

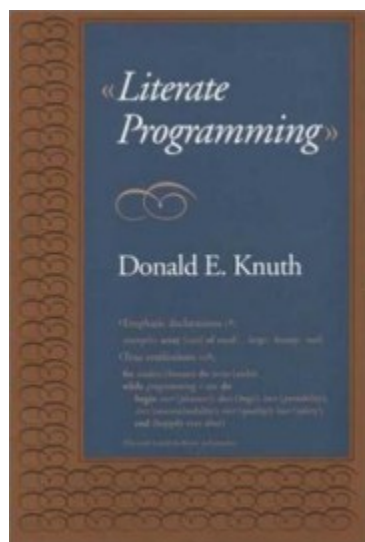
## Using jodliterate

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The **JODSOURCE** addon, (a part of the **JOD** system), contains a handy *literate programming* tool that enables the generation of *beautiful* J source code documents.

The *Bible*, *Koran* and *Bhagavad Gita* of Literate Programming is Donald Knuth's [masterful tome](#) of the same name.



Knuth applied Literate Programming to his own  $\text{\TeX}$  systems and produced what many consider [enduring masterpieces](#) of program documentation.

`jodliterate` is certainly **not worthy** of  $\text{\TeX}$  level accolades but with a little work it's possible to produce fine documents. This [J kernel notebook](#) outlines how you can install and use `jodliterate`. [Jupyter](#) notebooks are typically executed but to accomdate J users that do not have Jupyter this notebook is also available on GitHub as a static PDF document.

## Notebook Preliminaries

```
[1]: NB. show J kernel version
```

j901/j64avx2/windows/release-e/commercial/www.jssoftware.com/2020-01-29T11:17:19

```
[2]: NB. load JOD in a clear base locale
load 'general/jod' [ clear ''

NB. The distributed JOD profile automatically RESETME's.
NB. To safely use dictionaries with many J tasks they must
NB. be READONLY. To prevent opening the same put dictionary
NB. READWRITE comment out (dpset) and restart this notebook.
dpset 'RESETME'

NB. Converting Jupyter notebooks to LaTeX is
NB. simplified by ASCII box characters.
portchars ''

NB. Verb to show large boxed displays in
NB. the notebook without ugly wrapping.
sbx_ijod_=: ' ... ' , "1~ 75&{."1@":
```

## Installing jodliterate

To use `jodliterate` you need to:

1. Install a current version of J.
2. Install the J addons JOD, JODSOURCE and JODDOCUMENT.
3. Build the JOD development dictionaries from JODSOURCE.
4. Install a current version of [pandoc](#).
5. Install a current version of  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$  and  $\text{L}_{\text{A}}\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ .
6. Make the `jodliterate` script.
7. Run `jodliterate` on a JOD *group* with pandoc compatible markdown or  $\text{L}_{\text{A}}\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$  document fragments.
8. Compile the  $\text{L}_{\text{A}}\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$  files of the previous step to produce a PDF.

When presented with long lists of program prerequisites my impulse is to *run!* Life is too short for configuration wars. Everything should be easy. Installing `jodliterate` requires more work than phone apps but compared to [enterprise installations](#) setting up `jodliterate` is trivial. We'll go through it step by step.

### Step 1: Install a current version of J

J is freely available at [jsoftware.com](#). J installation instructions can be found on the [J Wiki](#) on [this page](#).

Follow the appropriate instructions for your OS.

**Note:** JOD runs on Windows, Linux and MacOS versions of J, hence these are the only platforms that currently support `jodliterate`.

### Step 2: Install the J addons JOD, JODSOURCE and JODDOCUMENT

After installing J install the J addons. J addons are installed with the J package manager [pacman](#). Pacman has three [IDE](#) flavors: a command line flavor and two GUI flavors. The GUI flavors depend

on [JQT](#) or [JHS](#). The GUI flavors of pacman are only available on some versions of J whereas the command line version is part of the base J install and is available on all platforms.

*I install all the addons. I recommend that you do the same.*

JOD depends on some J modules like `jfiles`, `regex` and `task` that are sometimes distributed as addons. If you install all addons JOD's modules and dependents are both installed.

