

cachematrix.R

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```
## A cache is a way to store objects in memory to accelerate subsequent
## access to the same object. We demonstrate how to make functions more efficient
## when expensive computations require efficient coding to reduce the
## computational load. This exercise is to demonstrate storing a function return
## value in cache, to use it further repeatedly as required saving computing time.
## cache to use to avoid recomputing throughout the program. We use the lexical
## scoping of R to get this done.

## makeCacheMatrix() builds a set of functions and returns the functions
## within a "list" to the parent environment. The input matrix=x defined in the
## function argument. makeCacheMatrix(), due to lexical scoping, contains
## a complete copy of the environment for makeCacheMatrix(), including any objects
## that are defined within makeCacheMatrix() at design time.
## The accessible objects within makeCacheMatrix() are: set(y), y, get(),
## setsolve(solve), solve, get(solve), x, invm
## The function to be executed as follows: 1. Create a non-singular square matrix
## example: s<-matrix(rnorm(16),nrow=4,ncol=4)
## 2. run makeCacheMatrix() 3. a<-makeCacheMatrix(s) and 4.cacheSolve(a).
## 5. The result will be an inverted matrix of "s".
## 6. If you run cacheSolve(a) again, a message "'getting cached data'"

makeCacheMatrix <- function(x = matrix()) {

  invm <- NULL
  set <- function(y) {
    x <- y
    invm <- NULL
  }

  get <- function() x
  setsolve <- function(solve) invm <- solve
  getsolve <- function() invm
  list(set = set, get = get,
       setsolve = setsolve,
       getsolve = getsolve)
```

```

}
## Access the data and functions from the parent environment of "makeCacheMatrix"
## and computes inverse of the matrix "s" and stores in cache. If re execute
the
## function it will access the s-1 from cache and displays message"
## "getting cached data"

```

```

cacheSolve <- function(x, ...) {
  ## Return a matrix that is the inverse of 'x'
  invm <- x$getsolve()
  if(!is.null(invm)) {
    message("getting cached data")
    return(invm)
  }
  data <- x$get()
  invm <- solve(data, ...)
  x$setsolve(invm)
  invm
}

```

```
> s<-matrix(rnorm(16),nrow=4,ncol=4)
```

```
> s
```

```

      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]
[1,] -0.99360987 -0.5742637  0.06607287  0.558588666
[2,]  0.10699516  0.5358939  0.12604015  0.003870711
[3,]  0.37501953 -0.4134942  1.01400733  0.211218680
[4,] -0.05958062 -1.3934265 -0.31917469 -0.457469701

```

```
> makeCacheMatrix()
```

```
$set
```

```

function(y) {
  x <- y
  invm <- NULL
}

```

```
<environment: 0x00000265d31544e0>
```

```
$get
```

```
function() x
```

```
<environment: 0x00000265d31544e0>
```

```
$setsolve
```

```
function(solve) invm <- solve
```

```
<environment: 0x00000265d31544e0>
```

```
$getsolve
```

```
function() invm
```

```
<environment: 0x00000265d31544e0>
```

```
> a<-makeCacheMatrix(s)
```

```
> cacheSolve(a)
```

```

      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]
[1,] -1.4068933 -5.569845  0.2672830 -1.64159238
[2,]  0.1189600  1.953507 -0.2335950  0.05393046
[3,]  0.7092137  4.615697  0.7618385  1.25678115
[4,] -0.6739278 -8.445208  0.1451748 -3.01325701

```

```
> cacheSolve(a)
```

```
getting cached data
```

	[,1]	[,2]	[,3]	[,4]
[1,]	-1.4068933	-5.569845	0.2672830	-1.64159238
[2,]	0.1189600	1.953507	-0.2335950	0.05393046
[3,]	0.7092137	4.615697	0.7618385	1.25678115
[4,]	-0.6739278	-8.445208	0.1451748	-3.01325701