

 Home

</> Coding Ground

Jobs

□ Whiteboard





In this chapter, we will discuss the Implicit Objects in JSP. These Objects are the Java objects that the JSP Container makes available to the developers in each page and the developer can call them directly without being explicitly declared. JSP Implicit Objects are also called **pre-defined variables**.

Following table lists out the nine Implicit Objects that JSP supports -

S.No.	Object & Description
1	request This is the HttpServletRequest object associated with the request.
2	response This is the HttpServletResponse object associated with the response to the client.
3	<pre>out This is the PrintWriter object used to send output to the client.</pre>
4	session This is the HttpSession object associated with the request.
5	application This is the ServletContext object associated with the application context.
6	<pre>config This is the ServletConfig object associated with the page.</pre>
7	<pre>pageContext This encapsulates use of server-specific features like higher performance JspWriters.</pre>
8	<pre>page This is simply a synonym for this, and is used to call the methods defined by the translated servlet class.</pre>
9	Exception



The request Object

The request object is an instance of a **javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest** object. Each time a client requests a page the JSP engine creates a new object to represent that request.

The request object provides methods to get the HTTP header information including form data, cookies, HTTP methods etc.

We can cover a complete set of methods associated with the request object in a subsequent chapter — JSP - Client Request.

The response Object

The response object is an instance of a **javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse** object. Just as the server creates the request object, it also creates an object to represent the response to the client.

The response object also defines the interfaces that deal with creating new HTTP headers. Through this object the JSP programmer can add new cookies or date stamps, HTTP status codes, etc.

We will cover a complete set of methods associated with the response object in a subsequent chapter — JSP - Server Response.

The out Object

The out implicit object is an instance of a **javax.servlet.jsp.JspWriter** object and is used to send content in a response.

The initial JspWriter object is instantiated differently depending on whether the page is buffered or not. Buffering can be easily turned off by using the **buffered = 'false'** attribute of the page directive.

The JspWriter object contains most of the same methods as the **java.io.PrintWriter** class. However, JspWriter has some additional methods designed to deal with buffering. Unlike the PrintWriter object, JspWriter throws **IOExceptions**.

Following table lists out the important methods that we will use to write **boolean char, int, double, object, String**, etc.

S.No.	Method & Description
1	<pre>out.print(dataType dt) Print a data type value</pre>
2	<pre>out.println(dataType dt) Print a data type value then terminate the line with new line character.</pre>
3	out.flush() Flush the stream.



The session object is an instance of **javax.servlet.http.HttpSession** and behaves exactly the same way that session objects behave under Java Servlets.

The session object is used to track client session between client requests. We will cover the complete usage of session object in a subsequent chapter — JSP - Session Tracking.

The application Object

The application object is direct wrapper around the **ServletContext** object for the generated Servlet and in reality an instance of a **javax.servlet.ServletContext** object.

This object is a representation of the JSP page through its entire lifecycle. This object is created when the JSP page is initialized and will be removed when the JSP page is removed by the **jspDestroy()** method.

By adding an attribute to application, you can ensure that all JSP files that make up your web application have access to it.

We will check the use of Application Object in JSP - Hits Counter chapter.

The config Object

The config object is an instantiation of **javax.servlet.ServletConfig** and is a direct wrapper around the **ServletConfig** object for the generated servlet.

This object allows the JSP programmer access to the Servlet or JSP engine initialization parameters such as the paths or file locations etc.

The following **config** method is the only one you might ever use, and its usage is trivial –

config.getServletName();

This returns the servlet name, which is the string contained in the **<servlet-name>** element defined in the **WEB-INF\web.xml** file.

The pageContext Object

The pageContext object is an instance of a **javax.servlet.jsp.PageContext** object. The pageContext object is used to represent the entire JSP page.

This object is intended as a means to access information about the page while avoiding most of the implementation details.

This object stores references to the request and response objects for each request. The **application, config, session**, and out objects are derived by accessing attributes of this object.

The pageContext object also contains information about the directives issued to the JSP page, including the buffering information, the errorPageURL, and page scope.



javax.servlet.jsp.JspContext class.

One of the important methods is **removeAttribute**. This method accepts either one or two arguments. For example, **pageContext.removeAttribute** ("attrName") removes the attribute from all scopes, while the following code only removes it from the page scope –

pageContext.removeAttribute("attrName", PAGE_SCOPE);

The use of pageContext can be checked in JSP - File Uploading chapter.

The page Object

This object is an actual reference to the instance of the page. It can be thought of as an object that represents the entire JSP page.

The page object is really a direct synonym for the **this** object.

The exception Object

The exception object is a wrapper containing the exception thrown from the previous page. It is typically used to generate an appropriate response to the error condition.

We will cover the complete usage of this object in JSP - Exception Handling chapter.

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Previous

Next