



REPERTOIRE

A Cross-System Porting Analysis Tool for Forked Software Projects

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The University of Texas at Austin

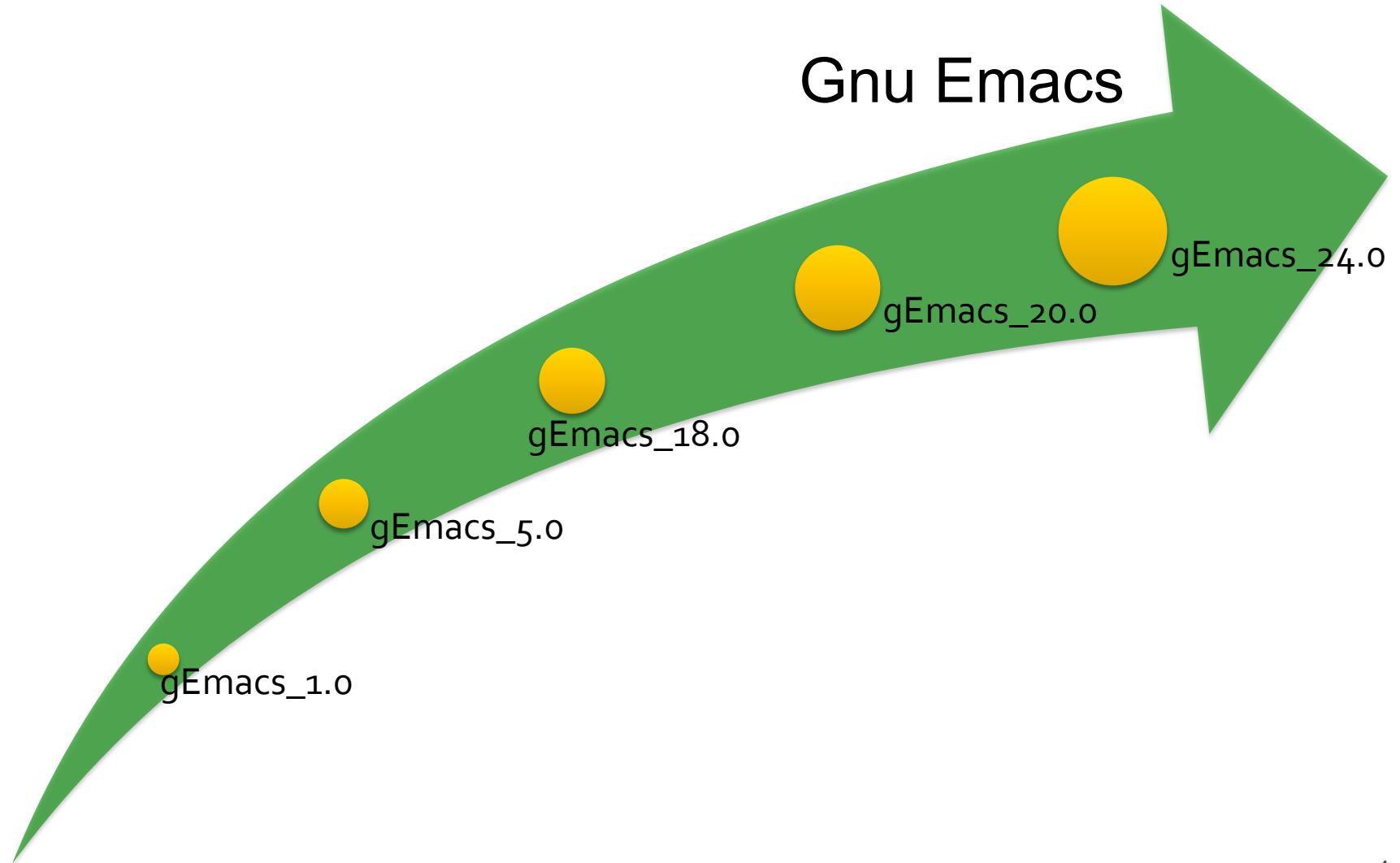
Motivation

- Software forking has become popular.
- Open source forked projects:
 - OpenBSD from NetBSD
 - XEmacs from GNU Emacs
- Proprietary forked projects:
 - Mac OS X from FreeBSD
 - EnterpriseDB from PostgreSQL

