# Cognizant

# Google Cloud Platform

Introduction - Google Storage Services

May 8, 2020

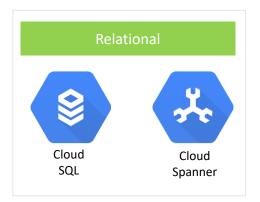
# Agenda - Master Class

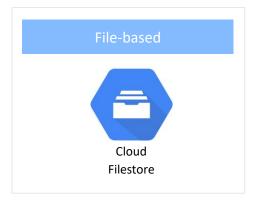
S.No.	Topic (Master Class)	Date	Day
1	Introduction to Google Cloud Platform	4-May	Mon
2	Introduction to Google Compute Services - GCE   GAE   GKE	6-May	Wed
3	Introduction to Google Storage - GCS   Bigtable   Big Query   Datastore	8-May	Fri
4	Introduction to Google Networking	11-May	Mon
5	Introduction to GCP Monitoring Services	13-May	Wed
6	DEMO-I (2 Hours)	15-May	Fri
7	Introduction to GCP Security Services	18-May	Mon
8	Introduction to Google Data & Serverless Services	20-May	Wed
9	Introduction to GCP DevOps Services	22-May	Fri
10	Introduction to Google API Services	26-May	Tue
11	Introduction to Google Anthos	27-May	Wed
12	DEMO-II (2 Hours)	29-May	Fri

# **Google Storage Services**















# Google Cloud: Object Store

## Google Cloud Storage - Object Store

- ➤ It is RESTful Online File Storage Web Service
- Stores & Serves Object e.g. BLOB
- Objects are stored in Buckets
- ➤ Objects are "immutable by nature" e.g. cannot be overwritten
- Buckets have name, labels, ACL
- Supports advanced security e.g. Pre-defined Roles, KMS
- Sharing capabilities e.g. create time-bound links
- You can use it to serve static web sites.





# **Google Cloud Storage - Features**

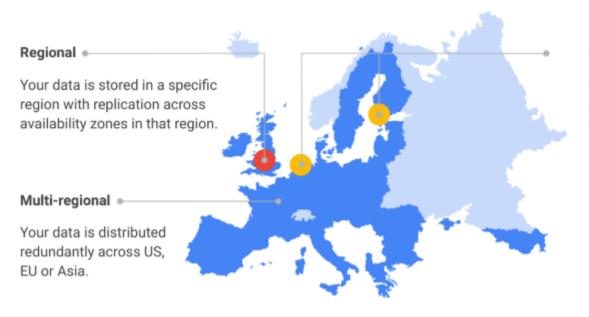
- Object Lifecycle Management
- Object Versioning
- Retention Policy
- Object Holds
- CMEK / CSEK
- Uniform Bucket-Level-access e.g. disable ACL
- Requester Pays
- Supports Pub/Sub Notification e.g. add, update, delete
- Cloud Audit Logs





# **Types of Storage Class and Replication Options**





#### **Dual-regional**

Your data is replicated across a specific pair of regions.

