

Package ‘nlexperiment’

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Type Package

Title Exploration of NetLogo Agent Based Models

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Author Darko Bergant

Maintainer Darko Bergant <darko.bergant@gmail.com>

BugReports <https://github.com/bergant/nlexperiment/issues>

URL <http://bergant.github.io/nlexperiment/>

Description A tool for NetLogo experiment definition,
exploring simulation results and model optimization.
Makes it easy to turn the cycle of experiment definition,
data analysis, visualisations and
parameter fitting into readable and reproducible documents.

Depends R (>= 3.1)

License GPL-2

Imports RNetLogo,
digest

Suggests knitr,
dplyr,
png,
ggplot2,
testthat,
tgp,
fast

LazyData TRUE

R topics documented:

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nlexperiment-package	<i>nlexperiment: NetLogo experiments</i>
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Description

Exploration of NetLogo (Wilensky 1999) agent based models.

Details

A tool for NetLogo experiment definition, exploring simulation results and model optimization. Makes it easy to turn the cycle of experiment definition, data analysis, visualisations and parameter fitting into readable and reproducible documents.

RNetLogo package (Thiele 2014) is used as an interface to NetLogo environment.

Functions in **nlexperiment** assume the following steps:

- Define NetLogo experiment object with parameter sets, measures and simulation options (see [nl_experiment](#) function).
- Run experiment (see [nl_run](#)). The result of running an experiment keeps original experiment definition along with the simulation results and makes the process of model analysis more concise and reproducible. To run the simulation in parallel working processes use the `parallel` attribute in `nl_run` function.
- Analyse and present results of simulation(s). See [nl_get_result](#) for getting different data from the result and [nl_show_step](#), [nl_show_patches](#) for pre-defined plots.
- When additional questions pop out, changes to experiment will be needed. Refine the original definition of the experiment by changing only parameter sets ([nl_set_param_values](#)), set different measures ([nl_set_measures](#)) or set other simulation options ([nl_set_run_options](#)).

References

Wilensky, U. (1999) NetLogo. <http://ccl.northwestern.edu/netlogo/>. Center for Connected Learning and Computer-Based Modeling, Northwestern University. Evanston, IL.

Thiele, J. (2014) R Marries NetLogo: Introduction to the RNetLogo Package. Journal of Statistical Software 58(2) 1-41. <http://www.jstatsoft.org/v58/i02/>

The ideas and principles of NetLogo experiment definition is taken from the NetLogo's Behavior Space tool <http://ccl.northwestern.edu/netlogo/docs/behaviorspace.html> and BehaviorSearch tool <http://www.behaviorsearch.org/>

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Set the path to your NetLogo installation
nl_netlogo_path("c:/Program Files (x86)/NetLogo 5.1.0/")

# Create NetLogo experiment of Net Logo Fire model
experiment <- nl_experiment(
  model_file = "models/Sample Models/Earth Science/Fire.nlogo",
  while_condition = "any? turtles",
  repetitions = 10,
  run_measures = measures(
    percent_burned = "(burned-trees / initial-trees) * 100",
    progress = "max [pxcor] of patches with [pcolor > 0 and pcolor < 55]"
  ),
  param_values = list(
    density = seq(from = 55, to = 62, by = 1)
  )
)

# Run the experiment using multi-core processing
result <- nl_run(experiment, parallel = TRUE)

# Get observations data frame
dat <- nl_get_run_result(result)

# plot percent burned by density
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(dat, mapping = aes(x = factor(density), y = percent_burned) ) +
  geom_violin()

## End(Not run)
```

nl_default_mapping	<i>Default mapping from R names to NetLogo variables</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Creates mapping with simple rule: changes every character `_.` to `?` and `_` to `-`.

Usage

```
nl_default_mapping(param_values)
```

Arguments

param_values Parameter values in list or data frame

Value

Named vector with default mapping. Use as function argument in [nl_experiment](#) mapping.

Examples

```
param_values = list(
  world_size = 50,
  population = 80,
  max_align_turn = c(1, 5, 20),
  max_cohere_turn = c(1, 3, 20),
  max_separate_turn = c(1, 1.5, 20),
  vision = c(1, 3, 10),
  minimum_separation = c(1, 3, 10),
  .dummy = c(1:0)
)

nl_default_mapping(param_values)

