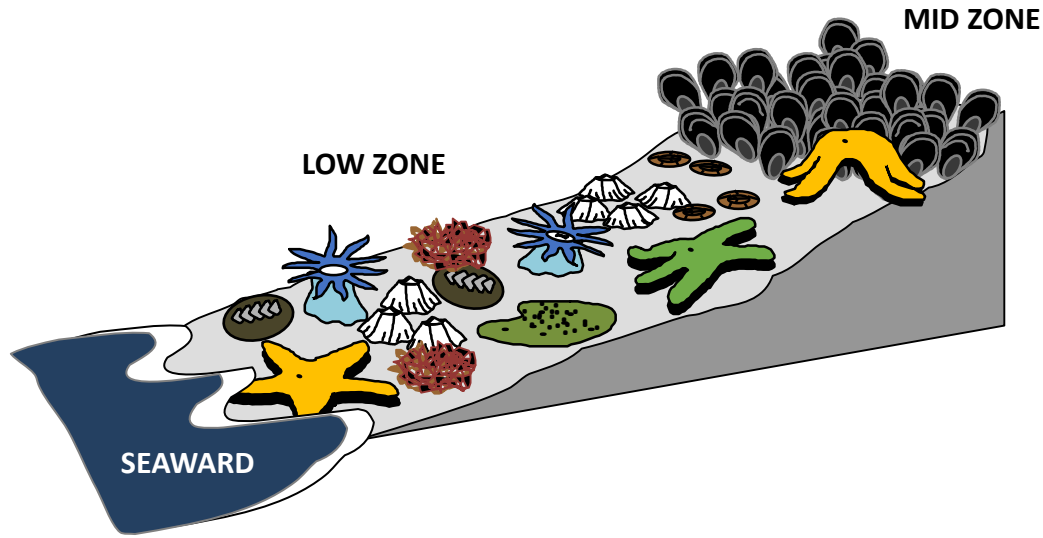
A scenic photograph of a rocky intertidal coastline during sunset. The foreground shows dark, wet rocks covered in vibrant green and red seaweed. The ocean is visible on the right, with white foam from breaking waves. In the background, a forested hillside with a few white houses is silhouetted against the warm, orange glow of the setting sun.

Using Structural Equation Modeling to Investigate Direct and Indirect Effects of Predators in the Rocky Intertidal

Silke Bachhuber
Analytical Workflows
April 10, 2019

Mechanisms of resistance, resilience to SSWS

Pisaster present



Pisaster removed

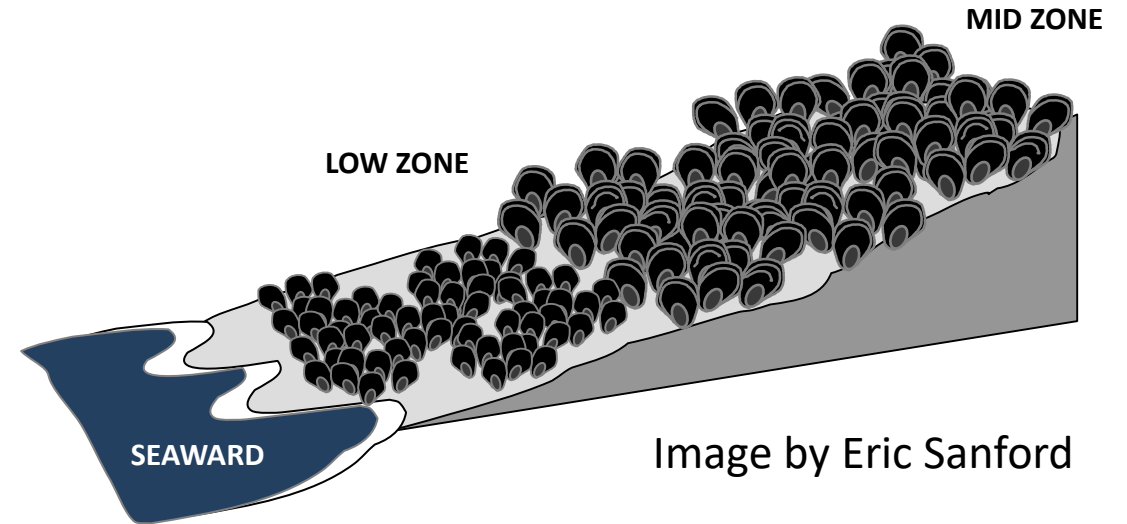


Image by Eric Sanford

- Recruitment of mussels and barnacles
- Large predators (stars and birds)