# How do you work with Buckets?



Google Storage **Utility** gsutil

Google Console Web Browser



## Cloud Shell | Shell prompt

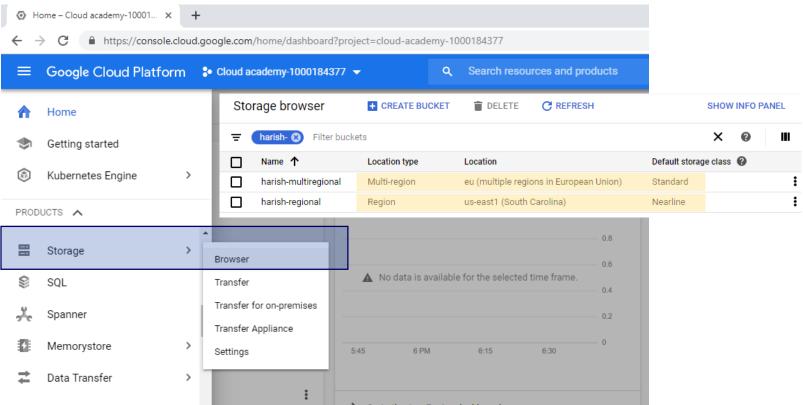


\$gsutil -p project\_id> -c nearline -l us-east1

```
root@cts-client:/home/harish_chauhan - Google Chrome
                                                                                                                           ×
 https://ssh.cloud.google.com/projects/cloud-academy-1000184377/zones/us-central1-a/instances/cts-client?authuser=0&hl=en_US&projectNumber=910525767076
[root@cts-client harish chauhan] # echo "This is File #1" > file1
[root@cts-client harish chauhan] # echo "This is File #2" > file2
[root@cts-client harish chauhan]# ls
file1 file2
[root@cts-client harish chauhan] # gsutil mb -p cloud-academy-1000184377 -c nearline -1 us-east1 qs://harish-regional
Creating gs://harish-regional/...
[root@cts-client harish chauhan]# qsutil mb -p cloud-academy-1000184377 -c standard -l eu qs://harish-multiregional
Creating gs://harish-multiregional/...
[root@cts-client harish chauhan]# gsutil cp file1 gs://harish-regional
Copying file://file1 [Content-Type=application/octet-stream]...
/ [1 files] [ 16.0 B/ 16.0 B]
Operation completed over 1 objects/16.0 B.
[root@cts-client harish chauhan] # qsutil cp file2 qs://harish-multireqional
Copying file://file2 [Content-Type=application/octet-stream]...
/ [1 files] [ 16.0 B/ 16.0 B]
Operation completed over 1 objects/16.0 B.
[root@cts-client harish chauhan] # qsutil ls qs://harish-regional
gs://harish-regional/file1
[root@cts-client harish chauhan] # qsutil ls qs://harish-multireqional
gs://harish-multiregional/file2
[root@cts-client harish chauhan]#
```

## **Google Console**





## **Programmatic Access**



```
curl -X PATCH --data-binary @[JSON_FILE_NAME].json \ -H "Authorization: Bearer
[OAUTH2_TOKEN]" \ -H "Content-Type: application/json" \
"https://storage.googleapis.com/storage/v1/b/[BUCKET_NAME]?fields=labels"
```

#### Removal of the Buckets

# **Cloud Storage - Lifecycle Management**



Cloud Storage offers the Object Lifecycle Management feature

Condition : Days | CreatedBefore | IsLive | MatchesStorageClass | NumberOfNewerVersions

Action : Delete | SetStorageClass

Source: Google

## Cloud Storage - Retention Policy & Bucket Lock



Bucket Lock feature allows you to configure a data retention policy for a Cloud Storage bucket that governs how long objects in the bucket

must be retained

- Retention Policy
- Lock Policy
- Temporary Hold

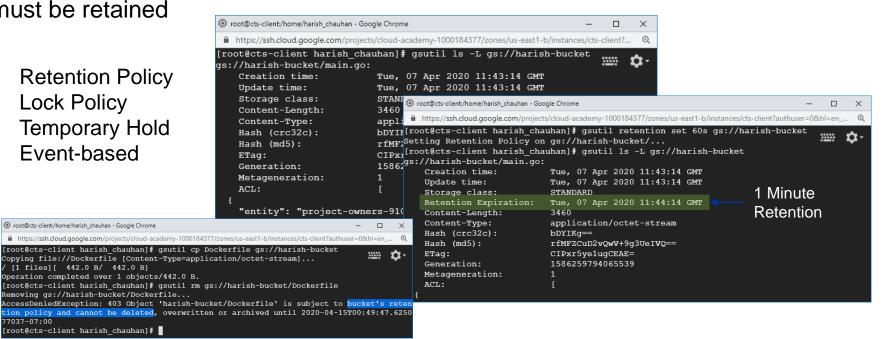
i root@cts-client:/home/harish\_chauhan - Google Chrome

[1 files][ 442.0 B/ 442.0 B]

[root@cts-client harish chauhan]#

Removing gs://harish-bucket/Dockerfile...

