#CLASSIFICATION: TOPIC MODELING-TRUE vs FALSE:

Membres: Hadjoudja Bachir (21811363), Zeggar Rym (21909615), Bendahmane Rania (21811387), Labiad Youcef (21710780).

```
#les imports utilisés dans ce notebook
import sys
from numpy import vstack
import pandas as pd
from pandas import read csv
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from torch.utils.data import Dataset
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
from torch.utils.data import random split
from torch import Tensor
from torch.nn import Linear
from torch.nn import ReLU
from torch.nn import Sigmoid
from torch.nn import Module
from torch.optim import SGD
from torch.nn import BCELoss
from torch.nn.init import kaiming uniform
from torch.nn.init import xavier uniform
import re
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
from pandas import read csv
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
import pickle
import string
import nltk
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk import word tokenize
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
# librairie spacy
import spacy
# librairies de gensim
import gensim
from gensim.utils import simple preprocess
from gensim.models import CoherenceModel
from gensim.models import Phrases
```

```
from gensim.models.phrases import Phraser
from gensim import corpora
from gensim import models
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('stopwords')
stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
import sklearn
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import precision recall fscore support as score
#from sklearn.linear import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
# Importation des différentes librairies utiles pour le notebook
#Sickit learn met régulièrement à jour des versions et
#indique des futurs warnings.
#ces deux lignes permettent de ne pas les afficher.
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=FutureWarning)
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sys
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import sklearn
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.model selection import KFold
from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
import seaborn as sns
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import precision recall fscore support as score
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
#Sickit learn met régulièrement à jour des versions et indique des
futurs warnings.
#ces deux lignes permettent de ne pas les afficher.
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=FutureWarning)
from sklearn.metrics. plot.confusion matrix import
ConfusionMatrixDisplay
# fonction qui affiche le classification report et la matrice de
confusion
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix , ConfusionMatrixDisplay
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
import re
import spacv
import gensim
import string
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.corpus import wordnet
import gensim
from gensim.utils import simple preprocess
from gensim.models import Phrases
from gensim.models.phrases import Phraser
from gensim import corpora
from gensim import models
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('stopwords')
import gensim
from gensim import corpora
import gensim
from gensim.models import Phrases
from gensim.models.phrases import Phraser
stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.datasets import fetch 20newsgroups
```

```
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.model selection import train test split, GridSearchCV
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
from tabulate import tabulate
from sklearn.datasets import fetch 20newsgroups
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.model selection import train test split, GridSearchCV
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
import time
import numpy as np
[nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data]
              Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
[nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data]
              Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data]
              Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
autorisation
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/gdrive/')
Mounted at /content/gdrive/
chemin spécifique Google Drive
my local drive='/content/gdrive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks'
# Ajout du path pour les librairies, fonctions et données
sys.path.append(my local drive)
# Se positionner sur le répertoire associé
%cd $my local drive
%ls
%pwd
```

```
/content/gdrive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks
 avecscaler.pkl
Classification_de_données_textuelles2023.ipynb
Dataset/
 firstmodel.pkl
'Ingénierie des_données_textuelles2023 (1).ipynb'
Ingénierie des données textuelles2023.ipynb
MyNLPUtilities.py
newsTrain2.csv
newsTrain - newsTrain.csv
penguins.csv
penguins.csv.1
pkl modelNB.sav
Premières Classifications.ipvnb
'Projet ML FakeNEWS TRUE FALSE TEXT.ipynb'
'Projet ML FakeNEWS TRUE FALSE TEXT+TITRE.ipynb'
'Projet ML FakeNEWS TRUE FALSE TITRE.ipynb'
   pycache /
ReviewsLabelled.csv
ReviewsLabelled.csv.1
ReviewsLabelled.csv.2
ReviewsLabelled.csv.3
ReviewsLabelled.csv.4
ReviewsLabelled.csv.5
SentimentModel.pkl
 StopWordsFrench.csv
 StopWordsFrench.csv.1
 StopWordsFrench.csv.2
StopWordsFrench.csv.3
StopWordsFrench.csv.4
Topics extraction.ipynb
TP1 HAI817I.ipynb
TP2 HAI817I.ipynb
'TRUE FALSE TOPIC MODELLING.ipynb'
'TRUE FALSE vs OTHER.ipynb'
'TRUE FALSE vs OTHER TOPIC MODELLING.ipynb'
Visualisation Donnees 2D 3D.ipynb
{"type": "string"}
```

La fonction qui sera utilisée pour les prétraitements: MyCleanText

- Mettre le texte en minuscule
- Se débarasser des stopwords
- Se débarasser des nombres
- Stemmatisation
- Lemmatisation ..

La fonction MyshowAllScores prend le y_test et le y_predict, affiche l'accuracy et le classification report avec la matrice de confusion.

```
MyCleanText .....
# mettre en minuscule
#enlever les stopwords
#se debarasser des nombres
#stemmatisation
#lemmatisation
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('punkt')
#liste des stopwords en anglais
stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
def MyCleanText(X,
              lowercase=False, #mettre en minuscule
               removestopwords=False, #supprimer les stopwords
               removedigit=False, #supprimer les nombres
              getstemmer=False, #conserver la racine des termes
              getlemmatisation=False #lemmatisation des termes
              ):
 #conversion du texte d'entrée en chaîne de caractères
   sentence=str(X)
   #suppression des caractères spéciaux
   sentence = re.sub(r'[^\w\s]',' ', sentence)
   # suppression de tous les caractères uniques
   sentence = re.sub(r'\s+[a-zA-Z]\s+', ' ', sentence)
   # substitution des espaces multiples par un seul espace
   sentence = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', sentence, flags=re.I)
   # decoupage en mots
   tokens = word_tokenize(sentence)
   if lowercase:
         tokens = [token.lower() for token in tokens]
   # suppression ponctuation
   table = str.maketrans('', '', string.punctuation)
   words = [token.translate(table) for token in tokens]
   # suppression des tokens non alphabetique ou numerique
   words = [word for word in words if word.isalnum()]
   # suppression des tokens numerique
   if removedigit:
       words = [word for word in words if not word.isdigit()]
```

```
# suppression des stopwords
   if removestopwords:
      words = [word for word in words if not word in stop words]
   # lemmatisation
   if getlemmatisation:
      lemmatizer=WordNetLemmatizer()
      words = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word)for word in words]
   # racinisation
   if getstemmer:
      ps = PorterStemmer()
      words=[ps.stem(word) for word in words]
   sentence= ' '.join(words)
   return sentence
def MyshowAllScores(y test,y pred):
 classes= np.unique(y test)
 print("Accuracy : %0.3f"%(accuracy score(y test,y pred)))
 print("Classification Report")
 print(classification report(y test,y pred,digits=5))
 cnf matrix = confusion matrix(y test,y pred)
 disp=ConfusionMatrixDisplay(cnf matrix, display labels=classes)
 disp.plot()
[nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk data...
          Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
[nltk data]
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
          Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nltk data]
[nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
          Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
[nltk data]
    La classe TextNormalizer qui contiendra la fonction MyCleanText.
    Fit_transform de mon corpus propre.
             .....Etape 1 :
prétraitement du
TextNormalizer ......
#fit transform de mon corpus propre
#..........
```

from sklearn.base import BaseEstimator, TransformerMixin class TextNormalizer(BaseEstimator, TransformerMixin): def __init__(self, removestopwords=False, # suppression des stopwords lowercase=False,# passage en minuscule removedigit=False, # supprimer les nombres getstemmer=False,# racinisation des termes getlemmatisation=False # lemmatisation des termes): self.lowercase=lowercase self.getstemmer=getstemmer self.removestopwords=removestopwords self.getlemmatisation=getlemmatisation self.removedigit=removedigit def transform(self, X, **transform params): # Nettoyage du texte X=X.copy() # pour conserver le fichier d'origine return [MyCleanText(text,lowercase=self.lowercase, getstemmer=self.getstemmer, removestopwords=self.removestopwords, getlemmatisation=self.getlemmatisation, removedigit=self.removedigit) for text in X1 def fit(self, X, y=None, **fit params): return self def fit transform(self, X, y=None, **fit params): return self.fit(X).transform(X) def get params(self, deep=True): return { 'lowercase':self.lowercase, 'getstemmer':self.getstemmer, 'removestopwords':self.removestopwords, 'getlemmatisation':self.getlemmatisation, 'removedigit':self.removedigit } def set params (self, **parameters):

for parameter, value in parameters.items():

setattr(self,parameter,value)

##Etape 1 : Préparer les données

return self

- Load et preparer les données à partir des 2 fichiers csv
- Sélectionner que les lignes où on a True ou False

#Ici je cherche à séléctionner que les labels TRUE et FALSE, donc les LIGNES qui contiennent au rating TRUE et FALSE uniquement, le reste on enlève

```
dftrain = pd.read csv("/content/gdrive/MyDrive/Colab
Notebooks/newsTrain2.csv", names=['id','text','title','rating'],
header=0, sep=',', encoding='utf8')
dftrain.reset index(drop = True, inplace = True)
dftrain2 = pd.read csv("/content/gdrive/MyDrive/Colab
Notebooks/newsTrain - newsTrain.csv",
names=['id','text', 'title','rating'], header=0,sep=',',
encoding='utf8')
dftrain2.reset index(drop = True, inplace = True)
# concaténer les deux dataframes en ajoutant les lignes du deuxième à
la fin du premier
dftrain = pd.concat([dftrain, dftrain2], ignore index=True)
dftrain = dftrain.loc[dftrain['rating'].isin(['TRUE', 'FALSE'])]
print("Echantillon de mon dataset \n")
print(dftrain.sample(n=10))
print("\n")
print("Quelques informations importantes \n")
dftrain.info()
X text=dftrain.iloc[0:,1:2]
print("le type de X test est" ,X text.columns)
X title=dftrain.iloc[0:,2:3]
print("le texte est")
display(X text)
print("le titre est")
display(X title)
v=dftrain.iloc[0:,-1]
print("voici la dernière case")
display(y)
print("la taille de X_text est", X_text.shape)
print("la taille de y_train est " ,y.shape)
print("les valeurs de TRUE et FALSE sont " ,y.value counts())
Echantillon de mon dataset
```

```
id
                                                              text \
671
      7957e58e
                "There is a plot to discredit the President an...
      0c21be0d
512
                Audit of signed envelopes won't change outcome...
2332
      14010ae5
                Today, the Court of Appeal has ruled that the ...
1350
      4684f622
                Introduction Many conservatives have been con...
2222
      c57f8234
                People with lung cancer are dying after being ...
1590
      d382b7f2
                America is a Christian nation and the most ess...
2052
      08294d0a
                Nearly 40,000 Wisconsinites would lose benefit...
98
      8b626796
                The moving vans are scheduled for Wednesday. ...
2126
      476c6264
                An offer of foreign tax allegations against Cl...
1655
      ad45e0f7
                WASHINGTON, DC — The Pentagon has issued an in...
                                                  title rating
     MH17 case: Kremlin spokesman declines to comme...
671
                                                          FALSE
512
       How the Stimulus Fell Short - The New York Times
                                                          TRUE
2332
      Court of appeal rules that 'bedroom tax' is un...
                                                         FALSE
     Is It True that Chief Justice John Roberts Vis...
1350
                                                         FALSE
2222
     A team of scientists from Canada have identifi...
                                                         FALSE
1590
     Trump Issues Order Deeming Church An Essential...
                                                         FALSE
2052
      "Anyone raising concern about the safety of Co...
                                                          TRUE
98
      BREAKING: Disneyland is abandoning California,...
                                                         FALSE
2126
      Scott Walker plans to give schools $100 millio...
                                                          TRUE
     Pentagon Confirms Coronavirus Accidently Got I...
1655
                                                         FALSE
Quelques informations importantes
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1578 entries, 0 to 2527
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#
     Column Non-Null Count
                             Dtype
     -----
             _____
             1578 non-null
 0
     id
                             object
 1
             1578 non-null
                             object
     text
 2
     title
             1554 non-null
                             object
 3
     rating 1578 non-null
                             object
dtypes: object(4)
memory usage: 61.6+ KB
le type de X test est Index(['text'], dtype='object')
le texte est
0
      Distracted driving causes more deaths in Canad...
3
      But things took a turn for the worse when riot...
4
      It's no secret that Epstein and Schiff share a...
6
      November 23, 2019 The U.S. Food and Drug Admi...
7
     Trump confirms this was a bombing, not an acci...
2523
     More than four million calls to the taxman are...
2524
     More under-18s are being taken to court for se...
```

```
The Government's much vaunted Help to Buy Isa ...
2525
      The late Robin Williams once called cocaine "G...
2526
     The late Robin Williams once called cocaine "G...
2527
[1578 rows x 1 columns]
le titre est
                                                    title
      You Can Be Fined $1,500 If Your Passenger Is U...
0
      Obama's Daughters Caught on Camera Burning US ...
3
4
      Leaked Visitor Logs Reveal Schiff's 78 Visits ...
      FDA Shocking Study: Cells Used In Vaccines Con...
6
7
      Israel Hits Beirut with Nuclear Missile, Trump...
. . .
2523
      Taxman fails to answer four million calls a ye...
      Police catch 11-year-olds being used to sell d...
2524
      Help to Buy Isa scandal: 500,000 first-time bu...
2525
2526
               A coke-snorting generation of hypocrites
2527
               A coke-snorting generation of hypocrites
[1578 rows x 1 columns]
voici la dernière case
0
        FALSE
3
        FALSE
        FALSE
4
6
        FALSE
7
        FALSE
        . . .
2523
         TRUE
2524
         TRUE
2525
        FALSE
2526
         TRUE
2527
         TRUE
Name: rating, Length: 1578, dtype: object
la taille de X_text est (1578, 1)
la taille de y train est (1578,)
les valeurs de TRUE et FALSE sont FALSE
                                             1156
TRUE
          422
Name: rating, dtype: int64
```

Le jeu de données étant déséquilibré, on a pensé à appliquer le downsampling pour équilibrer nos données. on séléctionne des lignes aléatoirement de FALSE de telle sorte que le nombre de lignes de FALSE soit = au nbr de lignes de TRUE. et on mélange le DataFrame.

#On applique du sous-échantillonnage (downsampling) : car on a plus de FALSE (578) que des TRUE (211)

```
# Séparer les classes en deux dataframes
df false = dftrain[dftrain['rating'] == 'FALSE']
df true = dftrain [dftrain['rating'] == 'TRUE']
# Sous-échantillonner la classe majoritaire (FALSE) pour obtenir un
nombre égal d'échantillons pour chaque classe
df false subsampled = df false.sample(n=len(df true), random state=42)
# Concaténer les deux dataframes
dftrain = pd.concat([df false subsampled, df true])
# Mélanger aléatoirement les données
dftrain = dftrain.sample(frac=1, random state=42)
text title = dftrain.apply(lambda x : '{}
{}'.format(x['text'],x['title']),axis=1)
dftrain['text title'] = text title
#print("le titre est")
#display(X title)
#X test=dftest.iloc[1:, :4]
y=dftrain.iloc[0:,3:4]
print("le v est")
display(y.shape)
#print("la taille de X_text est",X_text.shape)
#print("la taille de y train est " ,y.shape)
#print("les valeurs de TRUE et FALSE maintenant sont
 ,y.value counts())
le y est
(844, 1)
Installation des librairies qu'on utilise pour le topic modeling
!pip install pyLDAvis
!pip install -U gensim
!pip install --upgrade numpy
!pip uninstall numpy
!pip install numpy
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-
python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
Collecting pyLDAvis
 Downloading pyLDAvis-3.4.1-py3-none-any.whl (2.6 MB)
                                       - 2.6/2.6 MB 42.7 MB/s eta
0:00:00
```

```
ent already satisfied: numexpr in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages (from pyLDAvis) (2.8.4)
Requirement already satisfied: gensim in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pyLDAvis) (4.3.1)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pyLDAvis) (1.10.1)
Collecting pandas>=2.0.0
  Downloading pandas-2.0.1-cp310-cp310-
manylinux 2 17 x86 64.manylinux2014 x86 64.whl (12.3 MB)
                                     --- 12.3/12.3 MB 86.7 MB/s eta
0:00:00
ent already satisfied: joblib>=1.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pyLDAvis) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pyLDAvis) (67.7.2)
Requirement already satisfied: jinja2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pyLDAvis) (3.1.2)
Collecting funcy
  Downloading funcy-2.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (30 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=1.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pyLDAvis) (1.2.2)
Collecting numpy>=1.24.2
  Downloading numpy-1.24.3-cp310-cp310-
manylinux 2 17 x86 64.manylinux2014 x86 64.whl (17.3 MB)
                               ------ 17.3/17.3 MB 77.6 MB/s eta
0:00:00
ent already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas>=2.0.0->pyLDAvis)
(2023.3)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas>=2.0.0->pyLDAvis)
(2022.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas>=2.0.0->pyLDAvis)
(2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn>=1.0.0-
>pyLDAvis) (3.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: smart-open>=1.8.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gensim->pyLDAvis)
(6.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from jinja2->pyLDAvis)
(2.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2-
>pandas>=2.0.0->pyLDAvis) (1.16.0)
Installing collected packages: funcy, numpy, pandas, pyLDAvis
  Attempting uninstall: numpy
    Found existing installation: numpy 1.22.4
```

```
Uninstalling numpy-1.22.4:
      Successfully uninstalled numpy-1.22.4
 Attempting uninstall: pandas
    Found existing installation: pandas 1.5.3
    Uninstalling pandas-1.5.3:
      Successfully uninstalled pandas-1.5.3
ERROR: pip's dependency resolver does not currently take into account
all the packages that are installed. This behaviour is the source of
the following dependency conflicts.
tensorflow 2.12.0 requires numpy<1.24,>=1.22, but you have numpy
1.24.3 which is incompatible.
numba 0.56.4 requires numpy<1.24,>=1.18, but you have numpy 1.24.3
which is incompatible.
google-colab 1.0.0 requires pandas~=1.5.3, but you have pandas 2.0.1
which is incompatible.
Successfully installed funcy-2.0 numpy-1.24.3 pandas-2.0.1 pyLDAvis-
3.4.1
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-
pvthon.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
Requirement already satisfied: gensim in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (4.3.1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.18.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gensim) (1.24.3)
Requirement already satisfied: smart-open>=1.8.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gensim) (6.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.7.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gensim) (1.10.1)
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-
python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (1.24.3)
Found existing installation: numpy 1.24.3
Uninstalling numpy-1.24.3:
 Would remove:
    /usr/local/bin/f2py
    /usr/local/bin/f2py3
    /usr/local/bin/f2py3.10
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/numpy-1.24.3.dist-info/*
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/numpy.libs/libgfortran-
040039e1.so.5.0.0
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/numpy.libs/libopenblas64 p-r0-
15028c96.3.21.so
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/numpy.libs/libquadmath-
96973f99.so.0.0.0
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/numpy/*
Proceed (Y/n)? y
  Successfully uninstalled numpy-1.24.3
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-
python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
```

```
Collecting numpy
Using cached numpy-1.24.3-cp310-cp310-
manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (17.3 MB)
Installing collected packages: numpy
ERROR: pip's dependency resolver does not currently take into account all the packages that are installed. This behaviour is the source of the following dependency conflicts.
tensorflow 2.12.0 requires numpy<1.24,>=1.22, but you have numpy
1.24.3 which is incompatible.
numba 0.56.4 requires numpy<1.24,>=1.18, but you have numpy 1.24.3
which is incompatible.
google-colab 1.0.0 requires pandas~=1.5.3, but you have pandas 2.0.1
which is incompatible.
Successfully installed numpy-1.24.3
```