**Installing addons with command line pacman** Start J and do:

```
[3]: NB. install J addons using the command line version of pacman
```

```
load 'pacman'      NB. load pacman jpkg services
```

```
[4]: 'help' jpkg ''  NB. what can you do for me?
```

Valid options are:

history, install, manifest, remove, reinstall, search,  
show, showinstalled, shownotinstalled, showupgrade,  
status, update, upgrade

[https://code.jsoftware.com/wiki/JAL/Package\\_Manager/jpkg](https://code.jsoftware.com/wiki/JAL/Package_Manager/jpkg)

```
[5]: NB. install all addons - see https://code.jsoftware.com/wiki/Pacman for details
```

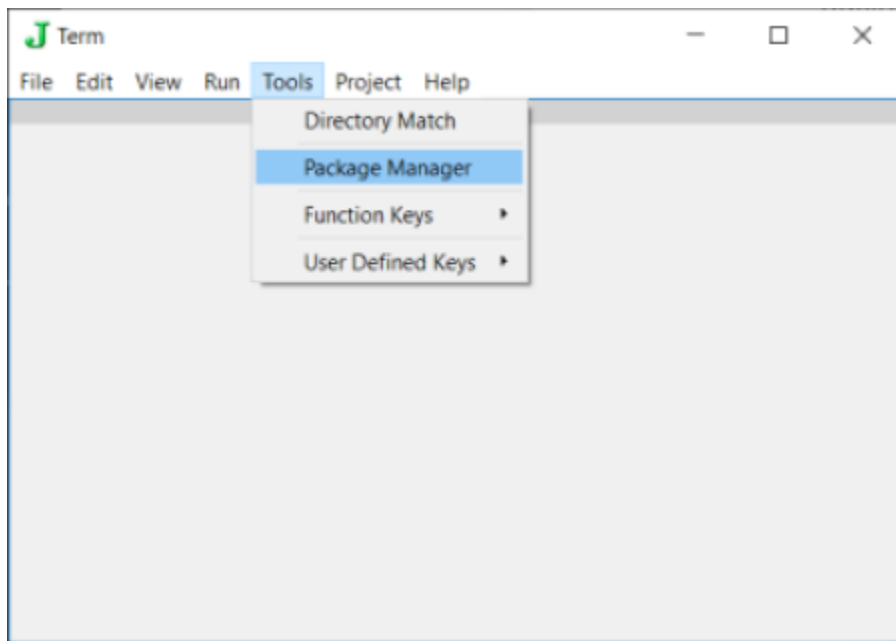
```
NB. 'install' jpkg '*' NB. uncomment to run if you have not installed addons
```

```
[6]: 5 {. 'showinstalled' jpkg '' NB. first five installed addons
```

