

## 1-oy 7-dars. JS tarmoqlanuvchi va takrorlanuvchi operatorlar

### JavaScript Type Conversions

- **Implicit Conversion** - automatic type conversion
- **Explicit Conversion** - manual type conversion
  - `string`
  - `number`

#### Note

When a number is added to a string, JavaScript converts the number to a string before concatenation.

### Convert to Boolean Explicitly

*In JavaScript, `undefined`, `null`, `0`, `NaN`, `''` converts to `false`*

```
// numeric string used with + gives string type
let result;

result = '3' + 2;
console.log(result) // "32"

result = '3' + true;
console.log(result); // "3true"

result = '3' + undefined;
console.log(result); // "3undefined"

result = '3' + null;
console.log(result); // "3null"
```

### JavaScript if...else Statement

#### Condition is true

```
let number = 2;
if (number > 0) {
  // code
}

//code after if
```

#### Condition is false

```
let number = -2;
if (number > 0) {
  // code
}

//code after if
```

```
let score = 45;

if (score ≥ 50) {
```

```
    console.log("You passed the examination.");
}
else {
    console.log("You failed the examination.");
}
```

## JavaScript if...else Statement

- If a student scores above 90, assign grade A.
- If a student scores above 75, assign grade B.
- If a student scores above 65, assign grade C.

### Prompt

```
// Program to check if the number is positive

const number = prompt("Enter a number: ");

// check if number is greater than 0
if (number > 0) {
    // the body of the if statement
    console.log("positive number");
}

console.log("nice number");
```

#### Condition is true

```
let number = 2;
if (number > 0) {
    // code
}
else {
    // code
}
// code after if
```

#### Condition is false

```
let number = -2;
if (number > 0) {
    // code
}
else {
    // code
}
// code after if
```

```
let age = 17;

// if age is 18 or above, you are an adult
// otherwise, you are a minor

if (age ≥ 18) {
    console.log("You are an adult");
}
else {
    console.log("You are a minor");
}
```

### 1st Condition is true

```
let number = 2;
if (number > 0) {
  // code
}
else if (number == 0){
  // code
}
else {
  //code
}
//code after if
```

### 2nd Condition is true

```
let number = 0;
if (number > 0) {
  // code
}
else if (number == 0){
  // code
}
else {
  //code
}
//code after if
```

### All Conditions are false

```
let number = -2;
if (number > 0) {
  // code
}
else if (number == 0){
  // code
}
else {
  //code
}
//code after if
```

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How to use multiple else if statements?

```
let marks = 60;

// outer if...else statement
// student passed if marks 40 or above
// otherwise, student failed

if (marks ≥ 40) {

  // inner if...else statement
  // distinction if marks is 80 or above

  if (marks ≥ 80) {
    console.log("Distinction");
  }
  else {
    console.log("Passed");
  }
}

else {
  console.log("Failed");
}
```

```
let grade = 40;
let result;

if (grade ≥ 50)
  result = 'pass'
else
  result = 'fail'

console.log(result)
```

```
let grade = 40;

let result = (grade ≥ 50) ? 'pass' : 'fail';
```

```
console.log(result)
```

```
let age = 35;
let salary = 6000;

// combine two conditions
// using the "and" operator &&
if (age ≥ 30 && salary ≥ 5000) {
    console.log("Eligible for premium membership.");
}
else {
    console.log("Not eligible for premium membership.");
}
```