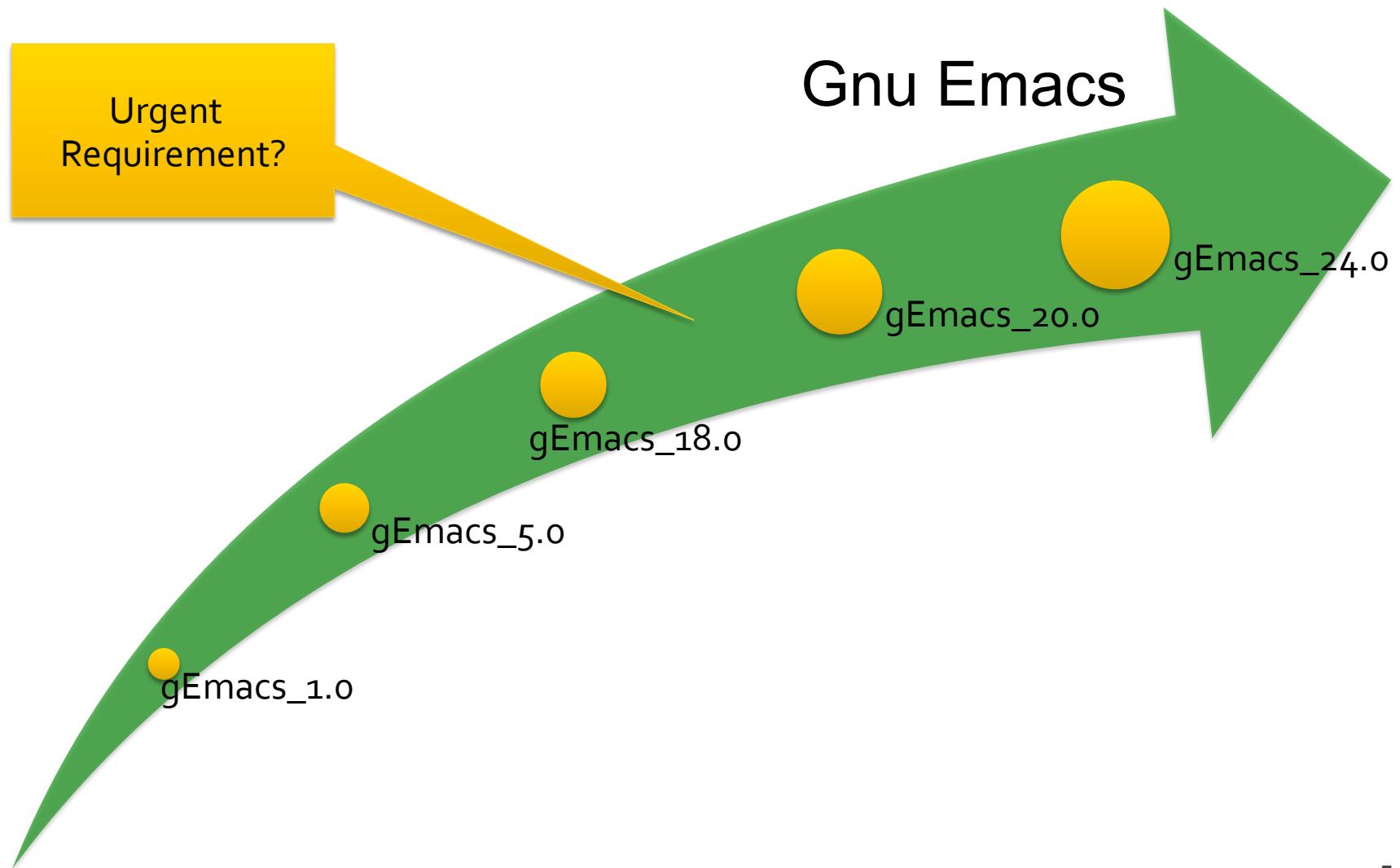
Motivation

- Developers port similar feature additions and bug-fixes across the projects.
- Repertoire analyzes the extent and characteristics of cross-system porting across forked projects.

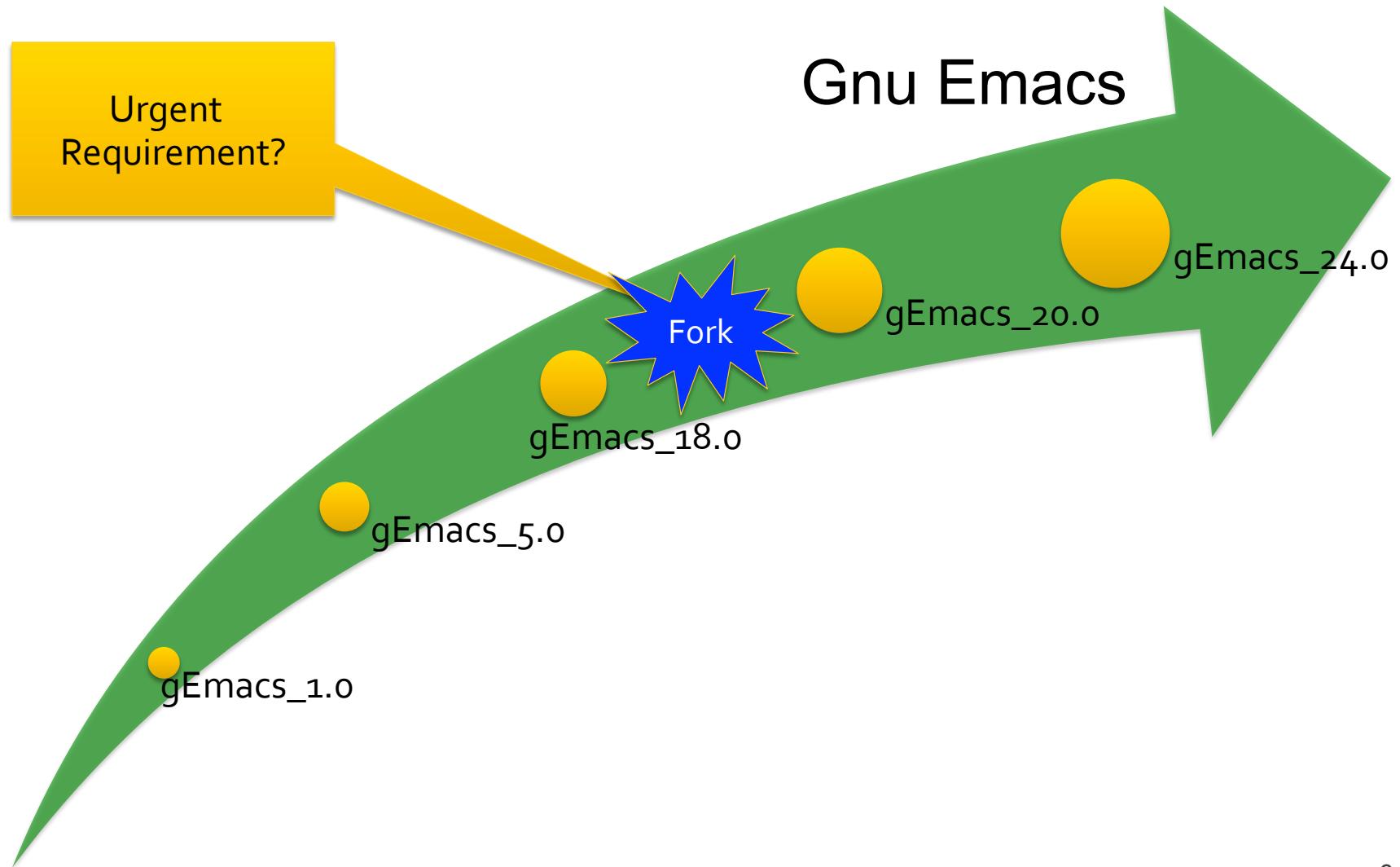
Example scenario: Gnu Emacs and XEmacs forking



