

- colour :- text box will behave like a color picker control.
- email :- user can be allowed to enter the data in the form of email only. so user will not be allowed to enter other than email form
- datetime :- The textbox will accept the data in the form of date only. other than date user will not be allowed to enter the data
- number :- user can be allowed to enter only number data in textbox.

14. css class :- used to set or get a css class name within paranthesis internal using which we would like to apply required styles to the control.

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✚ working with command event with button control :-

- command event is similar to click event but will provide additional properties with its associated class command event args.

properties are :-

1. command argument
2. command name

- **command argument** :- This property is used to pass any value to the server method when user click on the button
- **command name** :- This property is used to identify from which control event is raised when same method is called from multiple button command event

Datatype of this property is string.

- Example to work with commandname and commandevent.

Enter first number	<input type="text"/>
enter second number	<input type="text"/>
Result	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Add"/>	<input type="button" value="subtract"/>
<input type="button" value="multiply"/>	<input type="button" value="divide"/>

- create a new webpage design the webpage then set commandname property for all button like

btnAdd → Add

btn subtract → subtract

btn multiply → multiply

btn divide → divide

- take call calculate method from command event of all button ~~methods~~ control. write following code.

protected void calculate (object sender, CommandEventArgs e)

```
int num1, num2, Result = 0;
```

```
num1 = Convert.ToInt32 (txtNum1.Text);
```

```
num2 = Convert.ToInt32 (txtNum2.Text);
```

```
if (e.CommandName.Equals ("Add"),
```

```
Result = num1 + num2;
```

else if (e.command name.equals("subtract"))

Result = Num1 - Num2;

else if (e.command name.equals("multiply"))

Result = Num1 * Num2;

else if (e.command name.equals("divide"))

Result = Num1 / Num2;

txtResult.Text = Result.ToString();

}

* Example to implement crud operation in Asp.net.

Enter first name	<input type="text"/>
Enter last name	<input type="text"/>
Enter user name	<input type="text"/>
Enter password	<input type="password"/>
Retype password	<input type="password"/>
Select Gender	<input type="radio"/> female <input type="radio"/> Male
Enter Age	<input type="text"/>
Select qualification	<div><div>C</div><div>C++</div><div>C#</div><div>Asp.net</div></div>
Select skills	
<input type="button" value="Insert"/>	<input type="button" value="find"/>
<input type="button" value="update"/>	<input type="button" value="delete"/>
<input type="button" value="display"/>	

- create a new webpage. design the webpage.
 - then for radio buttons set group name property as gender add required items in combobox and list box control
- write the following code.

```
public partial class sample3 : System.Web.UI.Page
```

```
{
    SqlConnection con; SqlCommand cmd; SqlDataReader DR;
    protected void page_load(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

```
{
    string sqlconstring = " ";
    con = new SqlConnection(sqlconstring);
```

```
{
    protected void btninsert_click(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

```
{
    string gender = " ";
    string query = "insert into users value(@p1, @p2, @p3, @p4, @p5, @p6, @p7, @p8)";
    cmd = new SqlCommand(query, con);
    cmd.CommandType = CommandType.Text;
    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@p1", txtfName.Text);
    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@p2", txtLName.Text);
    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@p3", txtUserName.Text);
    cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@p4", txtPassword.Text);
    if (optMale.Checked)
        Gender = optMale.Text;
    if (optFemale.Checked)
        Gender = optFemale.Text;
}
```

```

cmd. parameter. Addwithvalue ("@ps", Gender);
cmd. parameter. Addwithvalue ("@p6", txtAge.Text);
cmd. parameter. Addwithvalue ("@p7", cmbQualification.selected);
cmd. parameter. Addwithvalue ("@ps", txtSkill.selectedvalue);

```

```

con. open();

```

```

int Rows = cmd. ExecuteNonQuery();

```

```

con. close();

```

```

LblDisplay. Text = Rows + " Record(s) Inserted";

```

```

}

```

```

protected void btnFind_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)

```

```

{

```

```

string Query = "select * from users where userName=@p1";

```

```

cmd = new SqlCommand(Query, con);

```

```

cmd. CommandType = CommandType.Text;

```

```

cmd. parameters. Addwithvalue ("@p1", txtName.Text);

```

```

con. open();

```

```

DR = cmd. ExecuteReader();

```

```

string Gender = "";

```

```

if (DR. Read())

```

```

{

```

```

txtName.Text = DR[0].ToString();

```

```

txtLName.Text = DR[1].ToString();

```

```

txtpassword.Text = DR[3].ToString();

```

```

Gender = DR[4].ToString();

```

```

if (Gender. Equals("Male"))

```

```

    optMale. checked = true;

```

```

if (Gender. Equals("female"),

```

```

    optFemale. checked = true;

```

```

txtAge.Text = DR[5].ToString();
cmbQualification.Selectedvalue = DR[6].ToString();
lstSkill.Selectedvalue = DR[7].ToString();
}
else
    lblDisplay.Text = "user not found";
    con.close();
}

```

⇒ validation controls in Asp.net;-

- validation controls are used to implement client side validation like user enter data are not. data is within the required format or not etc.
- Every validation control will run at server side. at first request of the client. then it generate appropriate HTML, CSS, javascript code and send will be sent to client, at client side. the respective javascript code will perform the respective validation.
- if all the validation controls within the webpage return true then only the page request will be submitted to the server.
- if any single validation control return false then page request will not be submitted to the server usually every validation will control return true or false to the web page.

Type of validation control.

- 1) Required field validation.
- 2) Regular Expression validator
- 3) compare validator
- 4) Range validator
- 5) custom validator
- 6) validation summary

- Required field validator :-

This control is used to check whether user entered the data within control or not.

property with required field validator.

- control to validate
- error message
- set focus on error —

false true

false
- text
- validation group.