```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import itertools
        import random
        import statistics
In [ ]: def kones(n, k):
            result = []
            for bits in itertools.combinations(range(n), k):
                 s = [0] * n
                 for bit in bits:
                    s[bit] = 1
                 result.append(s)
            return result
In [ ]: def does_commute(op1, op2):
            op_sum = list(np.array(op1) + np.array(op2))
            count = op_sum.count(2)
            return count % 2 == 0
In [ ]: def find_logical(stabilizers, error):
            for stab in stabilizers:
                 if does_commute(error, stab) == False:
                     return None
            return error
In [ ]: z_stabilizers = [[1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0],
                         [0,1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0]
                         [0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0]
                         [0,0,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,0,0]
                         [0,0,0,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0]
                         [0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1],
                         [0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,1],
                         [0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,1],
                         [0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1],
                         [0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0]
        x_{stabilizers} = [[0,1,0,1,0,0,0,1,1,0,0],
                         [0,1,0,1,1,1,0,0,1,1,0],
                         [0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,1],
                         [0,1,1,1,0,1,1,0,0,1,0],
                         [0,0,1,1,0,0,1,1,0,1,1],
                         [0,0,1,1,0,0,1,1,1,0,1],
                         [0,1,0,1,1,1,1,0,1,1],
                         [0,0,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0]
                         [0,1,0,1,0,0,1,0,1,0,0],
                         [1,1,1,1,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0]
```

```
In [ ]: # find all potential x logicals
        xlogical = []
         distanceFound = False
         for weight in range(2,8):
             errors = kones(11, weight)
            for error in errors:
                 xlog = find_logical(z_stabilizers, error)
                 if xlog != None:
                     xlogical.append(error)
                     if len(xlogical) == 1:
                         print(f"distance = {weight}")
                     break
        distance = 5
In [ ]: xlogical
Out[ ]: [[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]]
In [ ]: # find all z logicals
        zlogical = []
         distanceFound = False
         for weight in range(2,8):
            errors = kones(11, weight)
            for error in errors:
                 zlog = find_logical(x_stabilizers, error)
                 if zlog != None:
                     for xlog in xlogical:
                         if does commute(zlog, xlog) == False:
                             zlogical.append(zlog)
                             if len(zlogical) == 1:
                                 print(f"distance = {weight}")
        distance = 5
In [ ]: # remove x logicals that don't anticommute with any z logicals
        for xlog in xlogical:
             anticommutes = False
            for zlog in zlogical:
                 if does_commute(xlog, zlog) == False:
                     anticommutes = True
                     break
            if anticommutes == False:
                 xlogical.remove(xlog)
In [ ]: print(f"Z Logical = {zlogical}")
        print(f"X Logical = {xlogical}")
        Z Logical = [[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]]
        X Logical = [[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]]
```

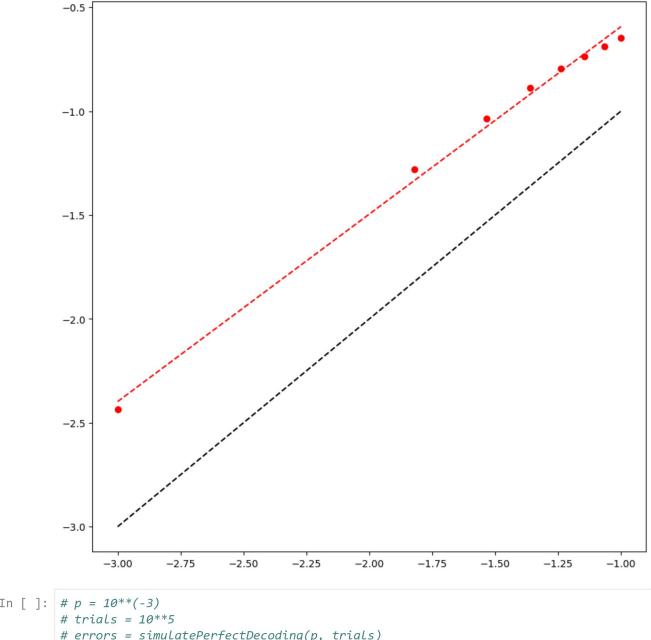
```
In [ ]: errors = []
        for weight in range(0,11):
            errors = errors + kones(11, weight)
        errors.append([1]*11)
        \# get all combinations of z and x errors
        all errors = []
        for z_err in errors:
            for x_err in errors:
                 all_errors.append((z_err, x_err))
        syndrome_error_table = dict()
        for z_err, x_err in all_errors:
            # get syndromes
            z_synd = [0 if does_commute(z_err, stab) else 1 for stab in x_stabilizers]
            x_synd = [0 if does_commute(x_err, stab) else 1 for stab in z_stabilizers]
            # add syndromes together
            syndrome = list((np.array(z_synd) + np.array(x_synd)) % 2)
            # find integer form of binary list
            syndrome_int = int("".join(str(x) for x in syndrome), 2)
            # add syndrome and error to table
            if syndrome int not in syndrome error table:
                 syndrome_error_table[syndrome_int] = (z_err, x_err)
```

```
In [ ]: print(f"Number of possible errors = {len(all_errors)}")
        print(f"Number of unique syndromes = {len(syndrome_error_table)}")
```