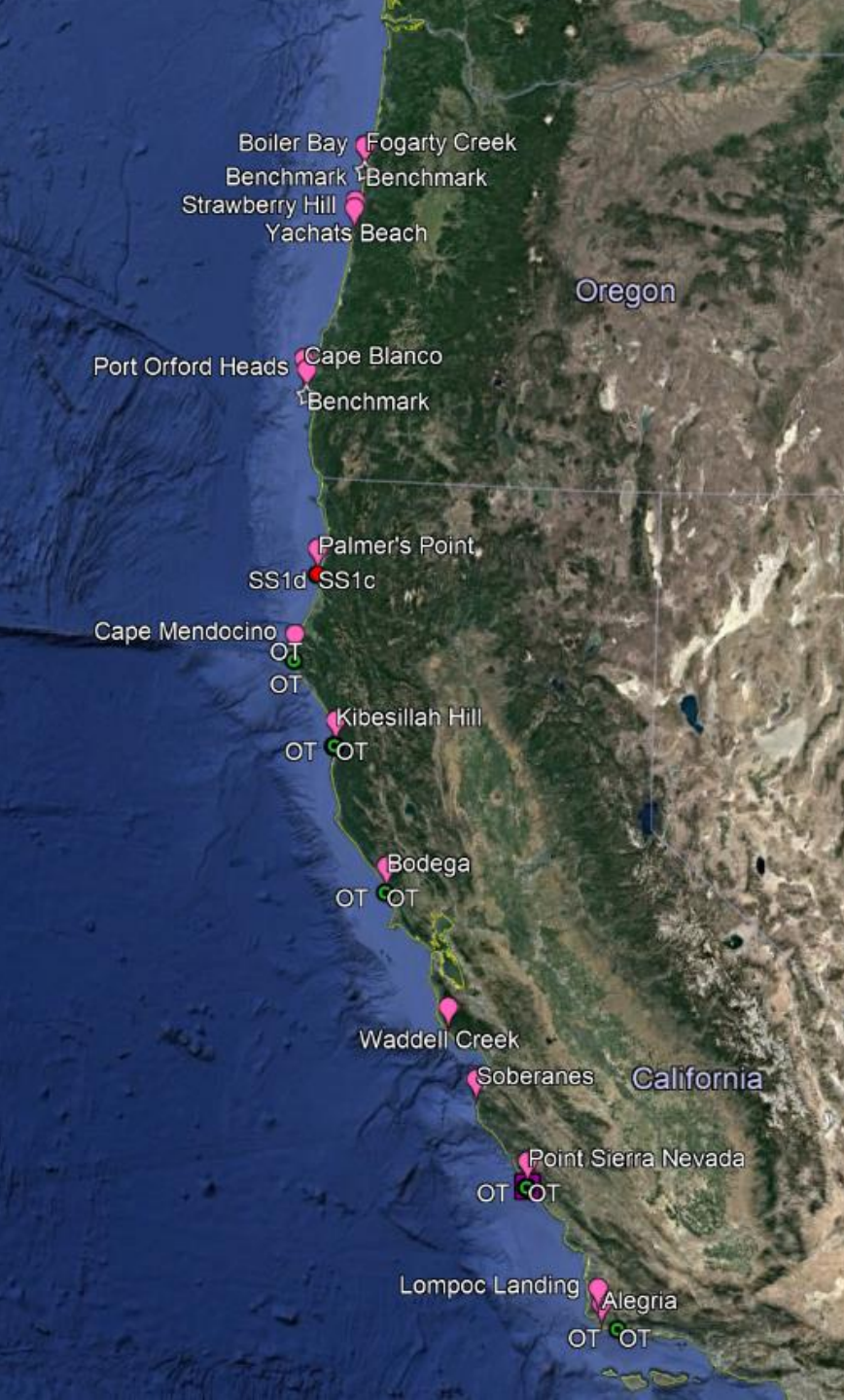
- Facilitation by algae, barnacles
- **Small predators**

