quoting-function

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Quoting function demonstration

Dataset

For this exploration of the idea of quoting functions, we will be using the mtcars dataset, which consists of the columns *mpg*, *cyl*, *disp*, *hp*, *wt*, and others

mtcars

```
##
                      mpg cyl disp hp drat
                                              wt qsec vs am gear carb
                            6 160.0 110 3.90 2.620 16.46
## Mazda RX4
                     21.0
## Mazda RX4 Wag
                     21.0
                            6 160.0 110 3.90 2.875 17.02
                                                                    4
## Datsun 710
                     22.8
                           4 108.0 93 3.85 2.320 18.61
## Hornet 4 Drive 21.4
                            6 258.0 110 3.08 3.215 19.44 1 0
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7 8 360.0 175 3.15 3.440 17.02 0 0
                                                                    2
                     18.1
                           6 225.0 105 2.76 3.460 20.22 1 0
## Valiant
                 14.3
## Duster 360
                            8 360.0 245 3.21 3.570 15.84
                                                                    4
## Merc 240D
                   24.4 4 146.7 62 3.69 3.190 20.00 1 0
                                                                    2
                 19.2
17.8
16.4
## Merc 230
                     22.8 4 140.8 95 3.92 3.150 22.90 1 0
## Merc 280
                            6 167.6 123 3.92 3.440 18.30
                                                                    4
## Merc 280C
                            6 167.6 123 3.92 3.440 18.90
## Merc 450SE
                           8 275.8 180 3.07 4.070 17.40 0 0
                                                               3
## Merc 450SL
                     17.3
                           8 275.8 180 3.07 3.730 17.60 0 0
                                                                    3
## Merc 450SLC
                     15.2
                            8 275.8 180 3.07 3.780 18.00
## Cadillac Fleetwood 10.4 8 472.0 205 2.93 5.250 17.98 0
## Lincoln Continental 10.4 8 460.0 215 3.00 5.424 17.82 0 0
                                                               3
                                                                    4
## Chrysler Imperial 14.7
                            8 440.0 230 3.23 5.345 17.42 0
                     32.4 4 78.7 66 4.08 2.200 19.47
## Fiat 128
                     30.4 4 75.7 52 4.93 1.615 18.52 1 1
## Honda Civic
                                                                    2
## Toyota Corolla
                            4 71.1 65 4.22 1.835 19.90 1 1
                     33.9
## Toyota Corona
                     21.5
                           4 120.1 97 3.70 2.465 20.01
## Dodge Challenger
                     15.5
                            8 318.0 150 2.76 3.520 16.87 0 0
## AMC Javelin
                     15.2
                            8 304.0 150 3.15 3.435 17.30 0 0
                                                               3
                                                                    2
## Camaro Z28
                     13.3
                            8 350.0 245 3.73 3.840 15.41 0
                                                                    4
## Pontiac Firebird
                     19.2
                            8 400.0 175 3.08 3.845 17.05 0
## Fiat X1-9
                     27.3
                            4 79.0 66 4.08 1.935 18.90 1 1
                                                                    1
                     26.0 4 120.3 91 4.43 2.140 16.70 0 1
                                                                    2
## Porsche 914-2
## Lotus Europa
                     30.4
                           4 95.1 113 3.77 1.513 16.90
## Ford Pantera L
                     15.8
                           8 351.0 264 4.22 3.170 14.50
                                                                    4
                     19.7
                                                               5
## Ferrari Dino
                            6 145.0 175 3.62 2.770 15.50
                                                                    6
                     15.0
## Maserati Bora
                           8 301.0 335 3.54 3.570 14.60
                                                                    8
## Volvo 142E
                     21.4
                            4 121.0 109 4.11 2.780 18.60
```

One way in which we can access a column of data from the dataset is as follows

```
mtcars[["mpg"]]
```

```
## [1] 21.0 21.0 22.8 21.4 18.7 18.1 14.3 24.4 22.8 19.2 17.8 16.4 17.3 15.2 10.4 ## [16] 10.4 14.7 32.4 30.4 33.9 21.5 15.5 15.2 13.3 19.2 27.3 26.0 30.4 15.8 19.7 ## [31] 15.0 21.4
```

Regular Function example

In the below example, we don't make use of any quotation mechanism. We are simply expecting that a string is passed in as an argument in order to calculate the average of a particular numerical column

```
calculate_column_mean <- function(dataset, column_name) {
  return(mean(dataset[[column_name]]))
}</pre>
```

For example, we can get the average mpg of cars in the mtcars dataset

```
calculate_column_mean(mtcars, "mpg")
```

```
## [1] 20.09062
```

However, if we try to pass in *mpg* without quotes, it will not work! This is what we would expect coming from a more traditional programming background in Java, Python, etc. since mpg is not defined as a variable

```
calculate_column_mean(mtcars, mpg)
```

```
## Error in (function(x, i, exact) if (is.matrix(i)) as.matrix(x)[[i]] else .subset2(x, : object 'mpg' not found
```

Quotation Function Example

However, we can modify the function above to allow usage of R's quotation mechanism provided from the rlang package through the enexpr function, which stands for "enrich expression". This turns any argument passed into the function into an expression.

```
calculate_column_mean_quotation <- function(dataset, column_name) {
  cn <- enexpr(column_name)
  return(mean(dataset[[as_string(cn)]]))
}</pre>
```

As shown, we can now pass in mpg without quotes and it will actually work as if it were a string! We take the output of enexpr (which will be symbol in this case), and convert it into a string to access the column from whatever dataset passed in

```
calculate_column_mean_quotation(mtcars, mpg)
```