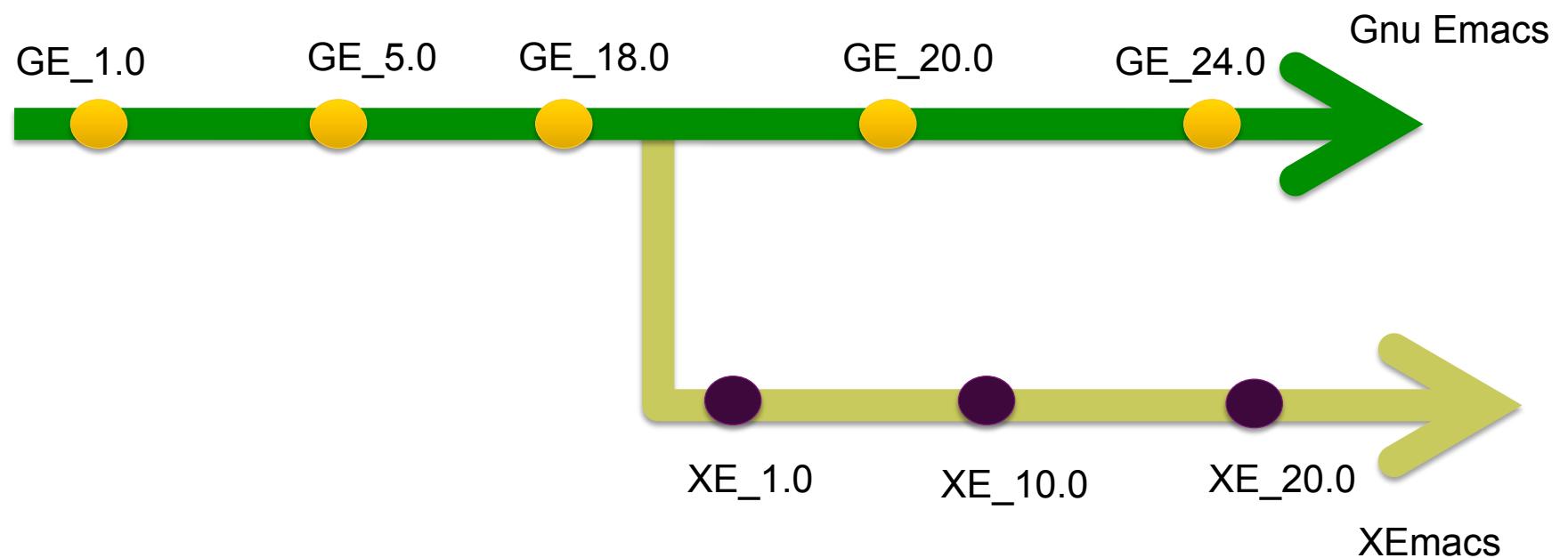
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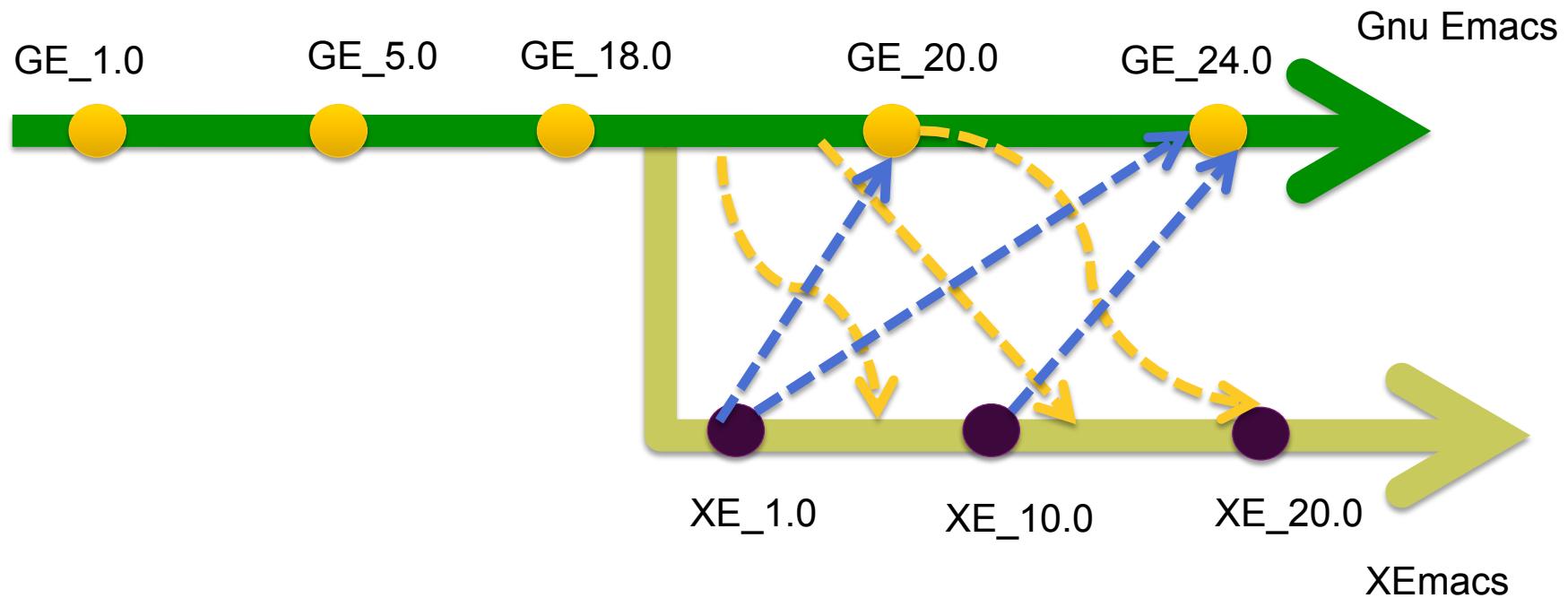


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- ❑ Involves repetitive work to port bug-fixes and new feature.



Example scenario: Gnu Emacs and XEmacs forking

Gnu Emacs Commit Messages showing evidence of cross-system porting

Author: Stefan Monnier <monnier@iro.umontreal.ca>

Date: Tue Jan 11 00:07:32 2011 -0500

* lisp/progmodes/prolog.el: Fix up coding conventions and such.

...

(prolog-emacs): Remove. Use (featurep 'xemacs) instead.

...

