

# Raspberry Pi 3 Getting Started Guide

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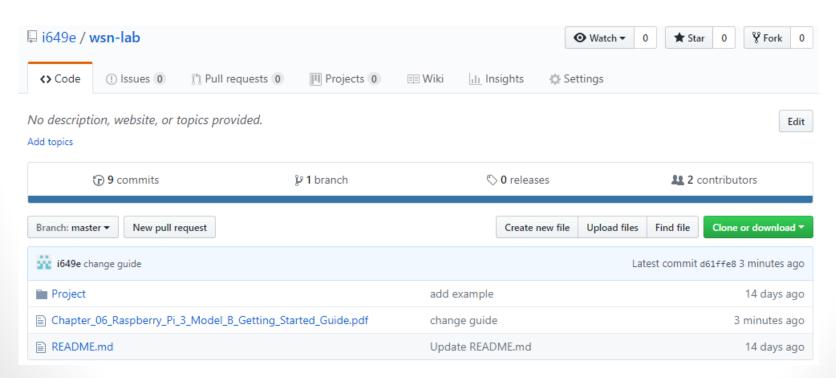
**I649E Wireless Sensor Networks** 

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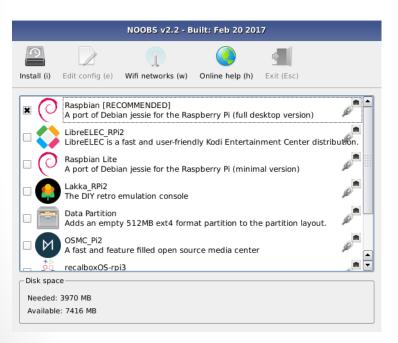
#### I649E's Github

https://github.com/i649e/wsn-lab





#### Installation (NOOBS)



Download NOOB's Raspberry Pi OS from

https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads
/noobs/

- or from mirror at JAIST
  <a href="http://ftp.jaist.ac.jp/pub/raspberrypi/NO">http://ftp.jaist.ac.jp/pub/raspberrypi/NO</a>
  OBS/images/
- 2. Extract files into your SD card
- Put the SD card back to Raspberry Pi
- 4. Boot and install (first item). It takes around 30 minutes to complete.



#### Installation (Etcher)

1. Download Raspbian Desktop at:

http://ftp.jaist.ac.jp/pub/raspberrypi/raspbian/images/raspbian-2018-04-19/2018-04-18-raspbian-stretch.zip

- 2. Extract file into your computer.
- 3. Download Etcher at:

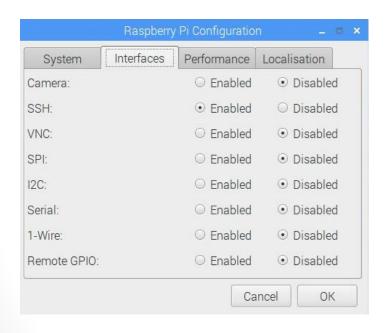
#### https://etcher.io

- 4. Insert SD card and run Etcher
- 5. Select Raspbian image file and SD card's drive then click Flash!
- 6. After finish, unplug the SD card, wait for a while and put it back.
- 7. Create file name **ssh** in the **root folder** (without extension)
- 8. Create file name wpa\_supplicant.conf in the root folder and edit this file as:

```
ctrl_interface=DIR=/var/run/wpa_supplicant GROUP=netdev
network={
    ssid="wsn-lab"
    psk="i649ewsn"
    key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
```



#### Connect Raspberry Pi through SSH



- i. Start > Preferences > Raspberry PiConfiguration
- ii. Set Hostname e.g. node3
- iii. Interface tab > Enable SSH
- iv. You can enable VNC for remote desktop capability though VNC Viewer
- v. Use this for login:

User: pi

Password: raspberry



#### Connect Raspberry Pi through SSH

- Windows
  - Download PuTTY and install from https://putty.org
  - Enter Hostname.local or IP address

```
node5.local 10.10.0.5
```

- Mac and Linux
  - 1. Open terminal
  - Type

```
ssh pi@<IP address>
ssh pi@<Hostname>
ssh pi@10.10.0.4
ssh pi@node4.local
```

Use this for login:

User: pi

Password: raspberry



#### Change Hostname

- 1. Connect ssh to raspberry pi
- 2. Use command:

- 3. Navigate to **Network Options**.
- 4. Select **N1 Hostname**
- 5. Change your Pi's Hostname to **nodexxx** (x is the number of your Pi e.g. node001, node015)
- 6. Choose < Finish >



#### Connect Raspberry Pi through VNC (Command Line)

- 1. Connect ssh to raspberry pi
- 2. Use command:

sudo raspi-config

- 3. Navigate to **Interfacing Options**.
- 4. Scroll down and select **VNC > Yes**.
- Download VNCViewer

https://www.realvnc.com/en/connect/download/viewer/

6. Input **Hostname.local** or **IP address** 



#### Update and Install Essential Software

```
sudo apt-get update -y
sudo apt-get upgrade -y
sudo apt-get dist-upgrade -y
sudo pip install --upgrade pip
sudo apt-get install olsrd iperf wavemon python-
numpy python-scipy python-matplotlib -y
```



#### Raspberry Pi wlan0 Ad-Hoc Setup

Edit the interfaces file in /etc/network/

```
sudo nano /etc/network/interfaces
```

Add the following

```
auto wlan0
iface wlan0 inet static
  address <IP address>
  netmask 255.255.255.0
  mtu 1500
  wireless-channel <channel>
  wireless-essid <network name>
  wireless-mode ad-hoc
  wireless-ap any
```

Reboot Raspberry Pi to take effect.



## Optimized Link State Routing Protocol Daemon (OLSRD)

Start OLSRD using wlan0 interface on Raspberry Pi with debug level 1

```
sudo olsrd -i wlan0 -d 1
```

Check the communication by using ping command

```
ping <IP address>
```

• For multi-hop capability. You need to force two nodes to use a gateway by using firewall to block each other. There is no direct implementation on OLSRD.

```
sudo iptables -A INPUT -m mac --mac-source XX:XX:XX:XX:XX -j
DROP
```

Use the command route or traceroute to see if they use a gateway

```
route
traceroute <IP address>
```



#### Throughput Measurement

The command is iperf. iperf is a tool for active measurements of the maximum achievable bandwidth on IP networks.

Server side

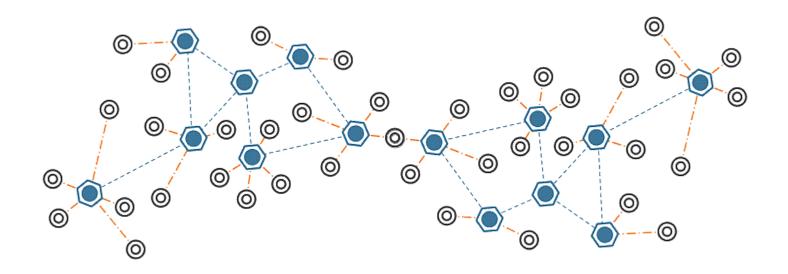
sudo iperf -s

Client side

sudo iperf -c <IP address> -t <time in second>



#### Question and Answer



## THANK YOU.