## JavaScript switch Statement

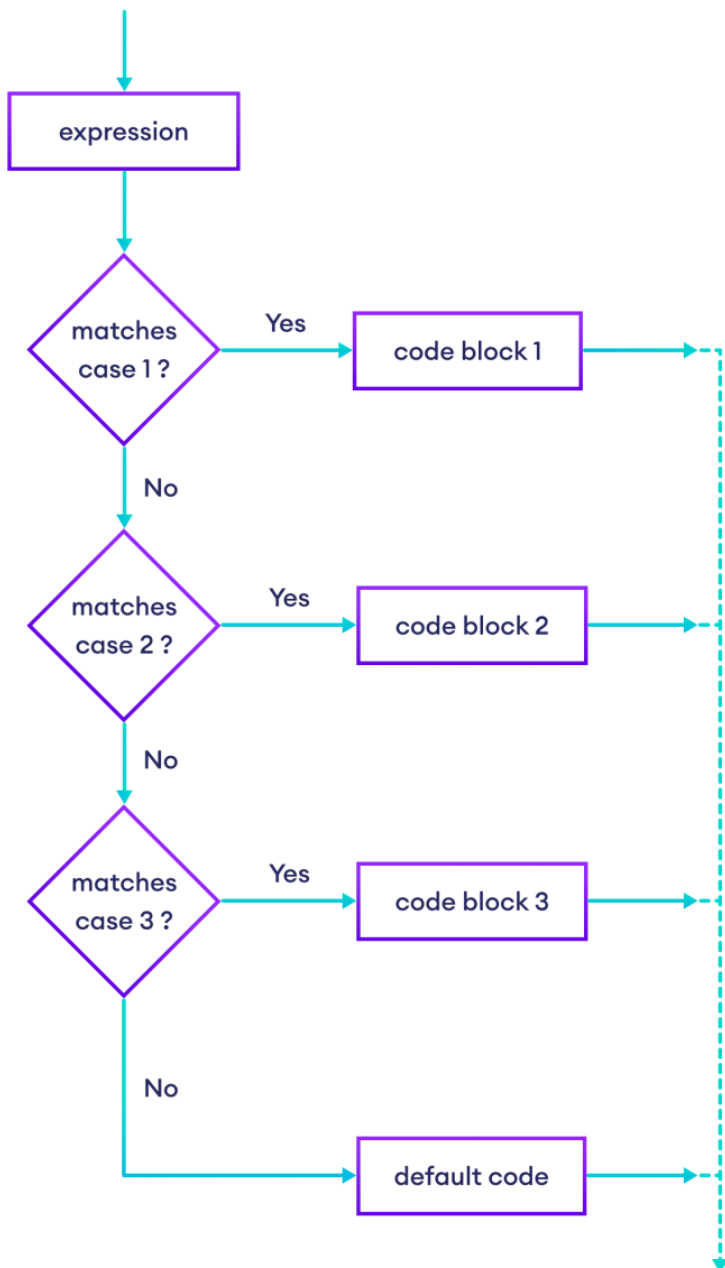
```
switch (expression) {

    case value1:
        // code block to be executed
        // if expression matches value1
        break;

    case value2:
        // code block to be executed
        // if expression matches value2
        break;

    ...

    default:
        // code block to be executed
        // if expression doesn't match any case
}
```



```
let day = 3;
let activity;

switch (day) {

  case 1:
    console.log("Sunday");
    break;

  case 2:
    console.log("Monday");
    break;

  case 3:
    console.log("Tuesday");
    break;

  case 4:
    console.log("Wednesday");
```

```

        break;

    case 5:
        console.log("Thursday");
        break;

    case 6:
        console.log("Friday");
        break;

    case 7:
        console.log("Saturday");
        break;

    default:
        console.log("Invalid Day");
}

```

## JavaScript Ternary Operator

```
condition ? expression1 : expression2
```

```

// program to check pass or fail

let marks = prompt('Enter your marks :');

// check the condition
let result = (marks ≥ 40) ? 'pass' : 'fail';

console.log(`You ${result} the exam.`);

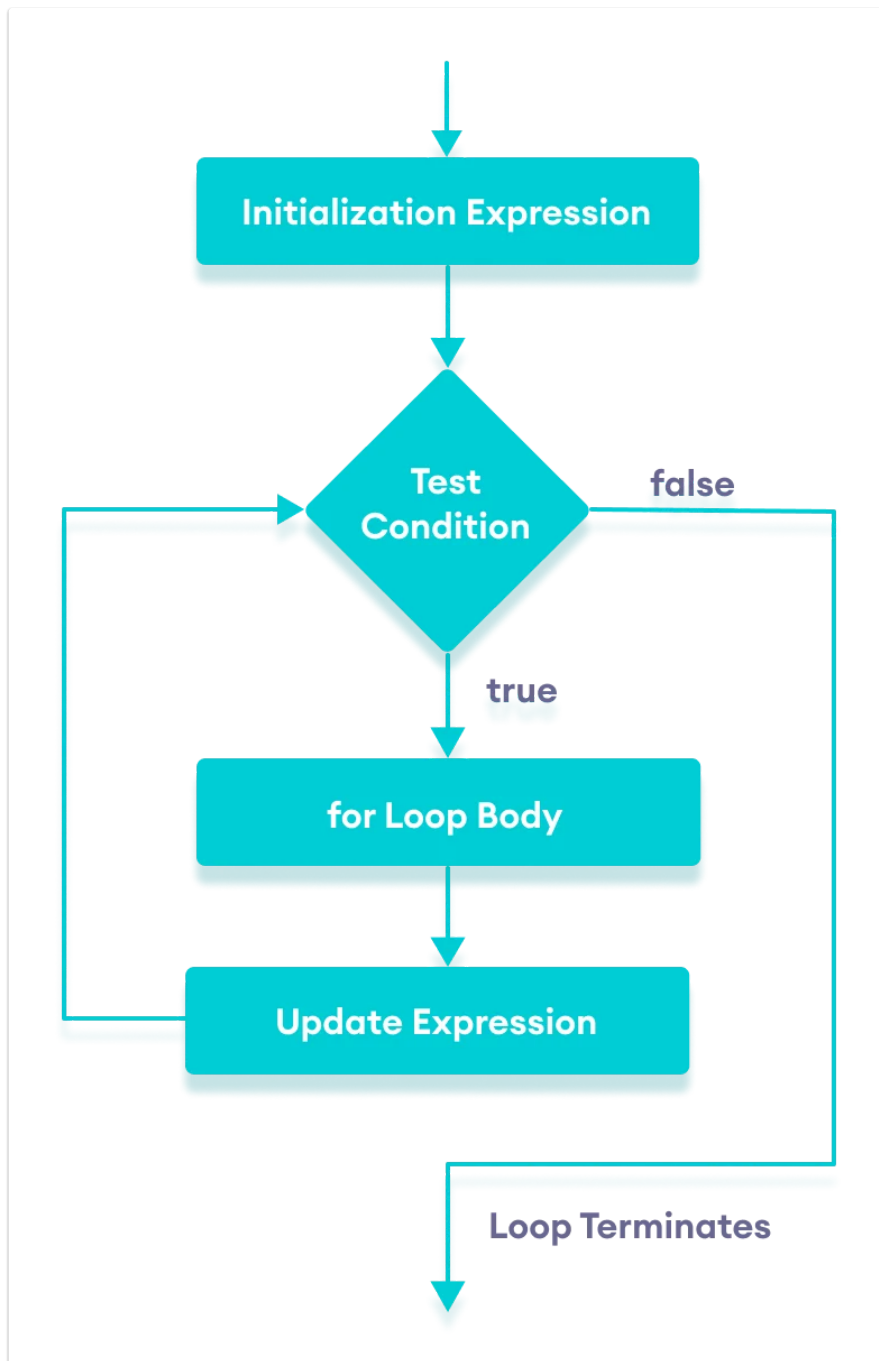
```

