

Nurse staffing strategies for enhanced patient care

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abstract I analyze a medical staffing dataset and identify avenues to improve work satisfaction among nurses and the quality of care provided at United States medical institutions.

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[...]

0.1 Imports

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from great_tables import GT
from pandas.plotting import scatter_matrix

from src.stylesheet import customize_plots
from src.inspection import make_df, display, display2
```

0.2 The dataset

0.2.a Load the data

We begin by exploring the data to get to know the features and patterns on which we will base our analysis.

```
if 'data' not in locals():
    data = pd.read_csv(
        "../data/raw/PBJ_Daily_Nurse_Staffing_Q1_2024.zip",
        encoding='ISO-8859-1',
        low_memory=False
    )
else:
    print("data loaded.")
```

0.2.b Inspect the data

```
data.sample(5)
```

PROVNUM	PROVNAME	CITY	STATE	COUNTY	QTY	Work-MF	RN	Hrs	PCNA	Ns	Crs	Ch	Hrs	Med	Adm	Artp	ctr
	NAME	TY	TY		Date	Scen	DON	N_ctr	NA_e	NA_ctr	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		NAME	FIPS				sus						ttm	ner	tp	ctr	
20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508	20508
481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867	481867
15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526	15526
333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320	333320
16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538	16538
386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166	386166
39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545	39545
980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747	980747
14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598	14598
304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194	304194

```
data.info(memory_usage=False)
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1330966 entries, 0 to 1330965
Data columns (total 33 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   PROVNUM                1330966 non-null object
1   PROVNAME               1330966 non-null object
2   CITY                   1330966 non-null object
3   STATE                  1330966 non-null object
4   COUNTY_NAME            1330966 non-null object
5   COUNTY_FIPS            1330966 non-null int64
6   CY_Qtr                 1330966 non-null object
7   WorkDate               1330966 non-null int64
8   MDScensus              1330966 non-null int64
9   Hrs_RNDON              1330966 non-null float64
10  Hrs_RNDON_emp           1330966 non-null float64
11  Hrs_RNDON_ctr           1330966 non-null float64
12  Hrs_RNadmin            1330966 non-null float64
13  Hrs_RNadmin_emp        1330966 non-null float64
14  Hrs_RNadmin_ctr        1330966 non-null float64
15  Hrs_RN                 1330966 non-null float64
16  Hrs_RN_emp             1330966 non-null float64
17  Hrs_RN_ctr             1330966 non-null float64
18  Hrs_LPNadmin           1330966 non-null float64
19  Hrs_LPNadmin_emp       1330966 non-null float64
20  Hrs_LPNadmin_ctr       1330966 non-null float64
21  Hrs_LPN                1330966 non-null float64
22  Hrs_LPN_emp            1330966 non-null float64
23  Hrs_LPN_ctr            1330966 non-null float64
24  Hrs_CNA                1330966 non-null float64
25  Hrs_CNA_emp            1330966 non-null float64
26  Hrs_CNA_ctr            1330966 non-null float64
27  Hrs_NAtrn              1330966 non-null float64
28  Hrs_NAtrn_emp          1330966 non-null float64
29  Hrs_NAtrn_ctr          1330966 non-null float64
30  Hrs_MedAide            1330966 non-null float64
31  Hrs_MedAide_emp        1330966 non-null float64
32  Hrs_MedAide_ctr        1330966 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(24), int64(3), object(6)

```

```

data.describe().round(1)
# display(Markdown(data.describe().to_markdown()))

```

[illegible]

0.2.c Group the features

