

# Title

- Text

# Exercise 3: Newton's Method for Systems

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# Outline

1. Information
2. Goals
3. Theory/ Recap
4. Exercises

# Information

## General

- Lecture material & problem sets available [here](#)
- Tutorial material available [here](#)

# Goals

## Goals of Today

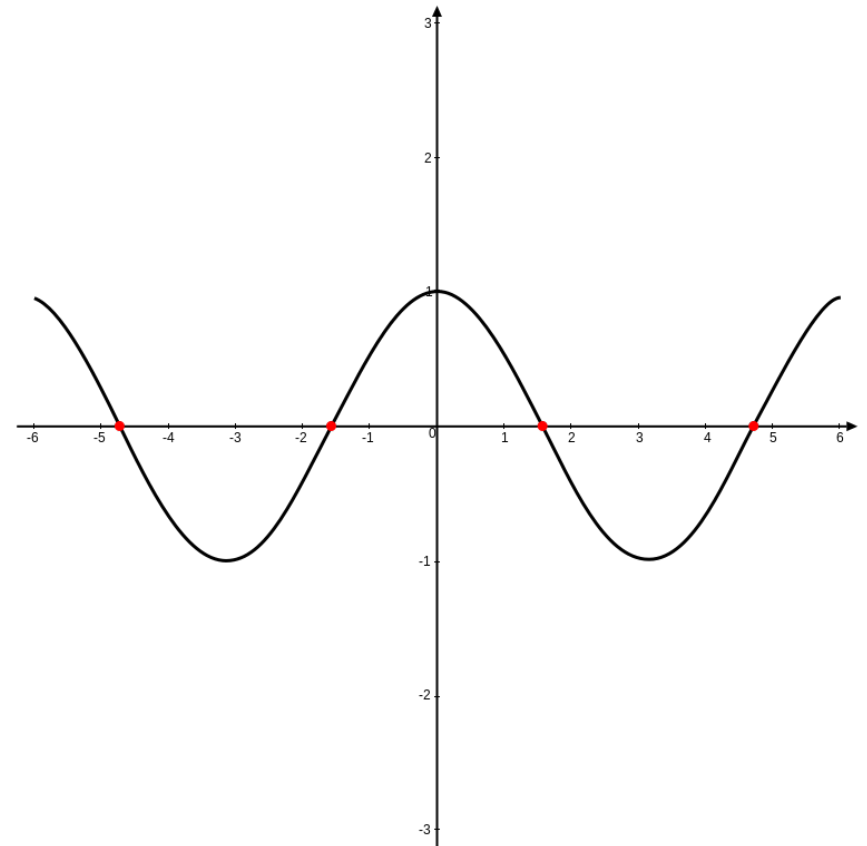
- Understand Newton's method (again)
- Understand issues related to Newton's Method
- Understand how to generalize the method to a system of equations

## Theory / Recap



# Root of a function

- $f(x^*) = 0$ ,  $x^*$  is a root of  $f$
- **Intermediate Value Theorem:**
  - $f$  is continuous
  - $\text{sign } f(a) \neq \text{sign } f(b)$
  - Then  $x^* \in [a, b]$