## JavaScript for loop

```

for (initialExpression; condition; updateExpression) {
    // for loop body
}

```

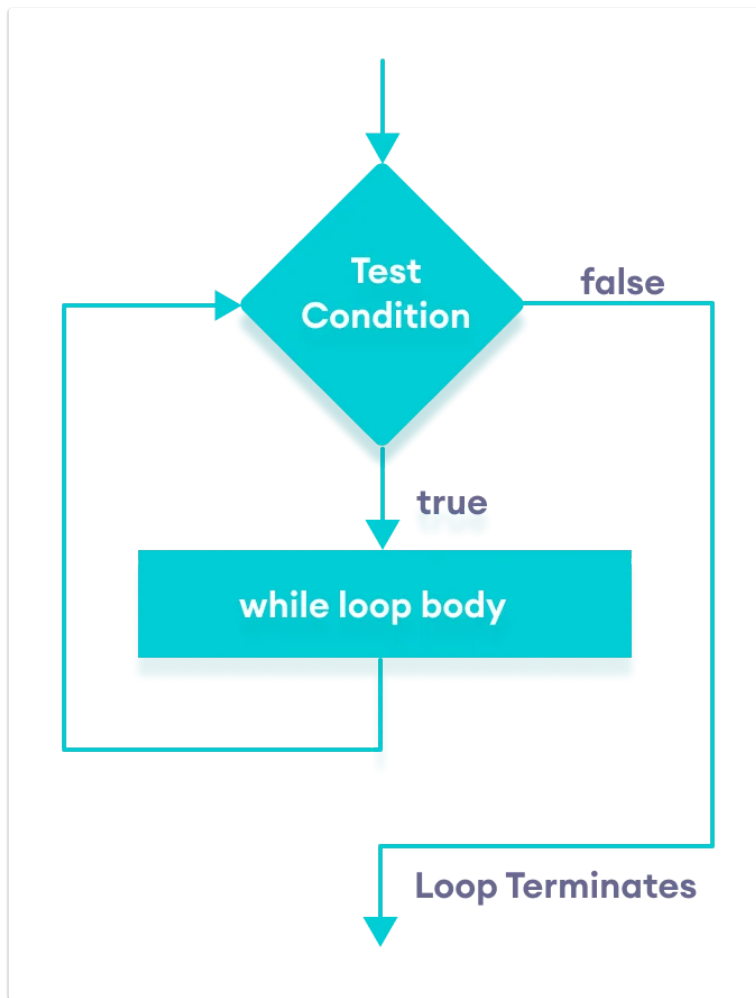


```
// program to display text 5 times
const n = 5;

// looping from i = 1 to 5
for (let i = 1; i ≤ n; i++) {
  console.log(`I love JavaScript.`);
}
```

### JavaScript while Loop

```
while (condition) {
  // body of loop
}
```



```
// program to display numbers from 1 to 5
// initialize the variable
let i = 1, n = 5;

// while loop from i = 1 to 5
while (i ≤ n) {
  console.log(i);
  i += 1;
}
```

### JavaScript do...while Loop

```
do {
  // body of loop
} while(condition)
```