```
df = data.loc[:, [
    "STATE",
    "COUNTY_NAME", "COUNTY_FIPS",
    "CITY",
    "PROVNAME", "PROVNUM",
    # "MDScensus"
]].value_counts()
df.to_frame()
# GT(df.reset_index().head(n=5))
```

STATE	COUNTY_ NAME	COUNTY_ FIPS	CITY	PROVNAME	PROVNUM	count
AK	Anchorage	20	ANCHOR- AGE	PRESTIGE CARE & RE- HAB CEN- TER OF AN- CHORAGE	025025	91
OH	Allen	3	LIMA	LIMA CON- VALESCENT HOME	366297	91
				SHAWNEE MANOR	365361	91
				SPRINGS OF LIMA THE	366464	91
				SPRINGVIEW MANOR	366221	91
...
IN	Tippecanoe	157	WEST LAFAYETTE	HERITAGE HEALTH- CARE	155402	91
				INDIANA VETERANS HOME	155787	91
				UNIVER- SITY PLACE HEALTH CENTER AND AS- SISTED LIV- ING	155725	91
				WEST- MINSTER VILLAGE - WEST LAFAYETTE	155177	91
WY	Weston	45	NEWCAS- TLE	WESTON COUNTY HEALTH SERVICES	535023	91

```
display2(
    "data['STATE'].value_counts()",
    "data['COUNTY_NAME'].value_counts()",
    "data['CITY'].value_counts()",
    "data['PROVNAME'].value_counts()",
    "data['MDScensus'].value_counts()",
    width="340px",
    globs=globals()
)
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
data[["CY_Qtr", "WorkDate", "MDScensus"]]
```

	CY_Qtr	WorkDate	MDScensus
0	2024Q1	20240101	50
1	2024Q1	20240102	49
2	2024Q1	20240103	49
3	2024Q1	20240104	50
4	2024Q1	20240105	51
...
1330961	2024Q1	20240327	81
1330962	2024Q1	20240328	83
1330963	2024Q1	20240329	85
1330964	2024Q1	20240330	82
1330965	2024Q1	20240331	82

0.2.d Clean the data

0.3 Explore the dataset

0.3.a Visualize distributions

0.3.b Visualize relationships

```
attributes = ["Hrs_RN", "Hrs_LPN_ctr", "Hrs_CNA", "Hrs_NAtrn", "Hrs_MedAide"]
n = len(attributes)

fig, axs = plt.subplots(n, n, figsize=(8, 8))
scatter_matrix(
```

```
data[attributes].sample(200),
ax=axis, alpha=.7,
hist_kwds=dict(bins=15, linewidth=0)
)
fig.align_ylabels(axes[:, 0])
fig.align_xlabels(axes[-1, :])
for ax in axes.flatten():
    ax.tick_params(axis='both', which='both', length=3.5)