# Define experiment mapping with a function instead of named vector:
experiment <- nl_experiment(
  model_file = "models/Sample Models/Biology/Flocking.nlogo",

  param_values = list(
    world_size = 50,
    population = 80,
    max_align_turn = c(1, 5, 20),
    max_cohere_turn = c(1, 3, 20),
    max_separate_turn = c(1, 1.5, 20),
    vision = c(1, 3, 10),
    minimum_separation = c(1, 3, 10),
    .dummy = c(1:0)
  ),
  mapping = nl_default_mapping
)

# check experiment parameter names mapping
cbind(experiment$mapping)
```

nl_eval_run

Evaluate experiment with specific parameters

Description

Function `nl_eval_run` runs experiment as with [nl_run](#) but requires started NetLogo instance with loaded model.

Function `nl_eval_init` starts NetLogo instance and loads the NetLogo model. When using parallel version it initializes several processes and returns cluster objects

Function `nl_eval_close` stops NetLogo instance

Function `nl_get_eval_fun` returns a function wich calls [nl_eval_run](#) but does not need additional parameters.

Usage

```
nl_eval_run(param_set, experiment, criteria = NULL, print_progress = FALSE,
            call_back = NULL, parallel = FALSE, cluster = NULL,
            param_names = NULL)
```

```
nl_eval_init(experiment, parallel = FALSE, max_cores = NULL)
```

```
nl_eval_close(parallel = FALSE, cluster = NULL)
```

```
nl_get_eval_fun(experiment, param_names, parallel = FALSE, cluster = NULL,
                criteria, call_back = NULL)
```

Arguments

param_set	parameter set (a list of parameters with values)
experiment	NetLogo experiment object (see nl_experiment)
criteria	Which experiment evaluation criteria to be returned
print_progress	print evaluation progress
call_back	A call-back function for tracing result in optimization processes
parallel	If TRUE nl_eval_init returns cluster object which should be passed to nl_eval_run and nl_eval_close.
cluster	Required for parallel execution (nl_eval_init returns cluster object)
param_names	parameter names for parameter set
max_cores	If not defined all available cores are used.

Details

Use nl_eval_run when parameter set depend on previous evaluation (parameter fitting / calibration / optimization methods). It can use the same experiment object as nl_run function. Evaluation criteria should be defined. (see [nl_experiment](#) or [nl_set_measures](#)).

Examples

```
## Not run:
```

```
experiment <- nl_experiment(
  model_file = "models/Sample Models/Biology/Flocking.nlogo",

  setup_commands = c("setup", "repeat 100 [go]"),
  iterations = 5,

  param_values = list(
    world_size = 50,
    population = 80,
    vision = 6,
    min_separation = seq(from = 0, to = 4, by = 0.5),
    max_align_turn = seq(from = 0, to = 20, by = 2.5)
  ),
  mapping = c(
    min_separation = "minimum-separation",
    max_align_turn = "max-align-turn"),
```

```

step_measures = measures(
  converged = "1 -
  (standard-deviation [dx] of turtles +
  standard-deviation [dy] of turtles) / 2",
  mean_crowding =
    "mean [count flockmates + 1] of turtles"
),
eval_criteria = criteria(
  c_converged = mean(step$converged),
  c_mcrowding = mean(step$mean_crowding)
),

repetitions = 10,                # repeat simulations 10 times

eval_aggregate_fun = mean,       # aggregate over repetitions

eval_mutate = criteria(          # evaluation criterium
  eval_value =
    sqrt((c_mcrowding - 8)^2 + 400*(c_converged - 1)^2)
)
)

library(dfoptim)

cl <- nl_eval_init(experiment, parallel = TRUE)
trace <- nl_eval_tracer(verbose = FALSE)
param_range <- nl_get_param_range(experiment)
set.seed(1)

o_result <- nmkb(
  par = (param_range$upper + param_range$lower)/2,
  fn = nl_eval_run,
  experiment = experiment,
  criteria = "eval_value",
  call_back = trace$add,
  parallel = TRUE, cluster = cl,
  param_names = names(param_range$lower),
  lower = param_range$lower,
  upper = param_range$upper,
  control = list(maxfeval = 200)
)
nl_eval_close(parallel = TRUE, cl)

## End(Not run)

```

nl_eval_tracer

Iterations call-back factory

Description

Iterations call-back factory

Usage

```
nl_eval_tracer(verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

verbose When TRUE adding new data will print the line

nl_experiment *Create NetLogo experiment object*

Description

Use this function to create NetLogo experiment object.

