IDEA Drive

Communications Manual





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Revision History

Date	Description
October 2010	Initial release
January 2011	Added "Execute Program" command.
May 2011	Corrected response from Program command
September 2011	Added information about faults
	Added Read Moving command
	Updated configure encoder command
	Alphabetized commands
December 2011	Corrected configure encoder example
April 2013	Corrected program description
	Corrected table of contents

IDEA Drive Communications Basics

The IDEA drive line of products are commanded through the use of an Ascii based language developed by Haydon Kerk. Each command consists of a character identifying the command, followed by between 0 and 12 parameters separated by commas, and then followed by a carriage return. One difference between this language and those used by competing products is that each motion command encapsulates all parameters needed by the move; there are no parameters to set before a move command is issued. While this makes manual entry of commands into a terminal cumbersome, this is not the intended use of the language. Creation of these commands can be done simply in the software of the controller used to command the drives.

The IDEA drive adheres to a master/slave communications model. The master controller initiates all communications. If information is required from the drive, as in the case of requesting the drive's current position, the controller first sends the command requesting the drive's position, then the drive responds with the requested information, enclosed by several characters to identify the response. The extra characters can then be parsed, and the response read.

For the RS-485 communication option, several drives can be daisy chained together on a single bus. This allows a single controller to send commands to all the drives at once. In this configuration, for each drive to be controlled separately, they must each be given a unique identifier, a number between 0 and 255. This must be done with only one drive attached. The user interface has a function built in to make this process simple. Once each drive on the bus has its own identifier, any command that is sent starting with the '#" character followed by an identifier, followed by the normal command, will be ignored by any drive whose identifier does not match the provided identifier. For example, to send an abort command to the drive whose identifier is 123, the controller would send "#123A" followed by a carriage return. If a command should be executed by all drives at once, the controller would omit the pound and identifier. It is important

that the controller never request a response from all the drives at once, as this will cause a data collision when all the drives attempt to respond at once.

One major difference between using this command set to control the drive, and using the IDEA drive user interface is, there are no protections when using the command language. The user interface ensures that based upon the part number entered, no improper values are sent to the drive; with this command set, it is the responsibility of the user to ensure that no damage is done to the drive, motor, or other equipment through the incorrect use of commands.

The parameters for serial communication are as follows:

Bits per Second: 57600

Data bits: 8

Parity: none

Stop Bits: 1

Flow Control: None

Commands

The following describes the commands that make up the IDEA drive communications language, as well as the format for any response required from the drive. When quotation marks are present, the text in between the quotation marks is the important string, and the quotation marks themselves should not be included. When [cr] is shown, it is referring to the Ascii carriage return character, not to be confused with a line feed character. When [parameter] is shown, where parameter is the name of a parameter, it is representing some variable with that name, and the brackets will not be part of the string.

The contexts listed below indicate when each command can be used.

Realtime commands can only be executed by direct command to the drive, such as requesting the current position. Program commands can only be a part of a program, and are generally branching or similar commands, such as Goto.

Realtime/Program commands can be used anytime, and are generally motion related commands, such as Index. For further explanation of the commands, refer to the IDEA drive users' manual.

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>		Response		
Abort	Α	Realtime/Program	none		None		
Description	This command causes the drive to immediately stop, and ends the execution and of any programs.						
Arguments	Argument Description Valid Value or Range						
none							
Example	You want to stop all drive activity.						
Command	"A" followed by a carriage return.						

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response			
Assign Drive Number	v	Realtime	Identifier	None			
Description	This command assigns the drive an identifier.						
<u>Arguments</u>		<u> Argu</u>	ment Description	Valid Values or Range			
Identifier	The number that should be associated with the drive. 0 to 255						
Example	You want to set the drive's identifier to 136.						
Command	"y136" followed by a carriage return.						

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response		
Check Password	c	Realtime	Password	"`cYES[cr]`c#[cr]" or "`cNO[cr]`c#[cr]"		
Description	_	This command checks to see if a password is the correct password.				
<u>Arguments</u>	<u> </u>	Argument Description Valid Values or Range				
Password	The passw	The password in question. A string, exactly 10 characters lon				
Example	You want t	You want to check if the password is "password ".				
<u>Command</u>	"cpasswor	"cpassword " followed by a carriage return.				