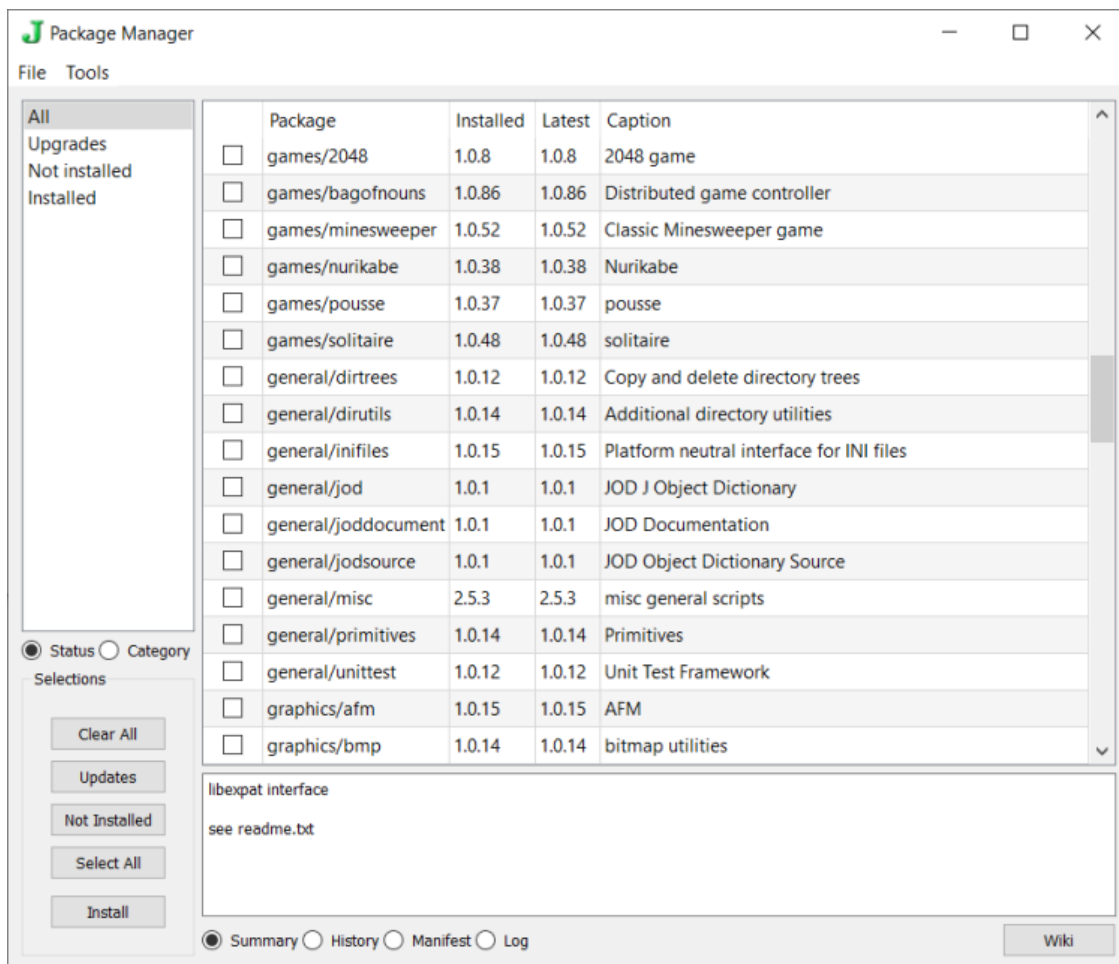
```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|api/expat|1.0.11|1.0.11|libexpat|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|api/gles |1.0.31|1.0.31|Modern OpenGL API|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|api/java |1.0.2 |1.0.2 |api: Java to J shared library|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|api/jc   |1.0.1 |1.0.1 |api: J to C library (streams/fds/system)|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|api/jni  |1.0.15|1.0.15|JNI|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

```
[7]: 'showupgrade' jpkg '' NB. list addons with updates
```

**Installing addons with JQT GUI pacman** I mostly use the Windows JQT version of pacman to install and maintain J addons. You can find pacman on the tools menu.



pacman shows all available addons and provides tools for installing, updating and removing them.



The GUI version is easy to use. Press the **Select All** button and then press the **Install** button to install all the addons. To update addons select the **Upgrades** menu and select the addons you want to update.

### Step 3: Build the JOD development dictionaries from JODSOURCE

JOD source code is distributed in the form of [JOD dictionary dumps](#). Dictionary dumps are large J scripts that serialize JOD dictionaries. Dumps contain everything stored in dictionaries. You will find source code, binary data, test scripts, documentation, build macros and more in typical JOD dictionaries.

`jodliterate` is stored as a JOD dictionary group. A dictionary group is simply a collection of J words with an optional *header* and *post-processor*. JOD generates J scripts from groups. Before we can *make jodliterate* we must load the JOD development dictionaries. The JODSOURCE addon includes a J script that [loads development dictionaries](#).

Again, start J and do:

```
[8]: require 'general/jod'
```

```
[9]: NB. set a JODroot user folder
NB. if not set /jod/ is the default

NB. use paths for your OS
UserFolders_j_=: UserFolders_j_ , 'JODroot'; 'c:/jodtest/joddicts'

sbx UserFolders_j_
```

```
+-----+-----+
|Demos      |c:/j64/j901/addons/demos      |...
+-----+-----+
|Projects    |c:/users/john.baker/j901-user/projects |...
+-----+-----+
|User        |c:/users/john.baker/j901-user      |...
+-----+-----+
|JOD         |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod |...
+-----+-----+
|JODDUMPS    |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/joddumps |...
+-----+-----+
|JODPRVDUMPS|c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/wd/jacksons/g |...
+-----+-----+
|JODSOURCE   |c:/jodtest/labtesting          |...
+-----+-----+
|JODTEST     |c:/jodtest/test                |...
+-----+-----+
|JACK        |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/wd/jacksons/g |...
+-----+-----+
|BIDATA      |c:/bidata                      |...
+-----+-----+
```

```
|JODroot      |c:/jodtest/joddicts      ...
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
...
```