Dans cette cellule on trouve les définitions de toutes les fonctions qu'on utilise pour le topic modeling:

- MyCleanTextsforLDA pour le nettoyage du text, elle renvoie les bigrammes, corpus bow, corpus tfldf, le dictionnaire des mots
- dominant_topic qui extrait le topic dominant du corpus
- format_topics_sentence elle renvoie un DataFrame qui contient le topic dominant de chaque document du corpus, ses keywords, et le pourcentage de sa contribution dans le document
- compute_coherences_values pour calculer la cohérence
- MyGridSearchLda elle applique différentes valeurs pour num_topics, eta et alpha et renvoie un DataFrame trié par ordre décroissant de cohérence
- get_best_coherence_values pour tester différents nombre de topics et choisir le meilleur compromis

```
in sentences1
    # suppression de tous les caractères uniques
    sentences = [re.sub(r')s+[a-zA-Z]]s+', '', str(sentence)) for
sentence in sentences1
    # substitution des espaces multiples par un seul espace
    sentences = [re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', str(sentence), flags=re.I) for
sentence in sentences
    # conversion en minuscule et split des mots dans les textes
    sentences = [sentence.lower().split() for sentence in sentences]
    # utilisation de spacy pour ne retenir que les allowed postags
    texts out = []
    for sent in sentences:
        if len(sent) < (nlp.max length): # si le texte est trop grand</pre>
            doc = nlp("".join(\overline{sent}))
            texts out.append(" ".join([token.lemma for token in doc
if token.pos_ in allowed_postags]))
        else:
            texts out.append(sent)
    sentences=texts out
    # suppression des stopwords
    words = [[word for word in simple preprocess(str(doc)) if word not
in stop words] for doc in sentences]
    # recherche des bigrammes
    bigram = Phrases(words, min count, threshold,delimiter=' ')
    bigram_phraser = Phraser(bigram)
    # sauvergarde des tokens et des bigrammes
    bigram token = []
    for sent in words:
        bigram token.append(bigram phraser[sent])
    # creation du vocabulaire
    dictionary = gensim.corpora.Dictionary(bigram token)
    # il est possible de filtrer des mots en fonction de leur
occurrence d'apparitions
    #dictionary.filter extremes(no below, no above)
    # et de compacter le dictionnaire
    # dictionary.compactify()
    corpus = [dictionary.doc2bow(text) for text in bigram_token]
    # recuperaction du tfidf plutôt que uniquement le bag of words
```

```
return corpus, corpus tfidf, dictionary, bigram token
def dominant topic(model,corpus,num topics):
    # recuperation du vecteur associé
    # creation d'un dictionnaire pour stocker les résultats
    topic dictionary = {i: [] for i in range(num topics)}
    topic probability scores =
model.get_document topics(corpus,minimum probability=0.000)
    if len(topic probability scores) ==1 : # il y a plusieurs
predictions on recupere la premiere
        row=topic probability scores[0]
    else: # on concatene les predictions
        tab=[]
        for j in range (len(topic_probability_scores)):
            tab.append(topic_probability_scores[j])
        row=tab
    # parcours des différents topics
    for (topic num, prop topic) in row:
            topic dictionary[topic num].append(prop topic)
    # tri pour avoir le plus grand en premier
    list proba=topic dictionary
    topic dictionary=sorted(topic dictionary,
key=topic dictionary.get,reverse = True)
    return topic dictionary, list proba
def format topics sentences(ldamodel, corpus, texts):
    # Initialisation du dataframe de sortie
    sent topics df = pd.DataFrame()
    # Recherche le topic dominant pour chaque document
    for i, row list in enumerate(ldamodel[corpus]):
        row = row list[0] if ldamodel.per word topics else row list
        row = sorted(row, key=lambda x: (x[1]), reverse=True)
        # Donne le topic dominant, le pourcentage de contribution
        # et les mots clés pour chaque document
        for j, (topic num, prop topic) in enumerate(row):
            if j == 0: # => topic dominant
                wp = ldamodel.show_topic(topic_num)
                topic_keywords = ", ".join([word for word, prop in
wp])
```

tfidf = models.TfidfModel(corpus)

corpus tfidf = tfidf[corpus]

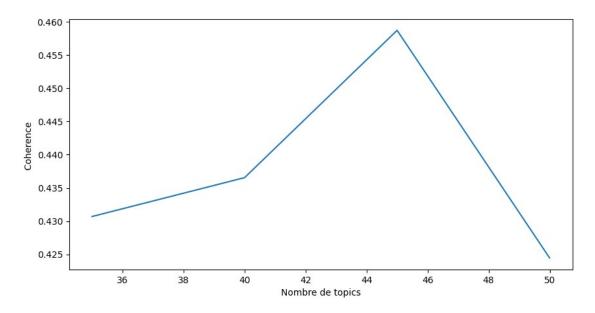
```
sent topics df =
sent topics df.append(pd.Series([int(topic num), round(prop topic,4),
topic keywords]), ignore index=True)
            else:
                break
    sent topics df.columns = ['topic dominant', 'pourcentage contrib',
'topic keywords']
    # Ajout du texte original à la fin de la sortie
    contents = pd.Series(texts)
    sent topics df = pd.concat([sent topics df, contents], axis=1)
    return(sent topics df)
# ce code est inspiré de
# https://towardsdatascience.com/evaluate-topic-model-in-python-
latent-dirichlet-allocation-lda-7d57484bb5d0
def compute coherence values(corpus, dictionary, listtokens, k, alpha,
eta):
    lda model = gensim.models.LdaMulticore(corpus=corpus,
                                            id2word=dictionary,
                                            num topics=k,
                                            random state=100,
                                            chunksize=100,
                                            passes=10,
                                            alpha=alpha,
                                            eta=eta.
                                            per word topics=True)
    coherence_model_lda = CoherenceModel(model=lda model,
texts=listtokens, dictionary=dictionary, coherence='c v')
    return coherence model lda.get coherence()
def MyGridSearchLda
(corpus, listtokens, dictionnary, nb topics, alpha, eta, verbose=1):
    qrid = \{\}
    model_results = {'topics': [],
                     'alpha': [],
                     'eta': [],
                     'coherence': []
    # iteration sur le nombre de topics
    for k in nb topics:
        # iteration sur les valeurs d'alpha
        for a in alpha:
            # iteration sur les valeurs de eta
```

```
for e in eta:
                # calcul du score de coherence
                cv = compute coherence values(corpus=corpus,
                                                dictionary=dictionary.
                                                listtokens=listtokens,
                                                k=k, alpha=a, eta=e)
                if verbose==1:
                    print ('topics:', k, ' alpha: %0.3f eta: %0.3f
coherence: %0.3f'%(a,e,cv))
                # sauvegarde des résultats
                model results['topics'].append(k)
                model_results['alpha'].append(a)
                model results['eta'].append(e)
                model results['coherence'].append(cv)
    df result=pd.DataFrame(model results)
    df_result = df_result.sort_values('coherence',ascending=False)
    df result.reset index(drop=True, inplace=True)
    return df result
def get best coherence values(corpus, dictionary, listtokens, start=5,
stop=15, step=2):
    coherence values = []
    model list = []
    for num topics in range(start, stop, step):
        lda model = gensim.models.LdaMulticore(corpus=corpus,
                                             id2word=dictionary,
                                             num topics=num topics,
                                             random state=100,
                                             chunksize=100.
                                             passes=10,
                                             per word topics=True)
        coherence model lda = CoherenceModel(model=lda model,
texts=listtokens, dictionary=dictionary, coherence='c v')
        model list.append(lda model)
        coherence values.append(coherence model lda.get coherence())
    return model list, coherence values
On commence par applique la fonction MyCleantextsforLDA sur la colonne text_title
(combinaison des 2 colonnes) et puis on teste différentes valeurs pour pouvoir trouver le
bon nombre de topics
import pvLDAvis
import pyLDAvis.gensim models as gensimvis
dftrain.reset index(drop = True, inplace = True)
```

```
display(dftrain)
dftrain txt ttl = dftrain.text title
stop = stopwords.words('english')
# enrichissement des stopwords
stop.extend(['always','try','go','get','make','would','really',
'like','came','got','article','creativecommons','license','http'])
corpus, corpus tfidf, dictionary,
bigram token=MyCleanTextsforLDA(dftrain txt ttl)
# test sur un intervalle de 6 à 15 en utilisant le corpus Bow
start=35
stop=55
step=5
model_list, coherence_values =
get best coherence values(dictionary=dictionary,
                                                        corpus=corpus,
listtokens=bigram token,
                                                        start=start,
stop=stop, step=step)
# affichage du graphe associé à la recherche du nombre de topics
plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
x = range(start, stop, step)
plt.plot(x, coherence values)
plt.xlabel("Nombre de topics")
plt.ylabel("Coherence ")
#plt.legend(("Valeurs de cohérencescoherence values"), loc='best')
plt.show()
           id
                                                            text \
0
     f85ea242
              It's been a long time coming, but finally we h...
1
     684c9ba4 Constitutional Attorney Matthew DePerno is an ...
2
     6c88493a
               The United States is witnessing a massive, dan...
3
              After three decades on the bench, Sarah Parker...
     2aac10a5
4
     1e83af88 Based on actual results and accounting for sta...
. .
              5 Million Muslim Children In Yemen Died due to...
839 0de76e26
              The bombshell claim comes from over 20 hours o...
840 3886ead8
841 8e197ce3
               BILL GATES EXPLAINS THAT THE COVID VACCINE WIL...
842 01ed1b22
               Let our journalists help you make sense of the...
843
              Though the whole world relies on RT-PCR to "di...
    31d33510
```

```
title rating
     JK Rowling Confirms Stance Against Transgender...
0
                                                          TRUE
     MI Sec of State Official Caught On Video Telli...
1
                                                         FALSE
2
     What science can tell us about the links betwe...
                                                          TRUE
3
           Sarah Parker leaves legacy on Supreme Court
                                                          TRUE
4
     Current Actual Election Result Update: Preside...
                                                         FALSE
839
     Re: Meeting the need for isolation space for h...
                                                         FALSE
840
     Breaking: Breonna Taylor's boyfriend says SHE ...
                                                         FALSE
841
     A quote from Politifact: Gates never said that...
                                                         FALSE
842
     Before This Election, Newt Gingrich Believed t...
                                                          TRUE
843
      COVID19 PCR Tests are Scientifically Meaningless
                                                         FALSE
                                             text title
0
     It's been a long time coming, but finally we h...
1
     Constitutional Attorney Matthew DePerno is an ...
2
     The United States is witnessing a massive, dan...
3
     After three decades on the bench, Sarah Parker...
     Based on actual results and accounting for sta...
4
     5 Million Muslim Children In Yemen Died due to...
839
     The bombshell claim comes from over 20 hours o...
840
     BILL GATES EXPLAINS THAT THE COVID VACCINE WIL...
841
842
     Let our journalists help you make sense of the...
843
     Though the whole world relies on RT-PCR to "di...
```

[844 rows x 5 columns]



45 semble une bonne valeur pour le nombre de topics

• On entraîne notre modèle LDA avec ce nombre de topics, et puis on affiche les topcis avec les mots associés + leurs poids dans chaque topic

- On affiche par la suite la cohérence et la perplexité (qui est censée être petite)
- On applique la méthode format_topics_sentences sur le modèle lda entraîné et notre colonne de text+titre pour avoir un tableau de topic dominant + son pourcentage de contribution et les mots-clés de chaque topic