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	<u>Response</u>			
Comment	С	Program	Comment	None			
Description	This com	This command creates a comment in the program.					
	Valid Values						
<u>Arguments</u>	Argument Description or Range						
Comment	A string, must be exactly 10 characters long.						
Example	You want to add a comment that says "Extend 1in".						
Command	"CExtend	"CExtend 1in" followed by a carriage return.					

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response	
Configure Encoder	z	Realtime/Program	DeadBand, StallHunts, Destination, Priority	None	
<u>Description</u>	This com	nmand configures the	e encoder.		
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argument</u>	<u>Description</u>	Valid Values or Range	
DeadBand		ber of 1/64 th steps ave e drive will begin to	way from the desired location correct.	1 to 65535, or 0 to disable	
Stall Hunts	The num make.	ber of attempts at a	given move the drive will	0 to 255	
Destination		ess of the subroutin	0 to 86012, multiples of four only. Must be the address of a valid command.		
Priority Encoder	The prior	0 to 4, 10 to disable Motor resolution to			
Resolution		per revolution.	r being used in pulses per	10000	
Motor Resolution		lution of the motor b	20 to 400		
Example	You have a 1000 line encoder, a 1.8° motor, and you want the drive to correct for position errors greater than 1 full step, retry moves twice, and do not want to trigger an interrupt after the second failure.				
Command	"z64,2,0,	10,1000,200" followe	d by a carriage return.		

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response		
Configure Input Interrupts	i	Program	Input1 config, input2 config, input3 config, input4 config, intput1 destination, input2 destination, input3 destination, input4 destination, input1 priority, input2 priority, input3 priority, input4 priority	None		
Description	This command is used to configure the interrupt settings for in inputs.					
<u>Arguments</u>	Argument Description Valid Val					
Config			pt the input should be. 1 for Falling edge, for both edges, 0 for disabled.	0,1,2,3		
Destination	The address of the subroutine that should handle the interrupt. O to 87036, multiples of four only.					
Priority	The priority of the interrupt; lower numbered priorities are handled first. 0 to 4					
<u>Example</u>	You want to set a rising edge interrupt on input 2, whose destination is address 512 and priority is 1, and all other input interrupts disabled.					
Command	"i0,2,0,0,	0,512,0,0,4,	1,4,4" followed by a carriage return.			

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response		
E-Stop	E	RealTime/Program	Decel Current, Hold Current, Delay Time	None		
<u>Description</u>	This comm	and stops the motor v	without decelerating.			
<u>Arguments</u>	Argument Description Range					
Decel				0 to 5005,		
Current	The rms cu	rrent, in milliamps, us	sed to stop the motor.	dependant on Drive		
Hold Current	The rms current, in milliamps, for after the motor has stopped. 0 to 3850, dependant on Drive					
	The time, in milliamps, between the last step of a move and					
Delay	when the current is set to the hold current. 50 to 300					
Example	You wish to immediately stop the motor with a decel current of 2.0 Arms, and waiting .05 seconds between the last step and changing to a hold current of 0.5 Arms.					
Command	"E2000,500	,50" followed by a car	riage return			

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response			
Execute							
Program	m	Realtime	Program name	None			
	This com	mand begins the	e execution of a program w	vithout changing the state of			
<u>Description</u>	the outpu	its or motor.					
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argumer</u>	t Description	Valid Values or Range			
Program				A string, exactly 10			
Name	The name	The name of the program to run. characters long					
	You want	You want to run a program named "program 1 ", without returning to the default					
<u>Example</u>	state.						
<u>Command</u>	"mprogram 1 " followed by a carriage return.						