Usage

```
nl_experiment(model_file, iterations = NULL, while_condition = NULL,
  repetitions = 1, random_seed = NULL, step_measures = NULL,
  run_measures = NULL, mapping = NULL, param_values = NULL,
  agents_after = NULL, agents_step = NULL, patches_after = NULL,
  export_view = FALSE, export_world = FALSE, setup_commands = "setup",
  go_command = "go", eval_criteria = NULL, eval_aggregate_fun = NULL,
  eval_mutate = NULL, data_handler = NULL)
```

Arguments

model_file	An absolute path to your NetLogo model file (.nlogo)
iterations	Number of iterations to run. Alternatively define while_condition to stop simulation.
while_condition	A string with a NetLogo conditional reporter. (for example: "ticks < 100")
repetitions	How many times to run the model with the same parameters. It is set to 1 by default. Result data sets will include run_id as additional variable to identify the specific runs. To change repetitions of existing experiment object use nl_set_run_options
random_seed	If defined, random seed will be set for each run. Note: using random seed and repetitions > 1 does not make sense.
step_measures	Measures per each simulation step in a named character vector. Use measures() function to construct measures in right format. To change step measures of existing experiment object use nl_set_measures
run_measures	Measures per each simulation run in a named character vector. Use measures() function to construct measures in right format. To change run measures of existing experiment object use nl_set_measures
mapping	Mapping between R and NetLogo parameters in named character vector. For example: c(diffusion_rate = "diffusion-rate", population = "population")
param_values	A data.frame with parameter values or a list of values to be expanded to all combinations of values
agents_after	Agents reporters see nl_set_agent_reports
agents_step	Agents reporters see nl_set_agent_reports
patches_after	Patches reporters see nl_set_agent_reports

export_view	If set to TRUE, the views will be exported to a png image files for each run (when running the experiment)
export_world	If set to TRUE, the world will be exported to a csv file for each run
setup_commands	NetLogo command strings to execute to setup the model
go_command	NetLogo command string to execute the step in the model
eval_criteria	A criteria calculation expressions. May use step or run data frames to calculate criteria. Elements from step should be aggregated. Must return named numeric vector.
eval_aggregate_fun	Aggregation function (used to aggregate criteria values when repetitions > 1)
eval_mutate	Add criteria based on aggregated values
data_handler	Function to handle observations. If handler is defined the observations will not be stored in result elements when running the experiment with 'nl_run' function.

Value

NetLogo experiment object

See Also

To run experiment use [nl_run](#). To change existing experiment object see [nl_set_measures](#), [nl_set_run_options](#) and [nl_set_param_values](#).

Examples

```
experiment <- nl_experiment(
  model_file = "models/Sample Models/Earth Science/Fire.nlogo",
  while_condition = "any? turtles",
  repetitions = 20,
  run_measures = measures(
    percent_burned = "(burned-trees / initial-trees) * 100",
    progress = "max [pxcor] of patches with [pcolor > 0 and pcolor < 55]"
  ),
  param_values = list(
    density = seq(from = 55, to = 62, by = 1)
  )
)
```

nl_export_path	<i>Get and set export path</i>
----------------	--------------------------------

Description

Get and set export path

Usage

```
nl_export_path(export_path = NULL)
```


Arguments

export_path target folder to export files

Details

Setting export path is optional. If not set, running experiments with export options (view images and worlds) will create "export" folder in working directory. Option is defined per session.

nl_get_fast_sensitivity

Calculate sensitivity according to the FAST algorithm

Description

Uses [sensitivity](#) from **fast** package to calculate a series of model outputs according to the FAST algorithm

Usage

```
nl_get_fast_sensitivity(result, criteria)
```

Arguments

result A nlexperiment result object
criteria Name of evaluation criteria

Details

Only works when parameter value sets are defined with [nl_param_fast](#) function. Criteria must be defined in experiment (see [nl_experiment](#), eval_criteria argument). Sensitivity is calculated for every simulation iteration (run_id).