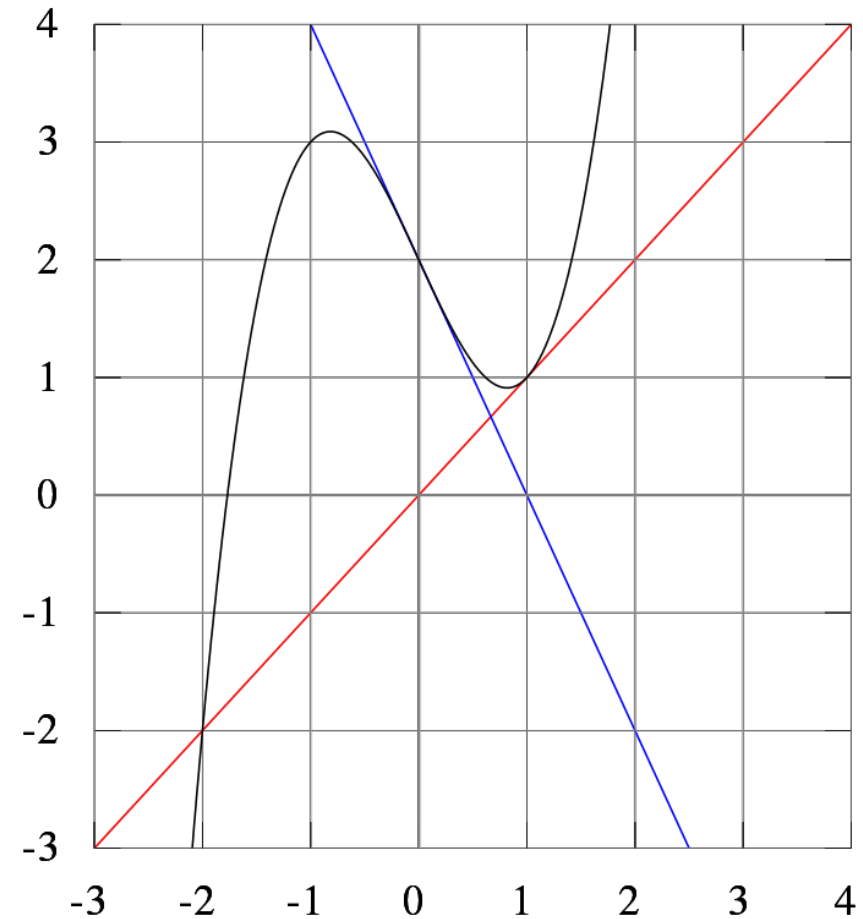
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zero\\_of\\_a\\_function#/media/File:X-intercepts.svg](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zero_of_a_function#/media/File:X-intercepts.svg)

# Newton's Method

- Derivation:
  - Approximate:  $f(x + \Delta x) \approx f(x) + f'(x)\Delta x$  (Taylor)
  - Discretize:  $f(x^{(k)}) = f(x^{(k-1)}) + f'(x^{(k-1)})(x^{(k)} - x^{(k-1)})$
  - Set  $f(x^{(k)}) = 0$ :  $x^{(k)} = x^{(k-1)} - \frac{f(x^{(k-1)})}{f'(x^{(k-1)})}$  (update rule)
- Iterate until  $|x^{(k)} - x^{(k-1)}| < \epsilon$
- Link

## Issues

- Oscillation
- Stationary point



[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Newton%27s\\_method#/media/File:Newton'sMethodConvergenceFailure.svg](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Newton%27s_method#/media/File:Newton'sMethodConvergenceFailure.svg)

## Newton's Method for Systems

- $\mathbf{x}^* = [x_1^*, \dots, x_N^*]^T$ ,  $\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x}^*) = [f_1(x_1^*), \dots, f_N(x_N^*)]^T = \mathbf{0}$
- Update rule:  $\mathbf{x}^{(k)} = \mathbf{x}^{(k-1)} - \mathbf{J}^{-1}(\mathbf{x}^{(k-1)})\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x}^{(k-1)})$
- Define:  $\mathbf{x}^{(k)} - \mathbf{x}^{(k-1)} = \mathbf{y}^{(k-1)}$
- Write update rule as:  $\mathbf{J}(\mathbf{x}^{(k-1)})\mathbf{y}^{(k-1)} = -\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x}^{(k-1)})$

## Example 1: System of Equations

- $x_1 + x_2 - x_1 x_2 + 2 = 0; x_1 \cdot \exp(-x_2) - 1 = 0$
- Initial Guess:  $x_1^{(0)} = 0; x_2^{(0)} = 0$
- Compute the Jacobian
- Solve  $J(\mathbf{x}^{(k-1)})\mathbf{y}^{(k-1)} = -\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x}^{(k-1)})$
- Compute  $\mathbf{x}^{(1)}$

# Exercises

## Q1

- Implement Newton's method for systems
- Solve a practical problem

# Questions?