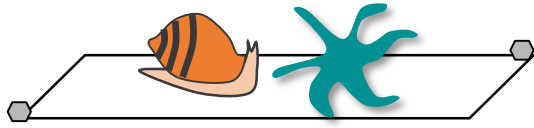
Can compensatory predation by *Nucella ostrina* and *Leptasterias spp.* prevent downward spread of mussels into the low zone?

- How does the strength of compensatory predation vary from SoCal to Oregon?
- Hypothesis: higher densities of predator species in OR=increased compensatory predation
- How do recruitment and colonization dynamics vary from SoCal to Oregon over the course of ~16 months?

Methods

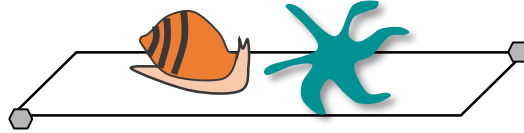
- 2 plots, 1 fence, 4 cages per site
 - OR: Nucella only, Nucella and Leptasterias, Leptasterias only, no preds (control)
 - CA: Nucella only, no preds (control)
- 15x15 cm cages deployed ~1m under lower limit of mussel bed
- Cleared at experiment start (May 2018)
- Stocked w/preds (site specific density) once prey had recruited
 - OR/NorCal: July 2018
 - CenCal: September 2018 (low recruitment)





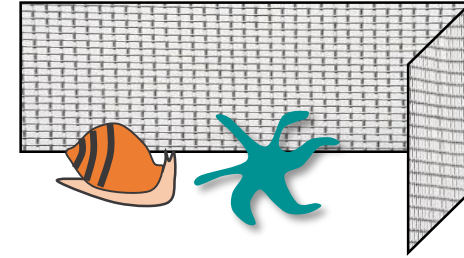
Recruitment plot (cleared
~monthly)

+ Nucella ostrina +
Leptasterias



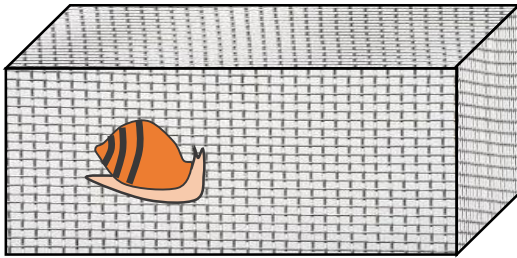
Colonization plot (cleared
once)

+ Nucella + Leptasterias



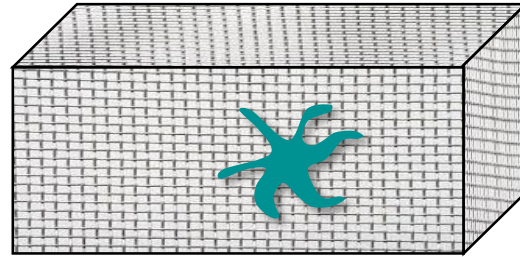
Colonization fence (Cage
Control)