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response	
Go At			Speed, Start Speed, End Speed, Accel, Decel, Run Current, Hold Current, Accel Current, Decel		
Speed	Q		Current, Delay Time, Step Mode	None	
<u>Description</u>	This com	mand moves the mo	tor to a position, with the given paran		
_		_		Valid Values or	
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argume</u>	ent Description	Range	
Run Speed		ber of steps per seco d, in the given step n	and the motor should move at the mode.	0 or -50 to - 75000 or 50 to 75000	
Start Speed		ber of steps per seco he move, in the given	and the motor should move when a step mode.	0 or 50 to 75000 Must be less than Run Speed	
End Speed	ending th	ne move, in the given		0 or 50 to 75000 Must be less than Run Speed	
Accel Rate	Rate at w		ld rise from the Start Speed to the	0, or 500 to 16777215	
Decel Rate	Rate at w		ld fall from the Run Speed to the	0, or 500 to 16777215	
Run Current	The rms	current, in milliamps	for the move.	0 to 3850, dependant on Drive	
Hold Current	The rms	current, in milliamps	, for after the move has completed.	0 to 3850, dependant on Drive	
Accel Current	The rms move.	current, in milliamps	, for the acceleration portion of the	0 to 5005, dependant on Drive	
Decel Current	The rms move.	current, in milliamps	, for the deceleration portion of the	0 to 5005, dependant on Drive	
Delay		, in milliseconds, bet current is set to the	ween the last step of a move and hold current.	50 to 300	
Step Mode	so on.	•	is a full step, 2 is a half step, and	1,2,4,8,16,32,64.	
<u>Example</u>	Desired move backwards, in 1/8th step mode, at a speed of 3200 1/8th steps per second, starting at 1200 1/8th steps per second, accelerating at a rate of 40000 1/8th steps per second per second, decelerating at a rate of 100000 1/8th steps per second per second to an end speed of 2000 1/8th steps per second, with a run current of 1.6 Arms, accel current of 1.9 Arms, decel current of 2.0 Arms, and waiting .05 seconds between the last step and changing to a hold current of 0.5 Arms.				
Command	"Q-3200, return.	1200,2000,40000,1000	000,1600,500,1900,2000,50,8" followed	d by a carriage	

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response	
Goto	G	Program	Destination	None	
Description	This com	nmand causes the	program to continue	e execution at the specified address.	
Arguments		Argument Des	cription_	Valid Values or Range	
Destination	The addr	ess of the comma	and that should be	0 to 86012, multiples of four only. Must be the address of a valid command.	
Example	You want to continue execution at address 1024.				
Command	"G1024" followed by a carriage return.				

Com	<u>mand</u>	Sy	mbol	Con	<u>text</u>		Argu	ıment	<u>s</u>					Re	spon	<u>se</u>
G	oto If	L		Prog	gram		Dest	inatio	n, Co	nditio	า			No	ne	
Desc	ription		This command causes the program to continue execution at the specified address if the condition is met.													
Argu	ıments					Arg	jumen	t Des	criptic	<u>n</u>				or	lid Va Rang	<u>e</u>
															o 860 ultiple	
															ur onl	
															ust be	
														ad	dress	of a
			valid													
Dest	inatior													СО	mmar	nd.
Cana		tion The address of the command that should be run. 2 bytes indicating which I/O are tested, and the test values for each. The least significant byte corresponds to the inputs, and the most significant byte corresponds to the outputs. For each byte, the least significant nibble represents the condition being tested, a 1 meaning a high input or output, and a 0 representing a low input or output. The more significant nibble decides which of those conditions are to be tested, with a 1 representing an input or output should be tested. The least significant bit corresponds to														
	dition		out1, t			•				40041				0 t	o 655	35
Exan			u wan											D:4	D:4	I
Bit 16	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Total
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	34
		- i	_	_	_	L -		_	_	1	U	U	U	<u> </u>	U	34
Com	Command "L1024, 34" followed by a carriage return.															

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response			
Goto Sub	S	Program	Destination	None			
		This command causes the program to execute the subroutine at the given					
<u>Description</u>	destinati	on.					
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argument</u>	<u>Description</u>	Valid Values or Range			
Destination	The addr	ress of the sub	proutine that should be	0 to 86012, multiples of four only. Must be the address of a valid command.			
Example	You wan	You want to run a subroutine at address 1024.					
Command	"S1024" followed by a carriage return.						