num words=20 # nombre de mots par topics num topic best=45 lda model = gensim.models.ldamulticore.LdaMulticore(corpus=corpus, num topics=num topic best, id2word=dictionary, chunksize=100, workers=7, passes=10. random state=100, eval every = 1, per word topics=True) print ("Affichage des ", num topic best, " différents topics pour le corpus TF-IDF :") **for** idx, topic **in** lda model.print topics(-1,num words): print('Topic : {} Words : {}'.format(idx, topic)) coherence model lda = CoherenceModel(model=lda model, texts=bigram token, dictionary=dictionary, coherence='c v') coherence lda = coherence model lda.get coherence() print('Cohérence : ', coherence lda) print('Perplexité : ', lda model.log perplexity(corpus)) df topic sents keywords = format topics sentences(ldamodel=lda model, corpus=corpus, texts=dftrain.text title) display(df topic sents keywords) /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should run async` will not call `transform cell` automatically in the future. Please pass the result to `transformed_cell` argument and any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing exc tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above. and should run async(code)

```
Affichage des 45 différents topics pour le corpus TF-IDF :
Topic : 0 Words : 0.009*"year" + 0.008*"work" + 0.007*"say" +
0.005*"come" + 0.005*"cent" + 0.005*"open border" + 0.004*"last year"
+ 0.004*"public" + 0.004*"image" + 0.004*"people" + 0.003*"national" +
0.003*"number foreign" + 0.003*"policy see" + 0.003*"worker double" +
0.003*"getty stock" + 0.003*"terrorist attack" + 0.003*"law" +
0.002*"labour" + 0.002*"rise" + 0.002*"long term"
Topic : 1 Words : 0.006*"say" + 0.005*"climate change" + 0.004*"still"
+ 0.004*"also" + 0.004*"year" + 0.004*"maybe" + 0.004*"need" +
0.004*"rise" + 0.003*"world" + 0.003*"planet" + 0.003*"new" +
0.003*"far" + 0.003*"global" + 0.003*"hope" + 0.003*"scientist" +
0.003*"keep" + 0.003*"scenario" + 0.003*"denial" + 0.003*"even" +
0.003*"temperature"
Topic : 2 Words : 0.011*"child" + 0.011*"say" + 0.008*"school" +
0.006* "gender neutral" + 0.005* "asuu" + 0.004* "learn new" +
0.004*"student world" + 0.004*"student" + 0.004*"time" +
0.003*"caption photo" + 0.003*"get" + 0.003*"see" + 0.003*"new way" +
0.003*"want" + 0.003*"hide caption" + 0.003*"girl boy" + 0.003*"world
learn" + 0.003*"photo student" + 0.003*"use" + 0.002*"trade learn"
Topic : 3 Words : 0.013*"pay" + 0.012*"say" + 0.011*"low pay" +
0.011*"work" + 0.008*"reform" + 0.008*"government" + 0.007*"worker" +
0.006*"people" + 0.005*"business" + 0.004*"right" + 0.004*"call" +
0.004*"plan" + 0.004*"hour contract" + 0.003*"year" + 0.003*"well" +
0.003*"report" + 0.003*"labour" + 0.003*"high" + 0.003*"make" +
0.003*"help"
Topic: 4 Words: 0.014*"say" + 0.004*"officer" + 0.003*"people" +
0.003*"year" + 0.003*"shoot" + 0.003*"year old" + 0.003*"see" +
0.002*"time" + 0.002*"drug" + 0.002*"lung" + 0.002*"law enforcement" +
0.002*"people cease" + 0.002*"black lung" + 0.002*"knock" +
0.002*"cop" + 0.002*"tell" + 0.002*"grand jury" + 0.002*"black
economy" + 0.002*"police" + 0.002*"state"

Topic : 5 Words : 0.008*"lung cancer" + 0.007*"say" + 0.005*"percent
increase" + 0.005*"take" + 0.005*"use" + 0.005*"work" + 0.004*"study"
+ 0.003*"wear mask" + 0.003*"people" + 0.003*"mask respirator" +
0.003*"make" + 0.003*"risk death" + 0.003*"year" + 0.003*"strain" +
0.003*"covid" + 0.003*"drug" + 0.002*"risk serious" + 0.002*"time" +
0.002*"laboratory confirm" + 0.002*"mask"
Topic: 6 Words: 0.007*"conservative beaver" + 0.006*"sea level" +
0.006*"church" + 0.005*"say" + 0.005*"trump" + 0.004*"pope first" +
0.004*"vatican well" + 0.004*"executive order" + 0.003*"agent first" +
0.003*"time" + 0.003*"essential business" + 0.003*"see" +
0.003*"police" + 0.003*"global sea" + 0.003*"need" + 0.003*"life" +
0.002*"charge" + 0.002*"level rise" + 0.002*"inch year" + 0.002*"call"
Topic : 7 Words : 0.007*"school" + 0.006*"say" + 0.006*"child" +
0.005*"need" + 0.004*"know" + 0.004*"include" + 0.004*"free school" +
0.003*"year" + 0.003*"also" + 0.003*"people" + 0.003*"use" +
0.003*"call" + 0.003*"address" + 0.003*"well" + 0.003*"get" +
0.003*"report" + 0.003*"make" + 0.002*"add" + 0.002*"patient" +
0.002*"number"
Topic : 8 Words : 0.018*"say" + 0.004*"see" + 0.004*"year" +
```

```
0.004* "change" + 0.004* "also" + 0.004* "people" + 0.003* "make" +
0.003*"climate change" + 0.003*"state" + 0.003*"ice" + 0.003*"result"
+ 0.003*"quality control" + 0.002*"work" + 0.002*"get" + 0.002*"small
business" + 0.002*"know" + 0.002*"well" + 0.002*"use" + 0.002*"report"
+ 0.002*"trump"
Topic : 9 Words : 0.005*"year" + 0.003*"people" + 0.003*"departure
average" + 0.003*"century average" + 0.003*"message verifyerror" +
0.003*"metropolitan police" + 0.003*"wave crash" + 0.003*"covid
restriction" + 0.003*"nhs worker" + 0.003*"getty image" + 0.003*"first
time" + 0.002*"th century" + 0.002*"far right" + 0.002*"fourth high" +
0.002*"year\ record" + 0.002*"email\ address" + 0.002*"record\ year" +
0.002*"temperature" + 0.002*"average sea" + 0.002*"temperature th"
Topic : 10 Words : 0.011*"say" + 0.008*"ice shelf" + 0.007*"ice sheet"
+ 0.005*"warm water" + 0.005*"year old" + 0.004*"also" +
0.003*"scientist" + 0.003*"year" + 0.003*"global warming" +
0.003*"shelf" + 0.003*"mile ice" + 0.003*"cape shelf" + 0.002*"go" +
0.002*"take" + 0.002*"part" + 0.002*"warm ocean" + 0.002*"school" +
0.002*"state" + 0.002*"ice" + 0.002*"see"
Topic : 11 Words : 0.007*"also" + 0.006*"state" + 0.006*"government" +
0.005*"confirm case" + 0.004*"people" + 0.004*"health care" +
0.004*"health" + 0.004*"presidential task" + 0.004*"day" + 0.004*"come
week" + 0.003*"report" + 0.003*"say" + 0.003*"federal government" +
0.003*"country" + 0.003*"ask" + 0.002*"many" + 0.002*"covid" +
0.002*"work" + 0.002*"increase number" + 0.002*"capital territory"
Topic : 12 Words : 0.009*"court" + 0.007*"human right" + 0.007*"case"
+ 0.004*"government" + 0.004*"image getty" + 0.004*"trump" +
0.003*"today" + 0.003*"even" + 0.003*"get" + 0.003*"law" +
0.003*"move" + 0.003*"strong" + 0.002*"politician" + 0.002*"police
officer" + 0.002*"mask compliance" + 0.002*"act" + 0.002*"play soon" +
0.002*"video auto" + 0.002*"pelosi" + 0.002*"first"
Topic : 13 Words : 0.008*"vote" + 0.005*"already vote" + 0.004*"say" +
0.004*"tell" + 0.003*"kind problem" + 0.003*"clear vote" +
0.003*"election official" + 0.003*"use" + 0.002*"show" +
0.002*"problem" + 0.002*"people" + 0.002*"also" + 0.002*"get count" +
0.002*"election security" + 0.002*"homeless" + 0.002*"record" +
0.002*"include" + 0.002*"many people" + 0.002*"get" + 0.002*"end"
Topic : 14 Words : 0.005*"world" + 0.004*"mean believe" +
0.004*"state" + 0.003*"also" + 0.003*"see" + 0.003*"people" +
0.003*"average" + 0.003*"take" + 0.003*"vaccine develop" + 0.003*"drug
produce" + 0.003*"change" + 0.003*"lead" + 0.003*"say" + 0.003*"help
people" + 0.003*"new law" + 0.002*"study" + 0.002*"build well" +
0.002*"go far" + 0.002*"follow footstep" + 0.002*"know full"
Topic : 15 Words : 0.009*"say" + 0.008*"muslim woman" + 0.005*"year" +
0.005*"report" + 0.004*"economically inactive" + 0.003*"make" +
0.003*"people" + 0.003*"woman" + 0.002*"year old" + 0.002*"get" +
0.002*"work" + 0.002*"high school" + 0.002*"see" + 0.002*"likely" +
0.002*"high" + 0.002*"come" + 0.002*"school" + 0.002*"pan ideology" +
0.002*"report say" + 0.002*"death"
Topic : 16 Words : 0.016*"say" + 0.009*"year" + 0.005*"change" +
0.003*"make" + 0.003*"get" + 0.002*"mental health" + 0.002*"campaign"
```

```
+ 0.002*"spectrum health" + 0.002*"temperature" + 0.002*"country" +
0.002*"public charge" + 0.002*"care" + 0.002*"plead guilty" +
0.002*"need" + 0.002*"go" + 0.002*"place" + 0.002*"point" +
0.002*"know" + 0.002*"well" + 0.002*"far"
Topic : 17 Words : 0.004*"country" + 0.004*"use" + 0.004*"show" +
0.003*"say" + 0.003*"mental health" + 0.003*"year" + 0.003*"general
national" + 0.003*"low mortality" + 0.002*"talk american" +
0.002*"service" + 0.002*"report development" + 0.002*"particular
concern" + 0.002*"arrest charge" + 0.002*"former president" +
0.002*"first" + 0.002*"let know" + 0.002*"arrest espionage" +
0.002*"ocean" + 0.002*"people" + 0.002*"take"
Topic : 18 Words : 0.008*"say" + 0.007*"change" + 0.007*"carbon
dioxide" + 0.004*"year" + 0.003*"work" + 0.003*"turn" + 0.003*"much" +
0.003*"temperature rise" + 0.003*"climate change" + 0.002*"state" +
0.002*"even" + 0.002*"lead" + 0.002*"research center" + 0.002*"high
sea" + 0.002*"assistant leave" + 0.002*"wood research" + 0.002*"amount
carbon" + 0.002*"researcher fairbank" + 0.002*"know much" +
0.002*"core lab"
Topic : 19 Words : 0.005*"also" + 0.003*"covid false" +
0.003*"produce" + 0.003*"pcr test" + 0.003*"comment" + 0.003*"positive
reporter" + 0.003*"biden admit" + 0.003*"high cycle" + 0.003*"memo
chairman" + 0.003*"right cue" + 0.002*"national identity" + 0.002*"show" + 0.002*"know" + 0.002*"say" + 0.002*"religious people" +
0.002*"flag religious" + 0.002*"national flag" + 0.002*"national
civic" + 0.002*"divide national" + 0.002*"coast coast"
Topic : 20 Words : 0.011*"say" + 0.004*"get" + 0.003*"people" +
0.003*"night" + 0.003*"take" + 0.003*"case" + 0.003*"royal british" + 0.002*"come" + 0.002*"care" + 0.002*"happen" + 0.002*"time" +
0.002*"tell" + 0.002*"cost" + 0.002*"vaccine" + 0.002*"deny
allegation" + 0.002*"sexual harassment" + 0.002*"year jail" +
0.002*"lead" + 0.002*"last" + 0.002*"picture"
Topic : 21 Words : 0.010*"say" + 0.004*"junior doctor" + 0.003*"work"
+ 0.003*"doctor" + 0.003*"also" + 0.002*"make" + 0.002*"increase" +
0.002*"government" + 0.002*"year" + 0.002*"mask" + 0.002*"high" +
0.002*"plan" + 0.002*"global warming" + 0.002*"number" + 0.002*"even"
+ 0.002*"prison" + 0.002*"last month" + 0.001*"headline" + 0.001*"also
danger" + 0.001*"go away"
Topic : 22 Words : 0.021*"say" + 0.008*"year" + 0.007*"child" +
0.004*"romney" + 0.004*"also" + 0.003*"use path" + 0.003*"money" +
0.003*"school" + 0.003*"week" + 0.003*"presidential campaign" +
0.003*"early" + 0.002*"time" + 0.002*"form" + 0.002*"child die" +
0.002*"take" + 0.002*"country" + 0.002*"need" + 0.002*"campaign" +
0.002*"state convention" + 0.002*"win percent"
Topic : 23 Words : 0.019*"say" + 0.006*"year" + 0.006*"people" +
0.004*"trump" + 0.003*"vaccine" + 0.003*"tell" + 0.003*"day" +
0.003*"real estate" + 0.003*"lose" + 0.003*"make" + 0.003*"work" +
0.003*"get" + 0.003*"cut" + 0.003*"legislature" + 0.003*"pay" +
0.003*"way" + 0.003*"elisa" + 0.003*"democracy campaign" + 0.003*"part
time" + 0.002*"number"
Topic : 24 Words : 0.008*"test" + 0.008*"say" + 0.007*"even" +
```

```
0.006*"virus" + 0.005*"year" + 0.005*"pcr test" + 0.005*"also" +
0.005*"change" + 0.004*"study" + 0.004*"sar cov" + 0.004*"people" +
0.004*"paper" + 0.004*"result" + 0.003*"come" + 0.003*"temperature" +
0.003*"world" + 0.003*"global warming" + 0.003*"level" + 0.003*"show"
+ 0.003*"climate change"
Topic: 25 Words: 0.010*"absentee ballot" + 0.009*"say" +
0.009*"rejection rate" + 0.004*"reject ballot" + 0.004*"high energy" +
0.004*"parallel universe" + 0.004*"also" + 0.003*"trump" + 0.003*"year
ago" + 0.003*"change" + 0.003*"poll worker" + 0.003*"increase" +
0.003*"presidential election" + 0.003*"state law" + 0.003*"ballot
reject" + 0.003*"ballot rejection" + 0.003*"correctly fill" +
0.003*"earth" + 0.002*"work experiment" + 0.002*"time"
Topic : 26 Words : 0.004*"state" + 0.003*"government" + 0.002*"people"
+ 0.002*"propose rule" + 0.002*"vote" + 0.002*"work" + 0.002*"come" +
0.002*"country" + 0.002*"year" + 0.002*"take" + 0.002*"city" +
0.002*"make" + 0.002*"food stamp" + 0.002*"see" + 0.001*"also" +
0.001*"death" + 0.001*"know" + 0.001*"accord" + 0.001*"public" +
0.001*"year old"
Topic : 27 Words : 0.008*"say" + 0.008*"case" + 0.006*"people" +
0.006*"mask" + 0.006*"time" + 0.005*"go" + 0.005*"navy" + 0.005*"make"
+ 0.004*"year" + 0.004*"way" + 0.004*"take" + 0.004*"day" +
0.003*"many" + 0.003*"leave" + 0.003*"see" + 0.003*"political" +
0.003*"good" + 0.003*"government" + 0.003*"sailor" + 0.003*"also"
Topic : 28 Words : 0.008*"say" + 0.008*"virus" + 0.005*"vitamin" + 0.005*"people" + 0.005*"health visitor" + 0.004*"public health" +
0.004*"coronavirus" + 0.004*"show" + 0.003*"also" + 0.003*"level" +
0.003*"report" + 0.003*"state" + 0.003*"year" + 0.003*"risk" +
0.003*"make" + 0.002*"fungus" + 0.002*"case" + 0.002*"work" +
0.002*"find" + 0.002*"child"
Topic : 29 Words : 0.007*"year" + 0.004*"also" + 0.004*"say" +
0.003*"great barrier" + 0.003*"face mask" + 0.003*"work" +
0.003*"property tax" + 0.002*"time" + 0.002*"school" + 0.002*"number"
+ 0.002*"affordable housing" + 0.002*"government" + 0.002*"impact
statement" + 0.002*"ever" + 0.002*"go" + 0.002*"people" +
0.002*"child" + 0.002*"public policy" + 0.001*"see" + 0.001*"show"
Topic : 30 Words : 0.006*"recruit" + 0.005*"study" + 0.005*"case" + 0.004*"mask work" + <math>0.004*"wear" + 0.004*"fail" + 0.004*"even" +
0.004*"take" + 0.004*"work" + 0.004*"mask" + 0.004*"group" +
0.004*"place" + 0.004*"month" + 0.003*"eat" + 0.003*"salisbury" +
0.003*"skripal" + 0.003*"russian" + 0.003*"last week" +
0.003*"authority" + 0.003*"virus"
Topic : 31 Words : 0.004*"patient die" + 0.003*"take" +
0.002*"insurrection act" + 0.002*"governor" + 0.002*"exchange" +
0.002*"statement" + 0.002*"moderator" + 0.002*"deep state" +
0.002*"oxygen" + 0.002*"exposure" + 0.002*"federal government" +
0.002*"cause coronavirus" + 0.002*"hemoglobin" + 0.002*"deprivation" +
0.002*"structure function" + 0.002*"walker" + 0.002*"decision" +
0.002*"alter" + 0.002*"punt" + 0.002*"erpenbach"
Topic : 32 Words : 0.011*"say" + 0.009*"people" + 0.005*"report" +
0.005*"number" + 0.004*"year" + 0.003*"work" + 0.003*"government" +
```

```
0.003*"credit score" + 0.003*"social credit" + 0.003*"measle vaccine"
+ 0.003*"country" + 0.003*"get" + 0.003*"system" + 0.003*"think" +
0.003*"life" + 0.003*"see" + 0.003*"long term" + 0.002*"coronavirus
pandemic" + 0.002*"coronavirus" + 0.002*"also"
Topic : 33 Words : 0.010*"guillotine" + 0.005*"people" + 0.005*"say" +
0.005*"government" + 0.005*"company" + 0.004*"use" + 0.004*"bid" +
0.003*"qo" + 0.003*"cut" + 0.003*"device" + 0.003*"canadian
government" + 0.003*"detain" + 0.003*"many people" + 0.003*"time" +
0.003*"question" + 0.003*"position" + 0.003*"execute" + 0.003*"year" +
0.003*"island" + 0.003*"canadian"
Topic : 34 Words : 0.013*"say" + 0.006*"day" + 0.003*"dad" +
0.003*"also" + 0.003*"number" + 0.003*"child" + 0.003*"climate change"
+ 0.002*"mental health" + 0.002*"man" + 0.002*"state" + 0.002*"image"
+ 0.002*"know experience" + 0.002*"process meat" + 0.002*"challenge" +
0.002*"tell" + 0.002*"know" + 0.002*"problem" + 0.002*"get" +
0.002*"campaign" + 0.002*"survey"
Topic : 35 Words : 0.008*"heatwave picture" + 0.008*"scorch saharan" +
0.008*"seek relief" + 0.006*"saharan heatwave" + 0.006*"relief scorch"
+ 0.006*"say" + 0.005*"ballot" + 0.005*"native american" + 0.005*"see"
+ 0.003*"action" + 0.003*"student" + 0.003*"build wall" +
0.003*"climate change" + 0.003*"audit" + 0.003*"medium" + 0.002*"also"
+ 0.002*"statement" + 0.002*"people" + 0.002*"tell" +
0.002*"temperature"
Topic : 36 \text{ Words} : 0.007*"earth" + <math>0.007*"show" + 0.006*"change" +
0.006*"climate change" + 0.005*"state" + 0.005*"year" + 0.004*"also" +
0.004*"even" + 0.003*"human" + 0.003*"depend" + 0.003*"first" +
0.003*"global warming" + 0.003*"planet" + 0.002*"say" +
0.002* "american worker" + 0.002* "labor day" + 0.002* "big american" +
0.002*"national" + 0.002*"time great" + 0.002*"fact"
Topic : 37 Words : 0.011*"say" + 0.007*"voter fraud" + 0.006*"state" +
0.006* "ex cnrp" + 0.005* "number" + 0.005* "presidential election" +
0.005*"vote" + 0.005*"new driver" + 0.005* election day" +
0.004* "also" + 0.003* "go" + 0.003* "ice shelf" + 0.003* "obtain new" +
0.003*"day registration" + 0.003*"enough swing" + 0.003*"fraudulent
vote" + 0.003*"driver license" + 0.003*"registrant register" +
0.003*"college vote" + 0.003*"fide resident"
Topic : 38 Words : 0.010*"high education" + 0.004*"excellence
framework" + 0.004*"say" + 0.004*"work" + 0.003*"year" +
0.003*"student" + 0.003*"getty image" + 0.003*"last year" +
0.003*"ensure student" + 0.003*"graduate earning" + 0.003*"drive
value" + 0.003*"green paper" + 0.003*"teaching excellence" +
0.003*"money student" + 0.002*"want" + 0.002*"world" + 0.002*"get" +
0.002*"young people" + 0.002*"number" + 0.002*"well"
Topic : 39 Words : 0.010*"say" + 0.007*"year" + 0.006*"food waste" +
0.005*"prison system" + 0.004*"first century" + 0.003*"country" +
0.003*"directive" + 0.003*"tackle food" + 0.003*"people" +
0.003*"also" + 0.003*"choice tool" + 0.002*"time" + 0.002*"last year"
+ 0.002*"problem" + 0.002*"twentieth century" + 0.002*"use" +
0.002*"sea level" + 0.002*"cause death" + 0.002*"sally coate" +
0.002*"teach first"
```

```
Topic : 40 Words : 0.010*"people" + 0.006*"virus" + 0.006*"say" +
0.005*"get" + 0.005*"year" + 0.004*"vaccine" + 0.004*"disease" +
0.003*"report" + 0.003*"use" + 0.003*"day nhs" + 0.003*"also" +
0.002*"study" + 0.002*"see" + 0.002*"even" + 0.002*"coronavirus" +
0.002*"go" + 0.002*"time" + 0.002*"cancer" + 0.002*"know" +
0.002*"day"
Topic : 41 Words : 0.010*"state" + 0.006*"year ago" + 0.006*"say" +
0.005*"vote" + 0.005*"mean" + 0.004*"motorcycle manufacture" +
0.004*"go" + 0.004*"election" + 0.003*"elect president" +
0.003*"popular vote" + 0.003*"current system" + 0.003*"national
popular" + 0.003*"day" + 0.003*"child" + 0.003*"child benefit" +
0.003*"speed mile" + 0.003*"fine pay" + 0.003*"mile hour" +
0.003*"well" + 0.003*"call"
Topic: 42 Words: 0.020*"say" + 0.010*"bill" + 0.005*"state" +
0.004*"year" + 0.004*"wetland" + 0.003*"also" + 0.003*"discount" +
0.003*"include" + 0.003*"job" + 0.003*"make" + 0.003*"legislation" +
0.002*"get" + 0.002*"pay" + 0.002*"pier" + 0.002*"power" +
0.002*"allow" + 0.002*"business" + 0.002*"group" + 0.002*"mercury" +
0.002*"change"
Topic: 43 Words: 0.003*"use" + 0.003*"time" + 0.003*"year old" +
0.003*"gugino attempt" + 0.003*"court hearing" + 0.003*"buffalo
police" + 0.003*"professional agitator" + 0.002*"state" + 0.002*"year"
+ 0.002*"case" + 0.002*"show" + 0.002*"back" + 0.002*"buffalo cop" +
0.002*"twitter com" + 0.002*"emerge show" + 0.002*"second degree" +
0.002*"year prison" + 0.002*"leave" + 0.002*"public opinion" +
0.002*"peaceful protester"
Topic : 44 Words : 0.011*"vaccine" + 0.010*"say" + 0.007*"poverty" +
0.006*"year" + 0.005*"time" + 0.004*"work" + 0.004*"take" +
0.004*"first" + 0.003*"asian american" + 0.003*"use" + 0.003*"covid
vaccine" + 0.003*"new" + 0.003*"school" + 0.003*"likely" +
0.003*"government" + 0.003*"resource center" + 0.003*"record" +
0.002*"sea ice" + 0.002*"lead cause" + 0.002*"see"
Cohérence : 0.3499304230649635
Perplexité: -11.057605969633673
     topic dominant
                     pourcentage contrib \
0
                                  0.9948
                 24
1
                 35
                                  0.6276
2
                  9
                                  0.8125
                 22
                                  0.9954
3
4
                 14
                                  0.9935
                . . .
839
                                  0.9916
                 22
840
                  4
                                  0.9964
841
                 44
                                  0.9976
                 41
                                  0.9937
842
                                  0.7681
843
                 24
```