Author: Richard M. Stallman <rms@gnu.org>

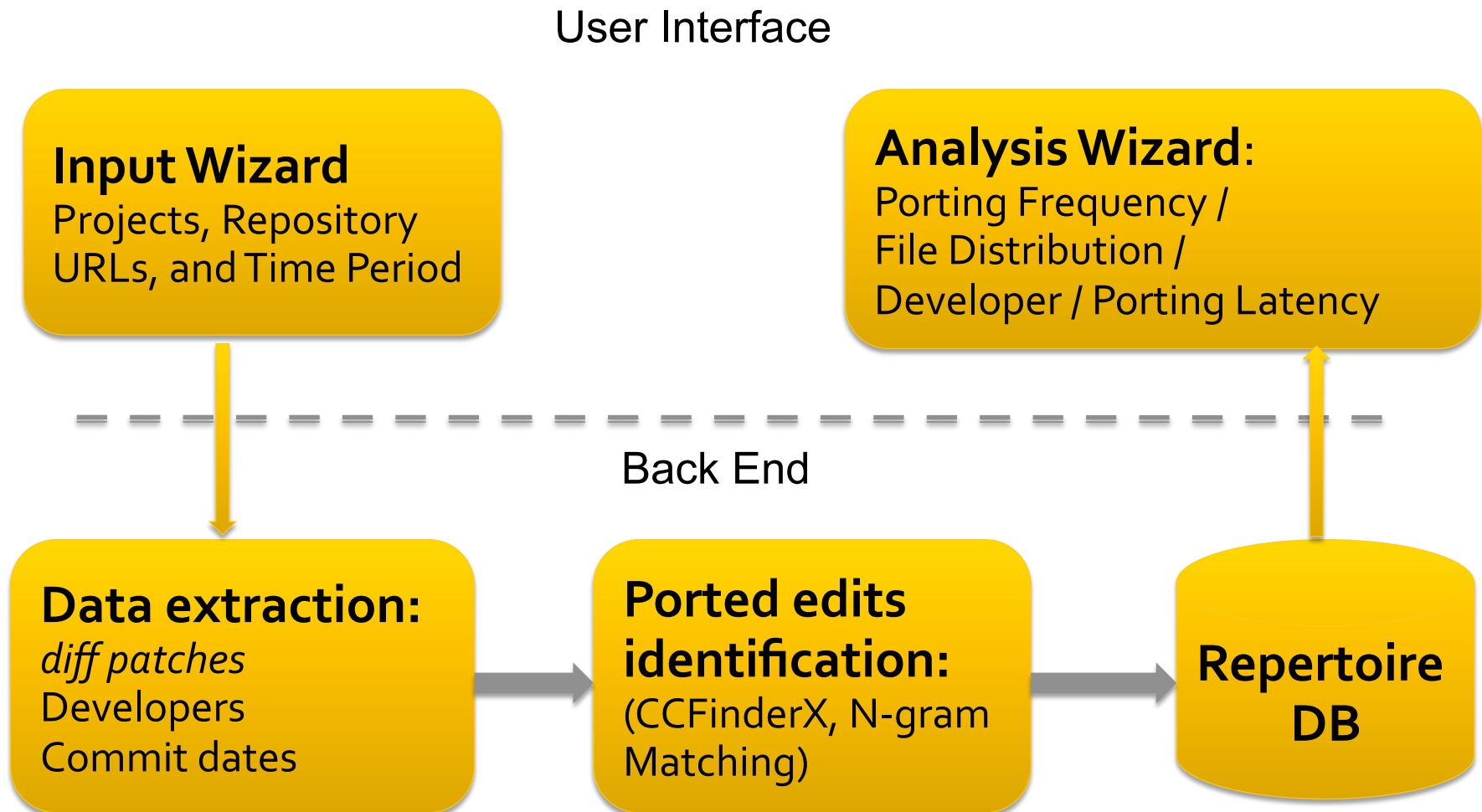
Date: Sun Jan 22 02:21:32 1995 +0000

(term-if-emacs19, term-if-xemacs, term-ifnot-xemacs): New macros
to conditionalize at compile-time for different emacs versions.

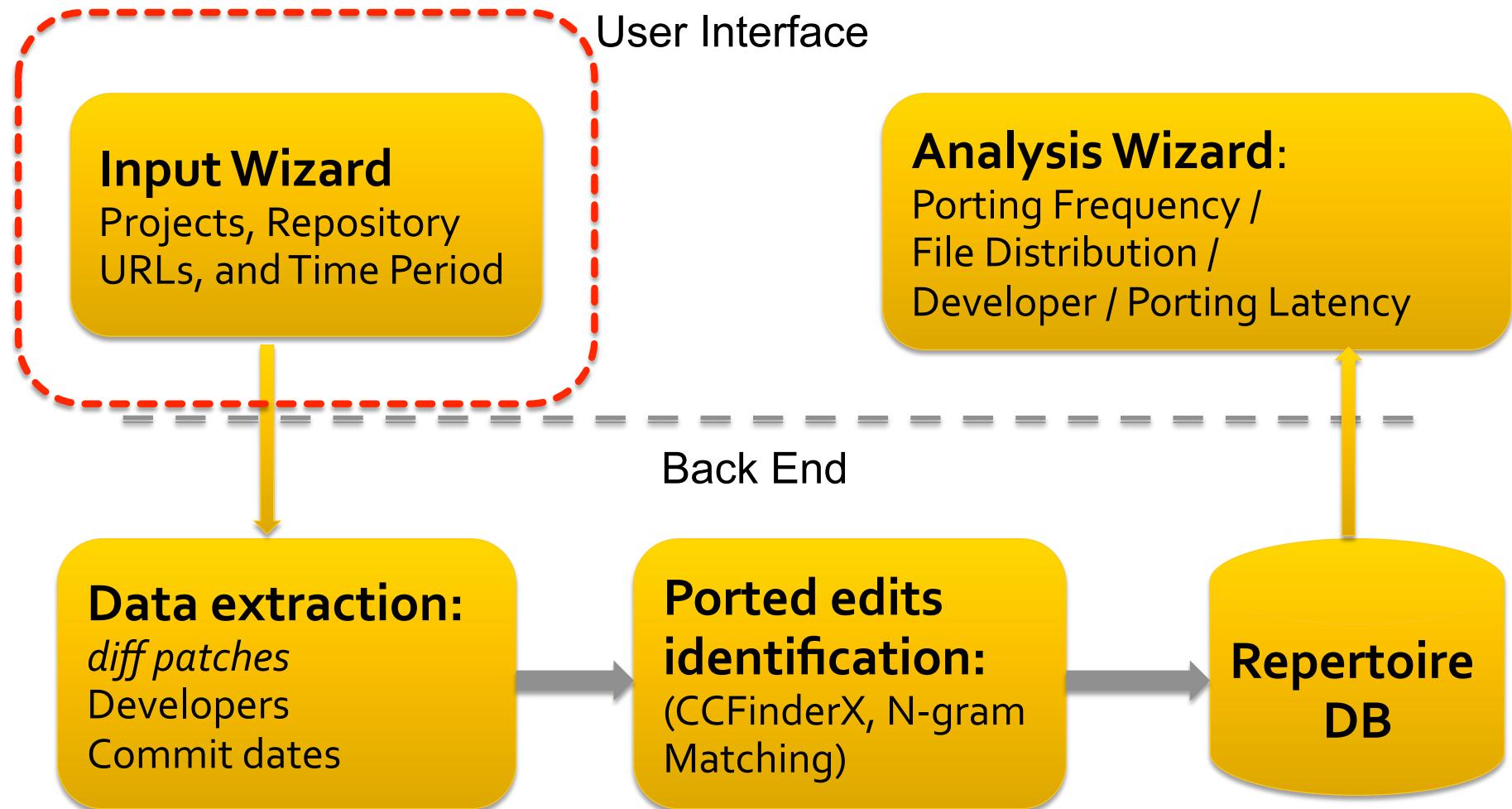
Gnu Emacs and Xemacs evolution from Jan, 2010 to Jan, 2012