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response		
			Distance, Speed, Start			
			Speed, End Speed, Accel,			
			Decel, Run Current, Hold			
			Current, Accel Current,			
			Decel Current, Delay Time,			
Index	1	RealTime/Program	Step Mode	None		
	This con	nmand moves the mo	tor forward or backwards a de	efined number of steps,		
Description		given parameters.		• ,		
Arguments		Argument D	Description Description	Valid Values or Range		
		,		-18446744073709551616		
	The posi	tive or negative num	ber of 1/64th steps the	to		
Distance		ould move.	·	18446744073709551615		
	The num	ber of steps per seco	and the motor should move			
Run Speed	at the to	speed, in the given	step mode.	0 or 50 to 75000		
Start	The num	ber of steps per seco	and the motor should move	0 or 50 to 75000 Must		
Speed		irting the move, in the		be less than Run Speed		
			and the motor should move	0 or 50 to 75000 Must		
End Speed		ding the move, in the		be less than Run Speed		
Liiu Opoou			Id rise from the Start Speed	So loco man itan opcou		
Accel Rate		ın Speed.	id fide from the otal opeca	0, or 500 to 16777215		
710001 Italo			ld fall from the Run Speed	0, 0, 000 to 10111210		
Decel Rate		nal Speed.	ia ian irom tho itan opoca	0, or 500 to 16777215		
Run		ороси.		0 to 3850, dependant on		
Current	The rms	current, in milliamps	for the move.	Drive		
Hold			, for after the move has	0 to 3850, dependant on		
Current	complete	•	,	Drive		
Accel			, for the acceleration portion	0 to 5005, dependant on		
Current	of the mo	•	,	Drive		
Decel	The rms	current, in milliamps	, for the deceleration portion	0 to 5005, dependant on		
Current	of the mo		•	Drive		
	The time	, in milliseconds, bet	ween the last step of a			
Delay	move an	d when the current is	set to the hold current.	50 to 300		
			is a full step, 2 is a half			
Step Mode	step, and			1,2,4,8,16,32,64.		
			600 1/64th steps, in 1/8th step			
			starting at 1200 1/8th steps pe			
	a rate of 40000 1/8th steps per second per second, decelerating at a rate of 100000					
	1/8th steps per second per second to an end speed of 2000 1/8th steps per second,					
			s, accel current of 1.9 Arms, de			
_		ing .05 seconds betw	een the last step and changin	g to a hold current of 0.5		
<u>Example</u>	Arms.		_			
r	,		,100000,1600,500,1900,2000,50	0,8" followed by a		
Command	carriage	return.				

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response	
Interrupt					
on Position	T	Program	Position, Destination, Priority	None	
Description	This com	nmand sets an ir	nterrupt to occur at a given posit	ion.	
<u>Arguments</u>		Argume	nt Description	Valid Values or Range	
Position	The posi	tion where the ir	nterrupt should be triggered.	-18446744073709551616 to 18446744073709551615	
		0 to 86012, multiples of four only. Must be the			
Destination		ess of the subro is triggered.	outine to be run when the	address of a valid command.	
Destination			pt; lower values are a higher	Command.	
Priority	priority. 0 to 4, 10 to disable				
<u>Example</u>	You want to set a trip point at position 0, that runs a subroutine at address 1024, and has the highest priority.				
Command	"T0,1024	,0" followed by a	a carriage return		

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response	
Jump N			Destination,		
Times	J	Program	Jumps	None	
	This con	nmand causes the	program to continue	execution at the specified address a	
<u>Description</u>	specified	I number of times.	•		
Arguments		Argument Des	cription	Valid Values or Range	
				0 to 86012, multiples of four only.	
	The addr	ess of the comma	and that should be	Must be the address of a valid	
Destination	run.			command.	
	The num	ber of times execu	ution should branch		
Jumps	to the de	stination address	<u>-</u>	0 to 65535	
<u>Example</u>	You want to continue execution at address 1024, and do so 3 times.				
Command	"J1024, 3	"J1024, 3" followed by a carriage return.			

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	<u>Response</u>			
Label	В	Program	Label name	None			
Description	This com	This command creates a label in the program.					
		<u>Valid Values</u>					
<u>Arguments</u>			<u>Argument Description</u>	or Range			
Label							
Name	A string,	A string, must be exactly 10 characters long.					
<u>Example</u>	You wan	You want to add a label called "Start".					
Command	"BStart	"BStart " followed by a carriage return.					