Value

A data frame with sensitivity from simulation results for every simulation repetition (run_id)

Examples

```
## Not run:

experiment <- nl_experiment(
  model_file = "models/Sample Models/Biology/Flocking.nlogo",
  setup_commands = c("setup", "repeat 100 [go]"),
  iterations = 5,

  param_values = nl_param_fast(
    world_size = 50,
    population = 80,
    max_align_turn = c(1, 5, 20),
    max_cohere_turn = c(1, 3, 20),
    max_separate_turn = c(1, 1.5, 20),
    vision = c(1, 3, 10),
```

```

    minimum_separation = c(1, 3, 10)
  ),
  mapping = c(
    max_align_turn = "max-align-turn",
    max_cohere_turn = "max-cohere-turn",
    max_separate_turn = "max-separate-turn",
    minimum_separation = "minimum-separation",
    world_size = "world-size",
  ),
  step_measures = measures(
    converged = "1 -
      (standard-deviation [dx] of turtles +
       standard-deviation [dy] of turtles) / 2",
    mean_crowding =
      "mean [count flockmates + 1] of turtles"
  ),
  eval_criteria = criteria(
    # aggregate over iterations
    c_converged = mean(step$converged),
    c_mcrowding = mean(step$mean_crowding)
  ),

  repetitions = 10,
  random_seed = 1:10
)

#run experiment
result <- nl_run(experiment, parallel = TRUE)

#get sensitivity data
sensitivity_data <- nl_get_fast_sensitivity(result, "c_converged")

## End(Not run)

```

nl_get_param_range	<i>Get ranges of experiment parameter sets</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Upper and lower value for each parameter in experiment parameter sets

Usage

```
nl_get_param_range(experiment, diff_only = TRUE, as.data.frame = FALSE)
```

Arguments

experiment	NetLogo experiment object
diff_only	Uses only non-constant parameters
as.data.frame	Return in a data frame

Value

A list with lower and upper values for all parameters in experiment parameter set. When as.data.frame is specified a data frame with lower and upper columns.

nl_get_result	<i>Get observations joined with parameter values</i>
---------------	--

Description

Observations are stored in result object only with references to parameter sets (param_set_id). nl_get_result joins the data with actual parameters used for each observation.

Usage

```
nl_get_result(result, add_parameters = TRUE, type = "run",
  sub_type = NULL, ...)

nl_get_run_result(result, add_parameters = TRUE, ...)

nl_get_step_result(result, add_parameters = TRUE, ...)

nl_get_criteria_result(result, add_parameters = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

result	A nlexperiment result object
add_parameters	Add parameter values from parameter space to the results
type	Observation type: "run", "step", "criteria", "agents_after", "patches_after" See nl_run for simulations result structure.
sub_type	Observation sub-type (in case of individual agents measures the sub type is a name of the measure)
...	expressions to transform resulting data frame

nl_import_sliders	<i>Import sliders from NetLogo model file</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Reads NetLogo model file and parses slider section

Usage

```
nl_import_sliders(experiment, max_values = 20)
```

Arguments

experiment	NetLogo experiment object
max_values	Maximum values per parameter

Details

Imports parameter names and ranges from sliders defined in NetLogo model file. Based on information from <https://github.com/NetLogo/NetLogo/wiki/Model-file-format> and <https://github.com/NetLogo/NetLogo/wiki/Format>

Value

A list with slider data, suggested parameter sets and mapping

nl_map_parameter	<i>Internal: maps parameter</i>
------------------	---------------------------------

Description

Internal: maps parameter

Usage

```
nl_map_parameter(experiment, parameter_name)
```

Arguments

experiment	Experiment object
parameter_name	Parameter name to map

Value

NetLogo variable name

nl_netlogo_path	<i>Get and set netlogo path</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------

Description

Get and set netlogo path

Usage

```
nl_netlogo_path(nl_path = NULL)
```

Arguments

nl_path	An absolute path to your NetLogo installation On Windows, for example, something like "C:/Program Files/NetLogo 5.1.0".
---------	---

nl_param_fast	<i>Generate a parameter value sets for the FAST method</i>
---------------	--

Description

Uses [fast_parameters](#) from **fast** package to create parameter sets for Fourier Amplitude Sensitivity Test (FAST).

Usage

```
nl_param_fast(...)
```

Arguments

... Named list of parameter ranges (numeric vectors)

Details

Uses only parameters with min != max values to create parameter sets. Adds dummy variable.

Value

A data frame with parameter value sets.

See Also

Use [nl_get_fast_sensitivity](#) to get sensitivity data. See [fast](#) package documentation for FAST algorithm details. from the simulation results. See [nl_param_lhs](#) for latin hypercube sampling.

Examples

```
param_values <- nl_param_fast(
  world_size = 50,
  population = 80,
  max_align_turn = c(1, 5, 20),
  max_cohere_turn = c(1, 3, 20),
  max_separate_turn = c(1, 1.5, 20),
  vision = c(1, 3, 10),
  minimum_separation = c(1, 3, 10)
)
```

nl_param_lhs	<i>Create parameter sets with latin hypercube sampling</i>
--------------	--

Description

Parameter sets are created with lhs function from **tgpr** package

Usage

```
nl_param_lhs(n, ...)
```

Arguments

n	Number of parameter sets
...	Named list of parameter ranges (numeric vectors)

Value

A data frame with parameter value sets

Examples

```

experiment <- nl_experiment(
  model_file = "models/Sample Models/Biology/Flocking.nlogo",
  setup_commands = c("setup", "repeat 100 [go]"),
  iterations = 5,

  param_values = nl_param_lhs(
    n = 100,                                # create 100 parameter value sets
    world_size = 50,
    population = 80,
    vision = 6,
    min_separation = c(0, 4),
    max_align_turn = c(0, 20)
  ),
  mapping = c(
    min_separation = "minimum-separation",
    max_align_turn = "max-align-turn"),

  step_measures = measures(
    converged = "1 -
      (standard-deviation [dx] of turtles +
       standard-deviation [dy] of turtles) / 2",
    mean_crowding =
      "mean [count flockmates + 1] of turtles"
  ),
  eval_criteria = criteria(
    c_converged = mean(step$converged),
    c_mcrowding = mean(step$mean_crowding)
  ),

  repetitions = 10,                        # repeat simulations 10 times
  random_seed = 1:10,

  eval_aggregate_fun = mean                # aggregate over repetitions
)

```

nl_param_oat

Create parameter sets with "one-at-a-time" (OAT) approach

Description

Create parameter sets with "one-at-a-time" (OAT) approach

Usage

```
nl_param_oat(n, ...)
```

Arguments

n	Number of parameter sets per parameter
...	Named list of parameter ranges (numeric vectors) Minimum and maximum values are used as a range and median as the default value. Parameters with only 1 value are treated as constants.

Value

A data frame with parameter value sets

See Also

See also [nl_param_lhs](#) for latin cube and [nl_param_fast](#) for FAST parameter sampling.

Examples

```
# create 5 values for every parameter:
nl_param_oat(n = 5, P1 = c(1, 4, 10), P2 = c(4, 11, 20))

# using constant parameters:
nl_param_oat(n = 5, P1 = c(1, 4, 10), P2 = c(4, 11, 20), P3 = 6)

# define NetLogo experiment with OAT design:
experiment <- nl_experiment(
  model_file = "models/Sample Models/Biology/Flocking.nlogo",
  setup_commands = c("setup", "repeat 100 [go]"),
  iterations = 5,

  param_values = nl_param_oat(
    n = 25, # create 25 value sets per parameter
    max_align_turn = c(0, 5, 20),
    max_cohere_turn = c(0, 3, 20),
    max_separate_turn = c(0, 1.5, 20),
    vision = c(1, 3, 10),
    minimum_separation = c(0, 3, 10),
    .dummy = c(0, 0.5, 1),
    world_size = 50,
    population = 80
  ),
  mapping = nl_default_mapping,

  step_measures = measures(
    converged = "1 -
      (standard-deviation [dx] of turtles +
       standard-deviation [dy] of turtles) / 2",
    mean_crowding =
      "mean [count flockmates + 1] of turtles"
  ),
  eval_criteria = criteria(
    c_converged = mean(step$converged),
    c_mcrowding = mean(step$mean_crowding)
```