```
[10]: NB. list registered JOD dictionaries
      NB. joddev, jod, utils must not be on list

      od ''
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|1|docs|gps|imex|jacksons|jacksonsdev|jod|joddev|play|smugpyter|utils|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

```
[11]: NB. uncomment the next line and run to load JOD developement dictionaries
      NB. WARNING: do not do this if you have already build the development_
      ↪ dictionaries

      NB. O!:0<jpath'~addons/general/jodsource/jodsourcesetup.ijs'
```

```
[12]: NB. list dictionaries with locations - joddev, jod, utils should exist
      sbx 4 od ''
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|1|+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ||docs      |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/docs/ ...
| |+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ||gps       |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/gps/ ...
| |+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ||imex      |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/imex/ ...
| |+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ||jacksons  |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/jackso ...
| |+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ||jacksonsdev|c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/jackso ...
| |+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ||jod       |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/jod/ ...
| |+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ||joddev    |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/joddev ...
| |+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ||play      |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/play/ ...
| |+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ||smugpyter |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/smugpy ...
| |+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ||utils     |c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jod/utils/ ...
| |+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

#### Step 4: Install a current version of pandoc

[pandoc](#) is easily one of the most useful markup utilities on the [intertubes](#). If you routinely deal with

markup formats like markdown, XML,  $\text{\LaTeX}$ , json and you aren't using pandoc you are working too hard.

Be lazy! [Install pandoc](#).

jodliterate uses the `task` addon to *shell out* to pandoc. Versions of pandoc after 2.9.1.1 support J syntax high-lighting.

```
[13]: NB. show pandoc version from J - make sure you are running
NB. a recent version of pandoc. There may be different
NB. versions in many locations on various systems.

THISPANDOC=: '"C:\Users\john.baker\AppData\Local\Pandoc\pandoc"'
shell THISPANDOC, ' --version'
```

pandoc 2.9.1.1

Compiled with pandoc-types 1.20, texmath 0.12, skylighting 0.8.3

Default user data directory: C:\Users\john.baker\AppData\Roaming\pandoc

Copyright (C) 2006-2019 John MacFarlane

Web: <https://pandoc.org>

This is free software; see the source for copying conditions.

There is no warranty, not even for merchantability or fitness  
for a particular purpose.

```
[14]: NB. make sure your version of pandoc supports J syntax-highlighting

NB. appends trailing line feed character if necessary
tlf=:] , ((10{a.})"_ = {:) }. (10{a.})"_

NB. J is on the supported languages list
(<;._2 tlf (shell THISPANDOC, ' --list-highlight-languages') -. CR) e.~ <,'j'
```

1

## Step 5: Install a current version of $\text{\TeX}$ and $\text{\LaTeX}$

jodliterate uses  $\text{\LaTeX}$  to compile PDF documents. When jodliterate runs it writes a  $\text{\LaTeX}$  preamble file `JODLiteratePreamble.tex` to the output directory set by `setjodliterate`. It's a good idea to review this file to get an idea of the  $\text{\LaTeX}$  packages used. It's possible that some of these packages are not in your  $\text{\LaTeX}$  distribution and will have to be installed.

To ease the burden of  $\text{\LaTeX}$  package maintenance I use freely available  $\text{\TeX}$  versions that automatically install missing packages.

1. On Windows I use [MiKTeX](#)
2. On other platforms I use [TeXLive](#)

If your system automatically installs packages the first time you compile jodliterate it might fetch missing packages from The Comprehensive  $\text{\TeX}$  Archive Network ([CTAN](#)). It may be necessary to reprocess your files a few times to insure all the required packages are downloaded and installed.

## Step: 6 Make the jodliterate script

Once the JOD development dictionaries are built (Step 3) making `jodliterate` is easy. Start J and do:

```
[15]: require 'general/jod'
```

```
NB. open dictionaries
```

```
od ;:'imex joddev jod utils' [ 3 od ''
```

```
++-----+-----+
|1|opened (rw/ro/ro/ro) ->|imex|joddev|jod|utils|
++-----+-----+
```

```
[16]: NB. generate jodliterate
```

```
sbx mls 'jodliterate'
```

```
++-----+-----+ ...
|1|load script saved ->|c:/users/john.baker/onedrive - jackson companies/jo ...
++-----+-----+ ...
```

mls creates a standard J load script. Once generated this script can be loaded with the standard J load utility. You can test this by restarting J without JOD and loading `jodliterate`.