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response			
			Position, Speed, Start				
			Speed, End Speed,				
			Accel, Decel, Run				
			Current, Hold Current,				
			Accel Current, Decel				
Move To			Current, Delay Time,				
Position	M	RealTime/Program	Step Mode	None			
Description	This com	mand moves the moto	r to a position, with the give	en parameters.			
Arguments		Argument Des	scription	Valid Values or Range			
				-18446744073709551616			
	The positi	ive or negative positio	n, based on 1/64th steps,	to			
Position	the motor	should move to.	•	18446744073709551615			
	The numb	er of steps per secon	d the motor should move				
Run Speed	at the top	speed, in the given st	ep mode.	0 or 50 to 75000			
Start	The numb	er of steps per secon	d the motor should move	0 or 50 to 75000 Must			
Speed		ting the move, in the		be less than Run Speed			
	The numb	er of steps per secon	d the motor should move	0 or 50 to 75000 Must			
End Speed		ing the move, in the g		be less than Run Speed			
•			rise from the Start Speed	•			
Accel Rate	to the Rur	n Speed.	·	0, or 500 to 16777215			
	Rate at wh	nich the speed should	fall from the Run Speed				
Decel Rate	to the Fina	al Speed.	0, or 500 to 16777215				
Run				0 to 3850, dependant on			
Current		urrent, in milliamps fo		Drive			
Hold		urrent, in milliamps, f	or after the move has	0 to 3850, dependant on			
Current	completed			Drive			
Accel		•	or the acceleration portion	0 to 5005, dependant on			
Current	of the mov			Drive			
Decel			or the deceleration portion	0 to 5005, dependant on			
Current	of the mov		on the lest etc. of a	Drive			
Dolov		in milliseconds, between the current is a	een the last step of a et to the hold current.	50 to 200			
Delay			et to the hold current. s a full step, 2 is a half	50 to 300			
Step Mode	step, and		5 a iuii δι ε μ, 2 i 5 a iiaii	1,2,4,8,16,32,64.			
Step Mode			n 1/8th step mode, at a spee				
			teps per second, acceleratir				
		steps per second per second, decelerating at a rate of 100000 1/8th steps per second per second to an end speed of 2000 1/8th steps per second, with a run					
			ent of 1.9 Arms, decel curren				
			e last step and changing to				
Example	Arms.						
		1200,2000,40000.1000	00,1600,500,1900,2000,50,8"	followed by a carriage			
Command	return.	,,,	,,,,,,,,,				

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	<u>Response</u>			
No-op	w	Program	none	None			
Description	This command is used to insert an extra line in a program.						
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argum</u>	ent Description	Valid Values or Range			
none							
Example	This con	This command would be used in a custom user interface.					
Command	"w" follo	"w" followed by a carriage return.					

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response		
				None or		
5			(Program Name, Start Location,	"`P[Program		
Program	P	Realtime	Length) or none	size][CR]`P#[CR]"		
Description	This con	nmand starts and	ends the process of writing a progra	am.		
				Valid Values or		
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argum</u>	ent Description	<u>Range</u>		
				A string; must be		
Program			, if it is the same as a program	exactly 10		
Name	already of	on the drive, the o	ld program will be removed.	characters.		
			ne program should begin. If the			
Start			other program, the old program			
Location	will be d	eleted. Each page	has 1024 bytes of space.	1 to 85		
Length	The number of pages the program will take up. 1 to 85					
Example	You want to write a program name program 1, on the first page of memory.					
		"Pprogram 1, 1,1" followed by a carriage return. Then followed by the commands				
	that make up the program, each separated by a carriage return, followed by "P"					
Command	followed	by a carriage retu	ırn.			

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	<u>Response</u>			
Read Current Position	_	Realtime	None	"`l[value][cr]`l#[cr]" where value represents the motor position.			
Description	This command requests the position of the motor either theoretical, or actual if an encoder is enabled.						
<u>Arguments</u>		<u> Argur</u>	ment Description	Valid Values or Range			
None							
<u>Example</u>	You want to check the position of the drive.						
<u>Command</u>	"I" follow	ed by a carria	ge return.				

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	<u>Response</u>			
Read Drive Number	k	Realtime	None	"`k[value][cr]`k#[cr]" where [value] is a number.			
Description	This con	This command requests drive identifier.					
Arguments		Argum	ent Description	Valid Values or Range			
None							
Example	You wan	You want to read the drive's identifier.					
Command	"k" follo	wed by a carri	age return.				