topic_keywords \
test, say, even, virus, year, pcr test, also, ...

0

```
heatwave picture, scorch saharan, seek relief,...
1
2
     year, people, departure average, century avera...
3
     say, year, child, romney, also, use path, mone...
4
     world, mean believe, state, also, see, people,...
839
     say, year, child, romney, also, use path, mone...
    say, officer, people, year, shoot, year old, s...
840
    vaccine, say, poverty, year, time, work, take,...
841
842
    state, year ago, say, vote, mean, motorcycle m...
843
     test, say, even, virus, year, pcr test, also, ...
                                             text title
0
     It's been a long time coming, but finally we h...
1
     Constitutional Attorney Matthew DePerno is an ...
2
     The United States is witnessing a massive, dan...
3
     After three decades on the bench, Sarah Parker...
4
     Based on actual results and accounting for sta...
839
    5 Million Muslim Children In Yemen Died due to...
840
    The bombshell claim comes from over 20 hours o...
    BILL GATES EXPLAINS THAT THE COVID VACCINE WIL...
841
    Let our journalists help you make sense of the...
842
    Though the whole world relies on RT-PCR to "di...
843
[844 rows x 4 columns]
```

On rajoute les mots-clés à notre DataFrame de départ pour pouvoir faire la classification

- On a essayé la classification sur les keywords uniquement mais l'accuracy était très basse donc on va essayer de rajouter les mots-clés à notre text, titre, text+titre respectivement
- On split notre jeu de données en jeu d'apprentissage et de test

```
# modification du dataframe pour intégrer les mots associés au topic
dominant à chaque document
dftrain['keywords']=df_topic_sents_keywords['topic_keywords']
display(dftrain)

# selection des données
X=pd.concat([dftrain.iloc[:,1:3], dftrain.iloc[:,4:6]],
axis=1).reset_index(drop=True)
#X = dftrain.keywords
y=dftrain.rating

# Création d'un jeu d'apprentissage et de test
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test size=0.2,random state=8)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283:
DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
automatically in the future. Please pass the result to
`transformed_cell` argument and any exception that happen during
thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above.
and should run async(code)

```
text \
           id
               It's been a long time coming, but finally we h...
0
     f85ea242
1
     684c9ba4
               Constitutional Attorney Matthew DePerno is an ...
2
               The United States is witnessing a massive, dan...
     6c88493a
3
               After three decades on the bench, Sarah Parker...
     2aac10a5
4
     1e83af88
               Based on actual results and accounting for sta...
839
     0de76e26
               5 Million Muslim Children In Yemen Died due to...
               The bombshell claim comes from over 20 hours o...
840
     3886ead8
               BILL GATES EXPLAINS THAT THE COVID VACCINE WIL...
841
     8e197ce3
               Let our journalists help you make sense of the...
842
     01ed1b22
               Though the whole world relies on RT-PCR to "di...
843
     31d33510
                                                  title rating \
0
     JK Rowling Confirms Stance Against Transgender...
                                                          TRUE
     MI Sec of State Official Caught On Video Telli...
1
                                                         FALSE
2
     What science can tell us about the links betwe...
                                                          TRUE
3
           Sarah Parker leaves legacy on Supreme Court
                                                          TRUE
4
     Current Actual Election Result Update: Preside...
                                                         FALSE
839
     Re: Meeting the need for isolation space for h...
                                                         FALSE
840
     Breaking: Breonna Taylor's boyfriend says SHE ...
                                                         FALSE
     A guote from Politifact: Gates never said that...
841
                                                         FALSE
842
     Before This Election, Newt Gingrich Believed t...
                                                          TRUE
843
      COVID19 PCR Tests are Scientifically Meaningless
                                                         FALSE
                                             text title
     It's been a long time coming, but finally we h...
0
1
     Constitutional Attorney Matthew DePerno is an ...
2
     The United States is witnessing a massive, dan...
3
     After three decades on the bench, Sarah Parker...
4
     Based on actual results and accounting for sta...
839
     5 Million Muslim Children In Yemen Died due to...
    The bombshell claim comes from over 20 hours o...
840
841
     BILL GATES EXPLAINS THAT THE COVID VACCINE WIL...
842
     Let our journalists help you make sense of the...
843
     Though the whole world relies on RT-PCR to "di...
                                               keywords
     test, say, even, virus, year, pcr test, also, ...
0
1
     heatwave picture, scorch saharan, seek relief,...
2
     year, people, departure average, century avera...
```

```
say, year, child, romney, also, use path, mone...
world, mean believe, state, also, see, people,...
say, year, child, romney, also, use path, mone...
say, officer, people, year, shoot, year old, s...
vaccine, say, poverty, year, time, work, take,...
state, year ago, say, vote, mean, motorcycle m...
state, say, even, virus, year, pcr test, also, ...
[844 rows x 6 columns]
```

Vu qu'on va travailler sur text+keywords puis sur titre+keywords après sur la colonne de concaténation de titre et text+keywords, Donc on va d'abord concaténér :

- Texte et keywords
- Titre et keywords
- Titre+texte et keywords

et on va séléctionner ces dernières depuis le X_train et X_test pour apprendre et tester après

```
train text keywords = X train.apply(lambda x : '{}
{}'.format(x['text'],x['keywords']),axis=1)
test text keywords = X test.apply(lambda x : '{}
{}'.format(x['text'],x['keywords']),axis=1)
X_train['text_keywords'] = train_text_keywords
X train text keywords = X train['text keywords']
X train text keywords.reset index(drop = True, inplace = True)
X_test['text_keywords'] = test_text_keywords
X test text keywords = X test['text keywords']
X test text keywords.reset index(drop = True, inplace = True)
train title keywords = X train.apply(lambda x : '{}
{}'.format(x['title'],x['keywords']),axis=1)
test title keywords = X test.apply(lambda x : '{}
{}'.format(x['title'],x['keywords']),axis=1)
X_train['title_keywords'] = train_title_keywords
X train title keywords = X train['title keywords']
X train title keywords.reset index(drop = True, inplace = True)
X test['title keywords'] = test title keywords
X test title keywords = X test['title keywords']
X test title keywords.reset index(drop = True, inplace = True)
train text title keywords = X train.apply(lambda x : '{}
```

```
{}'.format(x['text_title'],x['keywords']),axis=1)
test_text_title_keywords = X_test.apply(lambda x : '{}
{}'.format(x['text_title'],x['keywords']),axis=1)

X_train['text_title_keywords'] = train_text_title_keywords
X_train_text_title_keywords = X_train['text_title_keywords']
X_train_text_title_keywords.reset_index(drop = True, inplace = True)

X_test['text_title_keywords'] = test_text_title_keywords
X_test_text_title_keywords = X_test['text_title_keywords']
X_test_text_title_keywords.reset_index(drop = True, inplace = True)

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283:
DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` automatically in the future. Please pass the result to
`transformed_cell` argument and any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above. and should_run_async(code)
```

Etape 2 : Classification selon la colonne TEXT et KEYWORDS (concaténés) :

Ici, c'est une étape importante, on va tester différents classifieurs, pour chacun des classifieurs, on va appliquer le prétraitement + Vectorisation TfIdf, et on applique une cross_val_score avec un Kfold de 10 fois, par la suite on stocke dans une liste all_results la moyenne des accuracy + l'écart type et on la trie par ordre décroissant de moyenne d'accuracy et d'écart type. on remarque que les 2 meilleurs sont SVM et RF qu'on va séléctionner pour leur appliquer le GridSearch sur les paramètres des prétraitements + leurs hyperparamètres pour pouvoir choisir le meilleur.

```
# Utilisez la méthode ravel() pour transformer y_train en un tableau
unidimensionnel
y_train = np.ravel(y_train)

np.random.seed(42) # Set the random seed for NumPy

score = 'accuracy'
seed = 7
allresults = []
results = []
names = []

# Liste des modèles à tester
models = [
    ('MultinomialNB', MultinomialNB()),
    ('LogisticRegression', LogisticRegression(random_state=42))
]
```

```
#models.append(('LR', LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs')))
models.append(('KNN', KNeighborsClassifier()))
models.append(('CART', DecisionTreeClassifier(random state=42)))
models.append(('RF', RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)))
models.append(('SVM', SVC(random_state=42)))
# Création d'un pipeline pour chaque modèle
pipelines = []
for name, model in models:
    pipeline = Pipeline([
        ('normalize', TextNormalizer()),
        ('tfidf', TfidfVectorizer()),
        (name, model)
    1)
    pipelines.append((name,pipeline))
    #pipeline.fit(X train text,y train)
all results=[]
scores=[]
for p in pipelines:
    print(p[1])
    # cross validation en 10 fois
    kfold = KFold(n splits=10, random state=seed, shuffle=True)
    print ("Evaluation de ",p)
    start time = time.time()
    # application de la classification
    cv results = cross val score(p[1],X train text keywords,y train,
cv=kfold, scoring=score)
    #print("Pour le classifieur",p[0],"on a un score
de",cv results.mean(), "et un écart type de",cv results.std())
    scores.append(cv results)
    all results.append((p[0],cv results.mean(),cv results.std()))
    end time = time.time()
all_results = sorted(all_results, key=lambda x: (-x[1], -x[2]))
print("all resultats", all results)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283:
DeprecationWarning: `should run async` will not call `transform cell`
automatically in the future. Please pass the result to
`transformed cell` argument and any exception that happen during
thetransform in `preprocessing exc tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above.
  and should run async(code)
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
```

```
('MultinomialNB', MultinomialNB())])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('LogisticRegression',
LogisticRegression(random state=42))])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('KNN', KNeighborsClassifier())])
Exception ignored on calling ctypes callback function: <function
ThreadpoolController. find libraries with dl iterate phdr.<locals>.mat
ch_library_callback at 0x7fbaa1d78d30>
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/threadpoolctl.py",
line 584, in match library callback
    self. make controller from path(filepath)
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/threadpoolctl.py",
line 725, in make controller from path
    lib_controller = lib_controller_class(
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/threadpoolctl.py",
line 842, in __init_
    super().__init (**kwargs)
  File "/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/threadpoolctl.py",
line 810, in init
    self. dynlib = ctypes.CDLL(filepath, mode= RTLD NOLOAD)
  File "/usr/lib/python3.10/ctypes/__init__.py", line 374, in __init__
    self. handle = dlopen(self. name, mode)
OSError:
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/numpy.libs/libopenblas64 p-r0-
2f7c42d4.3.18.so: cannot open shared object file: No such file or
directory
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('CART', DecisionTreeClassifier(random state=42))])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('RF', RandomForestClassifier(random state=42))])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('SVM', SVC(random state=42))])
all resultats [('SVM', 0.9068042142230027, 0.03473994806063803),
('RF', 0.8903204565408253, 0.02837295958824581), ('CART',
0.8445127304653205, 0.035518762967657776), ('MultinomialNB',
0.8324626865671642, 0.0655043788410142), ('LogisticRegression',
0.8237269534679543, 0.047255651601879535), ('KNN', 0.7095039508340649,
0.06983686546327672)1
```

On a un pipeline pour chaque prétraitement différent, on essaye pas mal (miniscule, lemmatisation, miniscule + lemmatisation...) et on stocke le fit_transorm de nos X_train,

X_test sur les pipelines dans des listes qui vont contenir tous les fit_transform des pipelines pour chaque classifieur, par la suite on parcourt ces listes là, on itère dessus, et chaque élement de la liste (train) va passer par le GridSearch et puis on predict sur son corresapondant dans liste (test).

