## Exercise Sheet 4

## 19. November 2018

## 1 Discrete EM: Coin Tosses from Multiple Distributions

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The goal is to maximize Q(\theta,\theta^{old}) = \sum_z P(Z|\chi,\theta^{old}) \cdot log P(\chi,Z|\theta) We can define the following terms to simplify the task Following Bayes' Rule P(Z|\chi,\theta^{old}) = \frac{P(Z|\theta^{old}) \cdot P(\chi|Z,\theta^{old})}{P(\chi,\theta^{old})} P(Z|\theta^{old}) \cdot P(\chi|Z,\theta^{old}) = \prod_i^N \prod_j^M (\lambda(p_1^{r_j}(1-p_1)^{1-x_j})^{z_i} \cdot ((1-\lambda)(p_2^{r_j}(1-p_2)^{1-x_j})^{1-z_i} P(\chi,\theta^{old}) = \sum_k^N P(Z_k|\theta^{old}) \cdot P(\chi|Z_k,\theta^{old}) = 1 P(\chi,Z|\theta) = \prod_i^N \prod_j^M \hat{\lambda}(\hat{p}_1^{r_j}(1-\hat{p}_1)^{1-x_j})^{z_i} \cdot ((1-\hat{\lambda})(\hat{p}_2^{r_j}(1-\hat{p}_2)^{1-x_j})^{z_i} such that log P(\chi,Z|\theta) = \sum_i^N \sum_j^M z_i (log\hat{\lambda} + log\hat{p}_1^{r_j} + log(1-\hat{p}_1)^{1-x_j}) + (1-z_i)(log(1-\hat{\lambda}) + log\hat{p}_2^{r_j} + log(1-\hat{p}_2)^{1-x_j}) and because P(Z|\chi,\theta^{old}) = const. the task becomes to find partial extrema of log P(\chi,Z|\theta) := F \frac{\partial F}{\partial \hat{\lambda}} = \sum_i^N \frac{z_i}{\lambda} - \frac{1-z_i}{1-\hat{\lambda}} = 0 \to \hat{\lambda} = \overline{z} \frac{\partial F}{\partial \hat{p}_1} = \sum_i^N \sum_j^M \frac{z_i \cdot x_j}{\hat{p}_1} - \frac{z_i(1-x_j)}{1-\hat{p}_1} = 0 \to \hat{p}_1 = \overline{x} \text{ for } z_i = 1 \frac{\partial F}{\partial \hat{p}_2} = \sum_i^N \sum_j^M \frac{(1-z_i) \cdot x_j}{\hat{p}_1} - \frac{(1-z_i)(1-x_j)}{1-\hat{p}_1} = 0 \to \hat{p}_2 = \overline{x} \text{ for } z_i = 0 concluding in the new parameter vector \theta^{new} = (\overline{z}, \overline{x} \text{ for } z_i = 1, \overline{x} \text{ for } z_i = 0)^T
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