+ Nucella + Leptasterias



Nucella only

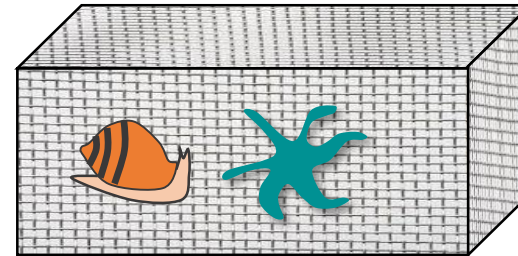
+ Nucella - Leptasterias



Leptasterias only

- Nucella + Leptasterias

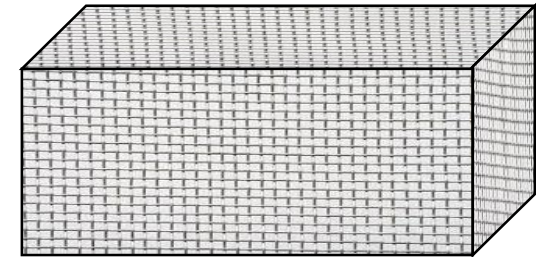
OR only



Both predators

+ Nucella + Leptasterias

OR only



Predator exclusion

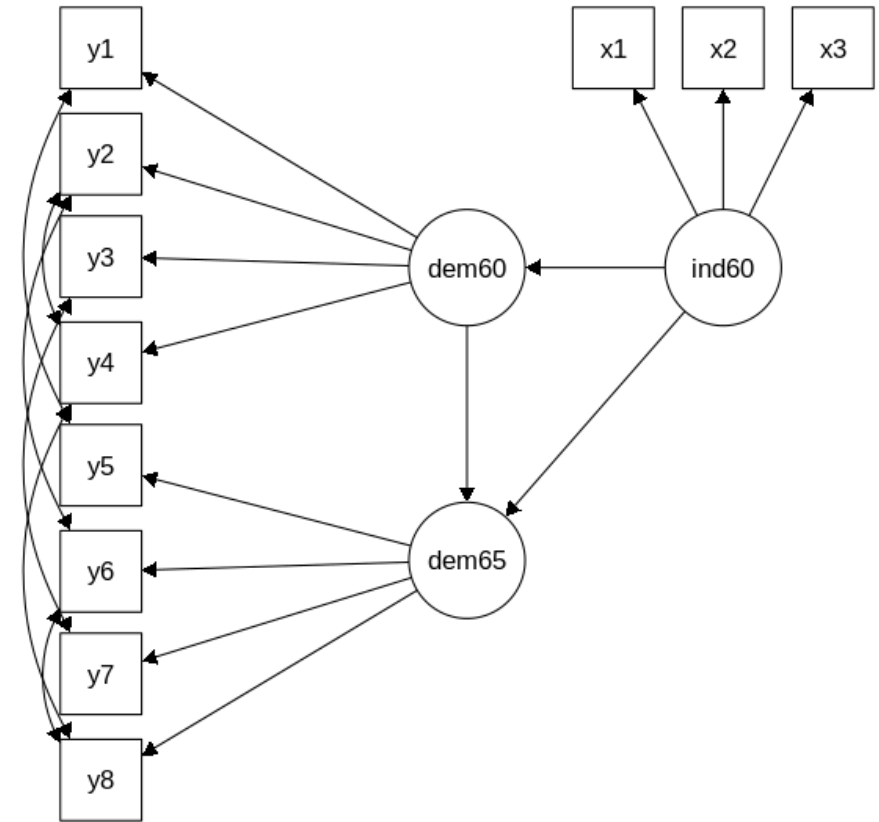
- Nucella - Leptasterias

Overarching goal

- Build a Structural Equation Model (SEM) – multivariate method that facilitates investigation of direct and indirect interactions
- Investigate mechanisms behind variation in interaction strengths across a wide biogeographic gradient
- Increasing understanding of mechanisms shaping community structure -> increased predictive capacity re: community-level response to climate change

Products of this class

- Generate workflow for vignette in R package lavaan
- Build SEM with this dataset, learn how to use package
- Draw model for my experiment (theoretical framework)



Desired end result

- Workflow for example previously described
- Drawn version of my actual model
- Goal is to have a flexible workflow that I can modify to run my data once I have it

Stretch goal

- Developing a theoretical SEM that's good enough to simulate data
- Can use to assess predictive capacity of the model once I have fit it to my actual data + ground truth mechanisms