```
[17]: NB. load generated script
```

```
load 'jodliterate'
```

NB. (jodliterate) interface word(s):

NB. -----

NB. THISPANDOC      NB. full pandoc executable path - use 'pandoc' only if on  
shell path

NB. grplit          NB. make latex for group (y)

NB. ifacesection    NB. interface section summary string

NB. setjodliterate   NB. prepare for processing

NOTE: adjust pandoc path if version (pandoc 2.9.1.1) >= 2.9.1.1

## Step 7: Run jodliterate on a JOD group with pandoc compatible markdown or L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X document fragments

This sounds a lot worse than it is. There is a group in `utils` called `sunmoon` that has an interesting *pandoc compatible document fragment*.

Start J and do:

```
[18]: require 'general/jod'
```

```
od 'utils' [ 3 od ''
```

```
++-----+-----+
|1|opened (ro) ->|utils|
```



```
++-----+-----+
```

```
[19]: NB. list words in the (sunmoon) group
      80 list }. grp 'sunmoon'
```

IFACEWORDSsunmoon	NORISESET	ROOTWORDSsunmoon	arctan
calmoons	cos	fromjulian	moons
round	sin	sunriset0	sunriset1
tabit	tan	today	yeardates

```
[20]: NB. display short word explanations for (sunmoon)
      sbx hlpnl }. grp 'sunmoon'
```

IFACEWORDSsunmoon	interface words (IFACEWORDSsunmoon) group	...
NORISESET	indicates sun never rises or sets in (sunriset0) and (	...
ROOTWORDSsunmoon	root words (ROOTWORDSsunmoon) group	...
arctan	arc tangent	...
calmoons	calendar dates of new and full moons	...
cos	cosine radians	...
fromjulian	converts Julian day numbers to dates, converse (tojulian	...
moons	times of new and full moons for n calendar years	...
round	round (y) to nearest (x) (e.g. 1000 round 12345)	...
sin	sine radians	...
sunriset0	computes sun rise and set times - see group documentatio	...
sunriset1	computes sun rise and set times - see group documentatio	...
tabit	promotes only atoms and lists to tables	...
tan	tan radians	...
today	returns todays date	...
yeardates	returns all valid dates for n calendar years	...

```
[21]: NB. display part of the (sunmoon) group document header
      NB. this is pandoc compatible markdown - note the inclusion
      NB. of LaTeX commands - pandoc allows mixtures of markdown and LaTeX
      3000 {. 2 9 disp 'sunmoon'
```

`sunmoon` is a collection of basic astronomical algorithms  
 The key verbs are `moons`, `sunriset0` and `sunriset1`.  
 All of these verbs were derived from BASIC programs published  
 in *\*Sky & Telescope\** magazine in the 1990's. The rest of  
 the verbs in `sunmoon` are mostly date and trigonometric  
 utilities.

```
\subsection{\texttt{sunmoon} Interface}
```

```
~~~~ { .j }
```

```
calmoons      NB. calendar dates of new and full moons
```

```

moons          NB. times of new and full moons for n calendar years
sunriseset0    NB. computes sun rise and set times - see group documentation
sunriseset1    NB. computes sun rise and set times - see group documentation
~~~~

```

`\subsection{\textbf{\texttt{sunriseset0}} \textsl{v--} sunrise and sunset times}`

This verb has been adapted from a BASIC program submitted by Robin G. Stuart \*Sky & Telescope's\* shortest sunrise/set program contest. Winning entries were listed in the March 1995 Astronomical Computing column.

The J version of this algorithm has been vectorized. It can compute any number of sunrise and sunset times in one call.

The `(y)` argument is a `5\*n` floating point table where:

```

0{ is latitude in degrees with northern latitudes positive.
1{ is longitude in degrees with western longitudes negative.
2{ is western time zones expressed as positive whole hours.
3{ is the month number.
4{ is the day number.

```

The result is a numeric table with four rows. To handle the cases when the sun never rises or sets the first two elements of the corresponding result columns are:

```

0{ is NORISESET an invalid hour indicating no rise or set
1{ is 0 when the sun never rises
1{ is 1 when the sun never sets

```

Warning: this algorithm breaks for latitudes close to the South pole.

The original BASIC code has been slightly modified to use control structures in place of GOTO's and line numbers.

Adapted from:

```

~~~~ { .c .numberLines startFrom="1"}
/* Sunrise/set by R. G. Stuart, Mexico City, Mexico */
PI = 3.14159265#: DR = PI / 180: RD = 1 / DR
INPUT "Lat, Long (deg)"; B5, L5
INPUT "Time zone (hrs)"; H
B5 = DR * B5
INPUT "Month, day"; M, D
N = INT(275 * M / 9) - 2 * INT((M + 9) / 12) + D - 30
LO = 4.8771 + .0172 * (N + .5 - L5 / 360)

```

```

C = .03342 * SIN(L0 + 1.345)
C2 = RD * (ATN(TAN(L0 + C)) - ATN(.9175 * TAN(L0 + C)) - C)
SD = .3978 * SIN(L0 + C): CD = SQR(1 - SD * SD)
SC = (SD * SIN(B5) + .0145) / (COS(B5) * CD)
IF ABS(SC) <= 1 THEN
  C3 = RD * ATN(SC / SQR(1 - SC * SC))
  R1 = 6 - H - (L5 + C2 + C3) / 15
  HR = INT(R1): MR = INT((R1 - HR) * 60)
  PRINT USING "Sunrise at ##:##"; HR; MR
  S1 = 18 - H - (L5 + C2 - C3) / 15
  HS = INT(S1): MS = INT((S1 - HS) * 60)
  PRINT USING "Sunset at ##:##"; HS; MS
ELSEIF SC > 1 THEN
  PRINT "Sun up all day"
ELSEIF SC < -1 THEN
  PRINT "Sun down all day"
END IF
END
~~~~

~~~~ { .j }
monad: ntRiseset =. sunriseset0 flBLHMD

```

NB. rise and set times at Dog Lake today (daylight savings)  
td=. (44 + 19%60),(- 76 + 21%60), 4 , }. today 0

```

[22]: NB. run jodliterate on (sunmoon)
require 'jodliterate'

NB. set the output directory - when running in Jupyter
NB. use a subdirectory of your notebook directory.
setjodliterate 'C:\Users\john.baker\bixml\grplit'

```

```

+-+-----+
|1|C:\Users\john.baker\bixml\grplit\|
+-+-----+

```

```

[23]: NB. (grplit) returns a list of generated LaTeX and command
      NB. files. The *.bat file compiles the generated LaTeX
      ,. grplit 'sunmoon'

```

```

+-----+
|1|                                     |
+-----+
|C:\Users\john.baker\bixml\grplit\sunmoon.tex      |
+-----+
|C:\Users\john.baker\bixml\grplit\sunmoontitle.tex|
+-----+

```

```
|C:\Users\john.baker\bixml\grplit\sunmoonoview.tex|
+-----+
|C:\Users\john.baker\bixml\grplit\sunmooncode.tex |
+-----+
|C:\Users\john.baker\bixml\grplit\sunmoon.bat      |
+-----+
```

#### Step 8: Compile the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X files of the previous step to produce a PDF

[24]: `_1000 {.` `shell 'C:\Users\john.baker\bixml\grplit\sunmoon.bat'`

```
lmmono10-italic.otf><c:/users/j
ohn.baker/appdata/local/programs/miktex 2.9/fonts/opentype/public/lm/lmroman12-
italic.otf><c:/users/john.baker/appdata/local/programs/miktex 2.9/fonts/opentyp
e/public/lm/lmmonoslant10-regular.otf><c:/users/john.baker/appdata/local/progra
ms/miktex 2.9/fonts/opentype/public/lm/lmromanslant12-regular.otf><c:/users/joh
n.baker/appdata/local/programs/miktex 2.9/fonts/opentype/public/lm/lmmonolt10-b
old.otf><c:/users/john.baker/appdata/local/programs/miktex 2.9/fonts/opentype/p
ublic/lm/lmroman12-bold.otf><c:/users/john.baker/appdata/local/programs/miktex
2.9/fonts/opentype/public/lm/lmroman12-regular.otf><c:/users/john.baker/appdata
/local/programs/miktex 2.9/fonts/opentype/public/lm/lmroman17-regular.otf><c:/u
sers/john.baker/appdata/local/programs/miktex 2.9/fonts/opentype/public/lm/lmmo
no12-regular.otf>
Output written on sunmoon.pdf (22 pages, 110406 bytes).
Transcript written on sunmoon.log.
```

```
C:\Users\john.baker\bixml\grplit>endlocal
```

[25]: *NB. display generated PDF*  
`shell 'C:\Users\john.baker\bixml\grplit\sunmoon.pdf'`

[ ]: