1-oy 8-dars. Funksiyalar va ularning turlari (Function Expression va Function Declaration, anonim function, arrow function, callback function). Jsda rekursiya

8-dars. Funksiyalar va ularning turlari (Function Expression va Function Declaration, anonim function, arrow function, callback function). Jsda rekursiya

Declaring a Function

```
/// function yaratish
function nameOfFunction () {
    // function body
}
nameOfFunction()
```

```
function greet() {
    // code
    function
    call
    greet();
    // code
```

Function Parameters

```
function greet(name) {
    // code
    function
    call
    greet(name);
    // code
```

Function Expressions

```
let x = function (num) { return num * num };

console.log(x(4)) \not\models > 16

let y = x(3);

console.log(y) \not\mid \Rightarrow 9
```

Arrow Function

myFunction(1,2,3,4,5,6)

```
// function expression
let x = function(x, y) {
    return x * y;
}
x(1, 2) /=> 2

// using arrow functions
let x = (x, y) ⇒ x * y;

x(2, 3) /=> 6

let myFunction = (arg1, arg2, ... argN) ⇒ {
    console.log(arg1, arg2, arg3) /=> 1,2,3,4,5,6
    // → arg1: 1, arg2: 2, arg3: [1,2,3]
}
```

Arrow Function with No Argument

```
let greet = () ⇒ console.log('Hello');
greet(); // Hello
```

Arrow Function with One Argument

```
let greet = x \Rightarrow console.log(x);
greet('Hello'); // Hello
```

Arrow Function as an Expression

```
let age = 5;
let welcome = (age < 18) ?
() ⇒ console.log('Baby') :
() ⇒ console.log('Adult');
welcome(); // Baby</pre>
```

Arguments Binding

```
let x = function () {
    console.log(arguments);
}
x(4,6,7); // Arguments [4, 6, 7]
```

Spread Operator

```
const arrValue = ['My', 'name', 'is', 'Jack'];
console.log(arrValue); // ["My", "name", "is", "Jack"]
console.log( ... arrValue); // My name is Jack
```

Rest Parameter

```
let func = function( ... args) {
    console.log(args);
}
func(3); // [3]
func(4, 5, 6); // [4, 5, 6]
```

JavaScript CallBack Function

Function Return

```
function add(num1, num2) {
    // code
    return result;
}
let x = add(a, b);
// code
```

```
// function
function greet(name, callback) {
    console.log('Hi' + ' ' + name);
    callback();
}

// callback function
function callMe() {
    console.log('I am callback function');
}

// passing function as an argument
greet('Peter', callMe);
```

JavaScript Variable Scope

```
1. Global Scope
```

```
2. Local Scope
```

```
// program to print a text
let a = "hello";
```

```
function greet () {
    console.log(a);
}
greet(); // hello
```

Local Scope

```
// program showing local scope of a variable
let a = "hello";

function greet() {
    let b = "World"
    console.log(a + b);
}

greet();
console.log(a + b); // error
```

let is Block Scoped

```
// program showing block-scoped concept
// global variable
let a = 'Hello';

function greet() {

    // local variable
    let b = 'World';

    console.log(a + ' ' + b);

    if (b = 'World') {

        // block-scoped variable
        let c = 'hello';

        console.log(a + ' ' + b + ' ' + c);
    }

    // variable c cannot be accessed here
    console.log(a + ' ' + b + ' ' + c);
}

greet();
```

JavaScript Hoisting

```
// using test before declaring
console.log(test); // undefined
var test;

// using test before declaring
var test;
console.log(test); // undefined
```

Variable Hoisting

```
// program to display value
a = 5;
console.log(a);
var a; // 4
```

JavaScript Recursion

```
function recurse() {
    // function code
    recurse();
    // function code
}
recurse();
```

```
function recurse() {
    // function code
    recurse();
}
recurse();
```

```
function factorial(3) { +
              if (3 === 0)
                  return 1;
             else {
              --- return x * factorial(3 - 1);
                                                    2* 3 = 6 is
             }
                                                    returned
         }
2
         let num = 3;
         let result = factorial(3);
        function factorial(2) { 
             if (2 === 0)
                                                    1* 2 = 2 is
                  return 1;
                                                    returned
             else {
              ---- return x * factorial(2 - 1); -
1
         }
       → function factorial(1) { ←
             if (1 === 0)
                                                    1*1 = 1 is
                  return 1;
                                                    returned
              else {
              ---- return x * factorial(1 - 1);
              }
0
         }
                                                    1 is
                                                    returned
        function factorial(0) {
              if (0 === 0)
                  return 1;
                  return x * factorial(1 - 1);
              }
         }
```