```
np.random.seed(42) # Set the random seed for NumPy
# le plus simple est de faire un test sur differents pipelines.
# pipeline de l'utilisation de CountVectorizer sur le texte avec
differents pre-traitements
CV brut = Pipeline([('cleaner', TextNormalizer()),
                    ('count_vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
CV lowcase = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=False,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False,removedigit=False)),
                    ('count vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
CV lowStop = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False, removedigit=False)),
                    ('count vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
CV lowStopstem = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=True, removedigit=False)),
                    ('count vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
# pipeline de l'utilisation de TfidfVectorizer avec differents pre-
traitements
TFIDF brut = Pipeline ([('cleaner', TextNormalizer()),
                    ('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
TFIDF lowcase = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=False,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False, removedigit=False)),
                    ('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
TFIDF lowStop = Pipeline([('cleaner'
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False, removedigit=False)),
```

```
('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
TFIDF lowStopstem = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=True,removedigit=False)),
                     ('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
# Liste de tous les modeles à tester
all models = [
    ("CV brut", CV brut),
    ("CV_lowcase", CV_lowcase),
("CV_lowStop", CV_lowStop),
    ("CV lowStopstem", CV lowStopstem),
    ("TFIDF_lowcase", TFIDF_lowcase),
("TFIDF_lowStop", TFIDF_lowStop),
    ("TFIDF_lowStopstem", TFIDF_lowStopstem),
    ("TFIDF brut", TFIDF brut)
1
X_train_text_keywords_SVC = []
X test text keywords SVC = []
X train text keywords RandomForestClassifier = []
X test text keywords RandomForestClassifier = []
for name, pipeline in all models :
X train text keywords SVC.append(pipeline.fit transform(X train text k
eywords).toarray())
X_test_text_keywords_SVC.append(pipeline.transform(X_test_text_keyword
s).toarray())
X train text keywords RandomForestClassifier.append(pipeline.fit trans
form(X_train_text_keywords).toarray())
X_test_text_keywords_RandomForestClassifier.append(pipeline.transform())
X test text keywords).toarray())
models = {
    'SVC': SVC(random state=42),
```

```
'RandomForestClassifier': RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)
}
params = \{'SVC': [\{'C': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1,2,5,7,10]\},
             {'gamma': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1,0.2,0.3,0.5,0.7,1]},
             {'kernel': ['linear', 'rbf']}],
    'RandomForestClassifier': [{'n estimators': [10, 50, 100, 200,
300]},
                              {'max features': ['auto', 'sgrt',
'log2']}],
}
for model name, model in models.items():
    score='accuracy'
    X train text keywords = eval('X train text keywords ' +
model name)
    X test text keywords = eval('X test text keywords ' + model name)
    for i in range (len(X train text keywords)):
      grid search = GridSearchCV(model, params[model name], n jobs=-1,
verbose=1,scoring=score)
      print("grid search fait")
      grid_search.fit(X_train_text_keywords[i],y_train)
      print ('meilleur score %0.3f'%(grid_search.best_score_),'\n')
      print ('meilleur estimateur',grid_search.best_estimator_,'\n')
      y_pred = grid_search.predict(X_test_text_keywords[i])
     MyshowAllScores(y test,y pred)
      print("Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :")
      best parameters = grid search.best estimator .get params()
      for param dict in params[model name]:
        for param_name, param value in param dict.items():
            print("\t%s: %r" % (param name,
best parameters[param name]))
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283:
DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
automatically in the future. Please pass the result to
`transformed_cell` argument and any exception that happen during
thetransform in `preprocessing exc tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above.
  and should run async(code)
grid search fait
Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits
meilleur score 0.850
meilleur estimateur SVC(kernel='linear', random state=42)
Accuracy: 0.870
Classification Report
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.89610 0.84783	0.83133 0.90698	0.86250 0.87640	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.87196 0.87154	0.86915 0.86982	0.86982 0.86945 0.86958	169 169 169

C: 1.0

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'linear'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.853

meilleur estimateur SVC(kernel='linear', random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.888

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.92105 0.86022	0.84337 0.93023	0.88050 0.89385	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.89063 0.89009	0.88680 0.88757	0.88757 0.88718 0.88730	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 1.0

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'linear'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.867

meilleur estimateur SVC(kernel='linear', random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.923

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.97297 0.88421	0.86747 0.97674	0.91720 0.92818	83 86
accuracy macro avg	0.92859	0.92211	0.92308 0.92269	169 169

weighted avg 0.92780 0.92308 0.92278 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 1.0

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'linear'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.856

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=10, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.893

Classification Report

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
83 86	0.88889 0.89773	0.86747 0.91860	0.91139 0.87778	FALSE TRUE
169 169 169	0.89349 0.89331 0.89339	0.89304 0.89349	0.89459 0.89429	accuracy macro avg weighted avg

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 10

gamma: 'scale'
 kernel: 'rbf'
grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.884

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=2, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.899

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.90244 0.89655	0.89157 0.90698	0.89697 0.90173	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.89950 0.89944	0.89927 0.89941	0.89941 0.89935 0.89939	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 2

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'rbf'
grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.890

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=2, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.905

Classification Report

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
83 86	0.90805 0.90244	0.95181 0.86047	0.86813 0.94872	FALSE TRUE
169 169 169	0.90533 0.90524 0.90519	0.90614 0.90533	0.90842 0.90914	accuracy macro avg weighted avg

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 2

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.892

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=2, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.923

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.90698 0.93976	0.93976 0.90698	0.92308 0.92308	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.92337 0.92366	0.92337 0.92308	0.92308 0.92308 0.92308	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 2

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'rbf'
grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.886

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=2, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.905

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.90361 0.90698	0.90361 0.90698	0.90361 0.90698	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.90530 0.90533	0.90530 0.90533	0.90533 0.90530 0.90533	169 169 169

C: 2

gamma: 'scale'

kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.868

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=300, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.893

Classification Report

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
83 86	0.89024 0.89655	0.87952 0.90698	0.90123 0.88636	FALSE TRUE
169 169 169	0.89349 0.89340 0.89345	0.89325 0.89349	0.89380 0.89367	accuracy macro avg weighted avg

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n estimators: 300 max features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.862

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.911
Classification Report

support	f1-score	recall	n Report precision	Classificatio
83 86	0.90323 0.91803	0.84337 0.97674	0.97222 0.86598	FALSE TRUE
169	0 91124			accuracy

macro	avg	0.91910	0.91006	0.91063	169
weighted	avq	0.91816	0.91124	0.91076	169

n_estimators: 50
max features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.867

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(max_features='log2',
random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.911

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.86957 0.96104	0.96386 0.86047	0.91429 0.90798	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.91530 0.91611	0.91216 0.91124	0.91124 0.91113 0.91107	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 100 max features: 'log2'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.867

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=200, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.899

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.90244 0.89655	0.89157 0.90698	0.89697 0.90173	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.89950 0.89944	0.89927 0.89941	0.89941 0.89935 0.89939	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 200
 max_features: 'sqrt'
grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.879

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=200, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.923

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.90698 0.93976	0.93976 0.90698	0.92308 0.92308	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.92337 0.92366	0.92337 0.92308	0.92308 0.92308 0.92308	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 200
max features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.871

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(max_features='log2',
random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.893

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.84946 0.94737	0.95181 0.83721	0.89773 0.88889	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.89842 0.89928	0.89451 0.89349	0.89349 0.89331 0.89323	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 100
max features: 'log2'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.876

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=200, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.923

Classification Report

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
83 86	0.92308 0.92308	0.93976 0.90698	0.90698 0.93976	FALSE TRUE
169 169 169	0.92308 0.92308 0.92308	0.92337 0.92308	0.92337 0.92366	accuracy macro avg weighted avg

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 200
max_features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.874

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=300, random_state=42)

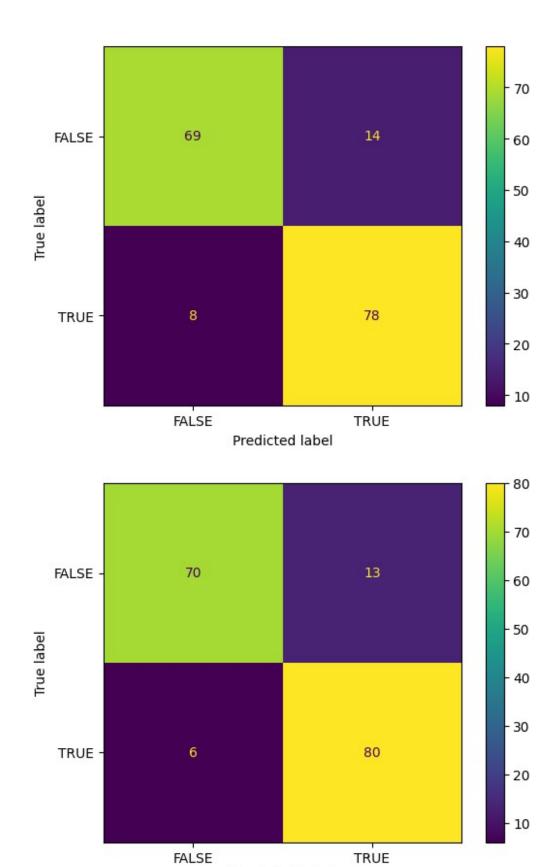
Accuracy: 0.911

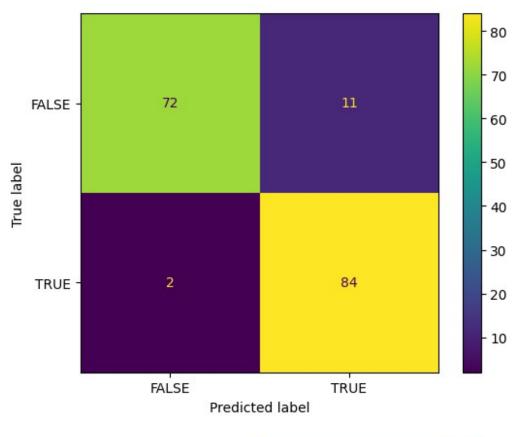
Classification Report

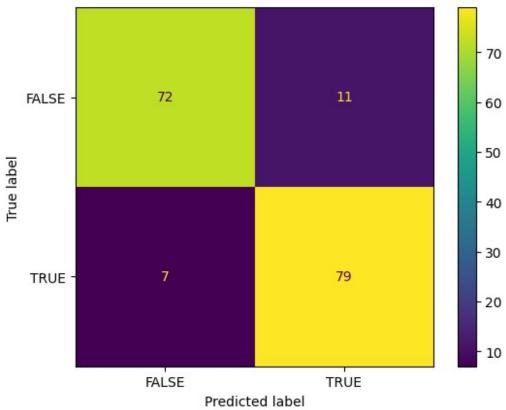
	precision	recall	fl-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.90476 0.91765	0.91566 0.90698	0.91018 0.91228	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.91120 0.91132	0.91132 0.91124	0.91124 0.91123 0.91125	169 169 169

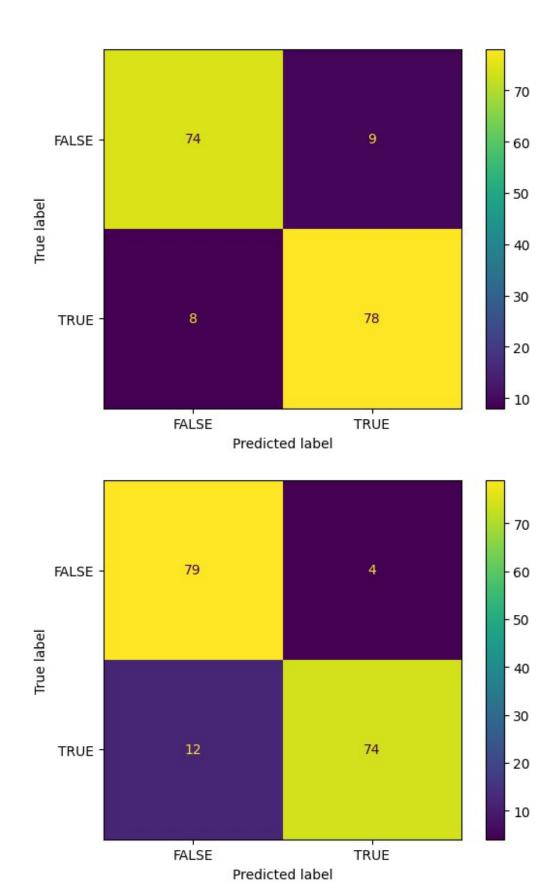
Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

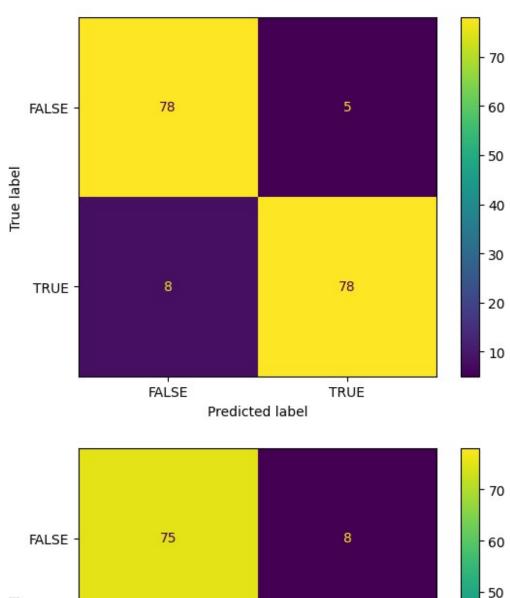
n_estimators: 300
max_features: 'sqrt'

