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PAGE:- C PC-33
C-3

PAGE NO.:	

AI

LAB ASSIGNMENT - 2

AIM:- To solve tic tac toe using minmax algorithm.

OBJECTIVE:- To study and implement min-max algorithm for tic tac toe.

THEORY:- Adversarial search:-

This is the search when there is an enemy changing the state of problem every step in a direction you don't want. Eg. Chess etc.

Tic Tac Toe Solving Steps:-

- 1) Check if game has reached terminal state & return a value depending on the outcome.
- 2) Generate all available moves
- 3) Call the minmax fun. on every available step move recursively to reach terminal state.
- 4) Evaluate collection of sorted moves.
- 5) Return optimal move.

MINMAX:- It is a kind of back tracking it used in decision making & game theory to find optimal value of player.

INPUT:- Initial stage

OUTPUT:- Final stage.

FAQ's

Q.1) compare informed search & adversarial search?

→ Adversarial search is a search where we examine the problem which arises when we try to plan ahead of world and other agent are planning against us.

→ Informed search is more careful for large search spaces. It used concept of heuristics

Q.2 What is Alpha-beta pruning?

- = Modified version of min-max algorithm.
- Optimization technique for min-max algorithm.
- Can be applied at any depth of tree sometimes it only prunes entire subtree.

Q.3 Min Max Algorithm.

function MinMax(node, depth, maximizing player):

if depth = 0 or node = terminal node then
return static evaluation of node.

if maximizing player then
return max Eva = ∞ ;

for each child node do

eva = minmax(child, depth-1, false)

max eva = max(max Eva, eva)

return max Eva

else

min Eva = infinity;

for each child of node:

eva = minmax(child, depth-1, true)

min eva = min(min eva, eva)

return min eva;