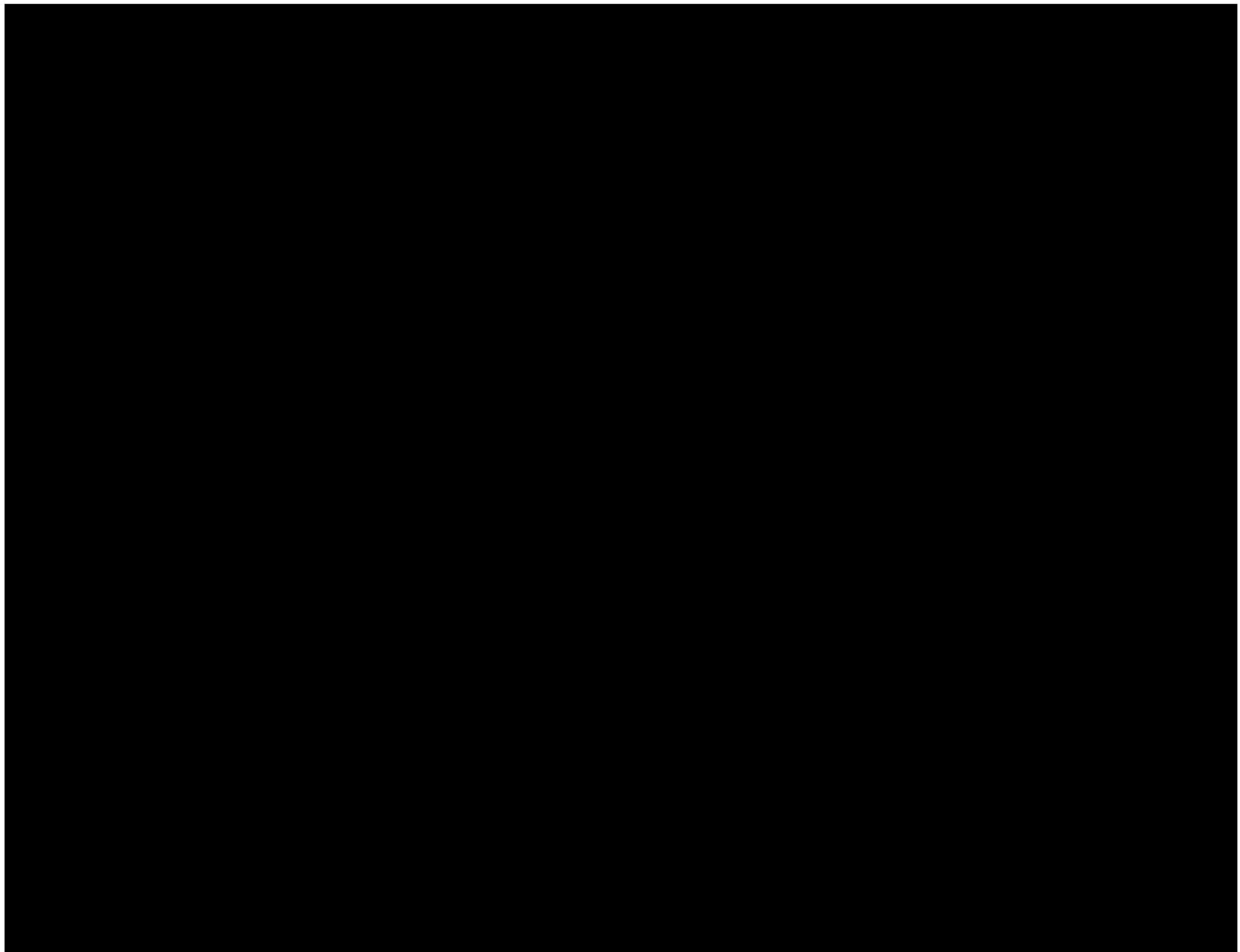
| | C/ Header files | KLOC | Authors | Number of Commits |
|-----------|-----------------|------|---------|-------------------|
| Gnu Emacs | 372 | 246 | 266 | 10525 |
| XEmacs | 496 | 282 | 11 | 754 |

