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clear all
clear all
% Part 1, computing steady state

disp('A16 Steady State Vector Calculated With P^k')

initialdistro=[0.2;0.5;0.3];

initialdistro=initialdistro./norm(initialdistro,1);

% Probabilities of each of the cases. Row 1 is probability that a car goes
% to airport; Row 2 is probability that a car goes to train; Row 3 is
% probability that a car goes to city centre

P=[0.8 0.3 0.3;
    0.1 0.6 0.1;
    0.1 0.1 0.6];

Airport=[];
Train=[];
City=[];

Airport=[Airport initialdistro(1)];
Train=[Train initialdistro(2)];
City=[City initialdistro(3)];
for i=1:500
    finaldistro=(P^i)*initialdistro; % Finding the i-th state vector is computed
    if (finaldistro-P*finaldistro)<1e-15
        break;
    end
Airport=[Airport finaldistro(1)];
Train=[Train finaldistro(2)];
City=[City finaldistro(3)];
end

steadyStateVectorProbability = finaldistro

disp('Diagonalization of A16')

[V D] = eig(P) % Finding E-values and E-vectors to show that algebraic = geometric multiplicity

EigVectors1 = P-eye(3);
EigVectors2 = P-(1/2).*eye(3);
rref(EigVectors1); % find Eigen Vectors in whole numbers
rref(EigVectors2);

diagcheck = V*D*inv(V) % verifying that T = VDV^-1 --> diag check should be equal to original P

% Part 2, calculating steady state with VDV^-1

disp('A16 Steady State Vector Calculated With Diagonalization')

Residence=[];
Library=[];
Athletic=[];

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Residence=[Residence initialdistro(1)];
Library=[Library initialdistro(2)];
Athletic=[Athletic initialdistro(3)];
for i=1:500
    finaldistro=(P^i)*initialdistro; % computing the ith state vector
    if (finaldistro-P*finaldistro)<1e-15
        break;
    end
Residence=[Residence finaldistro(1)];
Library=[Library finaldistro(2)];
Athletic=[Athletic finaldistro(3)];
end

steadyStateVectorProbability = finaldistro

% Part 3A) when there is a new question (B15)

disp('B15 Steady State Vector Calculated With P^k')

% Random vector showing distribution of cars at each location
initialdistro=[200;200;200];

initialdistro=initialdistro./norm(initialdistro,1);

% Probabilities of each of the cases.
% Row 1: probability that a bike goes to residence;
% Row 2: probability that a bike goes to library
% Row 3: probability that a bike goes to athletic centre

P=[0.8 0.2 0.3;
    0.1 0.7 0.2;
    0.1 0.1 0.5];

Residence=[];
Library=[];
Athletic=[];

Residence=[Residence initialdistro(1)];
Library=[Library initialdistro(2)];
Athletic=[Athletic initialdistro(3)];
for i=1:500
    finaldistro=(P^i)*initialdistro; % computing the ith state vector
    if (finaldistro-P*finaldistro)<1e-15
        break;
    end
Residence=[Residence finaldistro(1)];
Library=[Library finaldistro(2)];
Athletic=[Athletic finaldistro(3)];
end

steadyStateVectorProbability = finaldistro

disp('Diagonalization of B15')

[V D] = eig(P)

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EigVectors1 = P-eye(3);
EigVectors2 = P-(0.6).*eye(3);
EigVectors3 = P-(0.4).*eye(3);
rref(EigVectors1) % To find Eigen vectors manually
rref(EigVectors2)
rref(EigVectors3)

diagcheck = V*D*inv(V)

% Part 3B), redoing the calculations with diagonalization

disp('B15 Steady State Vector Calculated With Diagonalization')

Residence=[];
Library=[];
Athletic=[];

Residence=[Residence initialdistro(1)];
Library=[Library initialdistro(2)];
Athletic=[Athletic initialdistro(3)];
for i=1:500
    finaldistro=(P^i)*initialdistro; % Finding the i-th state vector is computed
    if (finaldistro-P*finaldistro)<1e-15
        break;
    end
Residence=[Residence finaldistro(1)];
Library=[Library finaldistro(2)];
Athletic=[Athletic finaldistro(3)];
end

steadyStateVectorProbability = finaldistro

hold on
plot(Residence,'g+-')
plot(Library,'ro--')
plot(Athletic,'b*')
legend('Residence','Library','Athletic center')

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A16 Steady State Vector Calculated With P^k

steadyStateVectorProbability =

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0.6000
0.2000
0.2000

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Diagonalization of A16

V =

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0.9045    0.8165    0.3275
0.3015   -0.4082   -0.8115
0.3015   -0.4082    0.4840

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D =

1.0000	0	0
0	0.5000	0
0	0	0.5000

diagcheck =

0.8000	0.3000	0.3000
0.1000	0.6000	0.1000
0.1000	0.1000	0.6000

A16 Steady State Vector Calculated With Diagonalization

steadyStateVectorProbability =

0.6000
0.2000
0.2000

B15 Steady State Vector Calculated With P^k

steadyStateVectorProbability =

0.5417
0.2917
0.1667

Diagonalization of B15

V =

-0.8498	-0.7071	-0.4082
-0.4576	0.7071	-0.4082
-0.2615	0.0000	0.8165

D =

1.0000	0	0
0	0.6000	0
0	0	0.4000

ans =

1.0000	0	-3.2500
0	1.0000	-1.7500
0	0	0

ans =

1.0000	1.0000	0
0	0	1.0000
0	0	0

ans =

1.0000	0	0.5000
0	1.0000	0.5000
0	0	0

diagcheck =

0.8000	0.2000	0.3000
0.1000	0.7000	0.2000
0.1000	0.1000	0.5000

B15 Steady State Vector Calculated With Diagonalization

steadyStateVectorProbability =

0.5417
0.2917
0.1667

