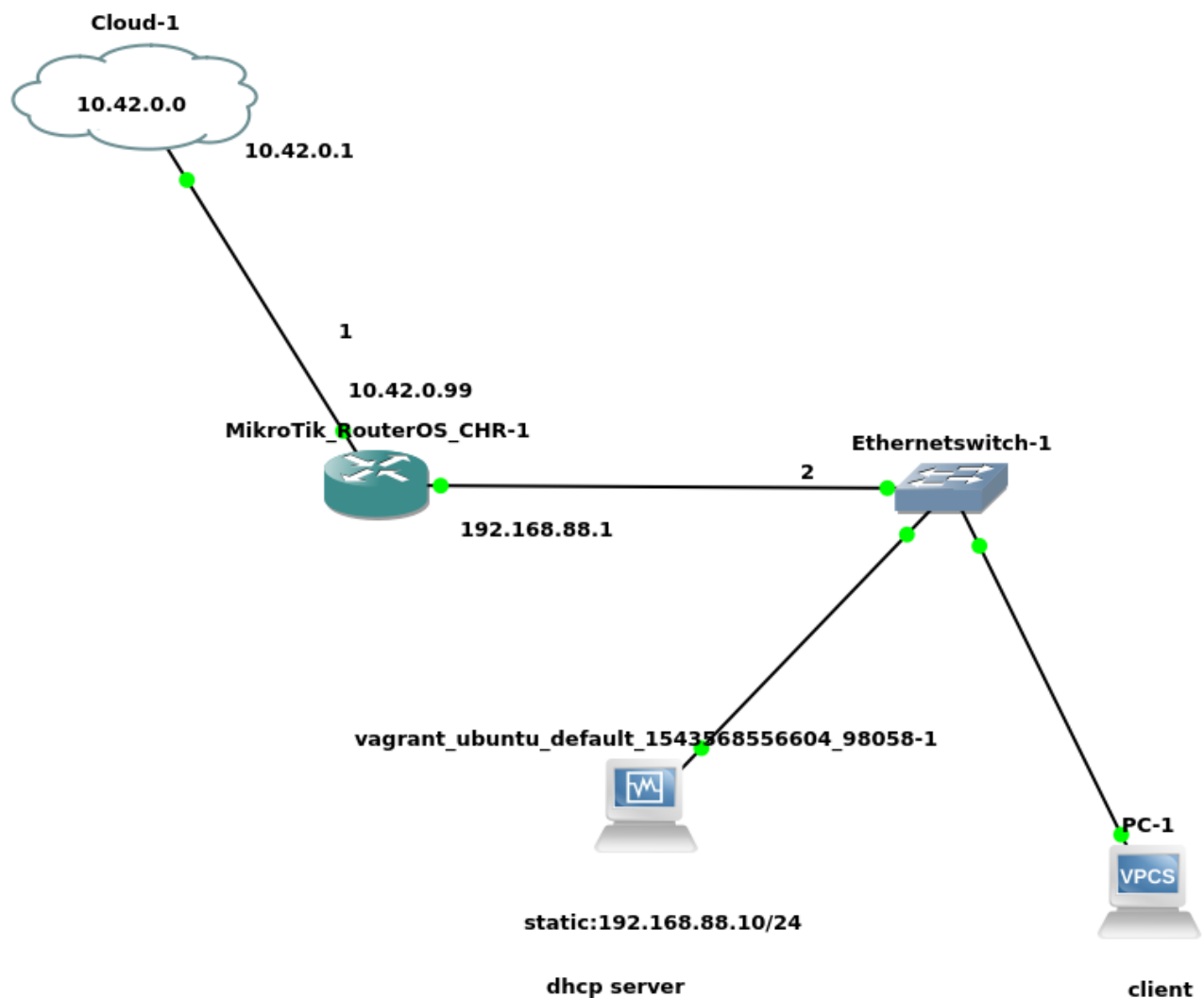


SETTING UP SIMPLE DHCP SERVER IN UBUNTU SERVER ON GNS3

Equipment we use:

- 1)GNS3 Software
- 2)ubuntu server OS
- 3)mikrotik cloud hosted Router OS
- 4)Virtualbox to boot the OS
- 5)VPCS (virtual small pc as a client)
- 6)Internet connection is a Plus