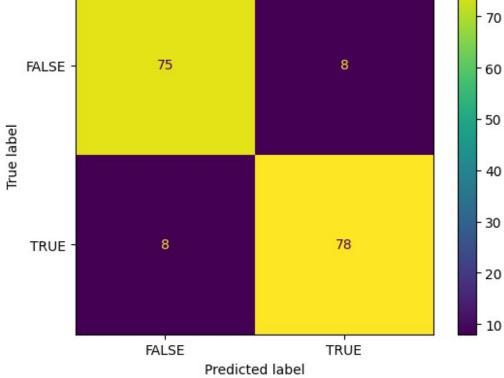


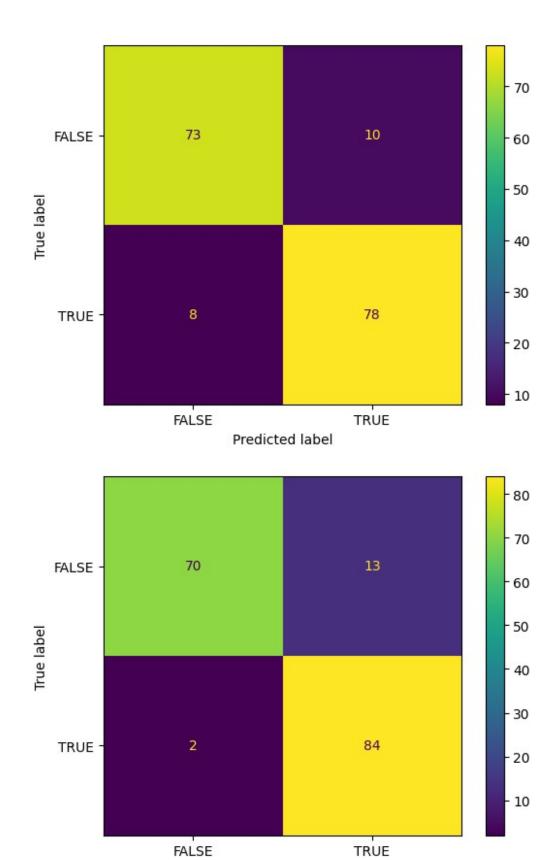


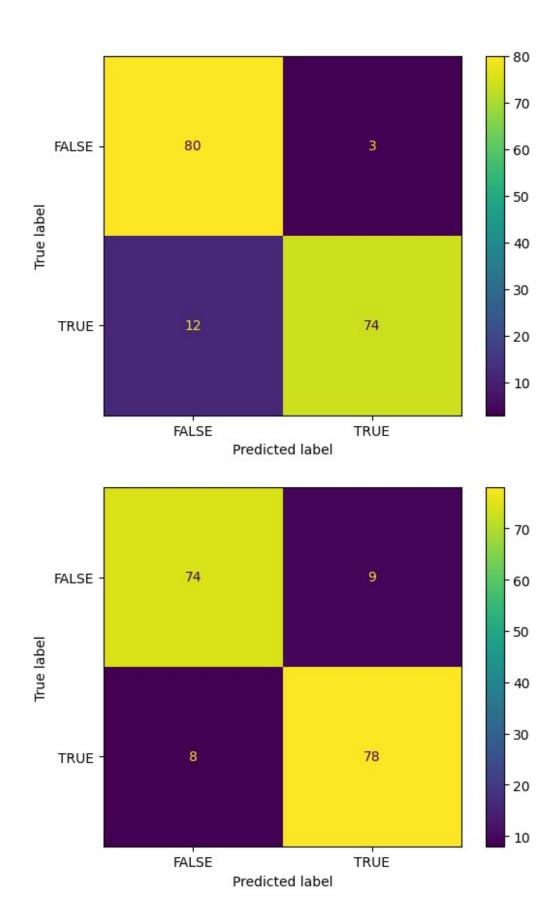


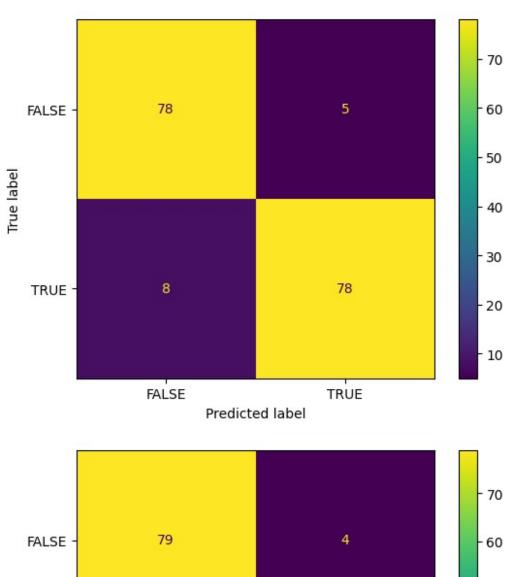


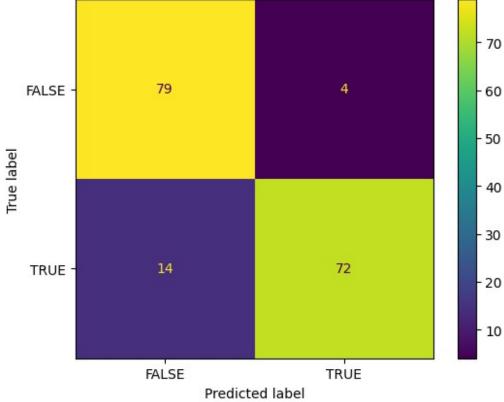


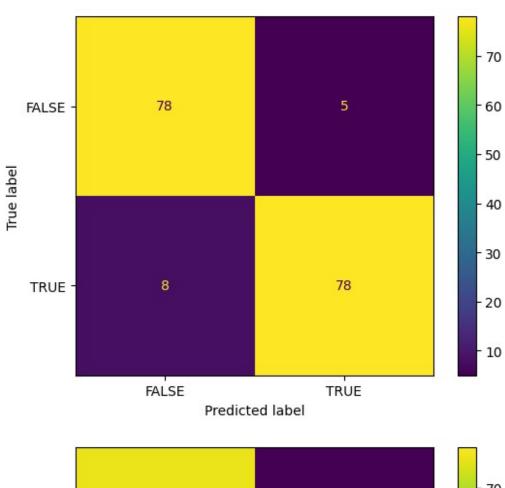


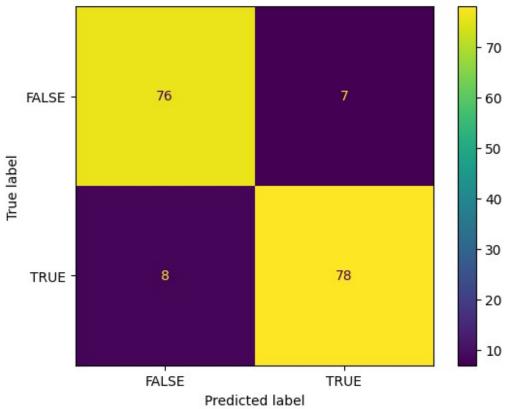












Etape 3 : Classification selon la colonne TITRE et KEYWORDS (concaténés):

Ici, c'est une étape importante, on va tester différents classifieurs, pour chacun des classifieurs, on va appliquer le prétraitement + Vectorisation TfIdf, et on applique une cross_val_score avec un Kfold de 10 fois, par la suite on stocke dans une liste all_results la moyenne des accuracy + l'écart type et on la trie par ordre décroissant de moyenne d'accuracy et d'écart type. on remarque que les 2 meilleurs sont SVM et RF qu'on va séléctionner pour leur appliquer le GridSearch sur les paramètres des prétraitements + leurs hyperparamètres pour pouvoir choisir le meilleur.

```
# Utilisez la méthode ravel() pour transformer y train en un tableau
unidimensionnel
y train = np.ravel(y train)
np.random.seed(42) # Set the random seed for NumPy
score = 'accuracy'
seed = 7
allresults = []
results = []
names = []
# Liste des modèles à tester
models = [
    ('MultinomialNB', MultinomialNB()),
    ('LogisticRegression', LogisticRegression(random state=42))
1
#models.append(('LR', LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs')))
models.append(('KNN', KNeighborsClassifier()))
models.append(('CART', DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)))
models.append(('RF', RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)))
models.append(('SVM', SVC(random state=42)))
# Création d'un pipeline pour chaque modèle
pipelines = []
for name, model in models:
    pipeline = Pipeline([
        ('normalize', TextNormalizer()),
        ('tfidf', TfidfVectorizer()),
        (name, model)
    1)
    pipelines.append((name, pipeline))
    #pipeline.fit(X_train_text,y_train)
all results=[]
scores=[]
for p in pipelines:
```

```
print(p[1])
    # cross validation en 10 fois
    kfold = KFold(n splits=10, random state=seed, shuffle=True)
    print ("Evaluation de ",p)
    start time = time.time()
    # application de la classification
    cv results = cross val score(p[1],X train title keywords,y train,
cv=kfold, scoring=score)
    #print("Pour le classifieur",p[0],"on a un score
de",cv results.mean(), "et un écart type de",cv results.std())
    scores.append(cv results)
    all_results.append((p[0],cv_results.mean(),cv results.std()))
    end time = time.time()
all results = sorted(all results, key=lambda x: (-x[1], -x[2]))
print("all resultats", all results)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283:
DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
automatically in the future. Please pass the result to
`transformed cell` argument and any exception that happen during
thetransform in `preprocessing exc tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above.
  and should run async(code)
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('MultinomialNB', MultinomialNB())])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('LogisticRegression',
LogisticRegression(random state=42))])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('KNN', KNeighborsClassifier())])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('CART', DecisionTreeClassifier(random state=42))])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('RF', RandomForestClassifier(random state=42))])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('SVM', SVC(random state=42))])
all resultats [('SVM', 0.8296532045654083, 0.044932550728791716),
('RF', 0.8132791922739244, 0.041321790598287424), ('CART',
0.7998902546093063, 0.04017857142092441), ('LogisticRegression',
0.7629280070237051, 0.034417449324786104), ('MultinomialNB',
```

```
0.7495171202809481, 0.03555476961902677), ('KNN', 0.6489244951712028, 0.0525423751584651)]
```

On a un pipeline pour chaque prétraitement différent, on essaye pas mal (miniscule, lemmatisation, miniscule + lemmatisation..) et on stocke le fit_transorm de nos X_train, X_test sur les pipelines dans des listes qui vont contenir tous les fit_transform des pipelines pour chaque classifieur, par la suite on parcourt ces listes là, on itère dessus, et chaque élement de la liste (train) va passer par le GridSearch et puis on predict sur son corresapondant dans liste (test).

```
np.random.seed(42) # Set the random seed for NumPy
# le plus simple est de faire un test sur differents pipelines.
# pipeline de l'utilisation de CountVectorizer sur le texte avec
differents pre-traitements
CV brut = Pipeline([('cleaner', TextNormalizer()),
                    ('count_vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
CV lowcase = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=False,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False,removedigit=False)),
                    ('count vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
CV lowStop = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False, removedigit=False)),
                    ('count vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
CV lowStopstem = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=True, removedigit=False)),
                    ('count vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
# pipeline de l'utilisation de TfidfVectorizer avec differents pre-
traitements
TFIDF brut = Pipeline ([('cleaner', TextNormalizer()),
                    ('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
TFIDF lowcase = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=False,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False,removedigit=False)),
                    ('tfidf vectorizer',
```

```
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
TFIDF lowStop = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False, removedigit=False)),
                     ('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
TFIDF lowStopstem = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=True, removedigit=False)),
                     ('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
# Liste de tous les modeles à tester
all models = [
    ("CV brut", CV brut),
    ("CV_lowcase", CV_lowcase),
    ("CV_lowStop", CV_lowStop),
    ("CV_lowStopstem", CV_lowStopstem),
    ("TFIDF_lowcase", TFIDF_lowcase), ("TFIDF_lowStop", TFIDF_lowStop),
    ("TFIDF lowStopstem", TFIDF lowStopstem),
    ("TFIDF brut", TFIDF brut)
1
X train title keywords SVC = []
X test title keywords SVC = []
X train title keywords RandomForestClassifier = []
X test title keywords RandomForestClassifier = []
for name, pipeline in all models :
X train title keywords SVC.append(pipeline.fit transform(X train title
keywords).toarray())
X test title keywords SVC.append(pipeline.transform(X test title keywo
rds).toarray())
X_train_title_keywords_RandomForestClassifier.append(pipeline.fit tran
sform(X train title keywords).toarray())
X test title keywords RandomForestClassifier.append(pipeline.transform
(X test title keywords).toarray())
```

```
models = {
    'SVC': SVC(random state=42),
    'RandomForestClassifier': RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)
}
params = \{'SVC': [\{'C': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1,2,5,7,10]\},
             {'gamma': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1,0.2,0.3,0.5,0.7,1]},
             {'kernel': ['linear', 'rbf']}],
    'RandomForestClassifier': [{'n estimators': [10, 50, 100, 200,
300]},
                              {'max features': ['auto', 'sgrt',
'log2']}],
for model name, model in models.items():
    score='accuracy'
    X train title keywords = eval('X train title keywords ' +
model name)
    X test title keywords = eval('X test title keywords ' +
model name)
    for i in range (len(X train title keywords)):
      grid search = GridSearchCV(model, params[model name], n jobs=-1,
verbose=1,scoring=score)
      print("grid search fait")
      grid_search.fit(X_train_title_keywords[i],y_train)
      print ('meilleur score %0.3f'%(grid search.best score ),'\n')
      print ('meilleur estimateur',grid_search.best_estimator_,'\n')
      y pred = grid search.predict(X test title keywords[i])
      MyshowAllScores(y test,y pred)
      print("Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :")
      best parameters = grid search.best estimator .get params()
      for param dict in params[model name]:
        for param name, param value in param dict.items():
            print("\t%s: %r" % (param_name,
best parameters[param name]))
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283:
DeprecationWarning: `should run async` will not call `transform cell`
automatically in the future. Please pass the result to
`transformed cell` argument and any exception that happen during
thetransform in `preprocessing exc tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above.
  and should run async(code)
grid search fait
Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits
```

meilleur score 0.831

meilleur estimateur SVC(gamma=0.5, random state=42)

Accuracy: 0.899

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.83673 0.98592	0.98795 0.81395	0.90608 0.89172	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.91133 0.91265	0.90095 0.89941	0.89941 0.89890 0.89877	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 1.0

gamma: 0.5

kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.831

meilleur estimateur SVC(gamma=0.5, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.899

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.83673 0.98592	0.98795 0.81395	0.90608 0.89172	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.91133 0.91265	0.90095 0.89941	0.89941 0.89890 0.89877	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 1.0

gamma: 0.5

kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.831

meilleur estimateur SVC(gamma=0.5, random state=42)

Accuracy: 0.893

Classification Report

precision recall f1-score support

FALSE TRUE	0.83505 0.97222	0.97590 0.81395	0.90000 0.88608	83 86
accuracy			0.89349	169
macro avg	0.90364	0.89493	0.89304	169
weighted avg	0.90485	0.89349	0.89291	169

C: 1.0

gamma: 0.5 kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.831

meilleur estimateur SVC(gamma=0.5, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.899

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.83673 0.98592	0.98795 0.81395	0.90608 0.89172	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.91133 0.91265	0.90095 0.89941	0.89941 0.89890 0.89877	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 1.0

gamma: 0.5
kernel: 'rbf'
grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.801

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=1, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.834

Crassiircario	п керогі			
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.83133 0.83721	0.83133 0.83721	0.83133 0.83721	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.83427 0.83432	0.83427 0.83432	0.83432 0.83427 0.83432	169 169 169

C: 1

gamma: 'scale'

kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.790

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=1, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.840

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.84146 0.83908	0.83133 0.84884	0.83636 0.84393	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.84027 0.84025	0.84008 0.84024	0.84024 0.84015 0.84021	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 1

gamma: 'scale'

kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits

meilleur score 0.809

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=7, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.893

Classification Report

	precision	recall	fl-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.90123 0.88636	0.87952 0.90698	0.89024 0.89655	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.89380 0.89367	0.89325 0.89349	0.89349 0.89340 0.89345	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 7

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'rbf'
grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits

meilleur score 0.815

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=2, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.882

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.89873 0.86667	0.85542 0.90698	0.87654 0.88636	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.88270 0.88242	0.88120 0.88166	0.88166 0.88145 0.88154	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 2

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.801

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)

Accuracy: 0.876

Classification Report

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
83 86	0.87273 0.87861	0.86747 0.88372	0.87805 0.87356	FALSE TRUE
169 169 169	0.87574 0.87567 0.87572	0.87560 0.87574	0.87581 0.87577	accuracy macro avg weighted avg

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 100
max features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.803

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=10,
random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.876

Classification Report

precision recall f1-score support

FALSE	0.88750	0.85542	0.87117	83
TRUE	0.86517	0.89535	0.88000	86
accuracy			0.87574	169
macro avg	0.87633	0.87539	0.87558	169
weighted avg	0.87614	0.87574	0.87566	169

n_estimators: 10
max_features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.804

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.852

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.89189 0.82105	0.79518 0.90698	0.84076 0.86188	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.85647 0.85584	0.85108 0.85207	0.85207 0.85132 0.85151	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 50
max_features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.803

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50,
random state=42)

Accuracy: 0.858

Ctassiitcatio	ii Nepoi c			
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.91549 0.81633	0.78313 0.93023	0.84416 0.86957	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.86591 0.86503	0.85668 0.85799	0.85799 0.85686 0.85709	169 169 169

n_estimators: 50

max_features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.824

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.870

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.91781 0.83333	0.80723 0.93023	0.85897 0.87912	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.87557 0.87482	0.86873 0.86982	0.86982 0.86905 0.86923	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 50
max features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.831

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)

Accuracy: 0.882

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.94366 0.83673	0.80723 0.95349	0.87013 0.89130	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.89020 0.88925	0.88036 0.88166	0.88166 0.88072 0.88091	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 100
max_features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.834

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50,
random_state=42)

Accuracy : 0.870

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.94203 0.82000	0.78313 0.95349	0.85526 0.88172	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.88101 0.87993	0.86831 0.86982	0.86982 0.86849 0.86873	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 50
max features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.834

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=300, random_state=42)

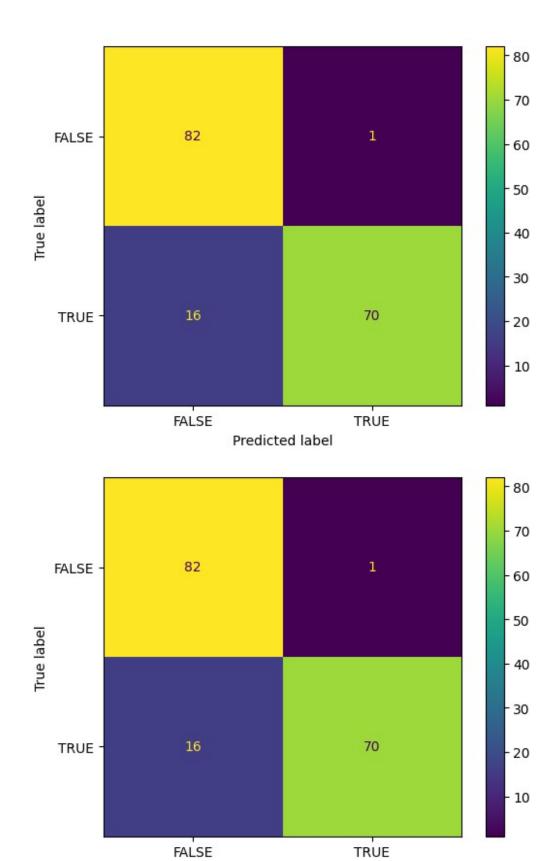
Accuracy: 0.858

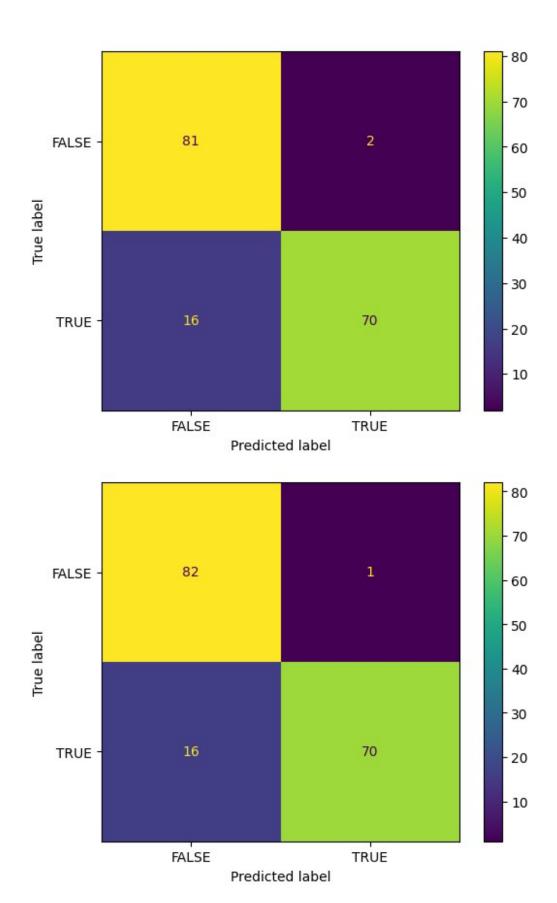
Classification Report

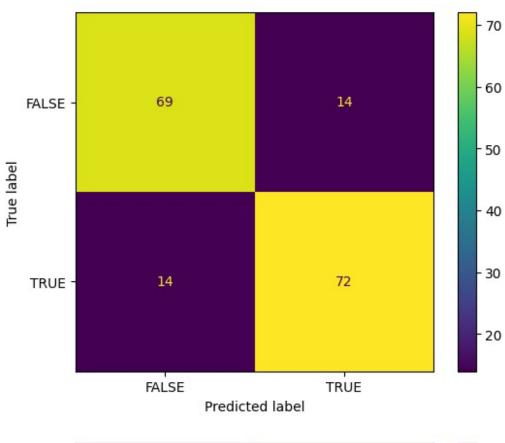
	precision	recall	fl-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.91549 0.81633	0.78313 0.93023	0.84416 0.86957	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.86591 0.86503	0.85668 0.85799	0.85799 0.85686 0.85709	169 169 169