Repertoire Design

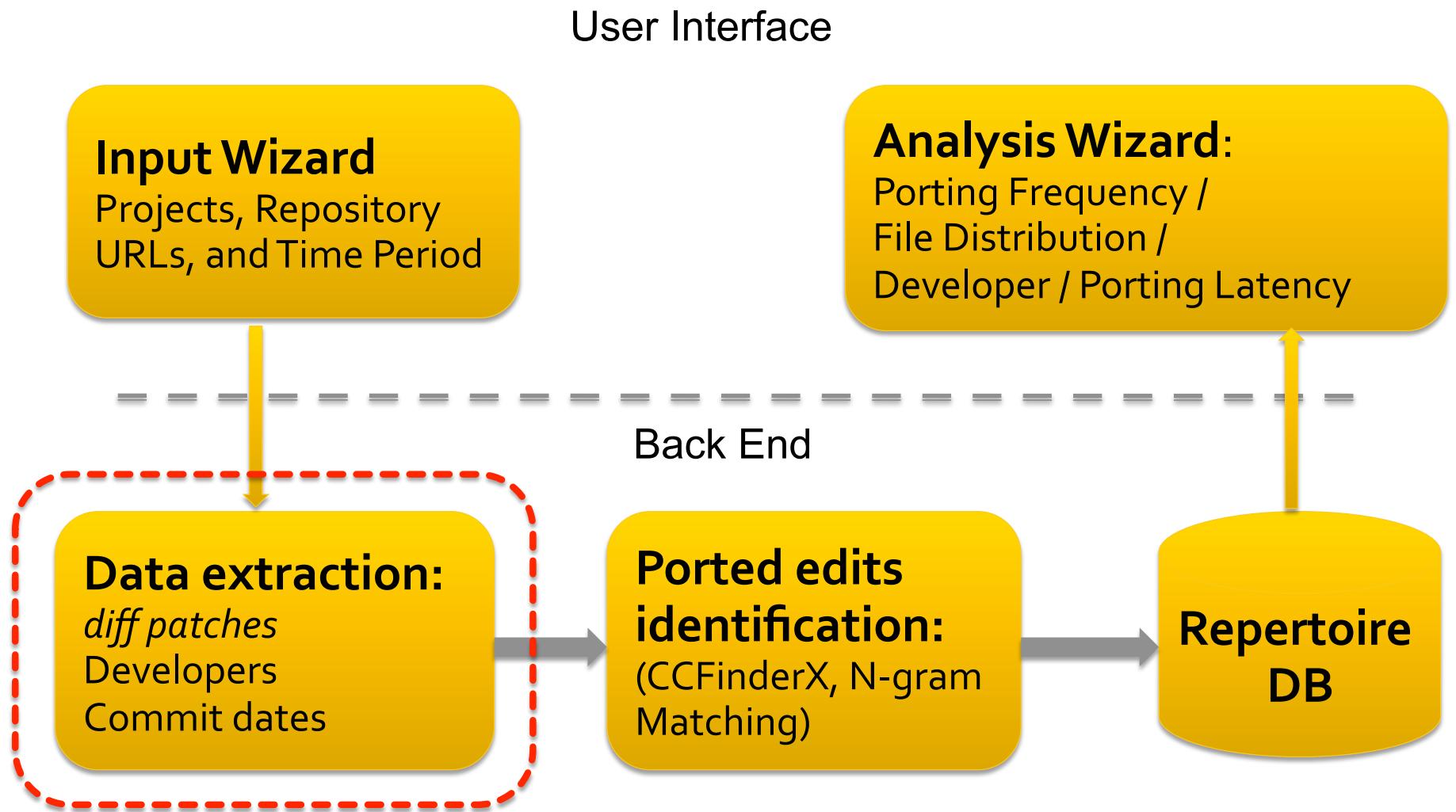


Repertoire Design

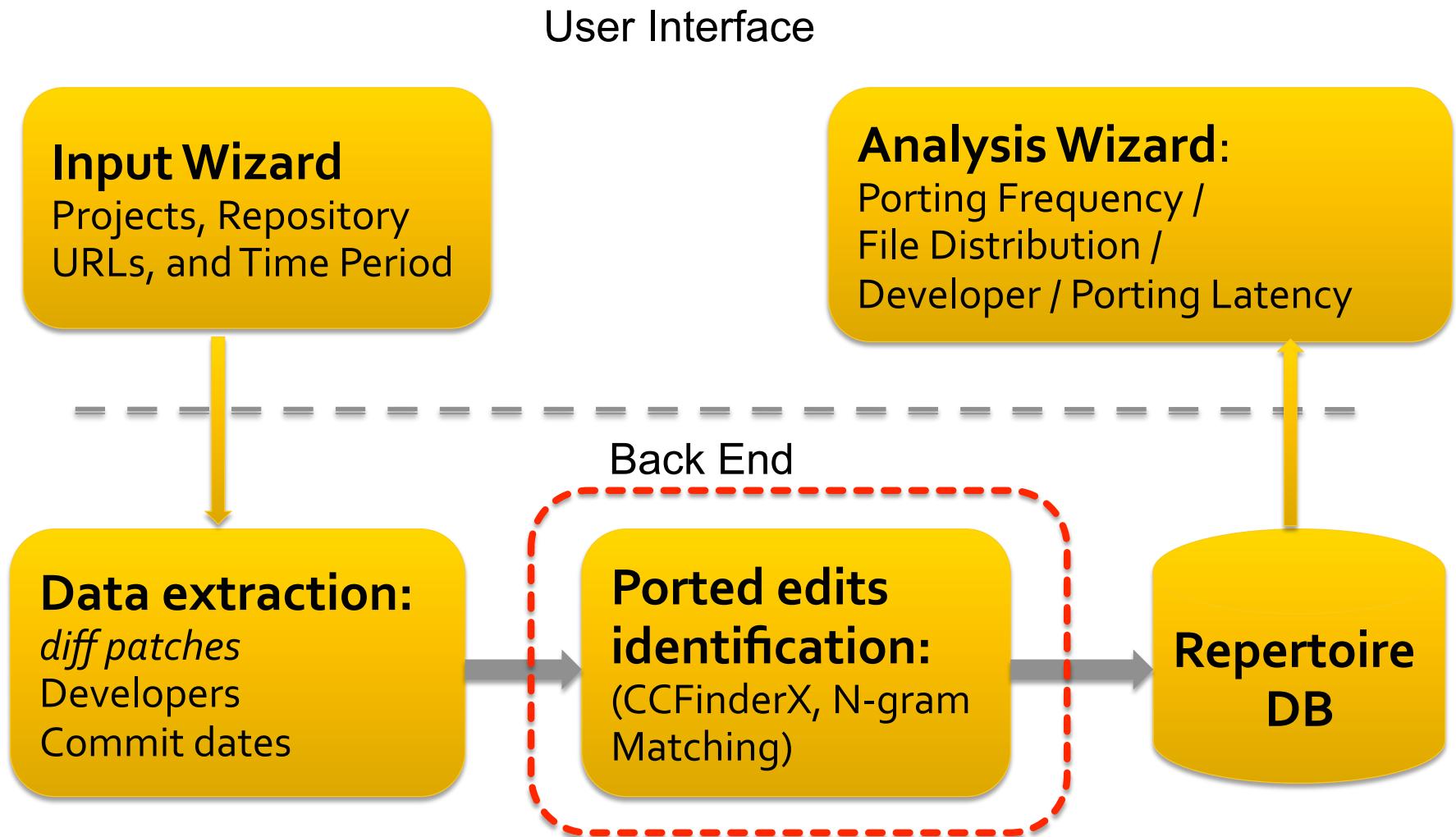




Repertoire Design



Repertoire Design



Repertoire Approach

- Input: two set of diff based program patches from the two input projects.
- Output: ported edits among the patches.
- Repertoire compares patches to identify contents and edit operations' similarity.

Step 1: Identify cloned regions using CCFinderX [Kamiya et al.]

Patch1
(Jan '10)

```
***** Old *****  
X1   for(i=0;i<MAX;i++){  
X2 -   x = array[i]+x;  
X3 -   y = foo(x);  
X4 -   x = x-y;  
X5 }  
***** New *****  
X6   for(i=0;i<MAX;i++) {  
X7 +   y = x+y;  
X8 +   x = array[i]+x;  
X9 +   y = foo(x,y);  
X10 }
```

Patch2
(Mar '10)

```
***** Old *****  
Y1   for(j=0;j<MAX;j++) {  
Y2     q = p + q;  
Y3 -   q = array[j]+p;  
Y4 -   p = foo1(q);  
Y5 }  
***** New *****  
Y6   for(j=0;j<MAX;j++) {  
Y7     q = p + q;  
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Step 2: Match edit operations of cloned regions

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(Jan '10)

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Patch2
(Mar '10)

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Y10 }
```

Ported edits

Step 3: Disambiguate source as destination of ported edit

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(Jan '10)

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X5   }  
***** New *****
```

```
X6   for(i=0;i<MAX;i++) {  
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Patch2
(Mar '10)

```
***** Old *****  
Y1   for(j=0;j<MAX;j++) {  
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Y5   }  
***** New *****
```