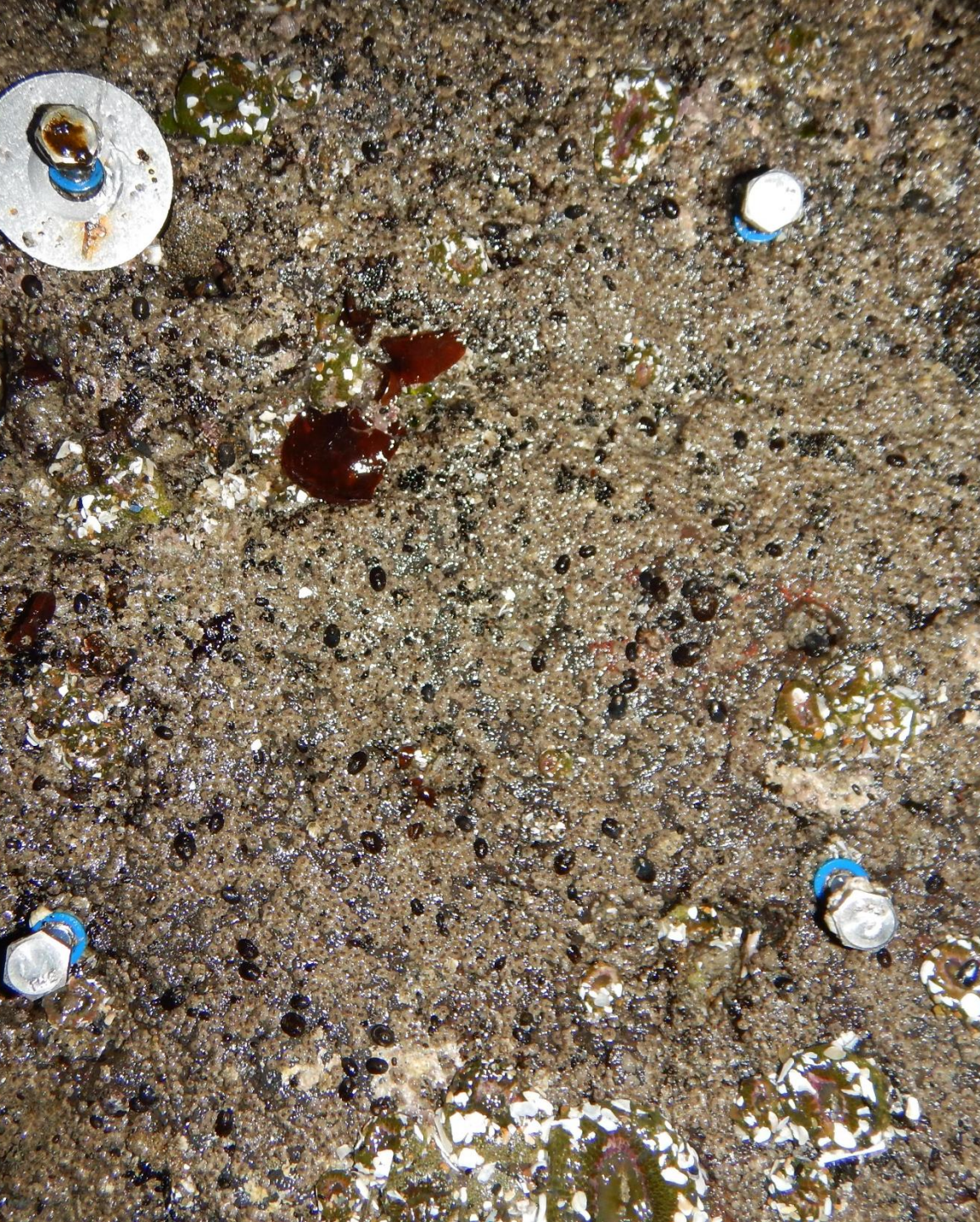
Your population vs. your model



