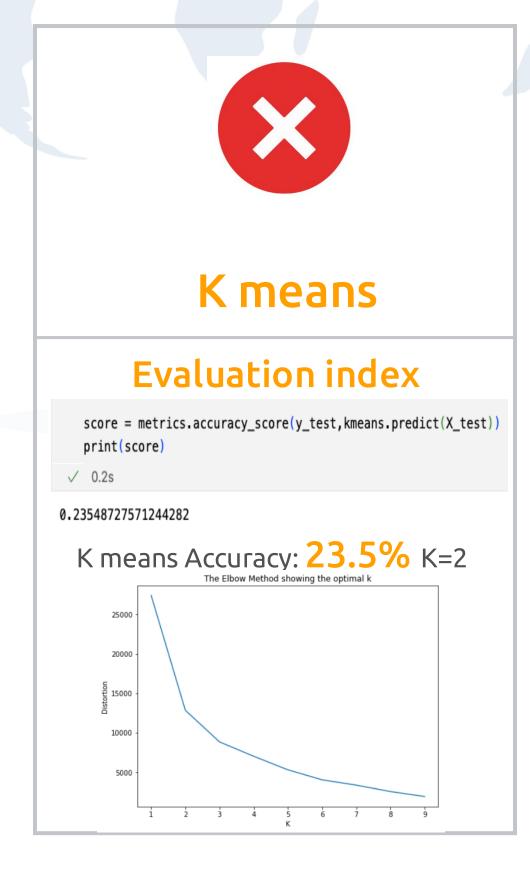
#### **Evaluation index**

# Model Precision: what percentage of positive tuples are lal
print("Precision:",metrics.precision\_score(y\_test, y\_pred))
# Model Recall: what percentage of positive tuples are label'
print("Recall:",metrics.recall\_score(y\_test, y\_pred))

0.2s

Precision: 0.6073619631901841
Recall: 0.08141447368421052

SVM: Precision: 61% Recall: 8.1%

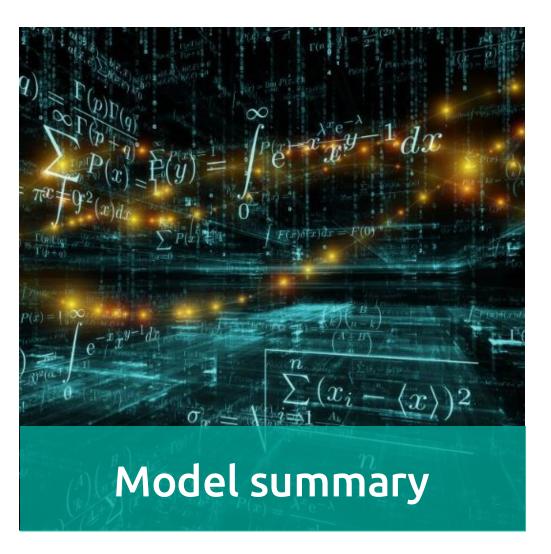




Both logistic Regression and K nearest neighbors (k=2) are good model to choose

# Storytelling and Advice









#### 1. Main causes conclusion

- The main causes lead to koala's death are Vehicle Hit and sick.
- Most common sickness in Koalas are:
   Conjunctivitis, Cystitis, Wasted, Chlamydiosis and Bursitis.
- most influential factors of Injury are:
  Caused by dog, vehicle hit and fall.

## 2. Model summary

**Logistic regression** and **KNN** are two good performances models to predict death, both in injury and sick models.

### 3. Actions advice

- ❖ Animal Protection Organization: Fundings on koala sickness research.
- ❖ State Government: Take actions to protect koalas' home, such as put signs near roads of koalas' habitat.
- Local community: Koalas information telling.

## 4. Future study

- Using other variables (deleted ones) to do research, such as location clustering.
- Generate deep learning models to predict independent variables.

# References and Improvements

No	Trail presentation feedback	Final presentation improvement
1	How does your project solve a problem? Don't be general.	Page 2:Analyze the main causes leading koalas to death.
	Talk about specifics.	Using different algorithm models to predict death.
2	data collection: you didn't explain.	Page 4: how we get our main datasets
3	5-data confess: predict death from injury and sickness. Why not use the type of injury and sickness? You can use a one-hot encoding of categorical variables (dependent) to predict death.	Page 12: Define variables
4	what are the most frequent causes of death? What types of injury/sickness?	Page 8-9: General data analysis - Injury/Sick Page 11: Vehicle Hit caused Death/Sick also caused Death
5	6-storytelling: The slides on deforestation have nothing to do with your analysis. Your conclusions should be taken from your analysis.	We abandon the deforestation data

[1] https://environment.des.qld.gov.au/wildlife/animals/living-with/koalas/facts