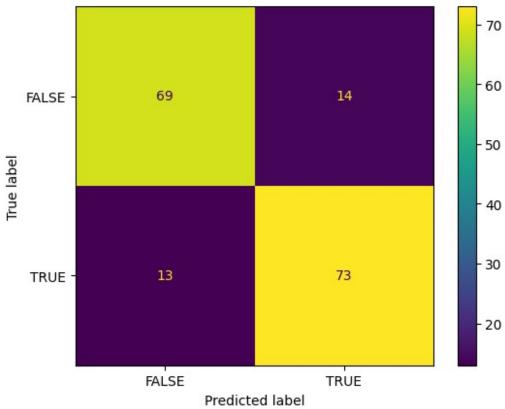
Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

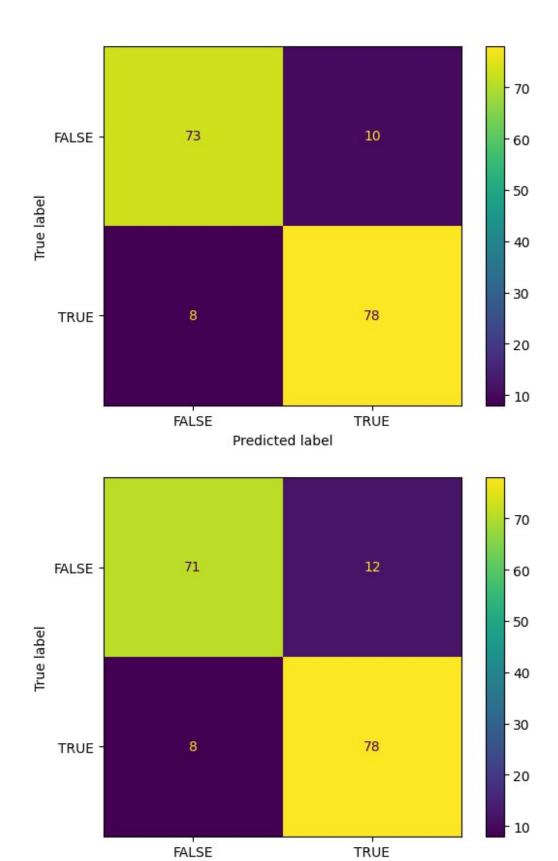
n_estimators: 300
max_features: 'sqrt'

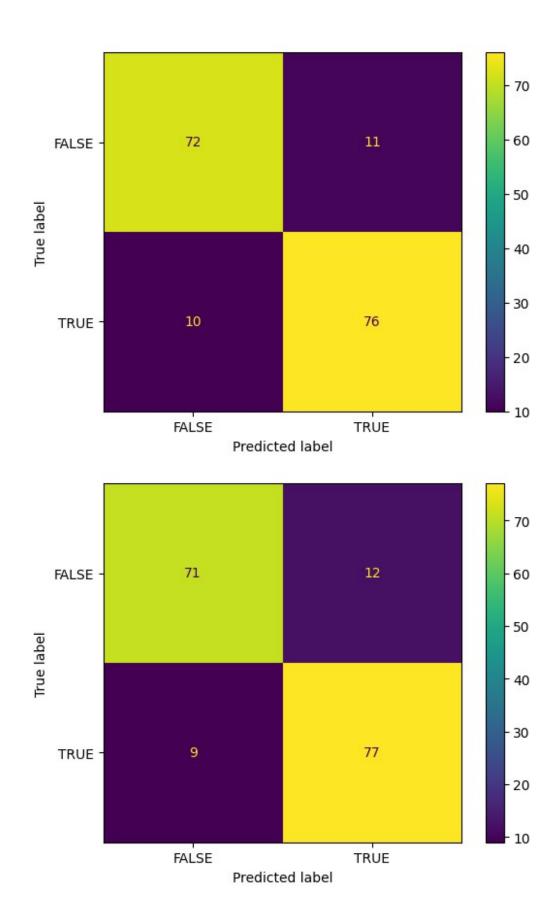


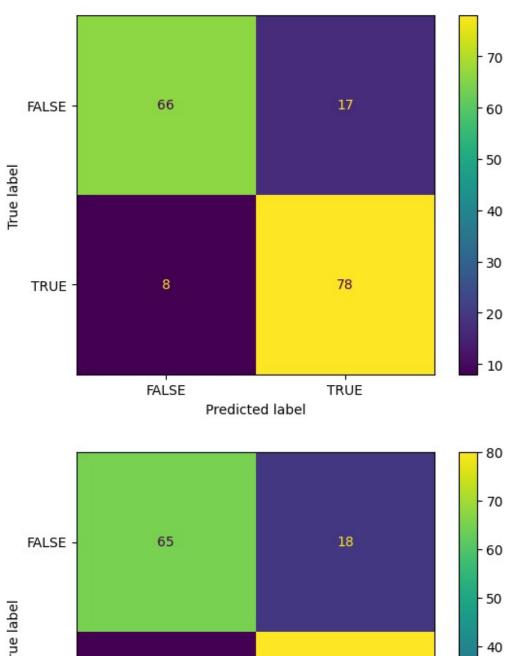


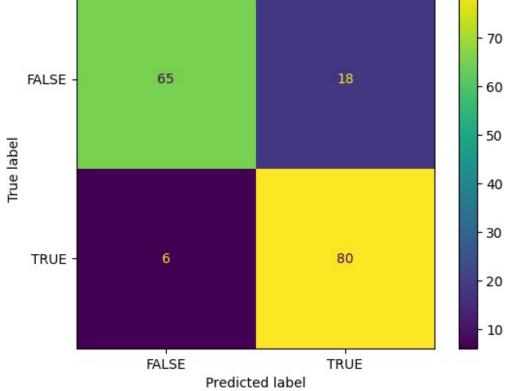


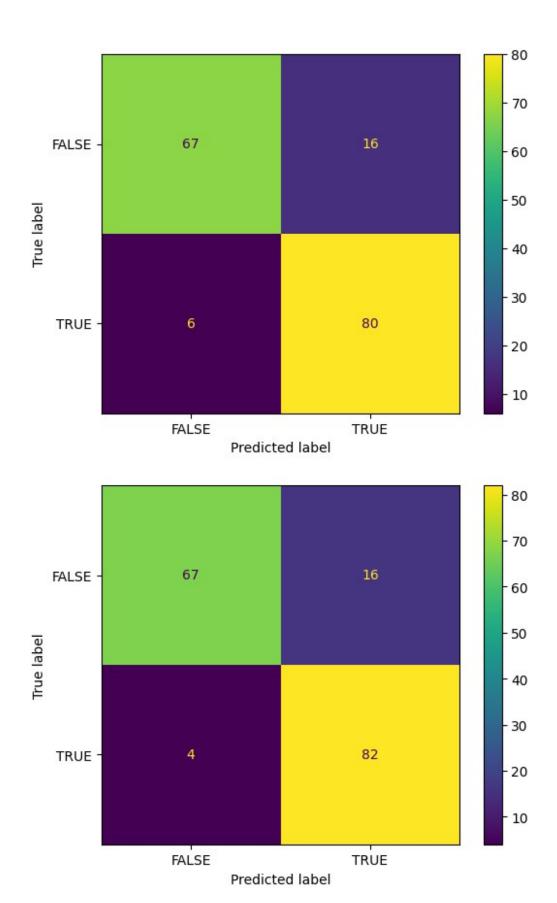


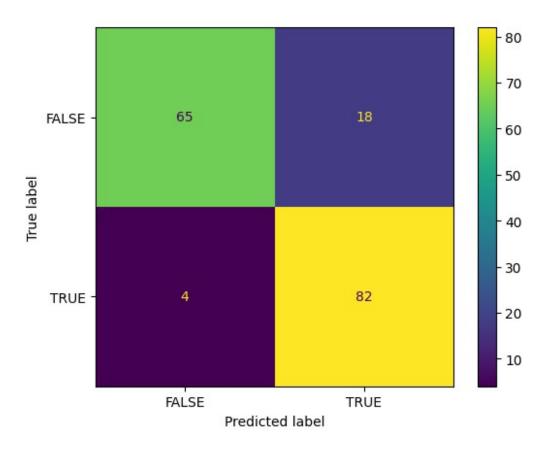


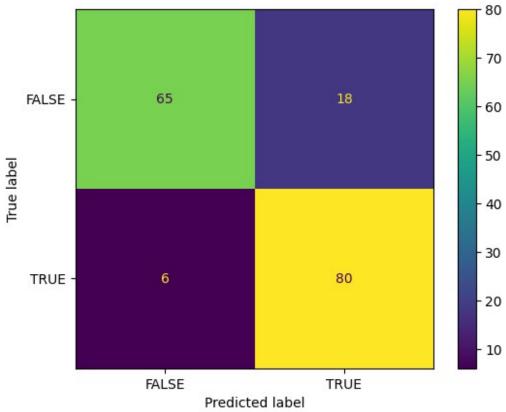












##Etape 4 : Classification selon la colonne TEXT+TITRE et KEYWORDS (concaténés) :

Ici, c'est une étape importante, on va tester différents classifieurs, pour chacun des classifieurs, on va appliquer le prétraitement + Vectorisation TfIdf, et on applique une cross_val_score avec un Kfold de 10 fois, par la suite on stocke dans une liste all_results la moyenne des accuracy + l'écart type et on la trie par ordre décroissant de moyenne d'accuracy et d'écart type. on remarque que les 2 meilleurs sont SVM et RF qu'on va séléctionner pour leur appliquer le GridSearch sur les paramètres des prétraitements + leurs hyperparamètres pour pouvoir choisir le meilleur.

```
# Utilisez la méthode ravel() pour transformer y_train en un tableau
unidimensionnel
y train = np.ravel(y train)
np.random.seed(42) # Set the random seed for NumPy
score = 'accuracy'
seed = 7
allresults = []
results = []
names = []
# Liste des modèles à tester
models = [
    ('MultinomialNB', MultinomialNB()),
    ('LogisticRegression', LogisticRegression(random state=42))
1
#models.append(('LR', LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs')))
models.append(('KNN', KNeighborsClassifier()))
models.append(('CART', DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)))
models.append(('RF', RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)))
models.append(('SVM', SVC(random state=42)))
# Création d'un pipeline pour chaque modèle
pipelines = []
for name, model in models:
    pipeline = Pipeline([
         ('normalize', TextNormalizer()),
         ('tfidf', TfidfVectorizer()),
         (name, model)
    1)
    pipelines.append((name,pipeline))
    #pipeline.fit(X train text,y train)
all results=[]
scores=[]
for p in pipelines:
```

```
print(p[1])
    # cross validation en 10 fois
    kfold = KFold(n splits=10, random state=seed, shuffle=True)
    print ("Evaluation de ",p)
    start time = time.time()
    # application de la classification
    cv results =
cross val score(p[1],X train text title keywords,y train, cv=kfold,
scoring=score)
    #print("Pour le classifieur",p[0],"on a un score
de",cv_results.mean(),"et un écart type de",cv_results.std())
    scores.append(cv results)
    all_results.append((p[0],cv results.mean(),cv results.std()))
    end time = time.time()
all results = sorted(all results, key=lambda x: (-x[1], -x[2]))
print("all resultats", all results)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283:
DeprecationWarning: `should run async` will not call `transform cell`
automatically in the future. Please pass the result to
`transformed cell` argument and any exception that happen during
thetransform in `preprocessing exc tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above.
  and should run async(code)
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('MultinomialNB', MultinomialNB())])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('LogisticRegression',
LogisticRegression(random state=42))])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('KNN', KNeighborsClassifier())])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('CART', DecisionTreeClassifier(random state=42))])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('RF', RandomForestClassifier(random state=42))])
Pipeline(steps=[('normalize', TextNormalizer()), ('tfidf',
TfidfVectorizer()),
                ('SVM', SVC(random_state=42))])
all resultats [('SVM', 0.8934372256365233, 0.04035996225541596),
('RF', 0.8829455662862159, 0.03710329845478108), ('CART',
0.8355794556628622, 0.04000678769199024), ('LogisticRegression',
```

```
0.8325943810359965, 0.03189829402977564), ('MultinomialNB', 0.8100965759438102, 0.0825013147911004), ('KNN', 0.685908691834943, 0.0685217034943254)]
```

On a un pipeline pour chaque prétraitement différent, on essaye pas mal (miniscule, lemmatisation, miniscule + lemmatisation..) et on stocke le fit_transorm de nos X_train, X_test sur les pipelines dans des listes qui vont contenir tous les fit_transform des pipelines pour chaque classifieur, par la suite on parcourt ces listes là, on itère dessus, et chaque élement de la liste (train) va passer par le GridSearch et puis on predict sur son corresapondant dans liste (test).

```
np.random.seed(42) # Set the random seed for NumPy
# le plus simple est de faire un test sur differents pipelines.
# pipeline de l'utilisation de CountVectorizer sur le texte avec
differents pre-traitements
CV_brut = Pipeline([('cleaner', TextNormalizer()),
                    ('count vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
CV lowcase = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=False,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False, removedigit=False)),
                    ('count vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
CV lowStop = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False,removedigit=False)),
                    ('count vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
CV lowStopstem = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=True, removedigit=False)),
                    ('count vectorizer',
CountVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
# pipeline de l'utilisation de TfidfVectorizer avec differents pre-
traitements
TFIDF_brut = Pipeline ([('cleaner', TextNormalizer()),
                    ('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
TFIDF lowcase = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=False,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False, removedigit=False)),
```

```
('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
TFIDF lowStop = Pipeline([('cleaner'
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=False, removedigit=False)),
                     ('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
TFIDF lowStopstem = Pipeline([('cleaner',
TextNormalizer(removestopwords=True,lowercase=True,
getstemmer=True, removedigit=False)),
                     ('tfidf vectorizer',
TfidfVectorizer(lowercase=False))])
# Liste de tous les modeles à tester
all models = [
    ("CV_brut", CV_brut),
    ("CV_lowcase", CV_lowcase),
    ("CV_lowStop", CV_lowStop),
    ("CV_lowStopstem", CV_lowStopstem),
    ("TFIDF_lowcase", TFIDF_lowcase),
("TFIDF_lowStop", TFIDF_lowStop),
    ("TFIDF_lowStopstem", TFIDF_lowStopstem),
    ("TFIDF_brut", TFIDF_brut)
1
X train text title keywords SVC = []
X_test_text_title_keywords_SVC = []
X train text title keywords RandomForestClassifier = []
X test text title keywords RandomForestClassifier = []
for name, pipeline in all models :
X train text title keywords_SVC.append(pipeline.fit_transform(X_train_
text title keywords).toarray())
X_test_text_title_keywords_SVC.append(pipeline.transform(X test text t
itle keywords).toarray())
X train text title keywords RandomForestClassifier.append(pipeline.fit
transform(X train text title keywords).toarray())
X test text title keywords RandomForestClassifier.append(pipeline.tran
sform(X test text title keywords).toarray())
```

```
models = {
    'SVC': SVC(random state=42),
    'RandomForestClassifier': RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)
}
params = \{'SVC': [\{'C': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1,2,5,7,10]\},
             {'gamma': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1,0.2,0.3,0.5,0.7,1]},
             {'kernel': ['linear', 'rbf']}],
    'RandomForestClassifier': [{'n estimators': [10, 50, 100, 200,
300]},
                              {'max features': ['auto', 'sqrt',
'log2']}],
for model name, model in models.items():
    score='accuracy'
    X train text title keywords = eval('X train text title keywords '
+ model name)
    X test text title keywords = eval('X test text title keywords ' +
model name)
    for i in range (len(X_train_text_title_keywords)):
      grid search = GridSearchCV(model, params[model name], n jobs=-1,
verbose=1,scoring=score)
      print("grid search fait")
      grid search.fit(X train text title keywords[i],y train)
      print ('meilleur score %0.3f'%(grid search.best score ),'\n')
      print ('meilleur estimateur',grid_search.best_estimator ,'\n')
      y_pred = grid_search.predict(X_test_text_title_keywords[i])
      MyshowAllScores(y test,y pred)
      print("Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :")
      best parameters = grid search.best estimator .get params()
      for param_dict in params[model name]:
        for param name, param value \overline{i}n param dict.items():
            print("\t%s: %r" % (param name,
best parameters[param name]))
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283:
DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
automatically in the future. Please pass the result to
`transformed cell` argument and any exception that happen during
thetransform in `preprocessing exc tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above.
  and should run async(code)
```

grid search fait Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.859

meilleur estimateur SVC(kernel='linear', random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.870