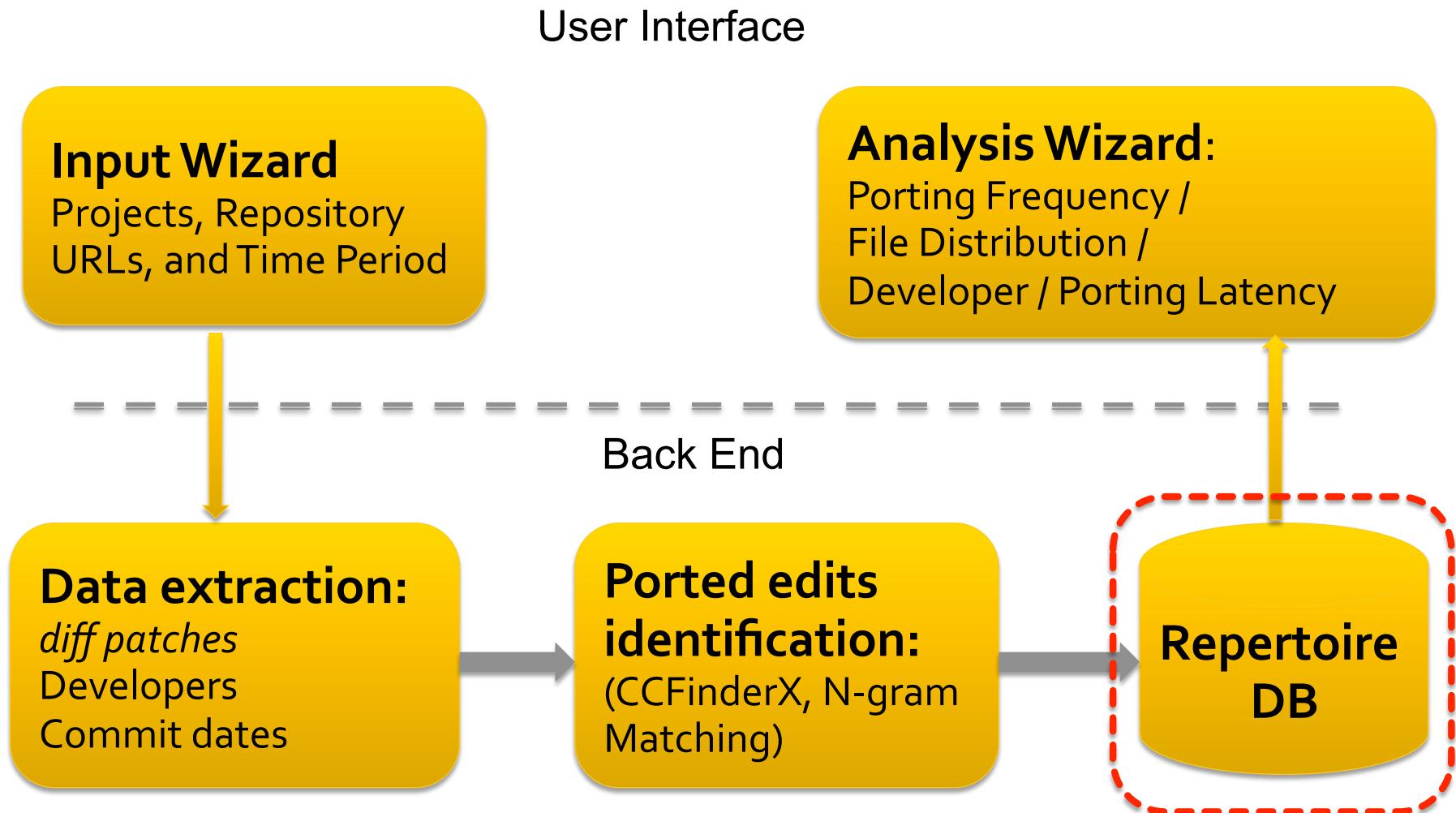
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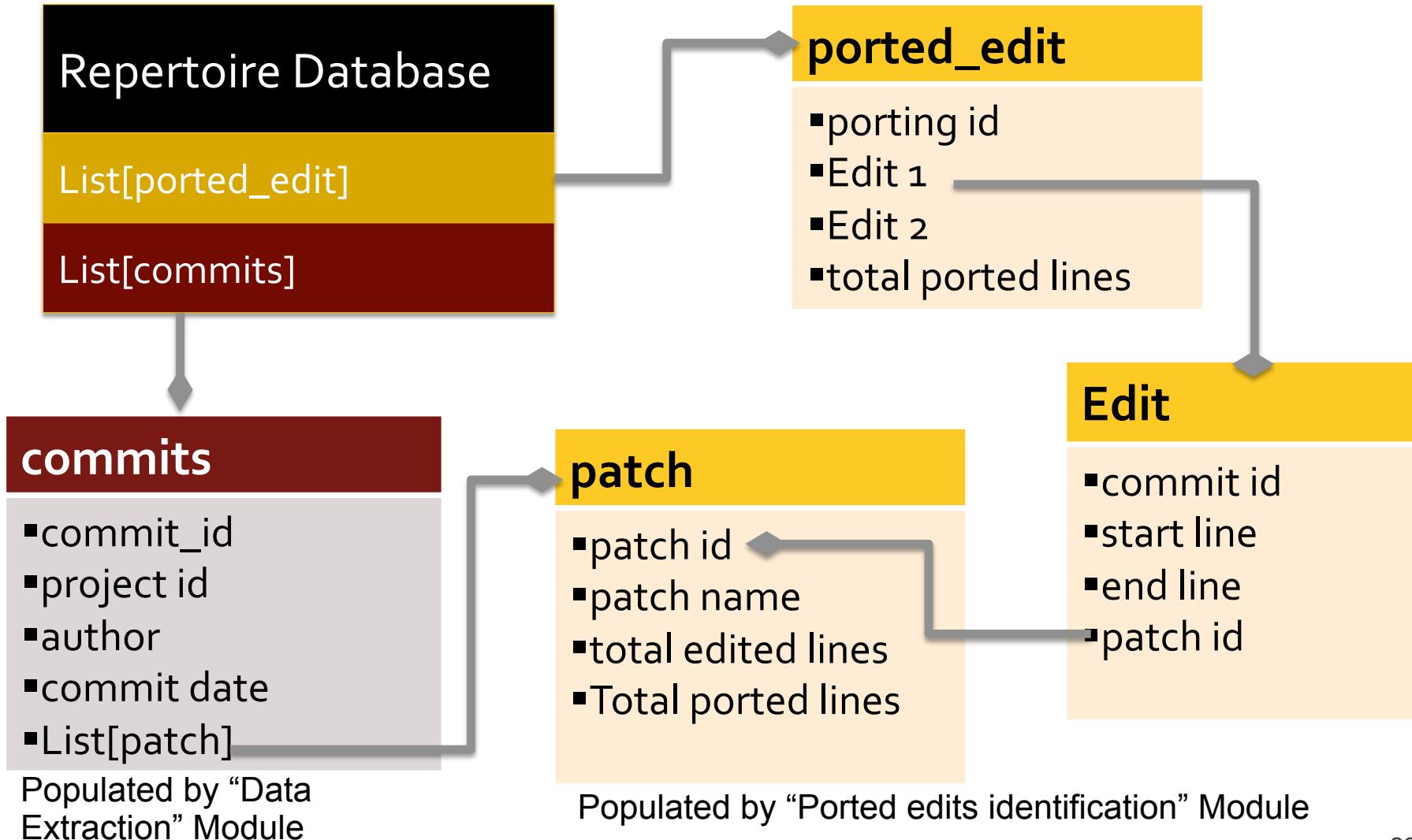
Accuracy Measurement

- From our empirical study of cross-system porting in the BSD product family, we find Repertoire's Precision: 94%, Recall: 84%.