Diagram:



Cloud network:10.42.0.0/24
Cloud gateway:10.42.0.1
Mikrotik Router:WAN interface ip:10.42.0.99
Mikrotik Router:LAN interface ip:192.168.88.1
Mikrotik Router:LAN network:192.168.88.0/24

Setting up every thing:(VVI)

- 1) first download GNS3 and install it
- 2)Download MIKROTIK RouterOS (Cloud hosted CHR)(.ova) image.
- 3) Downlaod UBUNTU Server
- 5)Download Virtualbox
- 6) Import the OVA image
 - a)Go to settings Then Network and activate 4 adapter(adapter1,adapter2,adapter3,adapter4) and for the first onw Go to Advance and set Promiscuous mode → allow all
→ Then Go to GNS3 → Edit → Preference → VirtualBox Vms → New → Secect VM
→ Finish →

b) **Then in the wimdown Select Edit → Networks → Adapters set to 4**
(VVI)

- c) Then at the last option mark the
Allow GNS3 to use any configured VirtualVox adapter → yes
- d) you can change ICON (Optional)

d) Then click Finish

7) install the Ubuntu image go to

- a)Go to settings Then Network and activate 4 adapter(adapter1,adapter2,adapter3,adapter4) and for the first onw Go to Advance and set Promiscuous mode → allow all
→ Then Go to GNS3 → Edit → Preference → VirtualBox Vms → New → Secect VM
→ Finish →

b) **Then in the wimdown Select Edit → Networks → Adapters set to 4**
(VVI)

- c) Then at the last option mark the
Allow GNS3 to use any configured Virtualbox adapter → yes

****** last two b and c is very very important**

Use the same virtualization technique not mixed one for example (do not use the KVM and VIRTUALBOX simultaneously) use virtualbox for all

→ **Boot up the Router OS**

username:admin

password:<none>

Router Configuration:

[admin@MikroTik] /ip address> add address=10.42.0.193/24 interface=ether1

[admin@MikroTik] /ip address> add address=192.168.88.10/24

interface=ether2

[admin@MikroTik] /ip route> add gateway=10.42.0.1

[admin@MikroTik] /ip firewall nat> add chain=srcnat action=masquerade

[admin@MikroTik] /ip dns> set servers=8.8.8.8

[admin@MikroTik] /> ping yahoo.com

→ **Boot up The UBUNTU SERVER**

a) open terminal (or if you use base image)

b) set up a static ip (very very imp)

command:

→ **sudo vim /etc/network/interfaces**

```
auto eth0
iface eth0 inet static
address 192.168.88.10
netmask 255.255.255.0
network 192.168.88.0
gateway 192.168.88.1
```

#####

→ **sudo /etc/init.d/networking restart**

c) after that you would be able to connect to the internet

d) install dhcp server

- 1) first update the reop
→ **sudo apt-get update**
- 2) install the dhcp packages
→ **sudo apt-get install isc-dhcp-server**

d) configure the server

- **cd /etc/dhcp**
- **vim dhcpd.conf**

option domain-name "mydomain.org";

just add a domain name
option domain-name-servers 8.8.8.8;

This is a very basic subnet declaration

subnet 192.168.88.0 netmask 255.255.255.0{
range 192.168.88.20 192.168.88.200;
option routers 192.168.88.1;
}

#explanation

```
subnet <give the network> netmask<give subnet>{  
range <starting ip in the range(your wish)> <ending ip of the range(your wish) >;  
option routers <gateway>  
}
```

E) restart the server

→ **sudo /etc/init.d/isc-dhcp-server restart**

F) DONE. Go to the client and test it

→ BOOT UP THE CLIENT(in this case I use VPCS)

PC-1> ip dhcp

DDORA

IP 192.168.88.21/24 GW 192.168.88.1

→ test it

PC-1> ping 8.8.8.8

84 bytes from 8.8.8.8 icmp_seq=1 ttl=116 time=59.929 ms

84 bytes from 8.8.8.8 icmp_seq=2 ttl=116 time=65.707 ms

→ if you are running linux client just oprn a terminal and type

->dhclient