$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 12\\34 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{2} \rightarrow R_{2} - 3R_{1} ; \sim \begin{bmatrix} 12\\0-2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{2} \rightarrow R_{2}/-2 ; \sim \begin{bmatrix} 12\\0-2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{1} \rightarrow R_{1} - 2R_{2} ; \sim \begin{bmatrix} 10\\0 \end{bmatrix} = I$$

$$R_{2} \rightarrow R_{2} - 3R_{1}; \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{2} \rightarrow R_{2} - 2R_{2}; \quad E_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{1} \rightarrow R_{1} - 2R_{2}; \quad F_{3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
E_{3} &= E_{4} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \\
&= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \\
&= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I
\end{aligned}$$

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$$B=\int_{c}^{a} a b$$

$$B = \frac{1}{ad-bc} \begin{bmatrix} d-b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ C & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -C & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$B = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & d \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ ad \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & a \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & d \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

decomposition (x,-24) (2t 2y,4) Reflection Shear about about shear about X-axis by an amount & Y. axis by an 3. X-axis and amour Prof. Kedukodi Babushri Srinivas, Department of Mathematics, MIT Manipal

Q. Find element over decomposition of A,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Give a geometric interpretation.

Saln:
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{l} \rightarrow R_{l}/4 ;$$

$$R_{l} \rightarrow R_{2} - 2R_{l};$$

$$R_{l} \rightarrow R_{2} - 2R_{l};$$

$$R_{l} \rightarrow -2R_{l};$$

$$R_{l} \rightarrow -2R_{l};$$

$$R_{l} \rightarrow R_{l} - 3k_{l}R_{l},$$

$$\Gamma_{l} \rightarrow R_{l} - 3k_{l}R_{l},$$

Let
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $R_{2} \rightarrow R_{3} - 3R_{1}$
 $R_{3} \rightarrow R_{4} - 3R_{1}$
 $R_{3} \rightarrow R_{4} - 3R_{2}$
 $R_{4} \rightarrow R_{4} - 3R_{2}$
 $R_{5} \rightarrow R_{4} - 3R_{5}$
 $R_{5} \rightarrow R_{4} - 3R_{5}$
 $R_{5} \rightarrow R_{4} - 3R_{5}$
 $R_{5} \rightarrow R_{5} - 3R_{5}$

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lowestriangelæs matrix with di agonal

LU-Decomposition.

Q. Solve 9t+2y=-1 by LU-3x+4y=-1

Desompesition

Solo:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

A[
$$x$$
] = [-1]

 $LU[x] = [-1]$
 $L[x] = [-1]$
 $L[x] = [-1]$
 $L[x] = [-1]$

where $[x] = [x]$
 $L[x] = [x]$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a = -1$$

$$3a+b=-1$$

$$\Rightarrow b=2$$

$$but in (I)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$\Rightarrow x+2y=-1$$

$$-2y=2$$

$$y=-1$$

$$\Rightarrow x=1$$

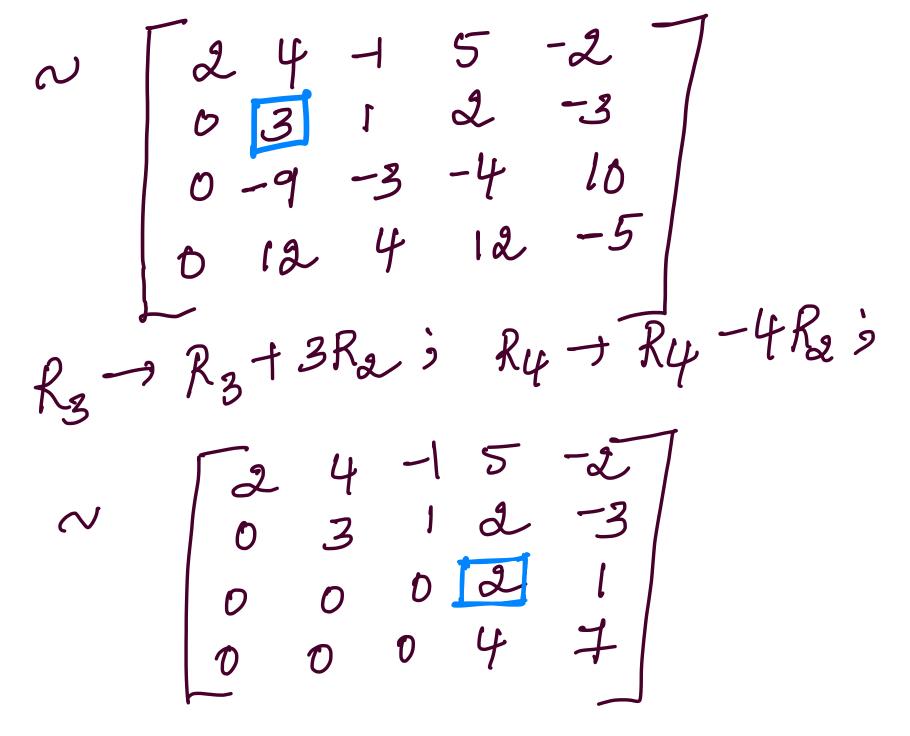
$$x=1$$
Therefore $x=1$, $y=-1$

Q. Find LV. decomposition of
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & -1 & 5 & -2 \\ -4 & -5 & 3 & -8 & 1 \\ 2 & -5 & -4 & 1 & 8 \\ 2 & -5 & -4 & 1 & 8 \\ -6 & 0 & 7 & -3 & 1 & 4x5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$80ln: R_2 \rightarrow R_2 + 2R_1; R_4 \rightarrow R_4 + 3R_1$$

$$R_2 \rightarrow R_3 - R_1;$$

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R4 -> K4-2R2 l D LU E