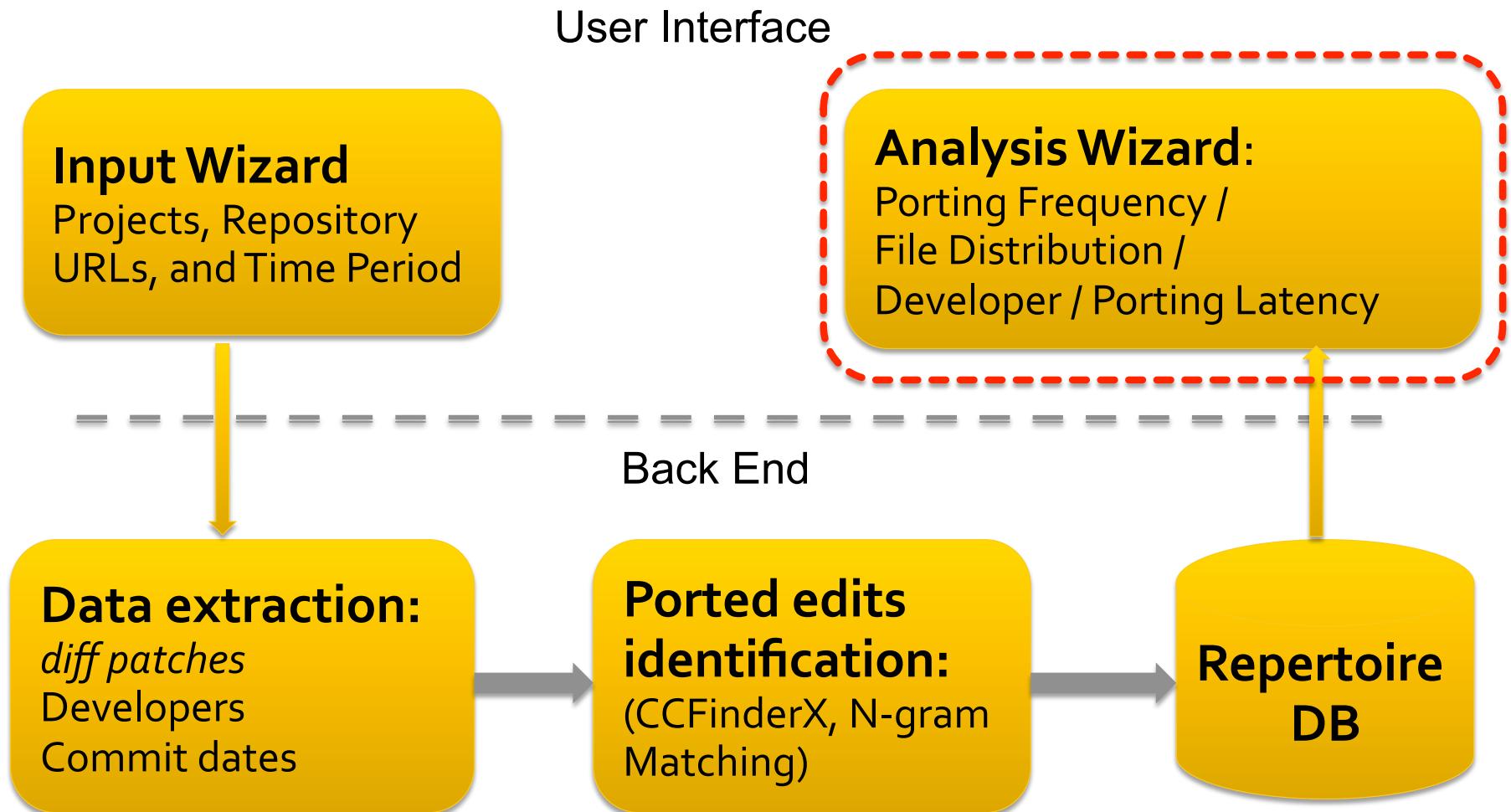
Repertoire Design



Repertoire Database

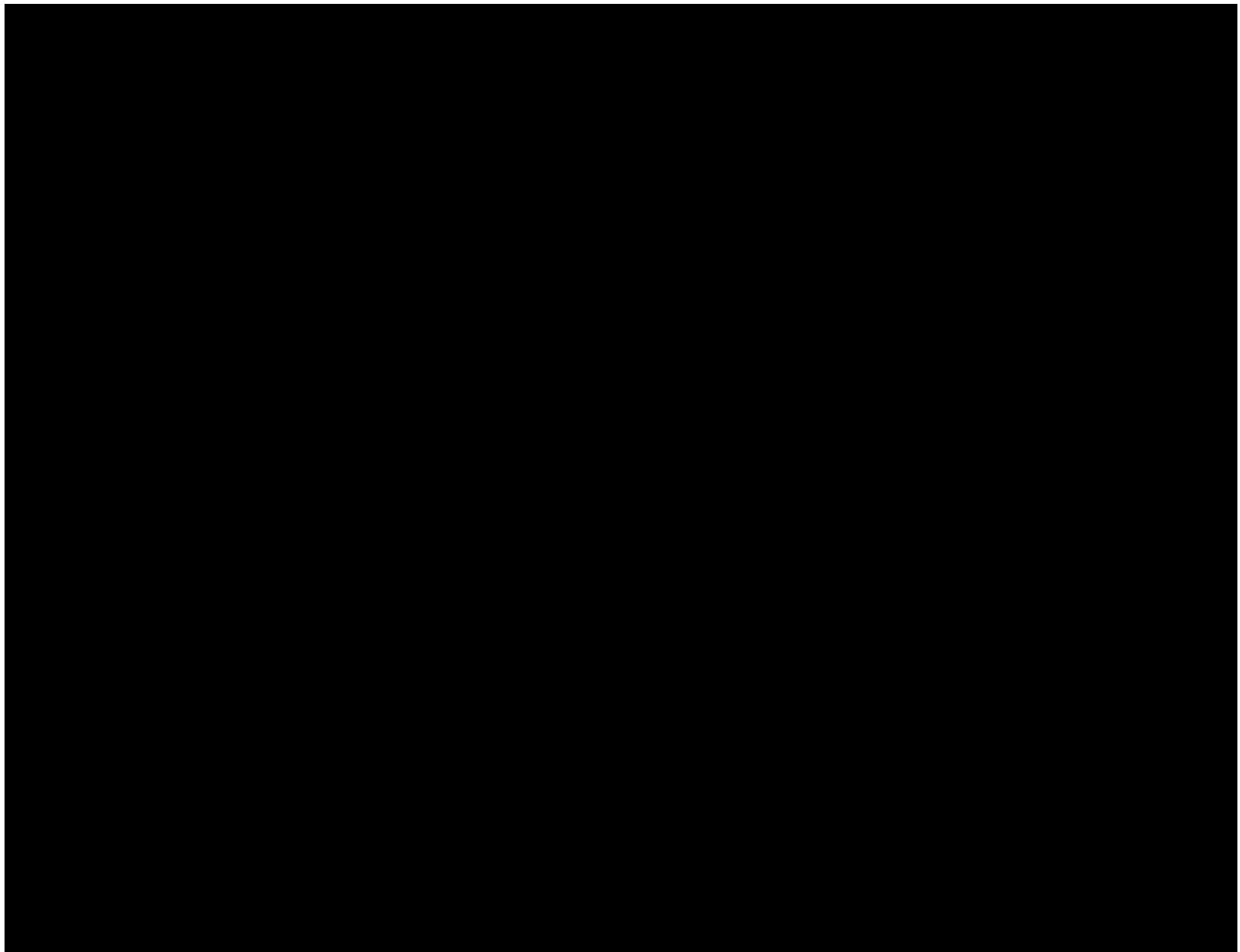


Repertoire Design



Analysis Wizard

- Porting Frequency View
 - How much duplicate work is taking place to maintain the forked project?
- File Distribution View
 - Is porting mostly concentrated to certain files?
- Developer Distribution View
 - Which developers primarily port edits from one project to another?
- Porting Latency View
 - How long it takes a patch to port from one project to another?



Summary

REPERTOIRE helps to monitor cross system porting.

Managers and product architects can make informed decision about how to manage a product family.

Summary

- Repertoire can be downloaded from :
<http://dolphin.ece.utexas.edu/Repertoire.html>
- A Case Study of Cross-System Porting in Forked Software Projects, Baishakhi Ray, Miryung Kim,
FSE '12
 - Presentation: 8:30 am on Thursday

Acknowledgment

- This work was in part supported by National Science Foundation under the grants CCF-1117902, CCF-1149391, and CCF-1043810 and by Microsoft SEIF award.



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