**Event-based** 



77037-07:00

## What's the difference between SQL/NoSQL



Cloud Spanner



Source

NOSQL SQL Relational Database Distributed Database management system management system Vertically Scalable Horizontally Scalable Fixed or predifined Schema Dynamic Schema Not suitable for hierarchical Best suitable for data storage hierarchical data storage Not good for complex Can be used for complex queries queries



Cloud Bigtable





Cloud Datastore



Read More





# Google Cloud: Relational Database

# **Google Database Options - SQL Compliant**





# Google Cloud SQL is a fully-managed relational database service

- Supports Open Source and Commercial Database
- Automates database provisioning, storage capacity mgmt. & other time-consuming tasks
- Ensures reliability & security with built-in automation for HA, Backups, Security updates & 24/7 SRE team
- Easy integration with your workstation, as well as App Engine, Compute Engine, Kubernetes, and BigQuery
- · Pay-Per-Use & Fully Managed

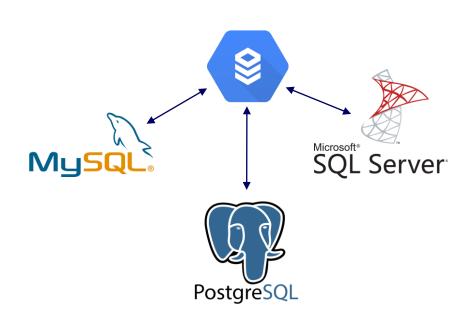
# Cloud Spanner is a fully-managed, scalable & globally available relational database service

- Global Scale e.g. one to thousands of nodes
- Relational Semantics e.g. SQL (ANSI 2011))
- Offers SLA of 99.999%
- Multi-Language Support e.g. C#, Go, Java, Node.js, PHP, Python and Ruby
- Transactional Consistency with Enterprise Grade Security
- Highly Available & Fully Managed

AWS: Amazon RDS | Aurora Azure: Azure SQL Database

## **Cloud SQL Service**

- Secure Access & Connectivity
- Built-in HA
- Scalable
- Automatic Storage Increase
- High Performance
- Easy Integration
- Automatic Backup
- Point-in-Time Recovery
- External Migration
- Compatibility
- Standard APIs



# **Cloud Spanner - Feature Comparison & Pricing**

#### Comparison - Best of both Relational and Non-Relational databases

	Cloud Spanner	Traditional Relational	Traditional Non-Relational	
Schema	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	× No	
SQL	✓ Yes	✓ Yes	× No	
Consistency	✓ Strong	✓ Strong	× Eventual	
Availability	✓ High	× Failover	✓ High	
Scalability	✓ Horizontal	× Vertical	✓ Horizontal	
Replication	✓ Automatic	→ Configurable	Configurable	

#### **Pricing**

•		
Feature	REGIONAL PRICE (USD)	MULTI-REGION PRICE (USD)
Nodes	From \$0.90 per node per hr	From \$3.00 per node per hr
Storage	From \$0.30 per GB per month	From \$0.50 per GB per month
Network Ingress	FREE	
Network Egress	Cross-region and internet egress rates apply	

Quota & Limits









# Google Cloud: Non-Relational Database

# **Google Database Options - NoSQL Compliant**



# Cloud Bigtable is Google's NoSQL Big Data Service

- Columnar Database
- Data is encrypted both in-transit and at-rest
- Designed to handle massive workloads at consistent low-latency and high-throughput
- Automatically scales to handle PB of data and millions of operations per second
- Easy to integrate with Cloud Dataproc & Cloud Dataflow services
- HBase Compatible. i.e. HBAse API
- Fully Managed Service