# save_fig("scatter_matrix_plot")

plt.show()
```

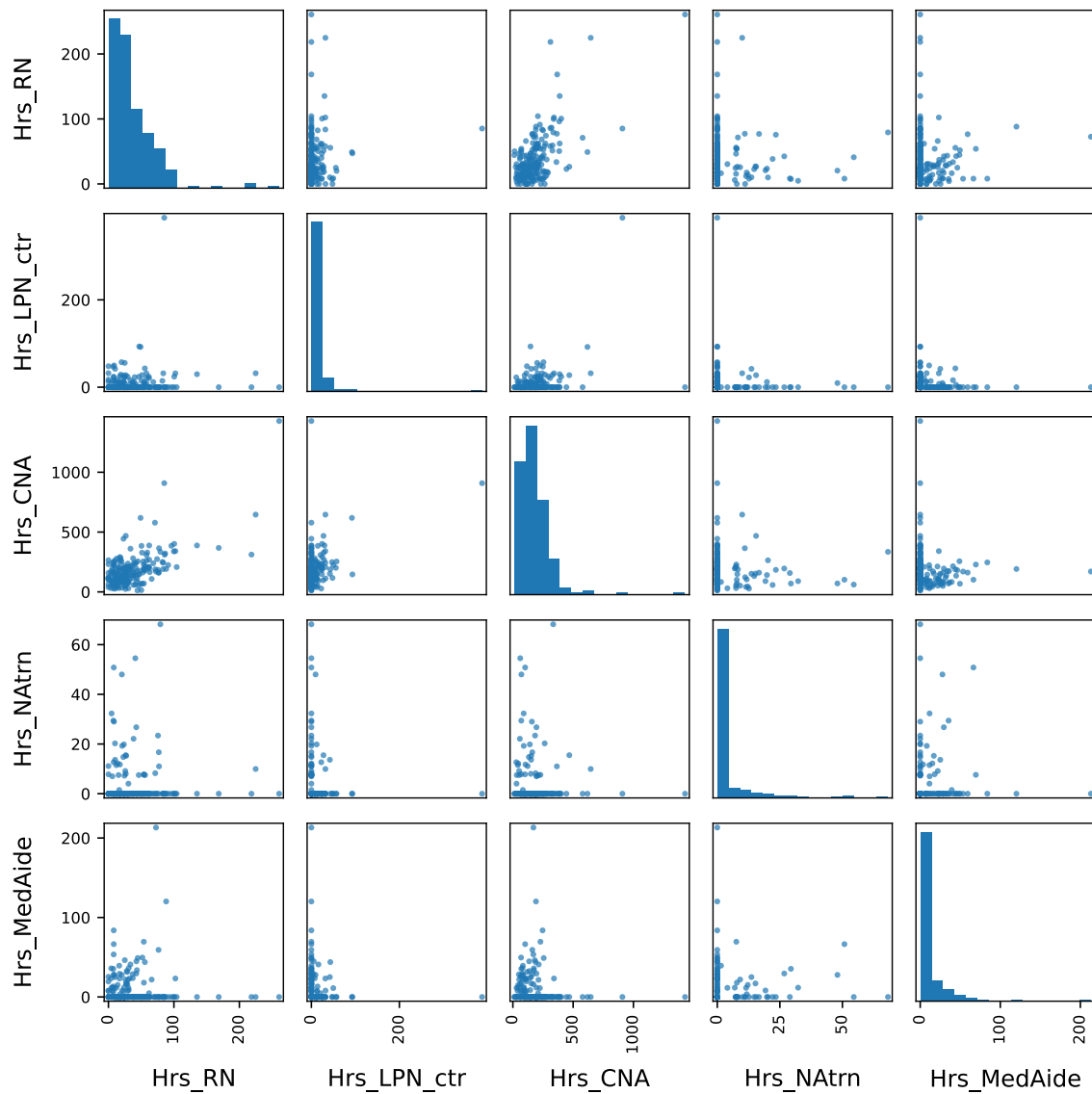



Figure 1: Scatter matrix of nursing worker working hours

0.3.c Compare groups

0.4 Feature engineer

0.4.a Join geographical data

0.4.b Join seasonal data

0.5 Analyze geography

0.6 Analyze seasonality

0.7 Model

0.8 Extra visualizations

0.8.a Sparklines

```
# TODO: pivot on day

data_pivoted = data.pivot_table(
    index="STATE",
    columns="WorkDate",
    values="Hrs_RN",
    aggfunc='mean'
)

# Resetting the index for easier column access
# data_pivoted.reset_index(inplace=True)
data_pivoted.head()
```

```
WorkDate
Date
STATE
AL 6.6520898634335120569317503000578090536393332.52539397363337040604040537080857365113034000
AK 16.90895921074081684037962715688743184089913908.314524008004890186292965003474256405397947085
AR 1.2244504240734565348235942714334112448735460813.3828812998136835587924120746122615253988571
AZ 3.93867368707361852619823031652883935257818494941.056390897746627680886674046599432260202188417
CA 29.643293224833316235268428279272246232500463080734.460476894738812418308685798089500562092820675
```

```
# (
#     GT(data_pivoted, rowname_col="STATE")
#     .fmt_nanoplot(
#         columns=data_pivoted.columns[1:],
#         reference_line="mean",
#         reference_area=["min", "q1"]
#     )
#     .fmt_nanoplot(
#         columns=data_pivoted.columns[1:],
#         plot_type="bar",
#         reference_line="max",
#         reference_area=["max", "median"]
#     )
# )
```

0.9 SQL

0.10 Archive

Bibliography