Algebraic Topology (Fall 2023): Homework 3

- You **must email your submission** as a **PDF file** to kbala@wsu.edu. You are welcome to write answers by hand, and scan or take photos of the writings. Put all the images on a PDF file, though.
- Your file name should identify you in the following manner. For instance, if you are Ike McCormick, you should name your submission IkeMcCormick_Hw3.pdf (and NOT "Ike McCormick*pdf" or "Ike mccormick_*pdf or ...). Please avoid white spaces in the file name:-).
- Begin the SUBJECT of your email submission with the same FirstnameLastname, e.g., "IkeMcCormick Hw3 submission".
- The book of Munkres (Elements of Algebraic Topology) is denoted [M].
- This homework is due by 11:59 PM on Thursday, September 28.
- 1. (30) This problem is similar to the first part of Problem 9 in Page 14 of [M]. Let K be an infinite simplicial complex in \mathbb{R}^d (for finite d). Recall the two topologies defined on |K| (discussed in Lecture 3)—one taking it directly as a subspace of \mathbb{R}^d along with the topology induced from \mathbb{R}^d , and the other defined by taking each simplex separately with its natural topology in \mathbb{R}^d , and then topologizing their union (some times called the identification topology). Assume that these two topologies are the same for K. Further, assume that |K| is a closed subset of \mathbb{R}^d . Show that each $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ has a neighborhood that intersects at most a finite number of simplices of K. Hint: Show that K is locally finite, and then use this fact to identify such a neighborhood.
- 2. (10) [M] Problem 1 (c), Page 19. The word "describe" means you should identify what space this abstract simplicial complex represents, e.g., a sphere, torus, Möbius strip, etc.
- 3. (25) [M] Problem 2, Page 20. Same interpretation of the word "describe" as in the previous problem.
- 4. (20) [M] Problem 4, Page 20.
- 5. (35) [M] Problem 3, Page 26.