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response				
Read								
Encoder								
Settings	b	Realtime	None	"`b[deadband],[stallhunts][cr]`b#[cr]"				
Description	This com	nmand reque	ests the encoder config	uration of the drive.				
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argumen</u>	t Description	Valid Values or Range				
None								
Example	You want to check the encoder settings on the drive.							
Command	"b" followed by a carriage return.							

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response			
Read Executing	r	Realtime	None	"`rYES[cr]`r#[cr]" or "`rNO[cr]`r#[cr]"			
Description	This com	This command requests whether the drive is actively running a program.					
Arguments		<u> Argun</u>	nent Description	Valid Values or Range			
None							
Example	You wan	You want to check if the drive is executing a program.					
Command	"r" follov	ved by a carria	ge return.				

Commar	<u>nd</u>	Symbo	<u>I</u> Cont	<u>text</u>	Argume	<u>nts</u>		Resp	<u>onse</u>	
Read Fa	ults	f	Real	time	None			value prese repre	lue][cr]`f#[o represents ent. Each bi sents a spe fined below	the errors t cific error,
Descript	<u>ion</u>	This co	mmand re	equests the	error sta	tus of the	drive.			
<u>Argumer</u>	<u>nts</u>			Argument D	Description	<u>on</u>		<u>Valid</u>	Values or F	Range
None										
Example	<u>!</u>	You wa	ant to ched	k the error	status of	the drive.				
Comman	<u>1d</u>	"f" follo	owed by a	carriage re	turn.					
Bit 8	E	Bit 7 Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0					Bit 0			
		Int								
Over	l	Bad	Current	Loop	Queue	Encoder	oder Stack Stack		Stack	
Speed	Che	cksum	Limit	Overflow	Full	Error	Temper	ature	Overflow	Underflow

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response			
Read Firmware Version	v	Realtime	None	"`v[value][cr]`v#[cr]" where [value] is a number.			
Description	This command requests the firmware version of the drive.						
Arguments		•	ment Description	Valid Values or Range			
None							
Example	You want to check the firmware version on the drive.						
Command	"v" followed by a carriage return.						

Command	Symbol	Context	Argumen	ts Respo	nse				
	Symbol	Johnson	ragamon	"`:[val betwe being signifi	Response "`:[value][CR]`:#[CR]", Where [value] is a number between 0 and 255, formed from 1 byte, with ones being highs, zeros being lows, the most significant bit corresponding to output4, and the			with ones t I, and the	
Read IO	:	Realtime	none	least s	ignificant	bit correspo	onding to in	put1.	
Descriptio	n This co	mmand req	uests the s	tatus of the	inputs an	d outputs.			
Arguments	<u>Ar</u>	gument Des	cription	Valid \	/alues or R	Range_			
none									
	Want to	know the s	tatus of the	e input and	outputs. F	or this exar	nple, outpu	ts 1 and 2	
Example	will be l	nigh, and in	puts 2, 3, a	nd 4 will be	high, all o	thers will b	e low.		
Command	":" follo	":" followed by a carriage return.							
Output4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Input 4					
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	62	

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response			
Read Max Current	j	Realtime	None	"`j[value][cr]`j#[cr]" where [value] is a number.			
Description	This command requests the maximum current setting of the drive.						
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argum</u>	ent Description	Valid Values or Range			
None							
Example	You wan	You want to check the maximum current of the drive.					
Command	"j" follow	ved by a carria	ge return.				

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	<u>Response</u>			
Read Moving	0	Realtime	None	"`oYES[cr]`o#[cr]" or "`oNO[cr]`o#[cr]"			
Description	This com	This command requests whether the drive is moving.					
Arguments		Argun	nent Description	Valid Values or Range			
None							
Example	You wan	You want to check if the drive is moving.					
Command	"o" follow	wed by a carria	age return.				

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response			
Read Program Names	N	Realtime	none	"`N[program1 name],[start page],[end page][CR]`N[program2 name],[start page],[end page][CR]`N#[CR]" More programs would have more entries.			
Description	This comr	This command requests that all program names and addresses be sent.					
Arguments	Arg	ument Des	<u>cription</u>	Valid Values or Range			
none							
Example	You want to know what programs are residing on the drive.						
Command	"N" follow	"N" followed by a carriage return.					