AWS: Amazon DynamoDB

Azure: Cosmos DB



# Cloud Datastore is a highly-scalable NoSQL database for your applications

- NoSQL & Fully Managed database for Mobile, Web & IoT apps
- Support Atomic transactions
- Connect directly to Cloud Firestore from your Mobile or Web clients for a truly server-less solution
- Sync data across devices, on or offline
- High Availability | Massive Scalability | High Performance
- Balance of strong and eventual consistence
- Encryption at-rest

AWS: Amazon SimpleDB
Azure: Azure DocumentDB





# Google Cloud: Block Storage

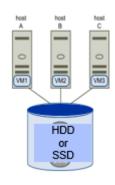
# **Google Cloud Storage - Persistent Storage**





#### Durable

Persistent Disk is designed for high durability. It stores data redundantly to ensure data integrity.



#### Independent volumes

Your storage is located independently from your virtual machine instances, so you can detach or move your disks to keep your data even after you delete your instances.

#### Volume size

Each persistent disk can be up to 64 TB in size, so there is no need to manage arrays of disks to create large logical volumes.



Auto Encryption

#### Online resize

Online growth allows volumes to grow on-demand without the need to restart virtual machines or reattach volumes.

# What can you achieve using a Persistent Disk?

- Take a Snapshot as a "Backup"
- Re-build an instance from a Snapshot in case of a failure
- Helps in creating an instance copy across a different region (e.g. Snapshot is Global Resource)
- Snapshot to Image Instance provisioning across a different Project

High IOPS			Throughput	
HDD (per 10GB)	7.5 (R)	15 (W)	HDD (MB/s for 10GB) 1.2 (R)	1.2 (W)
SSD (per 10GB)	300 (R)*	300 (W)*	SSD (MB/s for 10GB) 4.8 (R)*	4.8 (W)*

<sup>\*</sup>Shows up in range for higher capacity. Read More

# **Persistent Storage Options**



Features	Zonal Standard	Regional Standard	Zonal SSD	Regional SSD	Local SSD	
Storage Type	Efficient & reliable block storage	Efficient & reliable with synchronized replication across two zones in a region	Fast and reliable block storage	Fast & Reliable with Synchronized replication across two zones in a region	High Performance local block storage	
Max Capacity (Per Disk)	64 TB	64 TB	64 TB	64 TB	375 GB	
Capacity Increment	1 GB	1 GB	1 GB	1 GB	375 GB	
Max Capacity (Per Instance)	257 TB	257 TB	257 TB	257 TB	3 TB (9 TB IN BETA)	
Scope of Access	ZONE	ZONE	ZONE	ZONE	INSTANCE	
Encryption (At-Rest)	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	
Supported Machine Types	All Machine Types	All Machine Types	Most Machine Types	Most Machines Types	Most Machine Types	



# Google Cloud: File Storage

## **Cloud Filestore**



Cloud Filestore is a managed file storage service for applications that require a file system interface and a shared file system for data. It provides users a simple, native experience for standing up managed Network Attached Storage (NAS) with their GCE/GKE instances

#### Features:

- Fast Choose an option based on your need
- Simple Fully managed service
- Consistent Predictable price for the predictable performance
- Scalable Add file storage elastically

	Standard	Premium
Max read throughput	100 MB/s (1 TB), 180 MB/s (10+ TB)	1.2 GB/s
Max write throughput	100 MB/s (1 TB), 120 MB/s (10+ TB)	350 MB/s
Max IOPS	5,000	60,000
Max capacity per share	63.9 TB	63.9 TB
Typical customer availability	99.9%	99.9%
Protocol	NFSv3	NFSv3





# Google Cloud: Warehouse

## **Cloud BigQuery**



It is an enterprise grade data warehouse that enables super-fast SQL queries using the processing power of Google's infrastructure.