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.91781 0.83333	0.80723 0.93023	0.85897 0.87912	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.87557 0.87482	0.86873 0.86982	0.86982 0.86905 0.86923	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 1.0

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'linear'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.843

meilleur estimateur SVC(kernel='linear', random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.852

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.91429 0.80808	0.77108 0.93023	0.83660 0.86486	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.86118 0.86024	0.85066 0.85207	0.85207 0.85073 0.85098	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 1.0

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'linear'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.855

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=10, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.888

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.91026 0.86813	0.85542 0.91860	0.88199 0.89266	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.88919 0.88882	0.88701 0.88757	0.88757 0.88732 0.88742	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 10

gamma: 'scale' Kernel: 'rbf' grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.846

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=10, random state=42)

Accuracy: 0.882

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.88889 0.87500	0.86747 0.89535	0.87805 0.88506	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.88194 0.88182	0.88141 0.88166	0.88166 0.88155 0.88162	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 10

gamma: 'scale' kernel: 'rbf' grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.880

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=2, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.882

Classificatio	n Report precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.87952 0.88372	0.87952 0.88372	0.87952 0.88372	83 86
accuracy			0.88166	169

macro	avg	0.88162	0.88162	0.88162	169
weighted	avq	0.88166	0.88166	0.88166	169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 2

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits

meilleur score 0.884

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=2, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.893

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.86517 0.92500	0.92771 0.86047	0.89535 0.89157	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.89508 0.89562	0.89409 0.89349	0.89349 0.89346 0.89342	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 2

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.886

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=2, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.899

Classification Report

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
83 86	0.89941 0.89941	0.91566 0.88372	0.88372 0.91566	FALSE TRUE
169 169 169	0.89941 0.89941 0.89941	0.89969 0.89941	0.89969 0.89998	accuracy macro avg weighted avg

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 2

gamma: 'scale'
kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits meilleur score 0.879

meilleur estimateur SVC(C=5, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.882

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.87952 0.88372	0.87952 0.88372	0.87952 0.88372	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.88162 0.88166	0.88162 0.88166	0.88166 0.88162 0.88166	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

C: 5

gamma: 'scale'

kernel: 'rbf'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.858

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(max_features='log2',
random state=42)

Accuracy: 0.864

Classification Report

	precision	recall	†1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.84091 0.88889	0.89157 0.83721	0.86550 0.86228	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.86490 0.86532	0.86439 0.86391	0.86391 0.86389 0.86386	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n estimators: 100

max features: 'log2'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.862

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(max_features='log2',
random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.858

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.85542 0.86047	0.85542 0.86047	0.85542 0.86047	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.85794 0.85799	0.85794 0.85799	0.85799 0.85794 0.85799	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 100
max_features: 'log2'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.856

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=200, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.876

Classification Report

	precision	recall	fl-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.89744 0.85714	0.84337 0.90698	0.86957 0.88136	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.87729 0.87693	0.87518 0.87574	0.87574 0.87546 0.87557	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 200
max features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.849

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(max_features='log2',
random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.882

Classification Report

TCGCIO	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE	0.84615	0.92771	0.88506	83
TRUE	0.92308	0.83721	0.87805	86

accuracy			0.88166	169
macro avg	0.88462	0.88246	0.88155	169
weighted avg	0.88530	0.88166	0.88149	169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 100
max_features: 'log2'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.861

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(max_features='log2',
random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.888

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.84783 0.93506	0.93976 0.83721	0.89143 0.88344	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.89145 0.89222	0.88848 0.88757	0.88757 0.88743 0.88736	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 100
max_features: 'log2'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.862

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=300, random_state=42)

Accuracy: 0.888

Classification Report

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
83 86	0.88623 0.88889	0.89157 0.88372	0.88095 0.89412	FALSE TRUE
169 169 169	0.88757 0.88756 0.88758	0.88764 0.88757	0.88754 0.88765	accuracy macro avg weighted avg

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 300
max_features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.879

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50,
random state=42)

Accuracy: 0.917

Classification Report

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
83 86	0.91860 0.91566	0.95181 0.88372	0.88764 0.95000	FALSE TRUE
169 169 169	0.91716 0.91713 0.91711	0.91776 0.91716	0.91882 0.91937	accuracy macro avg weighted avg

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 50
max_features: 'sqrt'

grid search fait

Fitting 5 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 40 fits meilleur score 0.865

meilleur estimateur RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50, random_state=42)

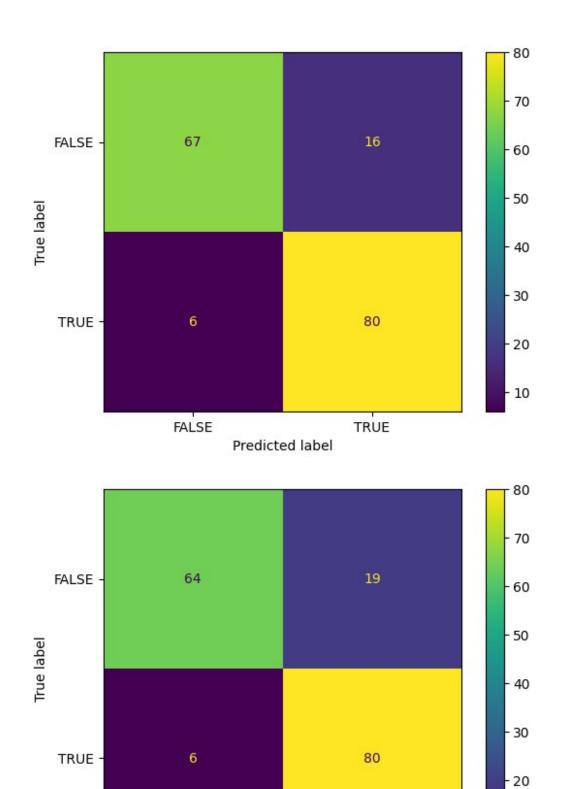
Accuracy: 0.893

Classification Report

	precision	recall	fl-score	support
FALSE TRUE	0.90123 0.88636	0.87952 0.90698	0.89024 0.89655	83 86
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.89380 0.89367	0.89325 0.89349	0.89349 0.89340 0.89345	169 169 169

Ensemble des meilleurs paramètres :

n_estimators: 50
max_features: 'sqrt'

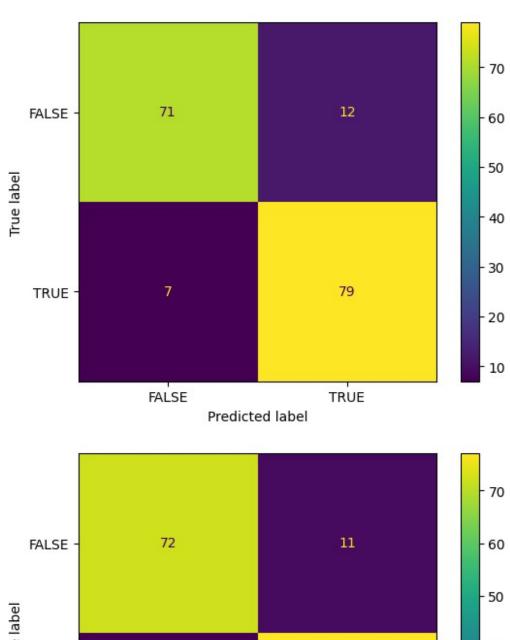


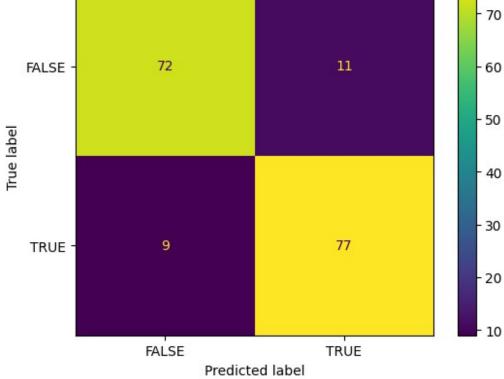
FALSE

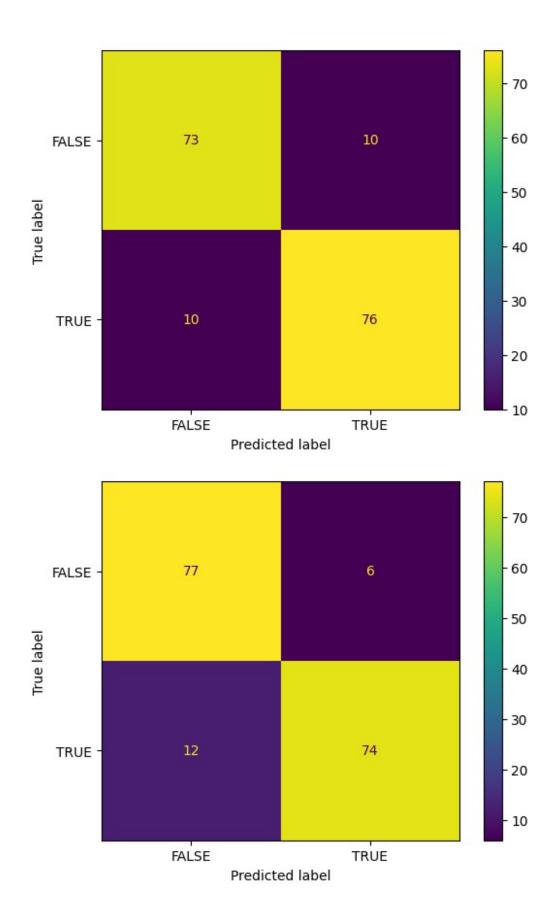
- 10

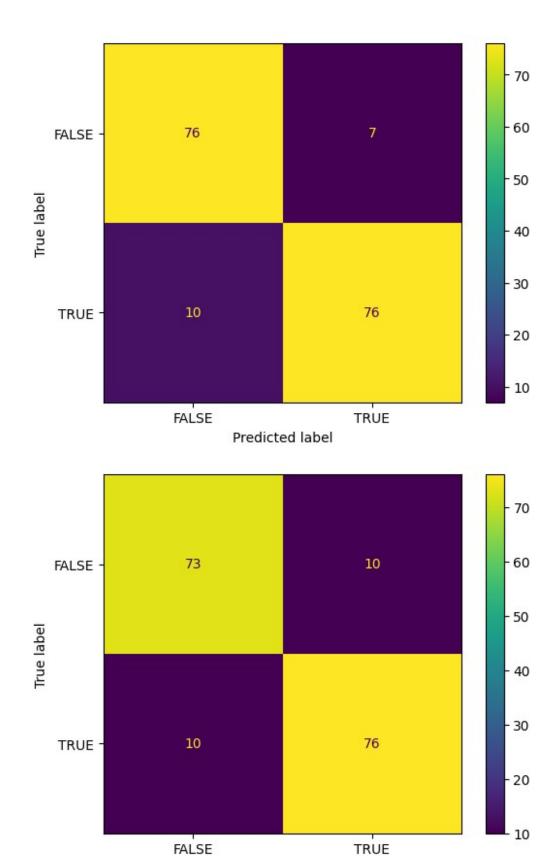
TRUE

Predicted label

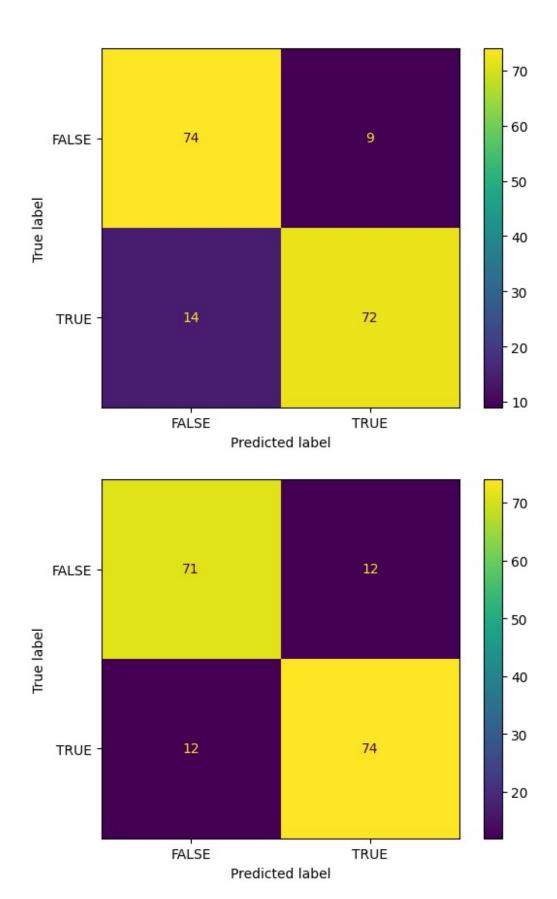


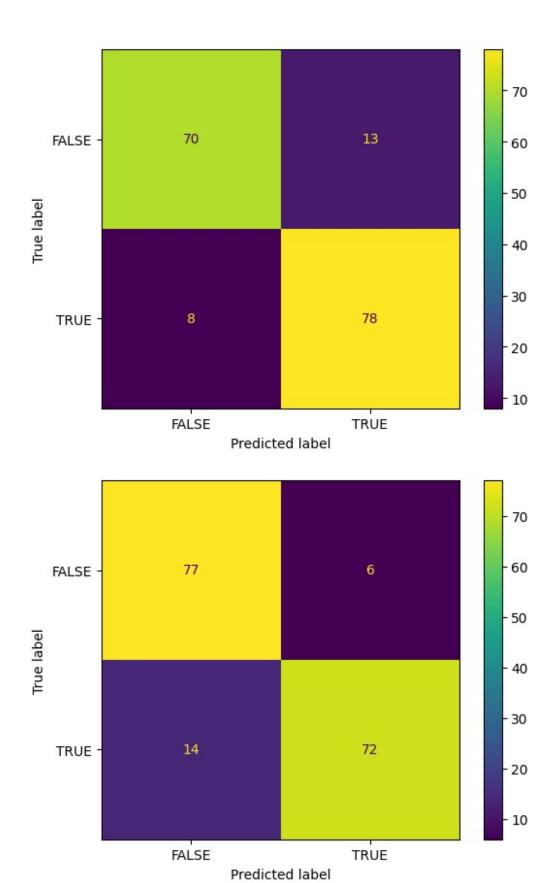


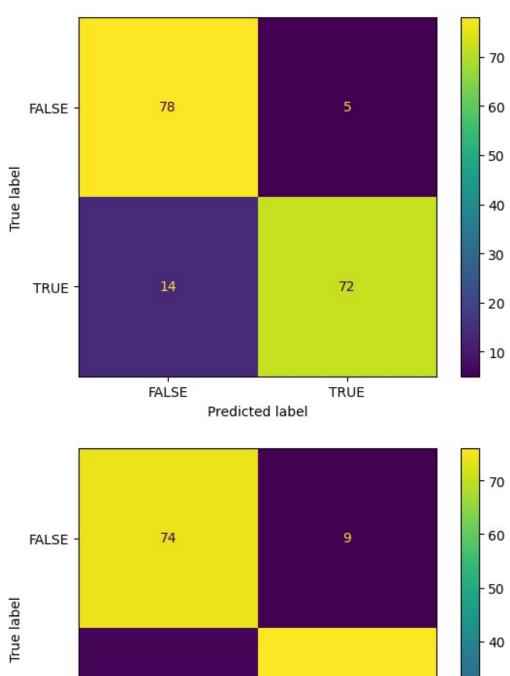




Predicted label







FALSE - 74 9 - 60 - 50 - 40 - 30 - 20 - 10 - 10