```

    ),

    repetitions = 10,                # repeat simulations 10 times
    random_seed = 1:10

)

```

nl_run

Run NetLogo experiment

Description

Runs NetLogo model for defined every parameter and repetitions. Returns a list of data frames for each measure defined in experiment.

Usage

```
nl_run(experiment, print_progress = FALSE, gui = FALSE, parallel = FALSE,
       max_cores = NULL)
```

Arguments

experiment	NetLogo experiment object
print_progress	Set to TRUE if you want to follow the progress in the console
gui	Start NetLogo with GUI (by default NetLogo is run in headless mode)
parallel	Runs experiment in parallel worker processes (requires parallel package)
max_cores	(optional) only relevant if parallel = TRUE. If not defined all available processors will be used

Details

Model is run for each parameter combination defined in parameter sets. If repetition (defined in experiment) is greater than 1 then each run for a parameter set is repeated accordingly. Before each run the parameters are set and setup procedure(s) are called. After each run criteria function(s) are calculated (if defined).

Use parallel option if there are more than a few runs per processor core.

Value

Returns an object of class `nl_result`. It is a list containing at most the following components:

step	a data frame with observations based on temporal (step) measures. It includes at least <code>param_set_id</code> (id of parameter set), <code>run_id</code> (ID of simulation repetition), <code>step_id</code> (ID of simulation step), and columns named after the temporal measures
run	a data frame with observations based on final run measures. It includes at least <code>param_set_id</code> (id of parameter set), <code>run_id</code> (ID of simulation repetition), and columns named after the temporal measures
agents_after	a data frame with observations based on agents after each simulation run
agents_before	a data frame with observations based on agents before each simulation run

patches_after	a data frame with observations based on patches after each simulation run
patches_before	a data frame with observations based on patches before each simulation run
criteria	a data frame with values provided by criteria expressions (eval_criteria in experiment definition possibly aggregated by eval_aggregate_fun) and additional criteria defined by eval_mutate expressions
export	a filename list with reference to parameter sets and simulation repetitions
duration	time spent to complete the experiment (in difftime)
experiment	original NetLogo experiment object used

See Also

See [nl_experiment](#) for creating NetLogo experiment object.

nl_set_agent_reports *Set or change agent reports*

Description

Set reporting of variable value(s) of one or more agent(s) as a data.frame

Usage

```
nl_set_agent_reports(experiment, agents_before = NULL, agents_after = NULL,
  agents_step = NULL, patches_before = NULL, patches_after = NULL)
```

Arguments

experiment	NetLogo experiment object
agents_before	A list of agent reports to be accessed before each run.
agents_after	A list of agent reports to be accessed after each run.
agents_step	A list of agent reports to be accessed per each iteration (step).
patches_before	A list of patches reports to be accessed before each run
patches_after	A list of patches reports to be accessed after each run

Value

NetLogo experiment object

See Also

To create an experiment object use [nl_experiment](#)

nl_set_measures	<i>Set or change measures of existing NetLogo experiment</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Set or change measures of existing NetLogo experiment

Usage

```
nl_set_measures(experiment, step = NULL, run = NULL, eval_criteria = NULL,
  eval_aggregate_fun = NULL, eval_mutate = NULL, as.data.frame = TRUE,
  step_transform = NULL)
```

Arguments

experiment	NetLogo experiment object
step	NetLogo reporters for each step (reported at every tick). A list of named character vectors. Use measures function to get the correct structure.
run	NetLogo reporters for each run (reported at end of run). A list of named character vectors. Use measures function to get the correct structure.
eval_criteria	A criteria calculation expressions. May use step or run data frames to calculate criteria. Elements from step should be aggregated. Must return named numeric vector.
eval_aggregate_fun	Aggregate criteria. It makes sense when when repetitions > 1
eval_mutate	Add criteria based on aggregated values
as.data.frame	Reporting in data frame format (TRUE by default)
step_transform	A function to transform data frame result from step reporters. When simulation has many steps and only summary data is needed, step_transform can reduce memory requirements to run experiment.

Details

Values of experiment measures are NetLogo reporters. Names of measures will be used in the resulting data frames as column names.

Value

NetLogo experiment object

See Also

To create an experiment object use [nl_experiment](#)

nl_set_param_values *Define parameter sets for NetLogo experiment*

Description

Define parameter sets for NetLogo experiment

Usage