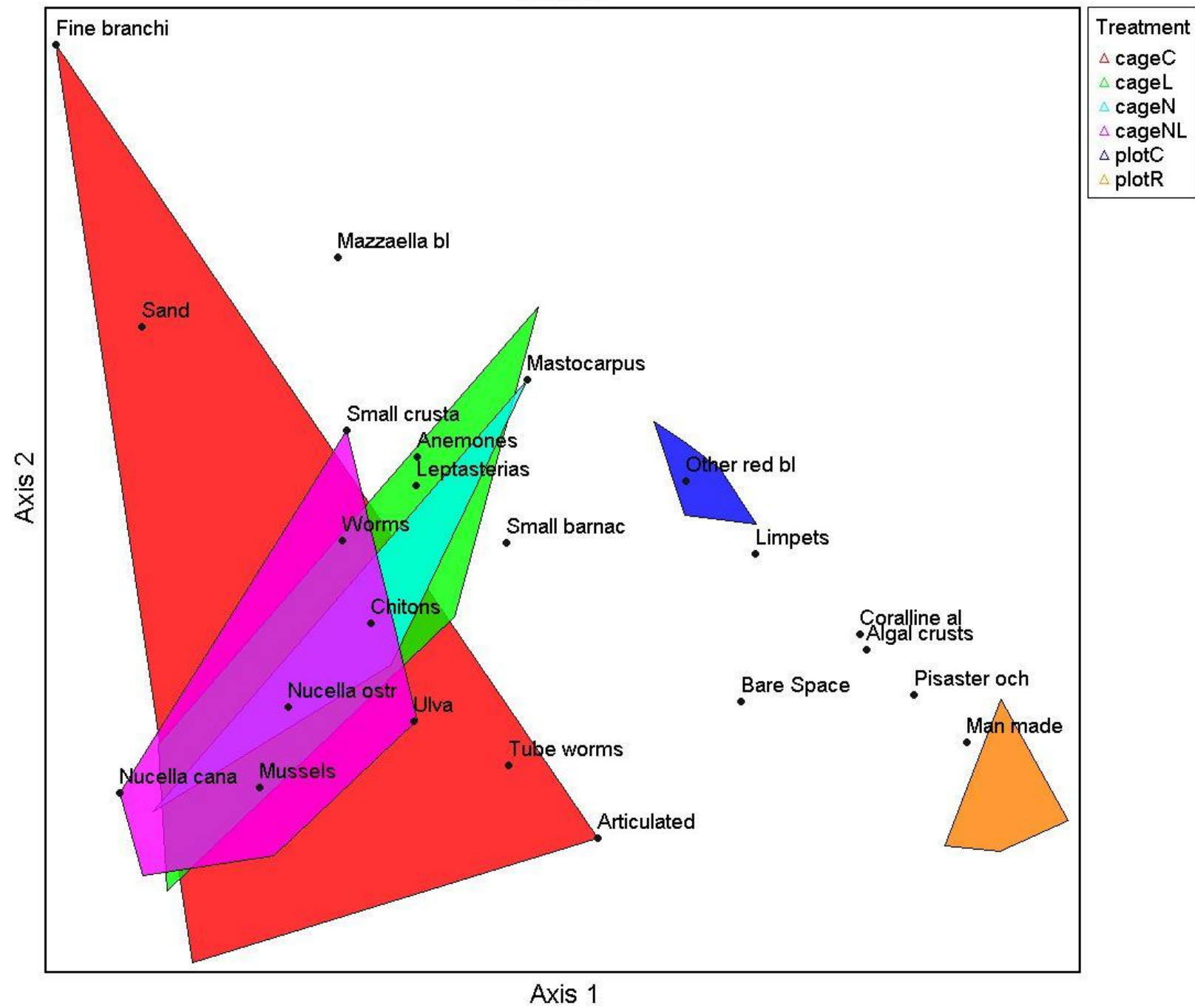
18:46 - 18. Nov. 2018

Questions?