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response					
Read Startup Program	K	Realtime	none	"`K[program name][CR]`K#[CR]" If there is no startup program, [program name] will be an empty string.					
<u>Description</u>	This com	This command requests the name of the startup program.							
<u>Arguments</u>	<u>A</u> r	gument Des	<u>scription</u>	Valid Values or Range					
none									
Example	Want to know what program is set to run on power up.								
Command	"K" followed by a carriage return.								

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response			
Recall Program	@	Realtime	Password, Program Name	The commands that make up the program, unless the password was incorrect, in which case there is no response.			
<u>Description</u>	This con	imand request	s the program be	read back.			
<u>Arguments</u>		Argument Des	scription_	<u>Valid Values or Range</u>			
Password	The pass	sword for the d	rive	A string; must be exactly 10 characters.			
Program Name	The name of the program to be read back.			A string; must be exactly 10 characters.			
Example	Want to read back a program named "program 1" from the drive, with no password.						
Command	"@	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response		
Remove Password	q	Realtime	Password	None		
Description	This con	nmand remove	s a password.			
Arguments		Argument	Description	Valid Values or Range		
Password	The curr	ent password		A string, exactly 10 characters long		
Example	You wan	You want to remove the password "password ".				
Command	"qpassw	"qpassword " followed by a carriage return.				

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response			
Remove Program	D	Realtime	Program name	None			
Description	This com	This command removes a program.					
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argu</u>	Valid Values or Range				
Program Name	The name	of the prog	A string, exactly 10 characters long				
Example	You want	You want to remove a program named "program 1 " from the drive.					
Command	"Dprogra	"Dprogram 1 " followed by a carriage return.					

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response		
Restore						
Factory						
Defaults	a	Realtime	None	None		
<u>Descriptio</u>	This con	This command removes the drive password and deletes all the programs on the				
<u>n</u>	drive.					
<u>Arguments</u>		Argume	nt Description	Valid Values or Range		
None						
Example	You wan	You want to remove the password on a drive, but forgot that password.				
Command	"a" follo	wed by a carriage	return.			

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response		
Return	X	Program	none	None		
Description	This com	This command returns from a subroutine.				
	Valid Value					
<u>Arguments</u>		Argument Description or Range				
none						
Example	You want to return from a subroutine to where the subroutine was called from.					
Command	"X" follo	wed by a carria	age return.			

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response			
Return To	V	Program	Destination	None			
		This command exits a subroutine, branches to a location, and clears all pending					
Description	interrupt	s, the return stack	and the loop counters.				
Arguments		Argument De	Valid Values or Range				
Destination	The addr	ess to which the p	program should branch.	0 to 87036, multiples of four only.			
Example	You want to exit a subroutine and continue execution somewhere other than where the subroutine was called from, in this case, address 32.						
Command	"V32" fol	llowed by a carria	ge return.				

<u>Command</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response			
Run Program	Υ	Realtime	Program name	None			
Description		This command begins the execution of a program, first returning to step 0 and setting all outputs low.					
<u>Arguments</u>	Argument Description			Valid Values or Range			
Program Name	The name	of the program to rui	n.	A string, exactly 10 characters long			
<u>Example</u>	You want to run a program named "program 1 ", starting from the default state.						
Command	"Yprogram 1 " followed by a carriage return.						

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>A</u> ı	guments				Respo	nse_
Set		Realtime/P	rogra						
Outputs	0	m	0	utput Value				None	
Description	This com	mand sets t	he state of	the outputs					
								Valid V	/alues
<u>Arguments</u>			<u>Argume</u>	nt Description	<u>on</u>			or Ran	<u>ge</u>
	1 byte inc	1 byte indicating which outputs should be set and what they should							
	be set to.	be set to. The most significant nibble indicates which outputs are							
Output	being set	t, and the lea	st signific	ant nibble c	ontrols wha	t they are			
Value	being set	to.						0 to 25	5
	You want	t to set outp	ut 3 high, d	output 2 low	, and want t	o leave outp	outs	1 and 4	•
Example	unchang	ed.	_	_		_			
Bit 8 =	Bit 7 =	Bit 6 =	Bit 5 =						Tota
128	64	32	16	Bit $4 = 8$	Bit 3 = 4	Bit 2 = 2	Bi	t 1 = 1	I
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	•	100
Command	"O100" fo	"O100" followed by a carriage return.							