```
nl_set_param_values(experiment, param_values = NULL, mapping = NULL)
```

Arguments

experiment	NetLogo experiment object from nl_experiment() function
param_values	A data.frame with parameter values or a list of values to be expanded to all combinations of values
mapping	Mapping between R and NetLogo parameters in named character vector. For example: c(diffusion_rate = "diffusion-rate", population = "population")

Value

NetLogo experiment object

nl_set_run_options *Set run options of a NetLogo experiment object*

Description

You can set basic run options when creating experiment object with [nl_experiment](#). To change these or add additional options use nl_set_run_options

Usage

```
nl_set_run_options(experiment, random_seed = NULL, repetitions = 1,
  max_minutes = 10, setup_commands = "setup", go_command = "go",
  data_handler = NULL)
```

Arguments

experiment	NetLogo experiment object from nl_experiment() function
random_seed	Random seed
repetitions	Number of repetitions (when random seed is not defined)
max_minutes	If max.minutes > 0 the execution stops after the defined number of minutes (with an error and no return value) Default value is 10.
setup_commands	NetLogo command strings to execute to setup the model
go_command	NetLogo command string to execute the step in the model
data_handler	Function to handle observations. If handler is defined the observations will not be stored in result elements when running the experiment with 'nl_run' function.

Value

NetLogo experiment object

Examples

```
experiment <- nl_experiment(
  model_file = "my_model.nlogo",
  while_condition = "any? turtles"
)

experiment <- nl_set_run_options(
  experiment,
  repetitions = 3,
  setup_commands = c("setup", "change_something")
)
```

nl_show_params	<i>Plots parameters with scatter plots</i>
----------------	--

Description

Plots parameters with scatter plots

Usage

```
nl_show_params(experiment, cex = 0.7, col = "#000000CC",
  lower.panel = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

experiment	Experiment object
cex	Parameter passed to pairs function
col	Parameter passed to pairs function
lower.panel	Parameter passed to pairs function
...	Parameters passed to pairs function

nl_show_patches	<i>Plot multiple patches result</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Plot patches from simulations result

Usage

```
nl_show_patches(result, x_param, y_param = NULL, fill = "pcolor",
  type = "patches_after", sub_type = NULL)
```

Arguments

result	NetLogo experiment result object
x_param	row parameter
y_param	column parameter
fill	variable to control the color (default is pcolor)
type	as type from nl_get_result (default is "patches_after")
sub_type	as sub_type from nl_get_result (optional - if not the first patches set)

nl_show_step	<i>Plot step measure observations</i>
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Description

Plot observations for each simulation step

Usage

```
nl_show_step(result, x = "step_id", y, color = "run_id", x_param = ".",
  y_param = ".", title = NULL, data_filter = NULL, alpha = 1)
```

Arguments

result	NetLogo experiment result object
x	"step_id" or measure name (as string) to choose for x axis
y	measure name as string to plot on y axis
color	by default it is based on "run_id" (simulation repetition). Change to NA to plot every repetition in black
x_param	which parameter to use for faceting horizontally
y_param	which parameter to use for faceting vertically
title	plot title
data_filter	optional subset expression (not quoted) using parameters, run_id and step_id
alpha	lines opacity

See Also

To get only data and create custom plots see [nl_get_result](#)

nl_show_views_grid	<i>Show exported views images in a grid</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Show exported views images in a grid

Usage

```
nl_show_views_grid(result, x_param = NULL, y_param = NULL, img_gap = 0.03)
```

Arguments

result	Result from nl_run function
x_param	Name of parameter on x axis
y_param	Name of parameter on y axis
img_gap	A gap between the images

print.nl_experiment	<i>Print NetLogo experiment object</i>
---------------------	--

Description

Print NetLogo experiment object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'nl_experiment'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	NetLogo experiment object
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

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