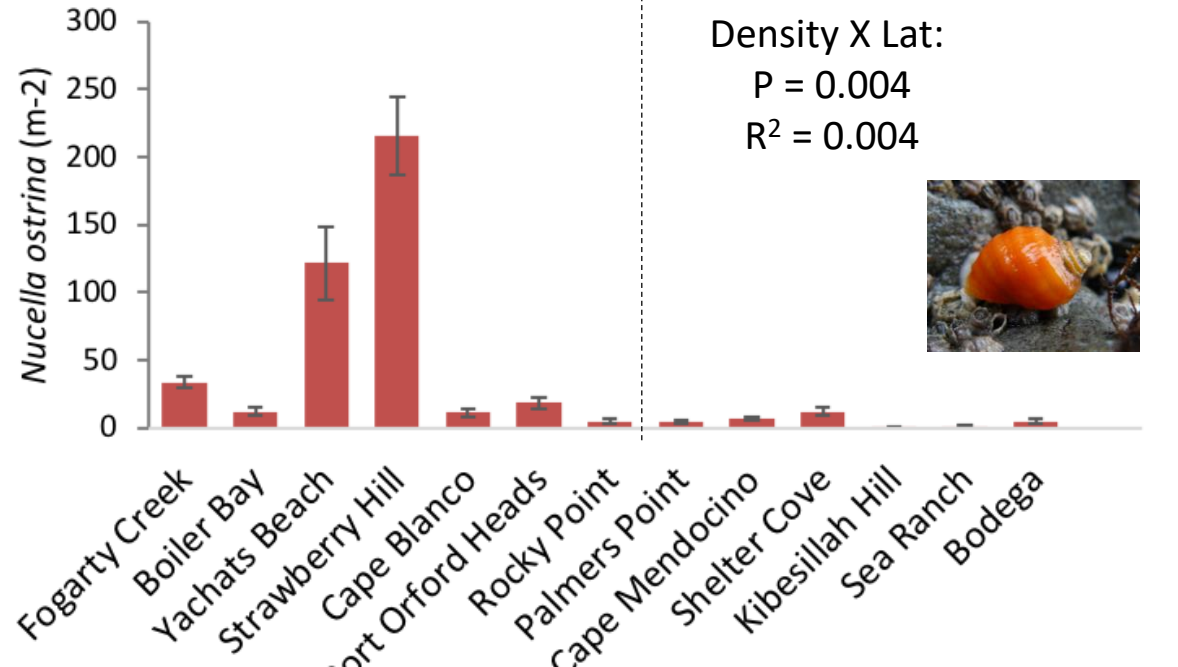
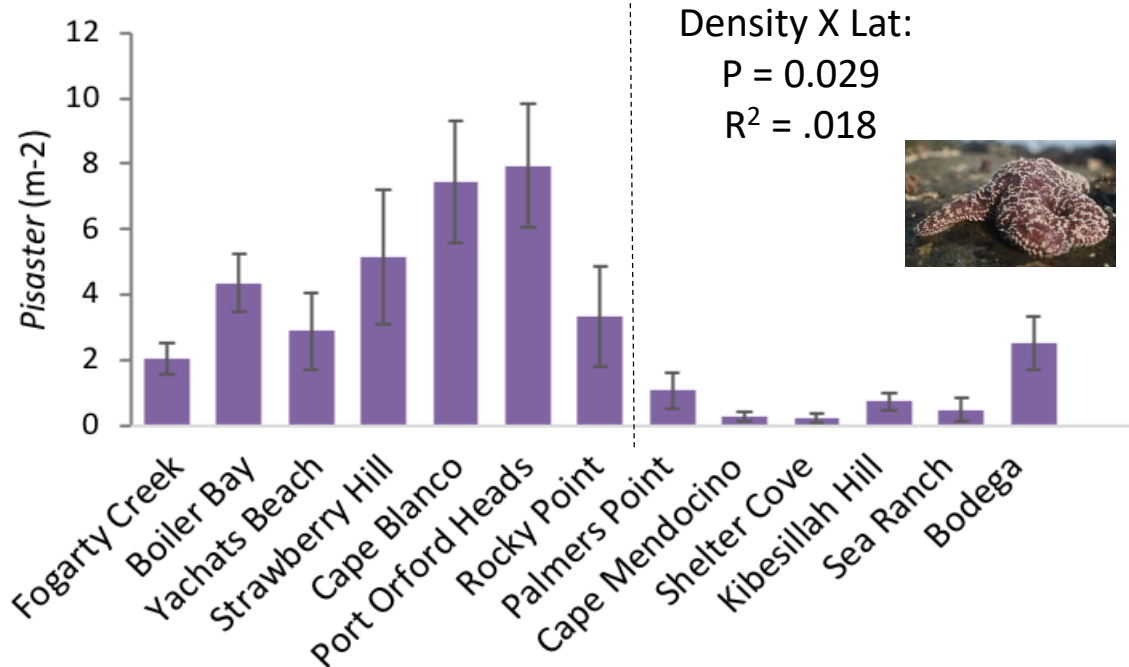
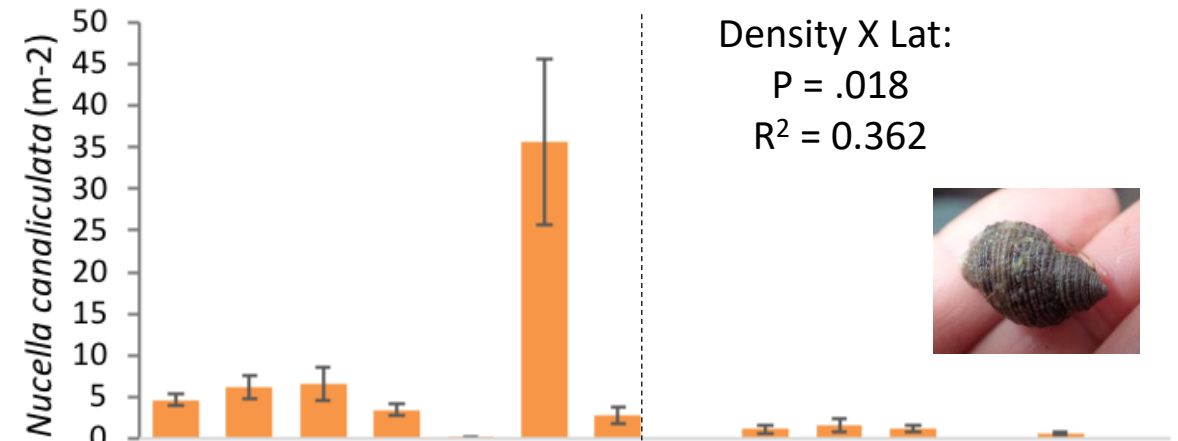