Command	Symbol	Context	Arguments	Response		
Set Password	р	Realtime	Password	None		
Description	This command	This command sets a password, if none exists.				
Arguments	Argu	ment Descrip	tion_	Valid Values or Range		
Password	The desired password.			A string, exactly 10 characters long		
Example	You want to set the password as "password ".					
Command	"ppassword " followed by a carriage return.					

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response	
Set					
Position As	Z	Realtime/Program	New Position	None	
Description	This com	nmand adjusts the po	osition counter.		
Arguments		Argument D	<u>escription</u>	Valid Values or Range	
New Position		tion, as 1/64th steps position to become.	, you would like the	-18446744073709551616 to 18446744073709551615	
Example	After homing, you want to set the current location to 0.				
Command	"Z0" follo	owed by a carriage re	eturn.		

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response		
Set Startup						
Program	U	Realtime	Program name	None		
<u>Description</u>	This com	This command sets a program as the startup program.				
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argur</u>	ment Description	Valid Values or Range		
Program				A string, exactly 10		
Name	The nam	e of the progra	am to start on power up or reset.	characters long		
Example	You want to set a program named "program 1 " as the startup program.					
Command	"Uprogram 1 " followed by a carriage return.					

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response		
Software						
Reset	R	Realtime/Program	none	None		
Description	This com	This command causes the drive to restart, acts the same as cycling power.				
				Valid Values or		
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argument</u>	Description	Range		
none						
Example	You want to restart the drive.					
Command	"R" follo	"R" followed by a carriage return.				

Command	<u>Symbol</u>	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response			
			End Speed, Decel rate, run				
			current, decel current, hold				
Stop			current, delay time, step	l			
Stop	Н	RealTime/Program	mode	None			
	 .						
<u>Description</u>	I his con	imand stops the mot	or using an optional decelerat	ion ramp.			
Arguments		Argument D	Description	Valid Values or Range			
rugamonto	The num		and the motor should move	0 or 50 to 75000 Must			
End Speed		ding the move, in the		be less than Run Speed			
			ld fall from the current				
Decel Rate		the end speed.		0, or 500 to 16777215			
Run	The rms	current, in milliamps	for the deceleration, if too	0 to 3850, dependant			
Current	long to u	se boosted decel cur	rent for the entire ramp.	on Drive			
Hold	The rms	current, in milliamps	, for after the move has	0 to 3850, dependant			
Current	complete	ed.		on Drive			
Decel	The rms	current, in milliamps	, for the deceleration portion	0 to 5005, dependant			
Current	of the me	ove.		on Drive			
		• • •	en the last step of a move				
Delay	and whe	n the current is set to	the hold current.	50 to 300			
	Defines t	the step size, where 1	is a full step, 2 is a half				
Step Mode	step, and so on. 1,2,4,8,16,32,64.						
			n 1/8th step mode, deceleratin				
	1/8th steps per second per second to a end speed of 2000 1/8th steps per second,						
5		with a run current of 1.6 Arms, decel current of 2.0 Arms, and waiting .05 seconds					
Example			inging to a hold current of 0.5				
Command	"H2000,1	00000,1600,2000,500	,50,8" followed by a carriage r	eturn			

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response	
Wait For					
Move	F	Program	none	None	
<u>Description</u>	This command causes the program to delay execution of the next command until the motor has stopped moving.				
<u>Arguments</u>		<u>Argum</u>	ent Description	Valid Values or Range	
none					
	You have started a move command and do not want the next command to execute				
<u>Example</u>	until the move has finished.				
Command	"F" followed by a carriage return.				

Command	Symbol	Context	<u>Arguments</u>	Response		
Wait Time	W	Program	Time	None		
Description	This command causes the program to delay execution of the next command for a specified time.					
Arguments	•	Argument Description				
Time	The amount of time, in milliseconds, that the command should be delayed. 0 to 65535					
Example	You have started a move command and do not want the next command to execute for 1 second.					
Command	"W1000"	followed by a	carriage return.			