#### Features:

- Fully-managed data warehouse on RESTful web service
- Scalable, cost-effective and fast analysis of big data
- Leveraged as Serverless and Software as a Service (SaaS)
- Has built-in Machine Learning capabilities
- ✓ BigQuery ML enables data scientists and data analysts to build and operationalize ML models.
- ✓ BigQuery BI Engine is a blazing-fast in-memory analysis service for BQ that allows users to analyze large and complex datasets
- ✓ BigQuery GIS uniquely combines the server-less architecture of BQ with native support for Geo-Spatial analysis
- ✓ BigQuery transparently & automatically provides highly durable, replicated storage in multiple locations and high availability with no extra charge and no additional setup

## **Google Storage Options - Workload Suitability**

Relational

Non-Relational

Object

Block

Warehouse



Cloud SQL



Cloud Spanner



Cloud Datastore



Cloud Bigtable



Cloud Storage



Persistent Disk



**BigQuery** 

**Good for:** 

Web frameworks

Such as:

CMS, eCommerce

Good for:

RDBMS+scale, HA, HTAP

Such as:

User metadata, Ad/Fin/MarTech Good for:

Hierarchical, mobile, web

Such as:

User profiles, Game State Good for:

Heavy read + write, events,

Such as:

AdTech, Financial, IoT Good for:

Binary or object data

Such as:

Images, Media serving, backups

Good for:

Local VM storage in file systems

Such as:

App binaries, logs, database files, etc.

Good for:

Enterprise Data Warehouse

Such as:

Analytics, Dashboards

-ile-based



Cloud Filestore

Good for:

File Share, Large File Sizes, App Migration

Such as:

Rendering, Media Processing, Shared Contents Source: Google



# **Google Storage Options - Comparison**

Products	Interface	R/W Latency	3 <sup>rd</sup> Party Integration	Typical Size	Data/ Query Model	Transactions	Good for OLTP	Good for OLAP
Cloud Spanner	SQL, (Relational)	Great (ms)	Great	РВ	SQL (ANSI 2011)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Section SQL SQL	SQL, (Relational)	Great (ms)	Great	< 30TB*	SQL	Yes	Yes	No
BigTable	NoSQL, (wide-column)	Great (ms)	Great	2TB- 10PB	Simple	No	Yes	Yes
Datastore	NoSQL, (document)	Good (10s of ms)	Good	< 200TB	Rich	Some (Supports ACID)	Yes	No
Cloud Storage	BLOB, (object store)	Slow (100s of ms)	Great	Any	Very Simple	No	No	Yes
BigQuery	SQL / REST (columnar)	Slow (s)	Good	Any	Rich	No	No	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>Quota & Limits

#### References

Google Cloud SQL

- https://cloud.google.com/sql
- https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/concepts
- <a href="https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/roles-and-permissions">https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/mysql/roles-and-permissions</a>
- <a href="https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/postgres/roles-and-permissions">https://cloud.google.com/sql/docs/postgres/roles-and-permissions</a>

Google Cloud Spanner

- https://cloud.google.com/spanner/docs/resources
- https://cloud.google.com/spanner/docs/instances
- <a href="https://cloud.google.com/spanner/docs/iam">https://cloud.google.com/spanner/docs/iam</a>

Google Cloud Storage

- https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/concepts
- https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/access-control/iam

Google Cloud DataStore

Google Cloud Bigtable

Google BiqQuery

- <a href="https://cloud.google.com/datastore/docs/concepts">https://cloud.google.com/datastore/docs/concepts</a>
- <a href="https://cloud.google.com/bigtable/docs/concepts">https://cloud.google.com/bigtable/docs/concepts</a>
- https://cloud.google.com/bigquery/docs
- <a href="https://cloud.google.com/persistent-disk">https://cloud.google.com/persistent-disk</a>

# Thank You

## Anil Ramakrishnan

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# **SLA's for different Storage Classes**