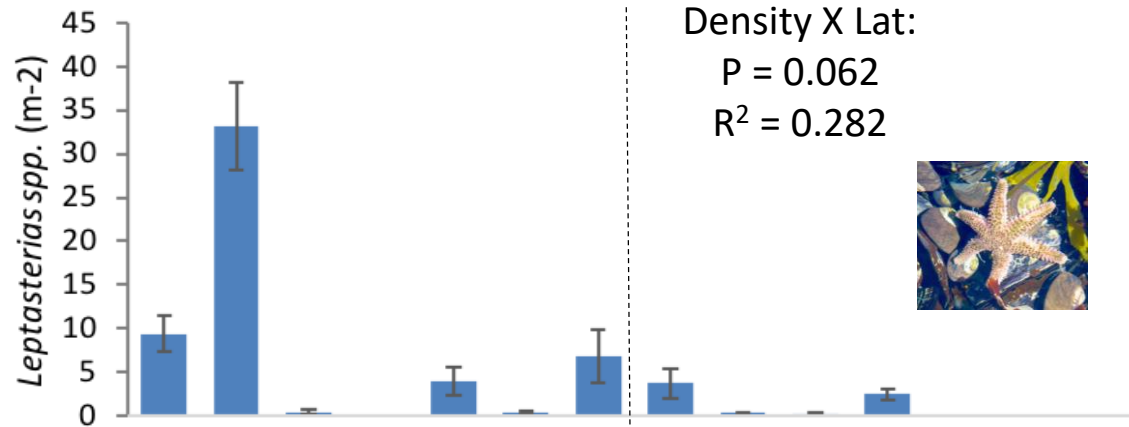




SH NMS



Predator Densities



The system is both spatially variable

...and temporally variable