Number of possible errors = 4194304 Number of unique syndromes = 1024

```
In [ ]: def simulatePerfectDecoding(noiseRate, trials):
             numDecodingErrors = 0
             for i in range(trials):
                 z_{error} = [0]*11
                 x_{error} = [0]*11
                 for bit in range(11):
                     r = random.random()
                     if r <= noiseRate/3:</pre>
                         x_{error[bit]} = 1
                     elif r <= (2*noiseRate)/3:</pre>
                         z_{error[bit]} = 1
                     elif r <= noiseRate:</pre>
                         x_{error[bit]} = 1
                         z_{error[bit]} = 1
                 # get syndrome
                 x_synd = [0 \text{ if } does_commute(x_error, stab) else 1 for stab in z_stabilizers]
                 z_synd = [0 if does_commute(z_error, stab) else 1 for stab in x_stabilizers
                 syndrome = list((np.array(x_synd) + np.array(z_synd)) % 2)
                 # find syndrome in syndrome error table
                 syndrome_int = int("".join(str(x) for x in syndrome), 2)
                 if syndrome_int not in syndrome_error_table:
                     print("syndrome not found")
                 x_corr, z_corr = syndrome_error_table[syndrome_int][1], syndrome_error_tabl
                 # apply correction to error
                 new_z = list((np.array(z_err) + np.array(z_corr)) % 2)
                 new_x = list((np.array(x_err) + np.array(x_corr)) % 2)
                 # check for logical failure
                 logical_error = 1 if (does_commute(new_z, xlogical[0]) or does_commute(new_
                 if logical_error == 1:
                     numDecodingErrors += 1
             return numDecodingErrors
In [ ]: noise_step = ((1e-1) - (1e-3))/7
        noise_rates = list(np.arange(1e-3, 1e-1 + noise_step, noise_step))
         trials = 10**6
         data = []
         for p in noise_rates:
             print(p)
             data.append([p, simulatePerfectDecoding(p, trials)/trials])
        0.001
        0.015142857142857142
        0.029285714285714283
        0.04342857142857143
        0.057571428571428565
        0.0717142857142857
        0.08585714285714285
        0.099999999999999
In [ ]: | np.array(data)
        data = np.log10(data)
         print(data)
```

```
[[-3.
                       -2.43533394]
          [-1.81979217 -1.2795926 ]
          [-1.53334418 -1.0364955 ]
          [-1.36222446 -0.88813285]
          [-1.23979299 -0.79531038]
          [-1.14439432 -0.73660067]
          [-1.06622357 -0.68706139]
          [-1.
                       -0.64685345]]
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
         plt.plot(data[:,0], data[:,1], 'r--')
         plt.errorbar(data[:,0], data[:,1], statistics.stdev(data[:,1]))
         plt.show()
          0.0
         -0.5
         -1.0
         -1.5
         -2.0
         -2.5
         -3.0
               -3.00
                        -2.75
                                  -2.50
                                           -2.25
                                                    -2.00
                                                             -1.75
                                                                       -1.50
                                                                                -1.25
                                                                                         -1.00
In [ ]: a,b = np.polyfit(data[:,0], data[:,1], 1)
         plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
         plt.plot(data[:,0], data[:,0], 'k--',
                 data[:,0], data[:,1], 'ro',
                 data[:,0], a*data[:,0]+b, 'r--')
         plt.show()
```



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