Storage Class	Name for APIs and gsutil	Minimum storage duration	Typical monthly availability <sup>1</sup>
Standard Storage	STANDARD	None	<ul><li>&gt;99.99% in multi-regions and dual-regions</li><li>99.99% in regions</li></ul>
Nearline Storage	NEARLINE	30 days	<ul><li>99.95% in multi-regions and dual-regions</li><li>99.9% in regions</li></ul>
Coldline Storage	COLDLINE	90 days	<ul><li>99.95% in multi-regions and dual-regions</li><li>99.9% in regions</li></ul>
Archive Storage	ARCHIVE	365 days	<ul><li>99.95% in multi-regions and dual-regions</li><li>99.9% in regions</li></ul>

Durability: 99.9999999 (Eleven 9's)

Read More



# **Cloud Storage - Policy based Data Migration**



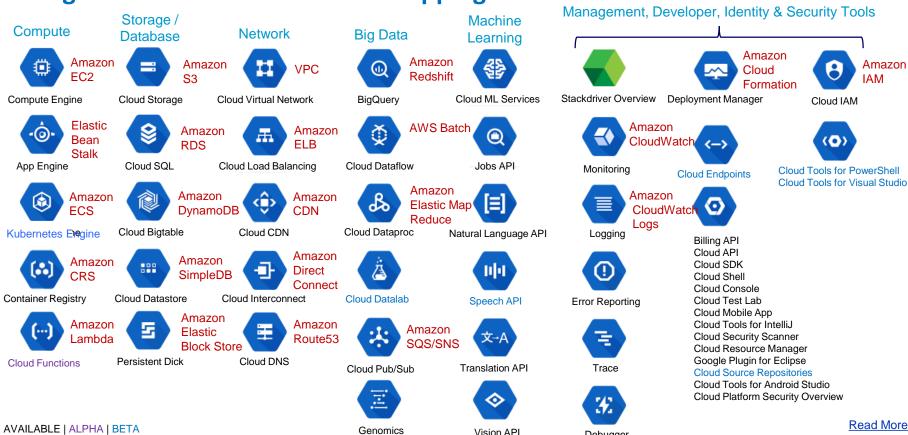
Configure Google Cloud Storage Lifecycle Management rules/policies to automate the movement of data to different storage classes

# Day-1 Once in a Month (30-days) Once in a Quarter (90-days) Start with Standard for a highly-available & low-latency access Move to Coldline as the data is less frequently used Move to Archive for a long-term storage

A highly available, affordable solution for backup, archiving and disaster recovery.

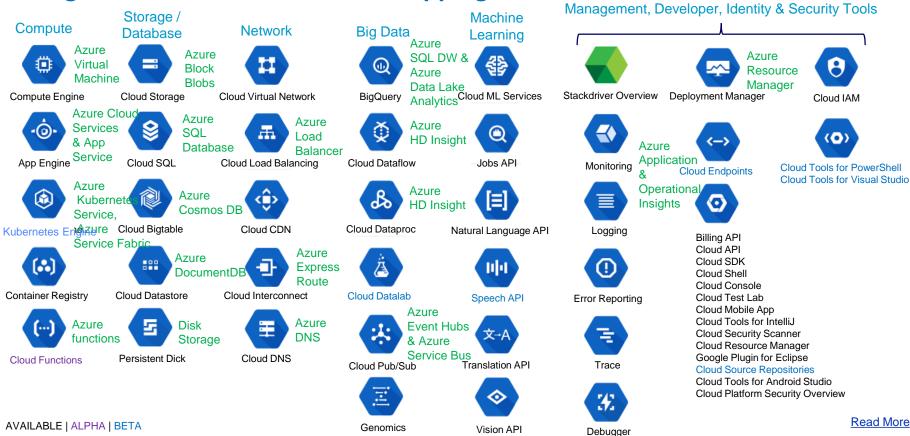
Source: Google

### Google Cloud Platform Services mapping with Amazon Web Services



Debugger

## **Google Cloud Platform Services mapping with Microsoft Azure Services**



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